- (c) Is a result of inadvertent error, including an incorrect or incomplete certification provided under section 105(c)(1) of NAHASDA; and
- (d) May be corrected through the sole action of the recipient.

[77 FR 71522, Dec. 3, 2012]

§ 1000.22 Are the costs of the environmental review an eligible cost?

Yes, costs of completing the environmental review are eligible.

§ 1000.24 If an Indian tribe assumes environmental review responsibility, how will HUD assist the Indian tribe in performing the environmental review?

As set forth in section 105(a)(2)(B) of NAHASDA and 24 CFR 58.77, HUD will provide for monitoring of environmental reviews and will also facilitate training for the performance for such reviews by Indian tribes.

§ 1000.26 What are the administrative requirements under NAHASDA?

- (a) Except as addressed in §1000.28, recipients shall comply with the requirements and standards of 2 CFR part 200, "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, And Audit Requirements for Federal Awards", except for the following sections:
- (1) Section 200.113 applies, except that, in lieu of the remedies described in §200.338, HUD shall be authorized to seek remedies under subpart F of this part.
- (2) Section 200.302(a), "Financial management."
- (3) Section 200.305, "Payment," applies, except that HUD shall not require a recipient to expend retained program income before drawing down or expending IHBG funds.
- (4) Section 200.306, "Cost sharing or matching."
- (5) Section 200.307, "Program income."
- (6) Section 200.308, "Revision of budget and program plans."
- (7) Section 200.311, "Real property," except as provided in 24 CFR 5.109.
- (8) Section 200.313, "Equipment," applies, except that in all cases in which the equipment is sold, the proceeds shall be program income.

- (9) Section 200.314, "Supplies," applies, except in all cases in which the supplies are sold, the proceeds shall be program income.
- (10) Section 200.317, "Procurement by states."
- (11) Sections 200.318 through 200.326 apply, as modified in this paragraph (a)(11):
- (i) De minimis procurement. A recipient shall not be required to comply with 2 CFR 200.318 through 200.326 with respect to any procurement, using a grant provided under NAHASDA, of goods and services with a value of less than \$5,000.
- (ii) Utilizing Federal supply sources in procurement. In accordance with Section 101(j) of NAHASDA, recipients may use Federal supply sources made available by the General Services Administration pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 501.
- (12) Section 200.325, "Bonding requirements," applies. There may be circumstances under which the bonding requirements of 2 CFR 200.325 are inconsistent with other responsibilities and obligations of the recipient. In such circumstances, acceptable methods to provide performance and payment assurance may include:
- (i) Deposit with the recipient of a cash escrow of not less than 20 percent of the total contract price, subject to reduction during the warranty period, commensurate with potential risk;
- (ii) Letter of credit for 25 percent of the total contract price, unconditionally payable upon demand of the recipient, subject to reduction during any warranty period commensurate with potential risk; or
- (iii) Letter of credit for 10 percent of the total contract price, unconditionally payable upon demand of the recipient, subject to reduction during any warranty period commensurate with potential risk, and compliance with the procedures for monitoring of disbursements by the contractor.
- (13) Section 200.328(b) through (d) and (f), "Monitoring and reporting program performance."
- (14) Section 200.333, "Retention requirements for records."
- (15) Section 200.338, "Remedies for noncompliance."
 - (16) Section 200.343, "Closeout."