

PART 125—GOVERNMENT CONTRACTING PROGRAMS

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§ 125.1 Programs included.

The regulations in this part relate to the Government contracting assistance programs of SBA. There are four main programs: Prime contracting assistance; Subcontracting assistance; Government property sales assistance; and the Certificate of Competency program. The objective of the programs is to assist small businesses in obtaining a fair share of Federal Government contracts, subcontracts, and property sales.

§ 125.2 Prime contracting assistance.

(a) *Traditional PCR responsibilities.* (1) SBA Procurement Center Representatives (PCRs) are located at Federal agencies and buying activities which have major contracting programs. PCRs review all acquisitions not set aside for small businesses, including HUBZone small business concerns, to determine whether a set-aside would be appropriate. In cases where there is disagreement between a PCR and the contracting officer over the suitability of a particular acquisition for a small business set-aside, the PCR may initiate an appeal to the head of the contracting activity. If the head of the contracting activity agrees with the contracting officer, SBA may appeal to the secretary of the department or head of the agency. The procedures and time limits for such appeals are set forth in § 19.505 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) (48 CFR 19.505).

(2) PCRs review and evaluate the small business programs of Federal

agencies and buying activities and make recommendations for improvement. They also recommend small business, small women-owned business, and small disadvantaged business sources for use by contracting activities and assist these businesses in obtaining Federal contracts and subcontracts. Other authorized duties of a PCR are set forth in the FAR in 48 CFR 19.402(c) and in the Small Business Act (the Act) in Section 15(a) (15 U.S.C. 644(a)).

(b) *BPCR responsibilities.* (1) SBA is required by section 403 of Public Law 98–577 (15 U.S.C. 644(l)) to assign a breakout PCR (BPCR) to major contracting centers. A major contracting center is a center that, as determined by SBA, purchases substantial dollar amounts of other than commercial items, and which has the potential to achieve significant savings as a result of the assignment of a BPCR.

(2) BPCRs advocate full and open competition in the Federal contracting process and recommend the breakout for competition of items and requirements which previously have not been competed. They may appeal the failure by the buying activity to act favorably on a recommendation in accord with the appeal procedures set forth in § 19.505 of the FAR (48 CFR 19.505). BPCRs also review restrictions and obstacles to competition and make recommendations for improvement. Other authorized functions of a BPCR are set forth in 48 CFR 19.403(c) of the FAR and Section 15(l) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 644(l)).

[61 FR 3312, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 31908, June 11, 1998]

§ 125.3 Subcontracting assistance.

(a) The purpose of the subcontracting assistance program is to achieve maximum utilization of small business by major prime contractors. The Act requires other-than-small firms awarded contracts that offer subcontracting possibilities by the Federal Government in excess of \$500,000, or \$1 million for construction of a public facility, to submit a subcontracting plan to the contracting agency. The FAR sets forth the requirements for subcontracting plans in 48 CFR part 19, subpart 19.7, and 48 CFR 52.219–9.