#### §868.1170

device is FDA's "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Indwelling Blood Gas Analyzers; Final Guidance for Industry and FDA."

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982; 47 FR 40410, Sept. 14, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 17735, May 11, 1987; 66 FR 57368, Nov. 15, 2001]

## §868.1170 Indwelling blood hydrogen ion concentration (pH) analyzer.

- (a) Identification. An indwelling blood hydrogen ion concentration (pH) analyzer is a device that consists of a catheter-tip pH electrode and that is used to measure, in vivo, the hydrogen ion concentration (pH) in blood to aid in determining the patient's acid-base balance.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control for this device is FDA's "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Indwelling Blood Gas Analyzers; Final Guidance for Industry and FDA."

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 17735, May 11, 1987; 66 FR 57368, Nov. 15, 2001]

# §868.1200 Indwelling blood oxygen partial pressure (P<sub>O2</sub>) analyzer.

- (a) Identification. An indwelling blood oxygen partial pressure  $(P_{02})$  analyzer is a device that consists of a cathetertip  $P_{02}$  transducer (e.g.,  $P_{02}$  electrode) and that is used to measure, in vivo, the partial pressure of oxygen in blood to aid in determining the patient's circulatory, ventilatory, and metabolic status.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control for this device is FDA's "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Indwelling Blood Gas Analyzers; Final Guidance for Industry and FDA."

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982; 47 FR 40410, Sept.14, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 17735, May 11, 1987; 66 FR 57368, Nov. 15, 2001]

### §868.1400 Carbon dioxide gas analyzer.

(a) Identification. A carbon dioxide gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of carbon dioxide in a gas mixture to aid in determining the patient's ventilatory, circulatory, and metabolic status. The device may use techniques such as chemical titration, absorption of infra-

red radiation, gas chromatography, or mass spectrometry.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards)

### §868.1430 Carbon monoxide gas analyzer.

- (a) *Identification*. A carbon monoxide gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of carbon monoxide in a gas mixture to aid in determining the patient's ventilatory status. The device may use techniques such as infrared absorption or gas chromatography.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

#### §868.1500 Enflurane gas analyzer.

- (a) *Identification*. An enflurane gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of enflurane anesthetic in a gas mixture.
- (b)  ${\it Classification}.$  Class II (performance standards).

# §868.1505 Ventilatory electrical impedance tomograph.

- (a) Identification. A ventilatory electrical impedance tomograph is a prescription non-invasive, non-radiological ventilatory device that provides an assessment of local impedance variation within a cross-section of a patient's thorax.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special controls for this device are:
- (1) The patient-contacting components of the device must be demonstrated to be biocompatible.
- (2) Non-clinical performance testing must demonstrate that the device performs as intended under anticipated conditions of use, including the following:
- (i) Characterization of device parameters, including signal-to-noise ratio, voltage accuracy, drift, reciprocity accuracy, amplitude response, position error, and ringing;
- (ii) Real time evaluation of local impedance variation;
- (iii) Plethysmogram accuracy testing; and
- (iv) Use life testing of reusable components.