

(3) The urgency of the U.S. Government requirement is such that the appropriate export license or U.S. Government Bill of Lading could not have been obtained in a timely manner.

(d) A Shipper's Export Declaration (SED), required under §123.22(c) of this subchapter, and a written statement by the exporter certifying that these requirements have been met must be presented at the time of export to the appropriate District Director of Customs or Department of Defense transmittal authority. A copy of the SED and the written certification statement shall be provided to the Office of Defense Trade Controls immediately following the export.

§126.5 Canadian exemptions.

(a) District Directors of Customs and postmasters shall permit the permanent or temporary export or temporary import without a license of any unclassified equipment or unclassified technical data to Canada for end use in Canada by Canadian citizens or return to the United States, or from Canada for end use in the United States or return to a Canadian citizen in Canada, with the exception of the defense articles, defense services or related technical data.

(b) *Exceptions.* The exemptions of this section do not apply to the following defense articles, defense services, or related technical data:

(1) Fully automatic firearms and components and parts therefor in Category I(a) which are not for end use by the Federal Government, or a Provincial or Municipal Government of Canada;

(2) Nuclear weapons strategic delivery systems and all components, parts, accessories, attachments specifically designed for such systems and associated equipment;

(3) Nuclear weapon design and test equipment listed in Category XVI;

(4) Naval nuclear propulsion equipment listed in Category VI(e);

(5) Aircraft listed in Category VIII(a);

(6) Submersible and oceanographic vessels and related articles listed in Category XX (a) through (d).

(7) Defense articles, defense services, or related technical data for use by a

foreign national other than a Canadian.

(c) *Related requirements.* The foregoing exemption from obtaining an export license does not exempt an exporter from complying with the requirements set forth in §123.15 of this subchapter or from filing the Shipper's Export Declaration or notification letter required by §123.22 of this subchapter.

(d) *Part 124 agreements.* The requirements of part 124 of this subchapter must be complied with in the situations contemplated in that part. For example, the exemptions of this section may not be used for the provision of defense services except pursuant to an approved manufacturing license agreement or technical assistance agreement.

[59 FR 29951, June 10, 1994]

§126.6 Foreign-owned military aircraft and naval vessels, and the Foreign Military Sales program.

(a) A license from the Office of Defense Trade Controls is not required if:

(1)(i) The article or technical data to be exported was sold, leased, or loaned by the Department of Defense to a foreign country or international organization pursuant to the Arms Export Control Act or the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, and

(ii) The article or technical data was delivered to representatives of such a country or organization in the United States; and

(iii) The article or technical data is to be exported from the United States on a military aircraft or naval vessel of that government or organization or via the Defense Transportation Service (DTS).

(b) *Foreign military aircraft and naval vessels.* A license is not required for the entry into the United States of military aircraft or naval vessels of any foreign state if no overhaul, repair, or modification of the aircraft or naval vessel is to be performed. However, Department of State approval for overflight (pursuant to the 49 U.S.C. 1508) and naval visits must be obtained from the Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs, Office of International Security Operations.