

The repacking of tea in warehouse for export purposes is not allowed.

(b) All expenses of storage, cartage, and labor must be paid by the importer.

§ 1220.17 Removal of tea from warehouse.

No tea shall be delivered to the importer or removed from warehouse for any purpose before the examination required by the Tea Importation Act.

Subpart C—Customs Requirements

§ 1220.20 Examination of packages.

Chief officers of customs may order such an examination of packages containing tea as will satisfy them that no dutiable goods are packed therein. For this purpose the customary designation should be made of packages for examination in public store.

§ 1220.21 Tea blended, mixed and repacked for export.

Tea importers desiring to import teas into the United States to be blended, mixed, and repacked for export can do so by bonding a warehouse under the provisions of section 311 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (46 Stat. 691; 19 U.S.C. 1311), upon compliance with §§ 19.13 to 19.15, inclusive, of the Customs Regulation of 1943 (19 CFR 19.13–19.15), giving bond on Customs Form No. 3583. All teas placed in bonded manufacturing warehouses must be exported.

CROSS REFERENCE: For customs regulations governing manufacturing warehouses, see 19 CFR 19.13–19.16.

§ 1220.22 Unclaimed teas.

Unclaimed teas should be taken possession of by District Directors of Customs the same as other unclaimed goods and placed in "general order", but not sold at the expiration of the year unless declared fit for consumption by a designated tea examiner.

CROSS REFERENCE: For U.S. Customs Service regulations governing disposition of merchandise unclaimed or in warehouse beyond the time fixed by law, see 19 CFR part 127.

Subpart D—Sampling Procedures

§ 1220.30 Taking of samples at ports where tea examiner is stationed.

The examination of teas at ports where a duly qualified tea examiner is stationed shall be made by means of samples drawn by the sampler from packages designated by the tea examiner. The importer, when his teas are ready for sampling, shall submit in duplicate to the tea examiner a chop list and release permit (T.I.S. Cat. No. 1) of the several lines included in the invoice, and the tea examiner shall select for examination packages representing the different lines.

§ 1220.31 Taking of samples at ports where there is no tea examiner.

(a) In case an entry of imported tea shall be made at a port or subport where no tea examiner is stationed the importer should prepare the chop list and release permit (T. I. S. Cat. No. 1) in triplicate and forward them to the chief officer of the customs at the port of entry.

(b) Samples shall be obtained by such officers, together with the original and one copy of the chop list and release permit (T. I. S. Cat. No. 1), and shall be forwarded to the nearest qualified tea examiner for his report and return. Samples sent for the purpose of examination from ports of importation to ports where tea examiners are located shall be packed in clean tin cans, free from odor, fitted with tight covers, and of a capacity to hold about 4 ounces avoirdupois of tea. Each can shall be properly labeled (T. I. S. Cat. No. 5).

§ 1220.32 Result of examination; form of report.

(a) The examination and report upon such samples shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the Tea Importation Act (29 Stat. 606; 21 U.S.C. 46), and the result of this examination shall be noted on the invoice by the tea examiner before he returns the invoice to the collector of customs. The tea examiner at the same time should make his returns on the original copy of the chop list and release permit (T. I. S. Cat. No. 1), which, after being duly signed by him, should be