### §91.805

requirements prescribed under paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section continue to apply.

[Doc. No. 18334, 54 FR 34321, Aug. 18, 1989, as amended by Amdt. 91–276, 67 FR 46571, July 15, 2002]

## § 91.805 Final compliance: Subsonic airplanes.

Except as provided in §§ 91.809 and 91.811, on and after January 1, 1985, no person may operate to or from an airport in the United States any subsonic airplane covered by this subpart unless that airplane has been shown to comply with Stage 2 or Stage 3 noise levels under part 36 of this chapter.

#### §§ 91.807-91.813 [Reserved]

# § 91.815 Agricultural and fire fighting airplanes: Noise operating limitations

- (a) This section applies to propeller-driven, small airplanes having standard airworthiness certificates that are designed for "agricultural aircraft operations" (as defined in §137.3 of this chapter, as effective on January 1, 1966) or for dispensing fire fighting materials
- (b) If the Airplane Flight Manual, or other approved manual material information, markings, or placards for the airplane indicate that the airplane has not been shown to comply with the noise limits under part 36 of this chapter, no person may operate that airplane, except—
- (1) To the extent necessary to accomplish the work activity directly associated with the purpose for which it is designed:
- (2) To provide flight crewmember training in the special purpose operation for which the airplane is designed; and
- (3) To conduct "nondispensing aerial work operations" in accordance with the requirements under §137.29(c) of this chapter.

### §91.817 Civil aircraft sonic boom.

(a) No person may operate a civil aircraft in the United States at a true flight Mach number greater than 1 except in compliance with conditions and limitations in an authorization to ex-

ceed Mach 1 issued to the operator in accordance with §91.818.

- (b) In addition, no person may operate a civil aircraft for which the maximum operating limit speed  $M_{M0}$  exceeds a Mach number of 1, to or from an airport in the United States, unless—
- (1) Information available to the flight crew includes flight limitations that ensure that flights entering or leaving the United States will not cause a sonic boom to reach the surface within the United States; and
- (2) The operator complies with the flight limitations prescribed in paragraph (b)(1) of this section or complies with conditions and limitations in an authorization to exceed Mach 1 issued in accordance with §91.818.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2120–0005)

[Docket No. 18334, 54 FR 34321, Aug. 18, 1989, as amended by Amdt. No. 91–362, 86 FR 3792, Jan. 15, 2021]

## §91.818 Special flight authorization to exceed Mach 1.

For all civil aircraft, any operation that exceeds Mach 1 may be conducted only in accordance with a special flight authorization issued to an operator in accordance with the requirements of this section.

- (a) Application. Application for a special flight authorization to exceed Mach 1 must be made to the FAA Office of Environment and Energy for consideration by the Administrator. Each application must include:
  - (1) The name of the operator;
- (2) The number and model(s) of the aircraft to be operated;
  - (3) The number of proposed flights;
- (4) The date range during which the flight(s) would be conducted;
- (5) The time of day the flight(s) would be conducted. Proposed night operations may require further justification for their necessity;
- (6) A description of the flight area requested by the applicant, including any environmental information required to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section;
- (7) All conditions and limitations on the flight(s) that will ensure that no measurable sonic boom overpressure