

half of such additional subscription will be subject to call when deemed necessary by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. After an application for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock has been approved, the Federal Reserve Bank will accept and cancel the stock which the applying bank is required to surrender, and will pay to the member bank a sum equal to all cash paid subscriptions made on the stock canceled plus one-half of one percent a month from the period of the last dividend, not to exceed the book value thereof.

**§209.4 Increase or decrease of deposits by mutual savings bank.**

Whenever, as shown by the last report of condition as of a date preceding January 1 or July 1 of each year, the total deposit liabilities of a mutual savings bank which is a member of the Federal Reserve System have increased or decreased since the last adjustment of its holdings of Federal Reserve Bank stock, the bank shall file with the Federal Reserve Bank of its district an application on Form FR 56a for such additional amount or for the cancellation of such amount, as the case may be, of Federal Reserve Bank stock of its district as may be necessary to make its total subscription to Federal Reserve Bank stock equal to six-tenths of one percent of its total deposit liabilities as shown by such last report of condition, and Federal Reserve Bank stock will be issued or canceled in the manner described in §209.3. In the case of any mutual savings bank which is not permitted by the laws under which it was organized to purchase stock in the Federal Reserve Bank and has a deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank in lieu of such subscription, such deposit will be adjusted in the same manner as subscriptions for stock.

**§209.5 Merger or consolidation.**

(a) Whenever two or more member banks merge or consolidate and such action results in the merged or consolidated bank acquiring by operation of law<sup>7</sup> the Federal Reserve Bank stock

owned by the other bank or banks, and which also results in the merged or consolidated bank having an aggregate capital and surplus in excess of, or less than, the aggregate capital and surplus of the merging or consolidating member banks, such merged or consolidated bank shall, as provided in §209.3, file with the Federal Reserve Bank of its district an application on Form FR 56 for such additional amount, or for the cancellation of such amount, as the case may be, of Federal Reserve Bank stock of its district as may be necessary to make its total subscription to Federal Reserve Bank stock equal to six percent of its combined capital and surplus. In any such case, the merged or consolidated bank shall surrender to the Federal Reserve Bank the certificates of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by the merged or consolidated bank and a new certificate will be issued as provided in §209.13(b).

(b) Whenever a member bank merges or consolidates with a nonmember bank, under the charter of the latter bank, an application on Form FR 86a shall be filed with the Federal Reserve Bank for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by the member

banks shall not be transferred or hypothecated." This provision prevents a transfer of Federal Reserve Bank stock by purchase, but does not prevent a transfer by operation of law. Where one member bank purchases all or a substantial portion of the assets of another member bank, the latter being placed in liquidation, it is necessary for the liquidating bank to surrender its Federal Reserve Bank stock, as provided in §209.8, and for the purchasing bank, if its capital and surplus is increased or decreased, to adjust its holdings of Federal Reserve Bank stock as provided in §209.3.

If the assets and obligations of a merging or consolidating member bank are transferred to a merged or consolidated member bank by operation of law, no bank being placed in liquidation, the merged or consolidated bank becomes the owner of the Federal Reserve Bank stock of the merging or consolidating bank as soon as the merger or consolidation takes effect, and a new certificate representing Federal Reserve Bank stock will be issued as provided in §209.13(b). Mergers or consolidations under the acts of Congress providing for the merger or consolidation of national banking associations (12 U.S.C. 215, 215a) meet all of these conditions.

<sup>7</sup> Section 5 of the Federal Reserve Act provides that "Shares of the capital stock of Federal Reserve Banks owned by member

bank. Upon approval of such application, the Federal Reserve Bank will cancel such stock as of the date the merger or consolidation takes effect, and will adjust accounts by applying to any indebtedness of the merging or consolidating bank to such Federal Reserve Bank all cash paid subscriptions made on the stock canceled plus one-half of one percent a month from the period of the last dividend, not to exceed the book value thereof, and the remainder, if any, will be paid to the merged or consolidated bank.

#### § 209.6 Conversion of national bank.

Whenever a national bank converts into a nonmember State bank, an application on Form FR 86b shall be filed with the Federal Reserve Bank for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by the national bank. Upon approval of such application, the Federal Reserve Bank will cancel such stock as of the date the conversion takes effect, and will adjust accounts in the manner described in § 209.5(b).

#### § 209.7 Insolvency.

Whenever a member bank is declared insolvent and a receiver<sup>8</sup> appointed, the receiver shall, within three months from the date of his appointment, file with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district an application on Form FR 87 for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by the insolvent member bank. If the receiver fails to make application within the time specified, the board of directors of the Federal Reserve Bank will either issue an order to cancel such stock, or, if the circumstances warrant it, grant the receiver additional time in which to file an application. Upon approval of such application or upon issuance of such order, the Federal Reserve Bank will cancel such stock as of the date of such approval or order and will adjust accounts in the manner described in § 209.5(b).

<sup>8</sup> The term *receiver* includes any person, commission, or other agency charged by law with the duty of winding up the affairs of the bank.

#### § 209.8 Voluntary liquidation.

Whenever a member bank goes into voluntary liquidation, as, for example, upon sale of assets to another bank, the liquidating agent or some other person or persons duly authorized by the stockholders or board of directors to act on behalf of the bank shall, within three months from the date of the vote to place the bank in voluntary liquidation, file with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district an application on Form FR 86 for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by the liquidating member bank. If such application is not filed within the time specified, the board of directors of the Federal Reserve Bank will either issue an order to cancel such stock, or, if the circumstances warrant it, grant additional time in which to file an application. Upon approval of such application, or upon issuance of such order, the Federal Reserve Bank will cancel such stock as of the date of such approval or order and will adjust accounts between the liquidating member bank and the Federal Reserve Bank in the manner described in § 209.5(b).

#### § 209.9 Other closed national banks.

(a) Whenever a national bank which has not gone into liquidation as provided in section 5220 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12 U.S.C. 181), and for which a receiver has not been appointed, discontinues its banking operations for a period of sixty days, the Federal Reserve Bank will report the facts to the Comptroller of the Currency with a statement of reasons why a receiver should be appointed for the national bank. If such receiver is appointed, the procedure prescribed in § 209.7 for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by the national bank shall be followed.

(b) Whenever a national bank has been placed in the hands of a conservator, the procedure prescribed in § 209.7 for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank stock held by such bank shall be followed; provided a certificate is furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency to the effect that the conservator has been authorized to apply for cancellation of Federal Reserve Bank