Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, Treasury

§21.133

(b) *Refractive index at 20 °C*. 1.4930 to 1.4980.

(c) Specific gravity at 25 °/25 °C. 0.949 to 0.956.

(d) Odor. Characteristic odor.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.130 Spike lavender oil, natural.

(a) Alcohol content (as borneol). Not less than 30 percent by weight.

(b) *Esters (as bornyl acetate)*. Not less than 1.5 percent by weight.

(c) Refractive index at 20 °C. 1.4630 to 1.4680.

(d) Specific gravity at 25 °/25 °C. 0.893 to 0.909.

(e) Odor. Characteristic odor.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.130–T Straight run gasoline.

(a) General. Straight run gasoline is a mixture consisting predominantly (greater than 60 percent by volume) of C_4 , C_5 , C_6 , C_7 and/or C_8 hydrocarbons, and is either:

(1) A petroleum distillate coming straight from an atmospheric distillation unit without being cracked or reformed, or

(2) A condensate coming directly from an oil/gas recovery operation.

(b) API gravity. 72° minimum, 85° maximum.

(c) Reid vapor pressure (PSI). 15 maximum.

(d) Sulfur. 120 ppm maximum.

(e) *Benzene*. 1.1 percent by volume maximum.

(f) Distillation (°F):

(1) 10 percent. 97 minimum, 158 maximum.

(2) *50 percent*. **250** maximum.

(3) Final boiling point. 437 maximum.

[T.D. TTB-140, 81 FR 59462, Aug. 30, 2016]

§21.131 Sucrose octaacetate.

(a) Sucrose octaacetate is an organic acetylation product occurring as a white or cream-colored powder having an intensely bitter taste.

(b) *Free acid (as acetic acid)*. Maximum percentage 0.15 by weight when determined by the following procedure: Dissolve 1.0 gram of sample in 50 mL of neutralized ethyl alcohol (or S.D.A. No. 3–A, No. 3–C, or No. 30) and titrate with 0.1 N sodium hydroxide using phenol-phthalein indicator.

Percent acid as acetic acid = mL NaOH used $\times 0.6 \, / \, \text{weight of sample}$

(c) *Insoluble matter*. 0.30 percent by weight maximum.

(d) Melting point. Not less than 78.0 $^\circ\mathrm{C}.$

(e) Purity. Sucrose octaacetate 98 percent minimum by weight when determined by the following procedure: Transfer a weighed 1.50 grams sample to a 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask containing 100 mL of neutral ethyl alcohol (or S.D.A. No. 3-A, No. 3-C, or No. 30) and exactly 50.0 mL of 0.5 N sodium hydroxide. Reflux for 1 hour on a steam bath, cool and titrate the excess sodium hydroxide with 0.5 N sulfuric acid using phenolphthalein indicator.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.132 Toluene.

(a) Specific Gravity at $15.56^{\circ}/15.56^{\circ}C$. 0.80 to 0.90.

(b) *Boiling point* (°*C*). 110.6.

(c) Distillation range ($^{\circ}C$). Not more than 1 percent by volume should distill below 109, and not less than 99 percent by volume below 112.

(d) Odor. Characteristic odor.

[T.D. TTB-140, 81 FR 59463, Aug. 30, 2016]

§21.133 Vinegar.

(a) Vinegar, 90-grain:Acidity (as acetic acid). 9.0 percent by

weight, minimum.

(b) Vinegar, 60-grain:

Acidity (as acetic acid). 6.0 percent by weight, minimum.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]