

(b) *Return splits.* (1) If used to monitor return air splits under §75.362(f), AMS sensors shall monitor the mine atmosphere for percentage of methane in each return split of air from each working section between the last working place, or longwall or shortwall face, ventilated by that air split and the junction of that return air split with another air split, seal, or worked-out area. If auxiliary fans and tubing are used, the sensor also shall be located outby the auxiliary fan discharge.

(2) If used to monitor air splits under §75.323(d)(1)(ii), AMS sensors shall monitor the mine atmosphere at the following locations:

(i) In the return air course opposite the section loading point or, if auxiliary fans and tubing are used, in the return air course outby the auxiliary fans and a point opposite the section loading point.

(ii) Immediately inby the location where the split of air meets another split of air, or inby the location where the split of air is used to ventilate seals or worked-out areas.

(c) *Electrical installations.* If used to monitor the intake air ventilating underground transformer stations, battery charging stations, substations, rectifiers, or water pumps under §75.340(a)(2), at least one sensor shall be installed to monitor the mine atmosphere for carbon monoxide or smoke at least 50 feet and no more than 100 feet downstream in the direction of air flow.

(d) *Signals and alarms.* (1) A person designated by the operator shall be at a surface location where the signals and alarms from the AMS can always be seen or heard while anyone is underground. This person shall have access to two-way communication with working sections and with other identifiable duty stations underground. A mine map showing the underground monitoring system shall be posted at the surface location.

(2) If a signal from any AMS sensor is activated, the monitor producing the signal shall be identified, an examination shall be made to determine the cause of the activation, and appropriate action shall be taken.

(e) *Sensors.* (1) Each carbon monoxide sensor shall be capable of detecting

carbon monoxide in air at a level of ± 1 part per million throughout the operating range.

(2) Each methane sensor shall be capable of detecting 1.0 percent methane in air with an accuracy of ± 0.2 percent methane.

(3) Each smoke sensor shall be capable of detecting the optical density of smoke with an accuracy of ± 0.005 per meter.

(f) *Testing and calibration.* At least once every 31 days—

(1) Each carbon monoxide sensor shall be calibrated with a known concentration of carbon monoxide and air sufficient to activate an alarm;

(2) Each smoke sensor shall be functionally tested;

(3) Each methane sensor shall be calibrated with a known methane-air mixture; and

(4) Each oxygen sensor shall be calibrated with air having a known oxygen concentration.

(g) *Intrinsic Safety.* Components of AMS installed in areas where permissible equipment is required shall be intrinsically safe.

(h) *Recordkeeping.* If a signal device or alarm is activated, a record shall be made of the date, time, type of sensor, and the reason for its activation. Also the maximum concentration detected at the sensor producing the signal shall be recorded.

(i) *Retention period.* Records shall be retained for at least 1 year at a surface location at the mine and made available for inspection by authorized representatives of the Secretary and representatives of miners.

§ 75.352 Return air courses.

Entries used as return air courses shall be separated from belt haulage entries by permanent ventilation controls.

§ 75.360 Preshift examination at fixed intervals.

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, a certified person designated by the operator must make a preshift examination within 3 hours preceding the beginning of any 8-hour interval during which any person is scheduled to work or travel underground. No person other than certified