# §21.114

## §21.114 Kerosene.

(a) Distillation range. (For applicable ASTM method, see 1980 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 25, page 395, Standard No. D 3699-78 for burner fuel; see Part 23, page 849, Standard Nos. D 1655-80a for aviation turbine fuels and D 86-78 for distillation of petroleum products; for incorporation by reference, see §21.6(b).) No distillate should come over below 340 °F. and none above 570 °F.

(b) Flash point. 115 °F. minimum.

(c) Odor. Characteristic odor.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

#### §21.115 Kerosene (deodorized).

(a) Distillation range. No distillate should come over below 340  $^{\circ}$ F. and none above 570  $^{\circ}$ F.

(b) *Flash point*. 155 °F. minimum.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

# §21.115–T1 Lemon oil (Citrus limonium).

(a) Specific gravity at 25 °C. 0.850 to 0.860.

(b) Refractive index at 20 °C. 1.4570 to 1.4580.

(c) Optical rotation at 20 °C.  $+55^{\circ}$  to  $+65^{\circ}$ .

(d) Terpene content (as limonene). 65 percent minimum.

[T.D. TTB-140, 81 FR 59462, Aug. 30, 2016]

## §21.115–T2 L(-)–Carvone.

(a) *Specific gravity at 25 °C*. 0.955 to 0.965.

(b) Refractive index at 20 °C. 1.495 to 1.500.

(c) Angular rotation.  $-57^{\circ}$  to  $-62^{\circ}$ .

(d) Assay. Not less than 97.0 percent.

[T.D, TTB-140, 81 FR 59462, Aug. 30, 2016]

#### §21.116 Methyl alcohol.

Specific gravity at 15.56 °/15.56 °C. 0.810 maximum.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

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### §21.117 Methyl isobutyl ketone.

(a) Acidity (as acetic acid). 0.02 percent by weight, maximum.

(b) Color. Colorless.

(c) Distillation range. (For applicable ASTM method, see 1980 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 29, page 147, Standard No. D 1153–77; for incorporation by reference, see §21.6(b).) No distillate should come over below 111 °C. and none above 117 °C.

(d) Odor. Characteristic odor.

(e) Specific gravity at 20 °/20 °C. 0.799 to 0.804.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

#### §21.118 Methyl n-butyl ketone.

(a) Acidity (as acetic acid). 0.02 percent by weight, maximum.

(b) Color. Colorless.

(c) Odor. Characteristic odor.

(d) Refractive index at 20 °C. 1.396 to 1.404.

(e) Specific gravity at 20 °/20 °C. 0.800 to 0.835.

(f) Distillation range. No distillate should come over below 123  $^\circ\mathrm{C.}$  and none above 129  $^\circ\mathrm{C.}$ 

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.118–T1 Methyl tertiary butyl ether.

(a)  $Purity. \ge 97.0$  percent.

(b) Color. Clear, colorless.

(c) Odor. Turpentine-like.

(d) Specific  $\bar{G}$ ravity at 20 °C. 0.70 to 0.80.

(e) Boiling Point (°C). 55.

[T.D. TTB-140, 81 FR 59462, Aug. 30, 2016]

# §21.118-T2 Naphtha.

(a) *API Gravity at 60* °*F*. 30 to 85.

(b) Reid Vapor Pressure (PSI). 8 max-

imum. (c) *Specific Gravity at 20 °C*. 0.70 to 0.80.

(d) Distillation ( °F):

(i) *I.B.P.* 85 maximum.

(ii) 10 percent. 130 maximum.

(iii) 50 percent. 250 maximum.

(iv) 90 percent. 340 maximum.

(e) End point distillation. 380 maximum.

(f) Copper corrosion. One (1).