# Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

or before the 15th day after the close of the calendar year quarter in which such withholding has taken place, be deposited with the Danish National Bank (Danmarks Nationalbank) without converting such amounts into dollars. Each withholding agent making such deposit will accompany such deposit with the appropriate Danish form executed as required by the Danish National Bank. The Danish National Bank has arranged to remit, on or before the end of the calendar month in which such deposit is so made, by draft in United States dollars, the amounts so deposited to the District Director of Internal Revenue, Baltimore, Maryland, U.S.A., forwarding with such draft the appropriate Danish form filed by the withholding agents.

### §521.8 Beneficiaries of a domestic estate or trust.

A nonresident alien who is a resident of Denmark and who is a beneficiary of a domestic estate or trust shall be entitled to the exemption, or reduction in the rate of tax, as the case may be, provided in Articles VI, VII and VIII if the convention with respect to dividends, interest and royalties to the extent such item or items are included in his distributive share of income of such estate or trust. In such case such beneficiary must, in order to be entitled to the exemption or reduction in the rate of tax, in the case of interest or royalties, execute Form 1001A-D and file such form with the fiduciary of such estate or trust in the United States.

# Subpart—General Income Tax

SOURCE: Treasury Decision 5777, 15 FR 1595, Mar. 22, 1950, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 25 FR 14022, Dec. 31, 1960.

TAXATION OF NONRESIDENT ALIENS WHO ARE RESIDENTS OF DENMARK AND OF DANISH CORPORATIONS

### §521.101 Introductory.

The income tax convention between the United States and the Kingdom of Denmark, signed May 6, 1948, proclaimed (with reservations thereto) by the President of the United States on December 8, 1948, and effective for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1948 (referred to in this subpart as the convention), provides in part as follows:

# ARTICLE I

(1) The taxes referred to in this Convention are:

(a) In the case of the United States of America: The Federal income tax, including surtaxes.

(b) In the case of Denmark:

The national income tax, including the war profits tax.

The intercommunal income tax.

The communal income tax.

(2) The present Convention shall also apply to any other taxes of a substantially similar character imposed by either contracting State subsequently to the date of signature of the present Convention.

#### ARTICLE II

(1) As used in this Convention:

(a) The term "United States" means the United States of America, and when used in a geographical sense includes only the States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

(b) The term "Denmark" means the Kingdom of Denmark; the provisions of the Convention shall not, however, extend to the Faroe Islands; nor do they apply to Greenland.

(c) The term "permanent establishment" means a branch office, factory, warehouse or other fixed place of business, but does not include the casual and temporary use of merely storage facilities, nor does it include an agency unless the agent has and exercises a general authority to negotiate and conclude contracts on behalf of an enterprise or has a stock of merchandise from which he regularly fills orders on its behalf. An enterprise of one of the contracting States shall not be deemed to have a permanent establishment in the other State merely because it carries on business dealings in such other State through a bona fide commission agent, broker or custodian acting in the ordinary course of his business as such. The fact that an enterprise of one of the contracting States maintains in the other State a fixed place of business exclusively for the purchase of goods or merchandise shall not of itself constitute such fixed place of business a permanent establishment of such enterprise. The fact that a corporation of one contracting State has a subsidiary corporation which is a corporation of the other State or which is engaged in trade or business in the other State shall not of itself constitute that subsidiary corporation a permanent estab-

(d) The term "enterprise of one of the contracting States" means, as the case may be,