

(4) Strengthen the management of a depository institution that is in an unsafe or unsound condition as determined by the OCC on a case-by-case basis.

(b) *Presumptions.* The OCC applies the following presumptions when reviewing any application for a Management Consignment exemption:

(1) A proposed management official is capable of strengthening the management of a depository institution described in paragraph (a)(3) of this section if that official is approved by the OCC to serve as a director or senior executive officer of that institution pursuant to 12 CFR 5.51 or pursuant to conditions imposed on a newly chartered national bank and the institution had operated for less than two years at the time the service under 12 CFR 5.51 was approved; and

(2) A proposed management official is capable of strengthening the management of a depository institution described in paragraph (a)(4) of this section if that official is approved by the OCC to serve as a director or senior executive officer of that institution pursuant to 12 CFR 5.51 and the institution was not in compliance with minimum capital requirements or otherwise was in a "troubled condition" as defined under 12 CFR 5.51 at the time service under that section was approved.

(c) *Duration of interlock.* An interlock granted under this section may continue for a period of two years from the date of approval. The OCC may extend this period for one additional two-year period if the depository organization applies for an extension at least 30 days before the current exemption expires and satisfies one of the criteria specified in paragraph (a) of this section. The provisions set forth in paragraph (b) of this section also apply to applications for extensions.

#### §26.7 Change in circumstances.

(a) *Termination.* A management official shall terminate his or her service or apply for an exemption to the Interlocks Act if a change in circumstances causes the service to become prohibited under that Act. A change in circumstances may include, but is not limited to, an increase in asset size of an organization, a change in the delin-

eation of the RMSA or community, the establishment of an office, an acquisition, a merger, a consolidation, or any reorganization of the ownership structure of a depository organization that causes a previously permissible interlock to become prohibited.

(b) *Transition period.* A management official described in paragraph (a) of this section may continue to serve the depository organization involved in the interlock for 15 months following the date of the change in circumstances. The OCC may shorten this period under appropriate circumstances.

#### §26.8 Enforcement.

Except as provided in this section, the OCC administers and enforces the Interlocks Act with respect to national banks, District banks, and affiliates of either, and may refer any case of a prohibited interlocking relationship involving these entities to the Attorney General of the United States to enforce compliance with the Interlocks Act and this part. If an affiliate of a national bank or a District bank is subject to the primary regulation of another Federal depository organization supervisory agency, then the OCC does not administer and enforce the Interlocks Act with respect to that affiliate.

### PART 27—FAIR HOUSING HOME LOAN DATA SYSTEM

Sec.

- 27.1 Scope and OMB control number.
- 27.2 Definitions.
- 27.3 Recordkeeping requirements.
- 27.4 Inquiry/Application Log.
- 27.5 Record retention period.
- 27.6 Substitute monitoring program.
- 27.7 Availability, submission and use of data.

#### Appendixes to Part 27

APPENDIX I—MONTHLY HOME LOAN ACTIVITY FORMAT

APPENDIX II—INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT MONITORING PURPOSES

APPENDIX III—FAIR HOUSING LENDING INQUIRY/APPLICATION LOG SHEET

APPENDIX IV—HOME LOAN DATA SUBMISSION

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 12 U.S.C. 1 *et seq.*, 93a, 161, 481, and 1818; 15 U.S.C. 1691 *et seq.*; 42 U.S.C. 3601 *et seq.*; 12 CFR part 202.

SOURCE: 44 FR 63089, Nov. 2, 1979, unless otherwise noted.