## Mine Safety and Health Admin., Labor

electrical bonding methods include welding, riveting, or the use of securely tightened bolts where individual metal portions are joined. Conductive portions of nonmetal magazines shall be grounded.

(c) Electrical switches and outlets shall be located on the outside of the magazine.

## §57.6133 Powder chests.

- (a) Powder chests (day boxes) shall be—
- (1) Structurally sound, weather-resistant, equipped with a lid or cover, and with only nonsparking material on the inside:
- (2) Posted with the appropriate United States Department of Transportation placards or other appropriate warning signs that indicate the contents and are visible from each approach;
- (3) Located out of the blast area once loading has been completed;
- (4) Locked or attended when containing explosive material; and
- (5) Emptied at the end of each shift with the contents returned to a magazine or other storage facility, or attended
- (b) Detonators shall be kept in chests separate from explosives or blasting agents, unless separated by 4 inches of hardwood or equivalent, or a laminated partition. When a laminated partition is used, operators must follow the provisions of the Institute of Makers of Explosives (IME) Safety Library Publication No. 22, "Recommendations for the Safe Transportation of Detonators in a Vehicle with Other Explosive Materials" (May 1993), and the "Generic Loading Guide for the IME-22 Container" (October 1993). The IME is located at 1120 19th Street NW., Suite 310, Washington, DC 20036-3605; 202-429-9280; https://www.ime.org. This incorporation by reference has been approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies are available at MSHA's Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 201 12th Street South, Arlington, VA 22202-5452; 202-693-9440; and at all Metal and Nonmetal Mine Safety and Health District Offices, or available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration

(NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal\_register/code\_of\_federal\_regulations/ibr\_locations.html.

[61 FR 36801, July 12, 1996, as amended at 67 FR 38385, June 4, 2002; 80 FR 52988, Sept. 2, 2015]

STORAGE—UNDERGROUND ONLY

## §57.6160 Main facilities.

- (a) Main facilities used to store explosive material underground shall be located—
  - (1) In stable or supported ground;
- (2) So that a fire or explosion in the storage facilities will not prevent escape from the mine, or cause detonation of the contents of another storage facility:
- (3) Out of the line of blasts, and protected from vehicular traffic, except that accessing the facility;
- (4) At least 200 feet from work places or shafts;
- (5) At least 50 feet from electric substations:
- (6) A safe distance from trolley wires; and
- (7) At least 25 feet from detonator storage facilities.
- (b) Main facilities used to store explosive material underground shall be—
- (1) Posted with warning signs that indicate the contents and are visible from any approach;
- (2) Used exclusively for the storage of explosive material and necessary equipment associated with explosive material storage and delivery:
- (i) Portions of the facility used for the storage of explosives shall only contain nonsparking material or equipment.
- (ii) The blasting agent portion of the facility may be used for the storage of other necessary equipment;
- (3) Kept clean, suitably dry, and orderly:
- (4) Provided with unobstructed ventilation openings;
- (5) Kept securely locked unless all access to the mine is either locked or attended; and