

2461. DoD Components shall notify the ASD(ES) of any such intent at least 5 working days before congressional notification.

(4) DoD Components shall annotate announcements to Congress when a cost comparison is planned at an activity listed in the report to Congress on Core Logistics (see §169a.8(b)(1)(i)(2) of this part).

(5) The DoD Components shall notify Congress, at least 5 working days before sending the detailed summary report required by 10 U.S.C. 2461 to Congress. The detailed summary of the cost shall include: the amount of the offer accepted for the performance of the activity by the private contractor; the costs and expenditures that the Government will incur because of the contract; the estimated cost of performance of the activity by the most efficient Government organization; a statement indicating the life of the contract; and certifications that the entire cost comparison is available, and that the Government calculation for the cost of performance of such function by DoD employees is based on an estimate of the most efficient and cost-effective organization for performance of such function by DoD employees.

(6) The potential economic effect on the employees affected, the local community, and the Federal Government of contracting for performance of the function shall be included in the report to accompany the above certifications, if more than 75 total employees (including military and civilian, both permanent and temporary) are potentially affected. It is suggested that the Army Corps of Engineers' model (or equivalent) be used to generate this information. The potential impact on affected employees shall be included in the report, regardless of the number of employees involved. Also include in the report a statement that the decision was made to convert to contractor performance, the projected date of contract award, the projected contract start date, and the effect of contracting the function on the military mission of that function.

(7) By December 15th of each year, each DoD Component shall submit to the ASD(P&L) the data required by 10

U.S.C. 2461(c). In describing the extent to which CA functions were performed by DoD contractors during the preceding fiscal year, include the estimated number of work years for the in-house operation as well as for contract operation (including percentages) by major OSD functional areas in Appendix A to this part; such as, Social Services, Health Services, Installation Services, etc. For the estimate of the percentage of CA functions that will be performed in-house and those that will be performed by contract during the fiscal year during which the report is submitted, include the estimated work years for in-house CAs as well as for contracted CAs and the rationale for significant changes when compared to the previous year's data. Also, include the number of studies you expect to complete in the next fiscal year showing total civilian and military FTEs.

[50 FR 40805, Oct. 7, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 29210, July 1, 1992; 60 FR 67329, Dec. 29, 1995]

§169a.22 Responsibilities.

The responsibilities for implementing the policies and procedures of the DoD CA Program are prescribed in DoD Directive 4100.15 (32 CFR part 169) and appropriate paragraphs of this part.

[57 FR 29210, July 1, 1992]

APPENDIX A TO PART 169a—CODES AND DEFINITIONS OF FUNCTIONAL AREAS

This list of functional codes and their definitions does not restrict the applicability or scope of the commercial activity Program within DoD. Section B. of DoD Directive 4100.15 defines the applicability and scope of the program. The commercial activity program still applies to CAs not defined in this listing. These codes and definitions are a guide to assist reporting. As new functions are identified, codes will be added or existing definitions will be expanded.

Social Services

G001 Care of Remains of Deceased Personnel and/or Funeral Services. Includes CAs that provide mortuary services, including transportation from aerial port of embarkation (APOE) to mortuary of human remains received from overseas mortuaries, inspection, restoration, provision of uniform and insignia, dressing, flag, placement in casket, and preparation for onward shipment.

G008 Commissary Store Operation. Includes CAs that provide all ordering, receipt, storage, stockage, and retailing for commissaries. Excludes procurement of goods for issue or resale.

- G008A: Shelf Stocking.
- G008B: Check Out.
- G008C: Meat Processing.
- G008D: Produce Processing.
- G008E: Storage and Issue.
- G008F: Other.
- G008G: Troop Subsistence Issue Point.

G009 Clothing Sales Store Operation. Includes commercial activities that provide ordering, receipt, storage, stockage, and retailing of clothing. Stores operated by the Army and Air Force Exchange Services, Navy Exchange Services, and Marine Corps Exchange Services are excluded.

G010 Recreational Library Services. Includes operation of libraries maintained primarily for off-duty use by military personnel and their dependents.

G011 Other Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Services. Operation of commercial activities maintained primarily for the off-duty use of military personnel and their dependents, including both appropriated and partially non-appropriated fund activities. The operation of clubs and messes, and morale support activities are included in code G011. Examples of activities performing G011 functions are arts and crafts, entertainment, sports and athletics, swimming, bowling, marina and boating, stables, youth activities, centers, and golf. DoD Directive 1015.1¹ contains amplification of the categories reflected below. (NOTE: commercial activities procedures are not mandatory for functions staffed solely by civilian personnel paid by non-appropriated funds.)

G011A: All Category II Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities (NAFIs), except Package Beverage Branch.

- G011B: Package Beverage Branch.
- G011C: All Category IIIa NAFIs.
- G011D: All Category IIIb1, except Libraries.
- G011E: Category IIIb2 Arts and Crafts.
- G011F: Category IIIb2 Music & Theatre.
- G011G: Category IIIb2 Outdoor Recreation.
- G011H: Category IIIb2 Youth Activities.
- G011I: Category IIIb2 Child Development Service.

G011J: Category IIIb2 Sports—Competitive.
G011K: All Category IIIb3 except Armed Forces Recreation Center (AFRC) Golf Bowling, and membership associations converted from Category VI.

- G011L: Category IIIb3 AFRC.
- G011M: Category IIIb3 Golf.
- G011N: Category IIIb3 Bowling.
- G011O: Category IIIb3 membership associations converted from Category VI.
- G011P: Category III Information Tour and Travel (ITT).

G011Q: All Category IV.

G011R: All Category V.

G011S: All Category VI, except those converted to Category IIIb3.

G011T: All Category VII.

G011U: All Category VIII, except billeting and hotels.

G011V: Category VIII Billeting.

G011W: Category VIII Hotels.

G012 Community Services. DoD Directive 1015.1 contains further amplification of the categories.

G012A: Information and Referral.

G012B: Relocation Assistance.

G012C: Exceptional Family Member.

G012D: Family Advocacy (Domestic Violence).

G012E: Foster Care.

G012F: Family Member Employment.

G012G: Installation Volunteer Coordination.

G012H: Outreach.

G012I: Volunteer Management.

G012J: Office Management.

G012K: Consumer Affairs/Financial Assistance.

G012L: General and Emergency Family Assistance.

G900 Chaplain Activities and Support Services. Includes commercial activities that provide non-military unique support services that supplement the command religious program such as non-pastoral counseling, organists, choir directors, and directions of religious education. The command religious program, which includes chaplains and enlisted support personnel, is a Governmental function and is excluded from this category.

G901 Berthing BOQ/BEQ. Includes commercial activities that provide temporary or permanent accommodations for officer or enlisted personnel. Management of the facility, room service, and daily cleaning are included.

G904 Family Services. Includes commercial activities that perform various social services for families, such as family counseling, financial counseling and planning, the operation of an abuse center, child care center, or family aid center.

G999 Other Social Services. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Health Services

H101 Hospital Care. Includes commercial activities that provide outpatient and inpatient care and consultative evaluation in the medical specialties, including pediatrics and psychiatry; the coordination of health care delivery relative to the examination, diagnosis, treatment, and disposition of medical inpatients.

¹See footnote 1 to § 169.1(a).

H102 Surgical Care. Includes commercial activities that provide outpatient and inpatient care and consultative evaluation in the surgical specialties, including obstetrics, gynecology, ophthalmology and otorhinolaryngology; the coordination of health care delivery relative to the examination, treatment, diagnosis, and disposition of surgical patients.

H105 Nutritional Care. Includes commercial activities that provide hospital food services for inpatients and outpatients, dietetic treatment, counseling of patients, and nutritional education.

H106 Pathology Services. Includes commercial activities involved in the operation of laboratories providing comprehensive clinical and anatomical pathology services; DoD military blood program and blood bank activities; and area reference laboratories.

H107 Radiology Services. Includes commercial activities that provide diagnostic and therapeutic radiologic service to inpatients and outpatients, including the processing, examining, interpreting, and storage and retrieval of radiographs, fluorographs, and radiotherapy.

H108 Pharmacy Services. Includes commercial activities that produce, preserve, store, compound, manufacture, package, control, assay, dispense, and distribute medications (including intravenous solutions) for inpatients and outpatients.

H109 Physical Therapy. Includes commercial activities that provide care and treatment to patients whose ability to function is impaired or threatened by disease or injury; primarily serve patients whose actual impairment is related to neuromusculoskeletal, pulmonary, and cardiovascular systems; evaluate the function and impairment of these systems, and select and apply therapeutic procedures to maintain, improve, or restore these functions.

H110 Materiel Services. Includes commercial activities that provide or arrange for the supplies, equipment, and certain services necessary to support the mission of the medical facility; responsibilities include procurement, inventory control, receipt, storage, quality assurance, issue, turn-in, disposition, property accounting, and reporting actions for designated medical and nonmedical supplies and equipment.

H111 Orthopedic Services. Includes commercial activities that construct orthopedic appliances such as braces, casts, splints, supports, and shoes from impressions, forms, molds, and other specifications.

H112 Ambulance Service. Includes commercial activities that provide transportation for personnel who are injured, sick, or otherwise require medical treatment, including standby duty in support of military activities and ambulance bus services.

H113 Dental Care. Includes commercial activities that provide oral examinations, pa-

tient education, diagnosis, treatment, and care including all phases of restorative dentistry, oral surgery, prosthodontics, oral pathology, periodontics, orthodontics, endodontics, oral hygiene, preventive dentistry, and radiodontics.

H114 Dental Laboratories. Includes commercial activities that operate dental prosthetic laboratories required to support the provision of comprehensive dental care; services may include preparing casts and models, repairing dentures, fabricating transitional, temporary, or orthodontic appliances, and finishing dentures.

H115 Clinics and Dispensaries. Includes commercial activities that operate free-standing clinics and dispensaries that provide health care services. Operations are relatively independent of a medical treatment facility and are separable for in-house or contract performance. Health clinics, occupational health clinics, and occupational health nursing offices.

H116 Veterinary Services. Includes commercial activities that provide a complete wholesomeness and quality assurance food inspection program, including sanitation, inspection of food received, surveillance inspections, and laboratory examination and analysis; a complete zoonosis control program; complete medical care for Government-owned animals; veterinary medical support for biomedical research and development; support to other Federal agencies when requested and authorized; assistance in a comprehensive preventive medicine program; and determination of fitness of all foods that may have been contaminated by chemical, bacteriological, or radioactive materials.

H117 Medical Records Transcription. Includes commercial activities that transcribe, file, and maintain medical records.

H118 Nursing Services. Includes commercial activities that provide care and treatment for inpatients and outpatients not required to be performed by a doctor.

H119 Preventive Medicine. Includes commercial activities that operate wellness or holistic clinics (preventive medicine), information centers, and research laboratories.

H120 Occupational Health. Includes commercial activities that develop, monitor, and inspect installation safety conditions.

H121 Drug Rehabilitation. Includes commercial activities that operate alcohol treatment facilities, urine testing for drug content, and drug/alcohol counseling centers.

H999 Other Health Services. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Intermediate, Direct, or General Repair and Maintenance of Equipment

Definition. Maintenance authorized and performed by designated maintenance commercial activities in support of using activities. Normally, it is limited to replacement and overhaul of unserviceable parts, sub-assemblies, or assemblies. It includes (1) intermediate/direct/general maintenance performed by fixed activities that are not designed for deployment to combat areas and that provide direct support of organizations performing or designed to perform combat missions from bases in the United States, and (2) any testing conducted to check the repair procedure. Commercial activities engaged in intermediate/direct/general maintenance and/or repair of equipment are to be grouped according to the equipment predominantly handled, as follows:

J501 Aircraft. Aircraft and associated equipment. Includes armament, electronic and communications equipment, engines, and any other equipment that is an integral part of an aircraft.

J502 Aircraft Engines. Aircraft engines that are not repaired while an integral part of the aircraft.

J503 Missiles. Missile systems and associated equipment. Includes mechanical, electronics, and communication equipment that is an integral part of missile systems.

J504 Vessels. All vessels, including armament, electronics, communications and any other equipment that is an integral part of the vessel.

J505 Combat Vehicles. Tanks, armored personnel carriers, self-propelled artillery, and other combat vehicles. Includes armament, fire control, electronic, and communications equipment that is an integral part of a combat vehicle.

J506 Noncombat Vehicles. Automotive equipment, such as tactical, support, and administrative vehicles. Includes electronic and communications equipment that is an integral part of the noncombat vehicle.

J507 Electronic and Communications Equipment. Stationary, mobile, portable, and other electronic and communications equipment. Excludes electronic and communications equipment that is an integral part of another weapon/support system. Maintenance of Automatic Data Processing Equipment (ADPE) not an integral part of a communications system shall be reported under functional code W825; maintenance of tactical ADPE shall be reported under function code J999.

J510 Railway Equipment. Locomotives of any type or gauge, including steam, compressed air, straight electric, storage battery, diesel electric, gasoline, electric, diesel mechanical locomotives, railway cars, and cabooses. Includes electrical equipment for locomotives and cars, motors, generators,

wiring supplies for railway tracks for both propulsion and signal circuits, and on-board communications and control equipment.

J511 Special Equipment. Construction equipment, weight lifting, power, and materiel handling equipment (MHE).

J512 Armament. Small arms, artillery and guns, nuclear munitions, chemical, biological, and radiological (CBR) items, conventional ammunition, and all other ordnance items. Excludes armament that is an integral part of another weapon or support system.

J513 Dining Facility Equipment. Dining facility kitchen appliances and equipment.

J514 Medical and Dental Equipment. Medical and dental equipment.

J515 Containers, Textiles, Tents, and Tarpaulins. Containers, tents, tarpaulins, other textiles, and organizational clothing.

J516 Metal Containers. Container Express (CONEX) containers, gasoline containers, and other metal containers.

J517 Training Devices and Audiovisual Equipment. Training devices and audiovisual equipment. Excludes maintenance of locally fabricated devices and functions reported under codes T807 and T900.

J519 Industrial Plant Equipment. That part of plant equipment with an acquisition cost of \$3,000 or more, used to cut, abrade, grind, shape, form, join, test, measure, heat, or otherwise alter the physical, electrical, or chemical properties of materials, components, or end items entailed in manufacturing, maintenance, supply processing, assembly, or research and development operations.

J520 Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment. Test, measurement, and diagnostic equipment (TMDE) that has resident in it a programmable computer. Included is equipment referred to as automated test equipment (ATE).

J521 Other Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment. Test, measurement, and diagnostic equipment not classified as ATE or that does not contain a resident programmable computer. Includes such items as electronic meters, armament circuit testers, and other specialized testers.

J522 Aeronautical Support Equipment. Aeronautical support equipment excluding TMDE (and ATE). Includes such items as ground electrical power carts, aircraft tow tractors, ground air conditioners, engine stands, and trailers. Excludes aeronautical equipment reported under J501.

J999 Other Intermediate, Direct, or General Repair and Maintenance of Equipment. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Depot Repair, Maintenance, Modification, Conversion, or Overhaul of Equipment

Definition. The maintenance performed on materiel that requires major overhaul or a complete rebuild of parts, assemblies, sub-assemblies, and end items, including the manufacture of parts, modifications, testing, and reclamation, as required. Depot maintenance serves to support lower categories of maintenance. Depot maintenance provides stocks of serviceable equipment by using more extensive facilities for repair than are available in lower level maintenance activities. (See DoD Instruction 4151.15² for further amplification of the category definitions reflected below.) Depot or indirect maintenance functions are identified by the type of equipment maintained or repaired.

K531 Aircraft. Aircraft and associated equipment. Includes armament, electronics and communications equipment, engines, and any other equipment that is an integral part of an aircraft. Aeronautical support equipment not reported separately under code K548.

K532 Aircraft Engines. Aircraft engines that are not repaired while an integral part of the aircraft.

K533 Missiles. Missile systems and associated equipment. Includes mechanical, electronic, and communications equipment that is an integral part of missile systems.

K534 Vessels. All vessels, including armament, electronics, and communications equipment, and any other equipment that is an integral part of a vessel.

K535 Combat Vehicles. Tanks, armored personnel carriers, self-propelled artillery, and other combat vehicles. Includes armament, fire control, electronics, and communications equipment that is an integral part of a combat vehicle.

K536 Noncombat Vehicles. Automotive equipment, such as tactical support and administrative vehicles. Includes electronic and communications equipment that is an integral part of the vehicle.

K537 Electronic and Communications Equipment. Stationary, mobile, portable, and other electronics and communications equipment. Excludes electronic and communications equipment that is an integral part of another weapon/support system. Maintenance of ADPE, not an integral part of a communications system, is reported under functional code W825.

K538 Railway Equipment. Locomotives of any type or gauge, including steam, compressed air, straight electric, storage battery, diesel electric, gasoline, electric, diesel mechanical locomotives, railway cars, and cabooses. Includes electrical equipments for locomotives and cars, motors, generators, wiring supplies for railway tracks for both

propulsion and signal circuits, and on-board communication and control equipment.

K539 Special Equipment. Construction equipment, weight lifting, power, and materiel-handling equipment.

K540 Armament. Small arms; artillery and guns; nuclear munitions, CBR items; conventional ammunition; and all other ordnance items. Excludes armament that is an integral part of another weapon or support system.

K541 Industrial Plant Equipment. That part of plant equipment with an acquisition cost of \$3,000 or more, used to cut, abrade, grind, shape, form, join, test, measure, heat, or otherwise alter the physical, electrical, or chemical properties of materials, components, or end items entailed in manufacturing, maintenance, supply, processing, assembly, or research and development operations.

K542 Dining Facility Equipment. Dining facility kitchen appliances and equipment. This includes field feeding equipment.

K543 Medical and Dental Equipment. Medical and dental equipment.

K544 Containers, Textiles, Tents and Tarpaulins. Containers, tents, tarpaulins, and other textiles.

K545 Metal Containers. CONEX containers, gasoline containers, and other metal containers.

K546 Test Measurement and Diagnostic Equipment. Test measurement and diagnostic equipment (TMDE) that has resident in it a programmable computer. Included is equipment referred to as automated test equipment (ATE).

K547 Other Test Measurement and Diagnostic Equipment. Test measurement and diagnostic equipment not classified as ATE or that does not contain a resident programmable computer. Includes such items as electronic meters, armament circuit testers, and other specialized testers.

K548 Aeronautical Support Equipment. Aeronautical support equipment excluding TMDE (and ATE). Includes such items as ground electrical power carts, aircraft tow tractors, ground air conditioners, engine stands, and trailers. Excludes aeronautical support equipment reported under code K531.

K999 Other Depot Repair, Maintenance, Modification, Conversion, or Overhaul of Equipment. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Base Maintenance/Multifunction Contracts

P100 Base Maintenance/Multifunction Contracts. Includes all umbrella-type contracts where the contractor performs more than one function at one or more installations. (Identify specific functions as nonadd entries.)

²See footnote 1 to § 169a.1(a).

Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDT&E) Support

R660 RDT&E Support. Includes all effort not reported elsewhere directed toward support of installation or operations required for research, development, test, and evaluation use. Included are maintenance support of laboratories, operation and maintenance of test ranges, and maintenance of test aircraft and ships.

Installation Services

S700 Natural Resource Services. Includes those commercial activities that provide products or services that implement natural resource management plans in the areas of fish, game, wildlife, forestry, watershed areas or ground water table, erosion control, and mineral deposit management. Natural resources planning and management is a governmental function and will not be reported.

S701 Advertising and Public Relations Services. Includes commercial activities responsible for advertising and public relations in support of public affairs offices, installation newspapers and publications, and information offices.

S702 Financial and Payroll Services. Includes commercial activities that prepare payroll, print checks, escrow, or change payroll accounts for personnel. Includes other services normally associated with banking operations.

S703 Debt Collection. Includes commercial activities that monitor, record, and collect debts incurred by overdrafts, bad checks, or delinquent accounts.

S706 Installation Bus Services. Includes commercial activities that operate local, intrapost, and interpost scheduled bus services. Includes scheduled movement of personnel over regular routes by administrative motor vehicles to include taxi and dependent school bus services.

S706A Scheduled Bus Services.

S706B Unscheduled Bus Services

S706C Dependent School Bus Services.

S706D Other Bus Services.

S708 Laundry and Dry Cleaning Services. Including commercial activities that operate and maintain laundry and dry cleaning facilities.

S709 Custodial Services. Includes commercial activities that provide janitorial and housekeeping services to maintain safe and sanitary conditions and preserve property.

S710 Pest Management. Includes commercial activities that provide control measures directed against fungi, insects, rodents, and other pests.

S712 Refuse Collection and Disposal Services. Includes commercial activities that operate incinerators, sanitary fills, and regulated dumps, and perform all other approved refuse collection and disposal services.

S713 Food Services. Includes commercial activities engaged in the operation and administration of food preparation and serving facilities. Excludes operation of central bakeries, pastry kitchens, and central meat processing facilities that produce a product and are reported under functional area X934. Excludes hospital food service operations (under code H105).

S713A: Food Preparation and Administration.

S713B: Mess Attendants and Housekeeping Services.

S714 Furniture. Includes commercial activities that repair and refurbish furniture.

S715 Office Equipment. Includes commercial activities that maintain and repair typewriters, calculators, and adding machines.

S716 Motor Vehicle Operation. Includes commercial activities that operate local administrative motor transportation services. Excludes installation bus services reported in functional area S706.

S716A: Taxi Service.

S716B: Bus Service (unless in S706).

S716C: Motor Pool Operations.

S716D: Crane Operation (includes rigging, excludes those listed in T800G).

S716E: Heavy Truck Operation.

S716F: Construction Equipment Operation.

S716I: Driver/Operator Licensing & Test.

S716J: Other Vehicle Operations (Light Truck/Auto).

S716K: Fuel Truck Operations.

S716M: Tow Truck Operations.

S717 Motor Vehicle Maintenance. Includes commercial activities that perform maintenance on automotive equipment, such as support and administrative vehicles. Includes electronic and communications equipment that are an integral part of the vehicle.

S717A: Upholstery Maintenance and Repair.

S717B: Glass Replacement and Window Repair.

S717C: Body Repair and Painting.

S717D: Accessory Overhaul.

S717E: General Repairs/Minor Maintenance.

S717F: Battery Maintenance and Repair.

S717G: Tire Maintenance and Repair.

S717H: Major Component Overhaul.

S717I: Material Handling Equipment Maintenance.

S717J: Crane Maintenance.

S717K: Construction Equipment Maintenance.

S717L: Frame and Wheel Alignment.

S717M: Other Motor Vehicle Maintenance.

S718 Fire Prevention and Protection. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain fire protection and preventive services. Includes routine maintenance and repair of fire equipment and the installation of fire prevention equipment.

S718A: Fire Protection Engineering.

S718B: Fire Station Administration.
 S718C: Fire Prevention.
 S718D: Fire Station Operations.
 S718E: Crash and Rescue.
 S718F: Structural Fire Suppression.
 S718G: Fire & Crash/Rescue Equipment Major Maintenance.

S718H: Other Fire Prevention and Protection.

S719: *Military Clothing*. Includes commercial activities that order, receive, store, issue, and alter military clothing and repair military shoes. Excludes repair of organizational clothing reported under code J515.

S724: *Guard Service*. Includes commercial activities engaged in physical security operations that provide for installation security and intransit protection of military property from loss or damage.

S724A: Ingress and egress control. Regulation of persons, material, and vehicles entering or exiting a designated area to provide protection of the installation and Government property.

S724B: Physical security patrols and posts. Mobile and static physical security guard activities that provide protection of installation or Government property.

S724C: Conventional arms, ammunition, and explosives (CAAE) security. Dedicated security guards for CAAE.

S724D: Animal control. Patrolling for, capture of, and response to complaints about uncontrolled, dangerous, and disabled animals on military installations.

S724E: Visitor information services. Providing information to installation resident and visitors about street, agency, unit, and activity locations.

S724F: Vehicle impoundment. Removal, accountability, security, and processing of vehicles impounded on military installations.

S724G: Registration functions. Administration, filing, processing, and retrieval information about privately owned items that must be registered on military installations.

S724S: Other guard service.

S725: *Electrical Plants and Systems*. Includes commercial activities that operate, maintain, and repair Government-owned electrical plants and systems.

S726: *Heating Plants and Systems*. Includes commercial activities that operate, maintain, and repair Government-owned heating plants and systems over 750,000 British Thermal Unit (BTU) capacity. Codes Z991 or Z992 will be used for systems under 750,000 BTU capacity, as applicable.

S727: *Water Plants and Systems*. Includes commercial activities that operate, maintain, and repair Government-owned water plants and systems.

S728: *Sewage and Waste Plants and Systems*. Includes commercial activities that operate, maintain, and repair Government-owned sewage and waste plants and systems.

S729: *Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Plants*. Includes commercial activities that operate, maintain, and repair Government-owned air conditioning and refrigeration plants over 5-ton capacity. Codes Z991 or Z992 shall be used for plants under 5-ton capacity as applicable.

S730: *Other Services or Utilities*. Includes commercial activities that operate, maintain, and repair other Government-owned services or utilities.

S731: *Base Supply Operations*. Includes commercial activities that operate centralized installation supply functions providing supplies and equipment to all assigned or attached units. Performs all basic supply functions to determine requirements for all requisition, receipt, storage, issuance, and accountability for materiel.

S732: *Warehousing and Distribution of Publications*. Includes commercial activities that receive, store, and distribute publications and blank forms.

S740: *Installation Transportation Office*. Includes technical, clerical, and administrative commercial activities that support traffic management services related to the procurement of freight and passenger service from commercial "for hire" transportation companies. Excludes restricted functions that must be performed by Government employees such as the review, approval, and signing of documents related to the obligation of funds; selection of mode or carrier; evaluation of carrier performance; and carrier suspension. Excludes installation transportation functions described under codes S706, S716, S717, T810, T811, T812, and T814.

S740A: Installation Transportation Management and Administration.

S740B: Materiel Movements.

S740C: Personnel Movements.

S740D: Personal Property Activities.

S740E: Quality Control and Inspection.

S740F: Unit Movements.

S750: *Museum Operations*.

S760: *Contractor-Operated Parts Stores and Contractor-Operated Civil Engineering Supply Stores*.

S999: *Other Installation Services*. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Other Nonmanufacturing Operations

T800: *Ocean Terminal Operations*. Includes commercial activities that operate terminals transferring cargo between overland and sea-lift transportation. Includes handling of Government cargo through commercial water terminals.

T800A: Pier Operations. Includes commercial activities that provide stevedore and shipwright carpentry operations supporting the loading, stowage, and discharge of cargo

and containers on and off ships, and supervision of operations at commercial piers and military ocean terminals.

T800B: Cargo Handling Equipment. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain barge derricks, gantries, cranes, forklifts, and other materiel handling equipment used to handle cargo within the terminal area.

T800C: Port Cargo Operations. Includes commercial activities that load and unload railcars and trucks, pack, repack, crate, warehouse, and store cargo moving through the terminal, and stuff and unstuff containers.

T800D: Vehicle Preparation. Includes commercial activities that prepare Government and privately owned vehicles (POVs) for ocean shipment, inspection, stowage in containers, transportation to pier, processing, and issue of import vehicles to owners.

T800E: Lumber Operations. Includes commercial activities that segregate reclaimable lumber from dunnage removed from ships, railcars, and trucks; remove nails; even lengths; inspect; and return the lumber to inventory for reuse. Includes receipt, storage, and issue of new lumber.

T800F: Materiel Handling Equipment (MHE) Operations. Includes commercial activities that deliver MHE to user agencies, perform onsite fueling, and operate special purpose and heavy capacity equipment.

T800G: Crane Operations. Includes commercial activities that operate and perform first-echelon maintenance of barge derricks, gantries, and truck-mounted cranes in support of vessels and terminal cargo activities.

T800H: Breakbulk Cargo Operations. Includes commercial activities that provide stevedoring, shipwright carpentry, stevedore transportation, and the loading and unloading of noncontainerized cargo.

T800I: Other Ocean Terminal Operations.

T80I Storage and Warehousing. Includes commercial activities that receive materiel into depots and other storage and warehousing facilities, provide care for supplies, and issue and ship materiel. Excludes installation supply in support of unit and tenet activities described in S731.

T801A: Receipt. Includes commercial activities that receive supplies and related documents and information. This includes materiel handling and related actions, such as materials segregation and checking, and tallying incident to receipt.

T801B: Packing and Crating of Household Goods. Includes commercial activities performing packing and crating operations described in T801H, incident to the movement or storage of household goods.

T801C: Shipping. Includes commercial activities that deliver stocks withdrawn from storage to shipping. Includes onloading and offloading of stocks from transportation carriers, blocking, bracing, dunnage, checking,

tallying, and materiel handling in central shipping area and related documentation and information operations.

T801D: Care, Rewarehousing, and Support of Materiel. Includes commercial activities that provide for actions that must be taken to protect stocks in storage, including physical handling, temperature control, assembly placement and preventive maintenance of storage aids, and realigning stock configuration; provide for movement of stocks from one storage location to another and related checking, tallying, and handling; and provide for any work being performed within general storage support that cannot be identified clearly as one of the subfunctions described above.

T801E: Preservation and Packaging. Includes commercial activities that preserve, represerve, and pack materiel to be placed in storage or to be shipped. Excludes application of final (exterior) shipping containers.

T801F: Unit and Set Assembly and Disassembly. Includes commercial activities that gather or bring together items of various nomenclature (parts, components, and basic issue items) and group, assemble, or restore them to or with an item of another nomenclature (such as parent end item or assemblage) to permit shipment under a single document. This also includes blocking, bracing, and packing preparations within the inner shipping container; physical handling and loading; and reverse operation of assembling such units.

T801G: Special Processing of Non Stock Fund-Owned Materiel. Includes commercial activities performing special processing actions described below that must be performed on Inventory Control Point (ICP)-controlled, nonstock fund-owned materiel by technically qualified depot maintenance personnel, using regular or special maintenance tools or equipment. Includes disassembly or reassembly or reserviceable ICP-controlled materiel being readied for movement, in-house storage, or out-of-house location such as a port to a commercial or DoD-operated maintenance or storage facility, property disposal or demilitarization activity, including blocking, bracing, cushioning, and packing.

T801H: Packing and Crating. Includes commercial activities that place supplies in their final, exterior containers ready for shipment. Includes the nailing, strapping, sealing, stapling, masking, marking, and weighing of the exterior container. Also, includes all physical handling, unloading, and loading of materiel, within the packing and shipping area; checking and tallying materiel in and out; all operations incident to packing, repacking, or recrating for shipment, including on-line fabrication of tailored boxes, crates, bit inserts, blocking, bracing and cushioning shrouding, overpacking, containerization, and the packing

of materiel in transportation containers. Excludes packing of household goods and personnel effects reported under code T801B.

T801I: Other Storage and Warehousing.

T802 Cataloging. Includes commercial activity that prepare supply catalogs and furnish cataloging data on all items of supply for distribution to all echelons worldwide. Includes catalog files, preparation, and revision of all item identifications for all logistics functions; compilation of Federal catalog sections and allied publication; development of Federal item identification guides, and procurement identification descriptions. Includes printing and publication of Federal supply catalogs and related allied publications.

T803 Acceptance Testing. Includes commercial activities that inspect and test supplies and materiel to ensure that products meet minimum requirements of applicable specifications, standards, and similar technical criteria; laboratories and other facilities with inspection and test capabilities; and activities engaged in production acceptance testing of ammunition, aircraft armament, mobility material, and other military equipment.

T803A: Inspection and Testing of Oil and Fuel.

T803B: Other Acceptance Testing.

T804 Architect-Engineering Services. Includes commercial activities that provide Architect/Engineer (A/E) services. Excludes Engineering Technical Services (ETS) reported in functional area T813, and those required under 40 U.S.C. 541-554.

T805 Operation of Bulk Liquid Storage. Includes commercial activities that operate bulk petroleum storage facilities. Includes operation of off-vessel discharging and loading facilities, fixed and portable bulk storage facilities, pipelines, pumps, and other related equipment within or between storage facilities or extended to using agencies (excludes aircraft fueling services); handling of drums within bulk fuel activities. Excludes aircraft fueling services reported under code T814.

T806 Printing and Reproduction. Includes commercial activities that print, duplicate, and copy. Excludes user-operated office copying equipment.

T807 Audiovisual and Visual Information Services. Includes commercial activities that provide base audiovisual (AV) and visual information (VI) support, production, depositories, technical documentation, and broadcasting.

T807A: Base VI Support. Includes commercial activities that provide production activities that provide general support to all installation, base, facility or site, organizations or activities. Typically, they supply motion picture, still photography, television, and audio recording for nonproduction documentary purposes, their laboratory

support, graphic arts, VI libraries, and presentation services.

T807B: AV Production. Includes commercial activities that provide a self-contained, complete presentation, developed according to a plan or script, combining sound with motion media (film, tape or disc) for the purpose of conveying information to, or communicating with, an audience. (An AV production is distinguished from a VI production by the absence of combined sound and motion media in the latter.)

T807C: VI Depositories. Includes commercial activities that are especially designed and constructed for the low-cost and efficient storage and furnishing of reference service on semicurrent records pending their ultimate disposition. Includes records centers.

T807D: VI Technical Documentation. Includes commercial activities that provide a technical documentation (TECDOC) which is a continuous visual recording (with or without sound as an integral documentation component) of an actual event made for purposes of evaluation. Typically, TECDOC contributes to the study of human or mechanical factors, procedures and processes in the context of medicine, science logistics, research, development, test and evaluation, intelligence, investigations and armament delivery.

T807E: Electronic Media Transmission. Includes commercial activities that transmit and receive audio and video signals for closed circuit local and long distance multi-station networking and broadcast operations.

T807F: VI Documentation. Includes commercial activities that provide motion media (film or tape) still photography and audio recording of technical and nontechnical events, as they occur, usually not controlled by the recording crew. VI documentation (VIDOC) encompasses Operational Documentation (OPDOC) and TECDOC. OPDOC is VI (photographic or electronic) recording of activities, or multiple perspectives of the same activity, to convey information about people, places and things.

T807G: AV Central Library (Inventory Control Point). Includes commercial activities that receive, store, issue, and maintain AV products at the central library level. May or may not include records center operations for AV products.

T807K: AV or VI Design Service. Includes commercial activities that provide professional consultation services involving the selection, design, and development of AV or VI equipment or facilities.

T808 Mapping and Charting. Includes commercial activities that design, compile, print, and disseminate cartographic and geodetic products.

T809 Administrative Telephone Service. Includes commercial activities that operate

and maintain the common-user, administrative telephone systems at DoD installations and activities. Includes telephone operator services; range communications; emergency action consoles; and the cable distribution portion of a fire alarm, intrusion detection, emergency monitoring and control data, and similar systems that require use of a telephone system.

T810 Air Transportation Services. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain nontactical aircraft that are assigned to commands and installations and used for administrative movement of personnel and supplies.

T811 Water Transportation Services. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain nontactical watercraft that are assigned to commands and installations and are used for administrative movement of personnel and supplies.

T811A: Water Transportation Services (except tug operations).

T811B: Tug Operations.

T812 Rail Transportation Services. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain nontactical rail equipment assigned to commands and installation and used for administrative movement of personnel and supplies.

T813 Engineering and Technical Services. Includes commercial activities that advise, instruct, and train DoD personnel in the installation, operation, and maintenance of DoD weapons, equipment, and systems.

These services include transmitting the technical skill capability to DoD personnel in order for them to install, maintain, and operate such equipment and keep it in a high state of military readiness.

T813A: Contractor Plant Services. Includes commercial manufacturers of military equipment contracted to provide technical and engineering services to DoD personnel. Qualified employees of the manufacturer furnish these services in the manufacturer plants and facilities. Through this program, the special skills, knowledge, experience, and technical data of the manufacturer are provided for use in training, training aid programs, and other essential services directly related to the development of the technical capability required to install, operate, maintain, supply, and store such equipment.

T813B: Contract Field Services (CFS). Includes commercial activities that provide services of qualified contractor personnel who provide onsite technical and engineering services to DoD personnel.

T813C: In-house Engineering and Technical Services. Includes commercial activities that provide technical and engineering services described in codes T813A and T813B above that are provided by Government employees.

T813D: Other Engineering and Technical Services.

T814 Fueling Service (Aircraft). Includes commercial activities that distribute aviation petroleum/oil/lubricant products. Includes operation of trucks and hydrants.

T815 Scrap Metal Operation. Includes commercial activities that bale or shear metal scrap and melt or sweat aluminum scrap.

T816 Telecommunication Centers. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain telecommunication centers, nontactical radios, automatic message distribution systems, technical control facilities, and other systems integral to the communication center. Includes operations and maintenance of air traffic control equipment and facilities.

T817 Other Communications and Electronics Systems. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain communications and electronics systems not included in T809 and T816.

T818 Systems Engineering and Installation of Communications Systems. Includes commercial activities that provide engineering and installation services, including design and drafting services associated with functions specified in T809, T816, and T817.

T819 Preparation and Disposal of Excess and Surplus Property. Includes commercial activities that accept, classify, and dispose of surplus Government property, including scrap metal.

T820 Administrative Support Services. Includes commercial activities that provide centralized administrative support services not included specifically in another functional category. These activities render services to multiple activities throughout an organization or to multiple organizations; such as, a steno or typing pool rather than a secretary assigned to an individual. Typical activities included are word processing centers, reference and technical libraries, microfilming, messenger service, translation services, publication distribution centers, etc.

T820A: Word Processing Centers.

T820B: Reference and Technical Libraries.

T820C: Microfilming.

T820D: Internal Mail and Messenger Services.

T820E: Translation Services.

T820F: Publication Distribution Centers.

T820G: Field Printing and Publication. Includes those activities that print or reproduce official publications, regulations, and orders. Includes management and operation of the printing facility.

T820H: Compliance Auditing.

T820I: Court Reporting.

T821 Special Studies and Analyses. Includes commercial activities that perform research, collect data, conduct time-motion studies, or pursue some other planned methodology in order to analyze a specific issue, system, device, boat, plane, or vehicle for management.

Such activities may be temporary or permanent in nature.

T821A: Cost Benefit Analyses.
 T821B: Statistical Analyses.
 T821C: Scientific Data Studies.
 T821D: Regulatory Studies.
 T821E: Defense, Education, Energy Studies.
 T821F: Legal/Litigation Studies.
 T821G: Management Studies.

T900 Training Devices and Simulators. Includes commercial activities that provide training aids, devices, simulator design, fabrication, issue, operation, maintenance, support, and services.

T900A: Training Aids, Devices, and Simulator Support. Includes commercial activities that design, fabricate, stock, store, issue, receive, and account for and maintain training aids, devices, and simulators (does not include audiovisual production and associated services or audiovisual support).

T900B: Training Device and Simulator Operation. Includes commercial activities that operate and maintain training device and simulator systems.

T999 Other Nonmanufacturing Operations.

Education and Training

Includes commercial activities that conduct courses of instruction attended by civilian or military personnel of the Department of Defense. Terminology of categories and subcategories primarily for military personnel (marked by an asterisk) follows the definitions of the statutory *Military Manpower Training Report* submitted annually to the Congress. This series includes only the conduct of courses of instruction; it does not include education and training support functions (that is, Base Operations Functions in the S series and Nonmanufacturing Operations in the T series). A course is any separately identified instructional entity or unit appearing in a formal school or course catalog.

*U100 Recruit Training.** The instruction of recruits.

*U200 Officer Acquisition Training.** Programs concerned with officer acquisition training.

*U300 Specialized Skill Training.** Includes Army One-Station Unit Training, Naval Apprenticeship Training, and health care training.

*U400 Flight Training.** Includes flight familiarization training.

*U500 Professional Development Education**

*U510 Professional Military Education.** Generally, the conduct of instruction at basic, intermediate, and senior Military Service schools and colleges and enlisted leadership training does not satisfy the requirements of the definition of a DoD CA and is excluded from the provision of this Instruction.

*U520 Graduate Education, Fully Funded, Full-Time**

*U530 Other Full-Time Education Programs**

*U540 Off-Duty (Voluntary) and On-Duty Education Programs.** Includes the conduct of

Basic Skills Education Program (BSEP), English as a Second Language (ESL), skill development courses, graduate, undergraduate, vocational/technical, and high school completion programs for personnel without a diploma.

U600 Civilian Education and Training. Includes the conduct of courses intended primarily for civilian personnel.

U700 Dependent Education. Includes the conduct of elementary and secondary school courses of instruction for the dependents of DoD overseas personnel.

U800 Training Development and Support (not reported elsewhere)

U999 Other Training. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Automatic Data Processing

W824 Data Processing Services. Includes commercial activities that provide ADP processing services by using Government-owned or -leased ADP equipment; or participating in Government-wide ADP sharing program; or procuring of time-sharing processing services (machine time) from commercial sources. Includes all types of data processing services performed by general purpose ADP and peripheral equipment.

W824A: Operation of ADP Equipment.

W824B: Production Control and Customer Services.

W824C: ADP Magnetic Media Library.

W824D: Data Transcription/Data Entry Services.

W824E: Transmission and Teleprocessing Equipment Services.

W824F: Acceptance Testing and Recovery Systems.

W824G: Punch Card Processing Services.

W824H: Other ADP Operations and Support.

W825 Maintenance of ADP Equipment. Includes commercial activities that maintain and repair all Government-owned ADP equipment and peripheral equipment.

W826 Systems Design, Development, and Programming Services. Includes commercial activities that provide software services associated with nontactical ADP operation.

W826A: Development and Maintenance of Applications Software.

W826B: Development and Maintenance of Systems Software.

W827 Software Services for Tactical Computers and Automated Test Equipment. Includes commercial activities that provide software services associated with tactical computers and TMDE and ATE hardware.

W999 Other Automatic Data Processing. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Products Manufactured and Fabricated In-House

Commercial activities that manufacture and/or fabricate products in-house are grouped according to the products predominantly handled as follows:

X931 Ordnance Equipment. Ammunition and related products.

X932 Products Made from Fabric or Similar Materials. Including the assembly and manufacture of clothing, accessories, and canvas products.

X933 Container Products and Related Items. Including the design, engineering, and manufacture of wooden boxes, crates, and other containers; includes the fabrication of fiberboard boxes, and assembly of paperboard boxes with metal straps. Excludes on-line fabrication of boxes and crates reported in functional area T801.

X934 Food and Bakery Products. Including the operation of central meat processing plants, pastry kitchens, and bakery facilities. Excludes food services reported in functional areas S713 and H105.

X935 Liquid, Gaseous, and Chemical Products. Including the providing of liquid oxygen and liquid nitrogen.

X936 Rope, Cordage, and Twine Products; Chains and Metal Cable Products

X937 Logging and Lumber Products. Logging and sawmill operations.

X938 Communications and Electronic Products.

X939 Construction Products. The operation of quarries and pits, including crushing, mixing, and concrete and asphalt batching plants.

X940 Rubber and Plastic Products.

X941 Optical and Related Products.

X942 Sheet Metal Products.

X943 Foundry Products.

X944 Machined Parts.

X999 Other Products Manufactured and Fabricated In-House. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

Maintenance, Repair, Alteration, and Minor Construction of Real Property.

Z991 Buildings and Structures—Family Housing. Includes commercial activities that are engaged in exterior and interior painting and glazing; roofing, interior plumbing; interior electric; interior heating equipment, including heat sources under 750,000 BTU capacity; installed food service and related equipment, air conditioning and refrigeration under a 5-ton capacity; elevators; and other equipment affixed as part of the building and not included in other activities. Includes fencing, flagpoles, and other miscellaneous structures associated with family housing.

Z991A: Rehabilitation—Tenant Change.

Z991B: Roofing.

Z991C: Glazing.

Z991D: Tiling.

Z991E: Exterior Painting.

Z991F: Interior Painting

Z991G: Flooring.

Z991H: Screens, Blinds, etc.

Z991I: Appliance Repair.

Z991J: Electrical Repair. Includes elevators, escalators, and moving walks.

Z991K: Plumbing.

Z991L: Heating Maintenance.

Z991M: Air Conditioning Maintenance.

Z991N: Emergency/Service Work.

Z991T: Other Work.

Z992 Buildings and Structures (Other Than Family Housing). Includes commercial activities that are engaged in exterior and interior painting and glazing; roofing, interior plumbing; interior electric; interior heating equipment, including heat sources under 750,000 BTU capacity; installed food service and related equipment; air conditioning and refrigeration under a 5-ton capacity; elevators; and other equipment affixed as part of the building and not reported under other functional codes. Includes fencing, flagpoles, guard and watchtowers, grease racks, unattached loading ramps, training facilities other than buildings, monuments, grandstands and bleachers, elevated garbage racks, and other miscellaneous structures.

Z992A: Rehabilitation—Tenant Change.

Z992B: Roofing.

Z992C: Glazing.

Z992D: Tiling.

Z992E: Exterior Painting.

Z992F: Interior Painting.

Z992G: Flooring.

Z992H: Screens, Blinds, etc.

Z992I: Appliance Repair.

Z992J: Electrical Repair. Includes elevators, escalators, and moving walkways.

Z992K: Plumbing.

Z992L: Heating Maintenance.

Z992M: Air Conditioning Maintenance.

Z992N: Emergency/Service Work.

Z992T: Other Work.

Z993 Grounds and Surfaced Areas. Commercial activities that maintain, repair, and alter grounds and surfaced areas defined in codes Z993A, B, and C, below.

Z993A: Grounds (Improved). Includes improved grounds, including lawns, drill fields, parade grounds, athletic and recreational facilities, cemeteries, other ground areas, landscape and windbreak plants, and accessory drainage systems.

Z993B: Grounds (Other than Improved). Small arms ranges, antenna fields, drop zones, and firebreaks. Also grounds such as wildlife conservation areas, maneuver areas, artillery ranges, safety and security zones, desert, swamps, and similar areas.

Z993C: Surfaced Areas. Includes airfield pavement, roads, walks, parking and open

storage areas, traffic signs and markings, storm sewers, culverts, ditches, and bridges. Includes sweeping and snow removal from streets and airfields.

2997 Railroad Facilities. Includes commercial activities that maintain, repair, and alter narrow and standard gauge two-rail tracks, including spurs, sidings, yard, turnouts, frogs, switches, ties, ballast, and roadbeds, with accessories and appurtenances, drainage facilities, and trestles.

2998 Waterways and Waterfront Facilities. Includes commercial activities that maintain, repair, and alter approaches, turning basin, berth areas and maintenance dredging, wharves, piers, docks, ferry racks, transfer bridges, quays, bulkheads, marine railway dolphins, mooring, buoys, seawalls, breakwaters, causeways, jetties, revetments, etc. Excludes waterways maintained by the Army Corps of Engineers (COE) rivers and harbors programs. Also excludes buildings, grounds, railroads, and surfaced areas located on waterfront facilities.

2999 Other Maintenance, Repair, Alteration, and Minor Construction of Real Property. This code will only be used for unusual circumstances and will not be used to report organizations or work that can be accommodated under a specifically defined code.

[50 FR 40805, Oct. 7, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 29210, July 1, 1992]

APPENDIX B TO PART 169a—COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES INVENTORY REPORT AND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW SCHEDULE

A. General Instructions

1. Forward your inventory report before January 1 to the Director, Installations Management, 400 Army Navy Drive, Room 206, Arlington, VA 22202-2884. Use Report Control Symbol "DD-A&T(A) 1540" as your authority to collect this data.

2. Transmit by use of floppy diskette. Data files must be in American Standard Code Information Interchange text file format on a MicroSoft-Disk Operating System formatted 3.5 inch floppy diskette. Provide submissions in the Defense Utility Energy Reporting System format as specified below.

3. Data Format: In-House DoD Commercial Activities

Data element	Tape positions	Field	Type data ¹
Designator	1	A	A
Installation	A1	
—State, territory, or possession.	2-3	A1a	N
—Place	4-9	A1b	A/N
+Function	10-14	A2	A/N
In-house civilian workload.	15-20	A3	N
Military workload	21-26	A4	N
+Reason for in-house operation.	49	A8	A

Data element	Tape positions	Field	Type data ¹
+Most recent year in-house operation approved.	50-51	A9	N
+Year DoD CA scheduled for next review.	52-53	A10	N
Installation name	76-132	A11	A

¹ A=Alpha; N=Numeric. A and A/N data shall be left justified space filled, N data shall be right justified and zero filled. +Items marked with a cross (+) have been registered in the DoD Data Element Dictionary.

4. When definite coding instructions are not provided, reference must be made to DoD 5000.12-M.¹ Failure to follow the coding instructions contained in this document, or those published in DoD 5000.12-M makes the DoD Component responsible for noncompliance of required concessions in data base communication.

B. Entry Instructions

Field	Instruction
A	Enter an A to designate that the data to follow on this record pertains to a particular DoD CA.
A1a	Enter the two-position numeric code for State (Data element reference ST-GA) or U.S. territory or possession, as shown in attachment 1 to Appendix B of this part.
A1b	Enter the unique alpha-numeric code established by the DoD Component for military installation, named populated place, or related entity where the CA workload was performed during the fiscal year covered by this submission. A separate look-up listing or file should be provided showing each unique place code and its corresponding place name.
A2	Enter the function code from Appendix A to this part that best describes the type of CA workload principally performed by the CA covered by this submission. Left justify.
A3	Enter total (full- and part-time) in-house civilian workyear equivalents applied to the performance of the function during fiscal year. Round off to the nearest whole workyear equivalent. (If amount is equal to or greater than .5, round up. If amount is less than .5, round down. Amounts between zero and 0.9 should be entered as one). Right justify. Zero fill.
A4	Enter total military workyear equivalents applied to the performance of the function in the fiscal year. Round off to the nearest whole workyear equivalent. (Amounts between zero and one should be entered as one). Right justify. Zero fill.
A8	Enter the reason for in-house operation of the CA, as shown in attachment 2 to Appendix B of this part.
A9	Enter the last two digits of the most recent fiscal year corresponding to the reason for in-house operation of the CA, as stated in Field A8.
A10	Enter the last two digits of the fiscal year the function is scheduled for study or next review. (Data element reference YE-NA.)
A11	Enter the named populated place, or related entity, where the CA workload was performed.

¹ See Footnote 1 to § 169a.1(a).

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ATTACHMENT 1 TO APPENDIX B TO PART 169A—
CODES FOR DENOTING STATES, TERRITORIES,
AND POSSESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES.

a. NUMERIC STATE CODES (Data element
reference ST-GA)

Code	
01	Alabama
02	Alaska
04	Arizona
05	Arkansas
06	California
08	Colorado
09	Connecticut
10	Delaware
11	District of Columbia
12	Florida
13	Georgia
15	Hawaii
16	Idaho
17	Illinois
18	Indiana
19	Iowa
20	Kansas
21	Kentucky
22	Louisiana
23	Maine
24	Maryland
25	Massachusetts
26	Michigan
27	Minnesota
28	Mississippi
29	Missouri
30	Montana
31	Nebraska
32	Nevada
33	New Hampshire
34	New Jersey
35	New Mexico
36	New York
37	North Carolina
38	North Dakota
39	Ohio
40	Oklahoma
41	Oregon
42	Pennsylvania
44	Rhode Island
45	South Carolina
46	South Dakota
47	Tennessee
48	Texas
49	Utah
50	Vermont
51	Virginia
53	Washington
54	West Virginia
55	Wisconsin
56	Wyoming
<i>b. Numeric Codes for Territories and Possessions (FIPS 55-2)</i>	
60	American Samoa
66	Guam
69	Northern Mariana Islands
71	Midway Islands
72	Puerto Rico

75	Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands
76	Navassa Islands
78	Virgin Islands
79	Wake Island
81	Baker Island
86	Jarvis Island
89	Kingman Reef
95	Palmyra Atoll

ATTACHMENT 2 TO APPENDIX B TO PART 169A—
CODES FOR DENOTING COMPELLING REASONS
FOR IN-HOUSE OPERATIONS OF PLANNED
CHANGES IN METHOD OR PERFORMANCE

1. PERFORMANCE (for entry in field A8)

Code	Explanation
A	Indicates that the DoD CA has been retained in-house for national defense reasons in accordance with paragraph E.2.a(1) of DoD Instruction 4100.33, other than CAs reported under code "C" of this attachment.
C	Indicates that the DoD CA is retained in-house because the CA is essential for training or experience in required military skills, or the CA is needed to provide appropriate work assignments for a rotation base for overseas or sea-to-shore assignments, or the CA is necessary to provide career progression to a needed military skill level in accordance with paragraph E.2.a(1)(a) of DoD Instruction 4100.33.
D	Indicates procurement of a product or service from a commercial source would cause an unacceptable delay or disruption of an essential DoD program.
E	Indicates that there is no satisfactory commercial source capable of providing the product or service needed.
F	Indicates that a cost comparison has been conducted and that the Government is providing the product or service at a lower total cost as a result of a cost comparison.
G	Indicates that the CA is being performed by DoD personnel now, but decision to continue in-house or convert to contract is pending results of a scheduled cost comparison.
H	Indicates that the CA is being performed by DoD employees now, but will be converted to contract because of cost comparison results.
J	Indicates that the CA is being performed by DoD hospital and, in the best interest of direct patient care, is being retained in-house.
K	Indicates that the CA is being performed by DoD employees now, but a decision has been made to convert to contract for reasons other than cost.
N	Indicates that the CA is performed by DoD employees now, but a review is in progress pending a decision. (i.e., base closure, realignment, or consolidation).
X	Indicates that the Installation commander is not scheduling this CA for cost study under the provisions of congressional authority.
Y	Indicates that the CA is retained in-house because the cost study exceeded the time limit prescribed by law.
Z	Indicates that the CA is retained in-house for reasons not included above. (i.e., a law, Executive order, treaty, or international agreement).

2. USE OF OTHER CODES. Other codes may be assigned as designated by the ODASD (I).

[50 FR 40805, Oct. 7, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 29210, July 1, 1992; 60 FR 67329, Dec. 29, 1995]

APPENDIX C TO PART 169A—SIMPLIFIED COST COMPARISON AND DIRECT CONVERSION OF CAS

A. This appendix provides guidance on procedures to be followed in order to convert a commercial activity employing 45 or fewer DoD civilian employees to contract performance without a full cost comparison. DoD Components may directly convert functions with 10 or fewer civilian employees without conducting a simplified cost comparison. Simplified cost comparisons may only be conducted on activities with 45 or fewer DoD civilian employees.

B. Direct conversions with 10 or fewer DoD civilian employees must meet the following criteria:

1. The activity is currently performed by 10 or fewer civilian employees.
2. The direct conversion makes sense from a management or performance standpoint.
3. The direct conversion is cost effective.
4. The installation commander should attempt to place or retrain displaced DoD civilian employees by
 - a. Placing or retraining employees in available permanent vacant positions, or
 - b. Assigning displaced employees to valid temporary or over-hire positions in similar activities for gainful employment until permanent vacancies are available. The type of employee appointment (e.g., career, career-conditional, etc., or change from competitive to excepted service or vice versa) must not change, or
 - c. Where no vacancies exist or are projected, offer employees retraining opportunities under the Job Training Partnership Act or similar retraining programs for transitioning into the private sector.
5. The function to be directly converted does not include any DoD civilian positions that were as a result of DoD Component streamlining plans and/or were removed with buyout offers that satisfied Section 5 of the Federal Workforce Restructuring Act requirements.

C. The following provides general guidance for completion of a simplified cost comparison:

1. Estimated contractor costs should be based on either the past history of similar contracts at other installations or on the contracting officer's best estimate of what would constitute a fair and reasonable price.
2. For activities small in total size (45 or fewer civilian and military personnel):
 - a. Estimated in-house cost generally should not include overhead costs, as it is

unlikely that they would be a factor for a small activity.

b. Similarly, estimated contractor costs generally should not include contract administration, on-time conversion costs, or other contract price add-ons associated with full cost comparisons.

3. For activities large in total size (including those with a mix of civilian and military personnel) all cost elements should be considered for both in-house and contractor estimated costs.

4. In either case, large or small, the 10 percent conversion differential contained in part IV of the Supplement to OMB Circular No. A-76 should be applied.

5. Part IV of the Supplement to OMB Circular No. A-76 shall be utilized to define the specific elements of cost to be estimated.

6. Clearance for CA simplified cost comparison decisions are required for Agencies without their own Legislative Affairs (LA) and Public Affairs (PA) offices. Those Agencies shall submit their draft decision brief to the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations) room 3E813, the Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301 for release to Congress.

7. Provide CA simplified cost comparison approvals containing a certification of the MEO analysis, a copy of the approval to convert, a copy of the cost comparison, with back-up data, before conversion to the following:

- a. Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate (11-45 civilian employees only).
- b. Copies of the following:
 - (1) Assistant Secretary of Defense (LA), room 3D918, the Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301.
 - (2) Assistant Secretary of Defense (PA), room 2E757, the Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301.
 - (3) Office of Economic Adjustment, room 4C767, the Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301.
 - (4) Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense, (Installations), room 3E813, the Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301. (exception—no copies required from Agencies that do not have legislative and public affairs offices).

8. Most Efficient and Cost-Effective Analysis for Contractor Performance of an Activity (Report Control Symbol DD-A&T(AR) 1951. The installation commander must certify that the estimated in-house cost for activities involving 11 to 45 DoD civilian employees are based on a completed most efficient and cost effective organization analysis. Certification of this MEO analysis, as required by Public Law 103-139, shall be provided to the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate before conversion to contract performance.

[57 FR 29212, July 1, 1992, as amended at 60 FR 67329, Dec. 29, 1995]

APPENDIX D TO PART 169a—COMMERCIAL
ACTIVITIES MANAGEMENT INFORMATION
SYSTEM (CAMIS)

Each DoD Component shall create and manage their CAMIS data base. The CAMIS data base shall have a comprehensive edit check on all input data in the computerized system. All data errors in the CAMIS data base shall be corrected as they are found by the established edit check program. The data elements described in this appendix represents the DoD minimum requirements.

On approval of a full cost comparison, a simplified cost comparison, or a direct conversion CA, the DoD Component shall create the initial entry using the data elements in part I for full cost comparisons and data elements in part II for all other conversions. Within 30 days of the end of each quarter the DoD Component shall submit a floppy diskette. Data files must be in American Standard Code Information Interchange text file format on a MicroSoft-Disk Operating System formatted 3.5 inch floppy diskette. Provide submissions in the Defense Utility Energy Reporting System format. The data shall be submitted in the Director, Installations Management (D,IM), 400 Army Navy Drive, Room 206, Arlington, VA 22202-2884 at least 60 days prior to the end of the quarter. The D,IM shall use the automated data to update the CAMIS. If the DoD Component is unable to provide data in an automated format, the D,IM shall provide quarterly printouts of cost comparison records (CCR) and conversion and/or comparison records (DCSCCR) that may be annotated and returned within 30 days of the end of each quarter to the D,IM. The D,IM then shall use the annotated printouts to update the CAMIS.

PART I—COST COMPARISON

The record for each cost comparison is divided into six sections. Each of these sections contains information provided by the DoD Components. The first five sections are arranged in a sequence of milestone events occurring during a cost comparison. Each section is completed immediately following the completion of the milestone event. These events are as follows:

1. Cost comparison is approved by DoD Component.
2. Solicitation is issued.
3. In-house and contractor costs are compared.
4. Contract is awarded/solicitation is canceled.
5. Contract starts.

The events are used as milestones because upon their completion some elements of significant information concerning the cost comparison become known.

A sixth section is utilized for CCRs that result in award of a contract. This section contains data elements on contract cost and information on subsequent contract actions during the second and third year of contract operation.

The data elements that comprise these six sections are defined in this enclosure.

PART II—DIRECT CONVERSIONS AND
SIMPLIFIED COST COMPARISONS

The record for each direct conversion and simplified cost comparison is divided into six sections. Each of the first five sections is completed immediately following the completion of the following events:

1. DoD Component approves CA action.
2. The solicitation is issued.
3. In-house and contractor costs are compared.
4. Contract is awarded or solicitation is canceled.
5. Contract starts.

A sixth section is utilized for tracking historical data after the direct conversion or simplified cost comparison is completed. This section contains data elements on contracts and cost information during the second and third performance period. The data elements that comprise the six sections in part II, of this Appendix, are defined in the CAMIS Entry and Update Instruction, Part II—Direct Conversions and Simplified Cost Comparisons.

CAMIS ENTRY AND UPDATE INSTRUCTIONS

PART I—COST COMPARISONS

The bracketed number preceding each definition in sections one through five is the DoD data element number. All date fields should be in the format MMDDYY (such as, June 30, 1983 = 063083).

Section One

Event: DoD Component Approves Conducting
a Cost Comparison

All entries in this section of CCR shall be submitted by DoD Components on the first quarter update after approving the start of a cost comparison.

These entries shall be used to establish the CCR and to identify the geographical, organizational, political, and functional attributes of the activity (or activities) undergoing cost comparison as well as to provide an initial estimate of the manpower associated with the activity (or activities). The initial estimate of the manpower in this section of the CCR will be in all cases those manpower figures identified in the correspondence approving the start of the cost comparison.

DoD Components shall enter the following data elements to establish a CCR:

[1] Cost Comparison Number. The number assigned by the DoD Component to uniquely identify a specific cost comparison. The first character of the cost comparison number must be a letter designating DoD Component as noted in data element [3], below. The cost comparison number may vary in length from five to ten characters, of which the second and subsequent may be alpha or numeric and assigned under any system desired by the DoD Component.

[2] Announcement and/or approval date. Date Congress is notified when required by 10 U.S.C. 2461, of this part or date DoD Component approves studies being performed by 45 or fewer DoD civilian employees.

[3] DOD Component Code. Use the following codes to identify the Military Service or Defense Agency conducting the cost comparison:

A—Department of the Army
 B—Defense Mapping Agency
 C—Strategic Defense Initiatives Organization
 D—Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS) [3D1]
 E—Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
 F—Department of the Air Force
 G—National Security Agency/Central Security Service
 H—Defense Nuclear Agency
 J—Joint Chiefs of Staff (including the Joint Staff, Unified and Specified Commands, and Joint Service Schools)
 K—Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA)
 L—Defense Intelligence Agency
 M—United States Marine Corps
 N—United States Navy
 R—Defense Contract Audit Agency
 S—Defense Logistics Agency
 T—Defense Security Assistance Agency
 V—Defense Investigative Service
 W—Uniform Services University of the Health Sciences
 X—Inspector General, Department of Defense
 Y—On Site Inspection Agency (OSIA)
 2—Defense Finance & Accounting Service (DFAS)
 3—Defense Commissary Agency (DeCA)
 4—Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC)
 5—U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Civil Works

[4] Command code. The code established by the DoD Component headquarters to identify the command responsible for operating the commercial activity undergoing cost comparison.

[5] Installation code. The code established by the DoD Component headquarters to identify the installation where the CA(s) under cost comparison is and/or are located physically. Two or more codes (for cost comparison

packages encompassing more than one installation) should be separated by commas.

[6] State code. A two-position numeric code for the State (Data element reference ST-GA.) or U.S. Territory (FIPS 55-2), as shown in attachment 1 to appendix B to this part, where element [5] is located. Two or more codes shall be separated by commas.

[7] Congressional District (CD). Number of the congressional district(s) where [5] is located. If representatives are elected "at large," enter "01" in this data element; for a delegate or resident commissioner (such as, District of Columbia or Puerto Rico) enter "98." If the installation is located in two or more CDs, all CDs should be entered and separated by commas.

[8] [Reserved]

[9] Title of Cost Comparison. The title that describes the commercial activity(s) under cost comparison (for instance, "Facilities Engineering Package," "Installation Bus Service," or "Motor Pool"). Use a clear title, not acronyms of function codes in this data element.

[10] DOD Functional Area Code(s). The four of five alpha/numeric character designators listed in Appendix A of this part that describe the type of CA undergoing cost comparison. There would be one code for a single CA or possible several codes for a large cost comparison package. A series of codes shall be separated by commas.

[11] Prior Operation Code. A single alpha character that identifies the mode of operation for the activity at the time the cost comparison is started. Despite the outcome of the cost comparison, this code does not change. The coding is as follows:

I—In-house
 C—Contract
 N—New requirement
 E—Expansion

[12] Cost Comparison Status Code. A single alpha character that identifies the current status of the cost comparison. Enter one of the following codes:

P—In progress
 C—Complete
 X—Canceled. The CCR shall be excluded from future updates.

Z—Consolidated. The cost comparison has been consolidated with one or more other cost comparisons into a single cost comparison package. The CCR for the cost comparison that has been consolidated shall be excluded from future updates. (See data element [15].)

B—Broken out. The cost comparison package has been broken into two or more separate cost comparisons. The previous CCR shall be excluded from future updates. (See data element [15].)

[13] Announcement—personnel estimate civilian, and [14] announcement—personnel estimate military. The number of civilian and

military personnel allocated to the CAs undergoing cost comparison when the cost comparison is approved by the DoD Component or announced to Congress. This number in all cases shall be those personnel figures identified in the correspondence announcing the start of a cost comparison and will include authorized positions, temporaries, and borrowed labor. The number is used to give a preliminary estimate of the size of the activity.

[15] Revised and/or original cost comparison number. When a consolidation occurs, create a new CCR containing the attributes of the consolidated cost comparison. In the CCR of each cost comparison being consolidated, enter the cost comparison number of the new CCR in this data element and code "Z" in data element [12] of this attachment. In the new CCR, this data element should be blank and data element [12] of this attachment should denote the current status of the cost comparison. Once the consolidation has occurred, only the new CCR requires future updates. When a single cost comparison is being broken into multiple cost comparisons, create a new CCR for each cost comparison broken out from the original cost comparison. Each new CCR shall contain its own unique set of attributes; in data element [15] of this attachment enter the cost comparison number of the original cost comparison from which each was derived, and in data element [12] of this attachment enter the current status of each cost comparison. For the original cost comparison, data element [15] of this attachment, should be blank and data element [12] of this attachment should have a code "B" entry. Only the derivative record entries require future updates. When a consolidation or a breakout occurs, an explanatory remark shall be entered in data element [57] of this attachment (such as, "part of SW region cost comparison," or, "separated into three cost comparisons").

Section Two

Event: The Solicitation is Issued

The entries in this section of the CCR provide information on the personnel authorized to perform the workload in the PWS, the number of workyears used to accomplish the workload in the PWS, and the type and kind of solicitation.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements at the first quarterly update subsequent to the issuance of the solicitation:

[17] [Reserved]

[18] Solicitation-Type Code. A one-character alpha designator that identifies the type of solicitation used to obtain contract bids or offers. Use either the CBD as the source document or information received from the contracting officer for this entry. Solicitations under section 8(a) of the Small

Business Act are negotiated. Enter one of the following codes:

S—Sealed Bid

N—Negotiated

[19] Solicitation Kind Code. A one-character (or two-character, if "W" suffix is used) alpha designator indicating whether the competition for the contract has been limited to a specific class of bidders or offerors. Use either the CBD as the source document or information received from the contracting officer to enter one of the following codes:

A—Restrict to small business

B—Small Business Administration 8(a) Set Aside

C—Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (JWOD)

D—Other mandatory sources

U—Unrestricted

W—(optional suffix) Unrestricted after initial restriction

[20] Current Authorized Civilians and [21] Current Authorized Military. The number of civilian and military authorizations allocated on the DoD Component's manpower documents to perform the work described in the PWS. This number refines the initial authorization estimate (section one, data elements [13] and [14]).

[22] Baseline Annual Workyears Civilian and [23] Baseline Annual Workyears Military. The number of annual workyears it has taken to perform the work described by the PWS before the DoD Component conducts the MEO study of the in-house organizations; do not include contract monitor requirements. Military workyears include assigned, borrowed, diverted, and detailed personnel.

An annual workyear is the use of 2,087 hours (including authorized leave and paid time off for training). For example, when full-time employees whose work is completely within the PWS are concerned, "one workyear" normally is comparable to "one employee" or two part-time employees, each working 1,043 hours in a fiscal year. Also include in this total the workyears for full-time employees who do not work on a full-time basis on the work described by the PWS. For example, some portion of the workload is performed by persons from another work center who are used on an "as needed" basis. Their total hours performing this workload is 4,172 hours. This would be reflected as two workyears. Less than one-half year of effort should be rounded down, and one-half year or more should be rounded up.

These workyear figures shall be the baseline for determining the manpower savings identified by the management study.

Section Three

Event: The In-House and the Contractor Costs of Operation are Compared

The entries in this section provide information on the date of the cost comparison (initial decision), the preliminary results, the number of bids or offers received, and the costing method used in the cost comparison.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update subsequent to the date of the comparison of in-house and contractor costs (date of initial decision):

[24] Scheduled Initial Decision Date. Date the initial decision is scheduled at the start of a cost comparison.

[24A] Actual Initial Decision Date. Date the initial decision is announced. The initial decision is based on the apparent low bid or offer and is subject to preaward surveys and resolution of all appeals and protests. In a sealed bid procurement, the initial decision is announced at bid opening. In a negotiated procurement, the initial decision is announced when the cost comparison is made between the in-house estimate and the proposal of the selected offeror.

[25] Cost Comparison Preliminary Results Code. A one-character alpha designator indicating the results of the cost comparison as announced by the contracting officer at the time the bids or offers are compared. The entries are limited to two possibilities:

I—In-house
C—Contract

[26]—[27] [Reserved]

Section Four

Event: The Contracting Officer Either Awards the Contract or Commercial Activity Cancels the Solicitation

The entries in this section identify the final result, information on the contract, the in-house bid, and costing information from the cost comparison record.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update subsequent to the date the contracting officer either awards a contract or cancels the solicitation:

[28] Contract Award/Solicitation Commercial Activity Cancellation Date. For conversions to contract, this is the date a contract was awarded in a sealed bid solicitation or the date the contractor was authorized to proceed on a conditional award contract in a negotiated solicitation. For retentions in-house, this is the date the solicitation was canceled (when the contracting officer publishes an amendment to the solicitation canceling it).

[29] Cost Comparison Final Result Code. A one-character alpha designator identifying the final result of the comparison between

in-house and contractor costs; the contracting officer either awards the contract or cancels the solicitation. Enter one of the following codes:

I—In-house
C—Contract

[30] Decision Rationale Code. A one-character alpha designator that identifies the rationale for awarding a contract or canceling the solicitation. The work shall be performed in-house or by contractor, based on cost, or the work shall be performed in-house because no satisfactory commercial source was available (no bids or offers were received or the preaward survey resulted in the determination that no commercial sources were responsive or responsible). Enter one of the following codes:

C—Cost
N—No satisfactory commercial source
O—Other

[31] [Reserved]

[31a] Prime Contractor Size. Enter one of the following

S—Small or small/disadvantaged business
L—Large business

[32] MEO Workyears. The number of annual workyears it takes to perform the work described in the PWS after the MEO study has been conducted. Do not include the minimum cost differential (line 14 in CCF or line 16 in the ENCR CCF) in the computation of any of these data elements.

For data elements [33] through [36], enter all data after all adjustments required by appeals board decisions. Do not include the minimum cost differential (line 31 old CCF or line 14 new CCF or line 16 new ENRC form) in the computation of any of these data elements. If a valid cost comparison was not conducted (that is, all bidders or offerors disqualified, no bids or offers received, etc.) do not complete data elements [33] through [36]. Explain lack of valid cost data in data element [57], DOD Component Comments.

[33] First Performance Period. Expressed in months, the length of time covered by the contract. Do not include any option periods.

[34] Cost Comparison Period. Expressed in months, the total period of operation covered by the cost comparison; this is the period used as the basis for data elements [35] and [36], below.

[35] Total in-house Cost (\$000). Enter the total cost of in-house performance in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. This is the total of line 6 of the new CCF or line 8 of the ENCR CCF. An entry is required although the activity remains in-house due to absence of a satisfactory commercial source.

[36] Total Contract Cost (\$000). Enter the total cost of contract performance in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest

thousand. This is the total of line 13 of the CCF or line 15 of the ENCR CCF.

[37] Scheduled Contract or MEO Start Date. Date the contract and/or MEO was scheduled to start at the beginning of a cost comparison.

Section Five

Event: The Contract/MEO Starts

The entries in this section identify the contract or MEO start date and the personnel actions taken as a result of the cost comparison.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update subsequent to the start of the contract:

[38] Contract/MEO Start Date. The actual date the contractor began operation of the contract or the Government implements the MEO.

[39] Permanent Employees Reassigned to Equivalent Positions. The number of permanent employees who were reassigned to positions of equivalent grade as of the contract start date.

[40] Permanent Employee Changed To Lower Positions. The number of permanent employees who were reassigned to lower grade positions as of the contract start date.

[41] Employees Taking Early Retirement. The number of employees who took early retirement as of the contract start date.

[42] Employees Taking Normal Retirement. The number of employees who took normal retirement as of the contract start date.

[43] Permanent Employees Separated. The number of permanent employees who were separated from Federal employment as of the contract start date.

[44] Temporary Employees Separated. The number of temporary employees who were separated from Federal employment as of the contract start date.

[45] Employees Entitled To Severance Pay. The estimated number of employees entitled to severance pay on their separation from Federal employment as of the contract start date.

[46] Total Amount of Severance Entitlements (\$000). The total estimated amount of severance to be paid to all employees, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand, as of the contract start date.

[47] Number Of Employees Hired by The Contractor. The number of estimated DoD civilian employees (full-time or otherwise) that will be hired by the contractors, or their subcontractors, at the contract start date.

Administrative Appeal

[48] Filed. Were administrative appeals filed?

N—No

Y—Yes

[49] Source. Who filed the appeal?

B—Both

C—Contractor

I—In-house

[50] Result. Were the appeals finally upheld? (If both appealed, explain result in data element [57], of this section).

N—No

P—Still in progress

Y—Yes

GAO Protest

[51] Filed. Was a protest filed with GAO?

N—No

Y—Yes

[52] Source. Who filed the protest?

B—Both

C—Contractor

I—In-house

[53] Result. Was the protest finally upheld? (Explain result in data element [57], below).

N—No

P—Still in progress

Y—Yes

Arbitration

[54] Requested. Was there a request for arbitration?

N—No

Y—Yes

[55] Result. Was the case found arbitrable? (Explain result in data element [57], below).

N—No

P—Still in progress

Y—Yes

General Information

+ [56] Total Staff-Hours Expended. Enter the estimated number of staff-hours expended by the installation for the cost comparison. Include direct and indirect hours expended from the time of PWS until a final decision is made.

+ [56a] Estimated Cost Of Conducting The Cost Comparison. Enter the estimated cost of the total staff-hours identified in data element [56] of this section non-labor (travel, reproduction costs, etc.) associated with the cost comparison.

+ Data elements [56] and [56A] will only be completed by DoD Components that are participating in the pilot test of these data elements.

[57] DoD Component Comments. Enter comments, as required, to explain situations that affect the conduct of the cost comparison. Where appropriate, precede each comment with the CAMIS data element being referenced.

[58] Effective Date. "As of" date of the most current update for the cost comparison. This data element will be completed by the DMDC.

[59] (Leave blank, for DoD computer program use).

Section Six

Event: Quarter Following Contract and/or
Option Renewal

The entries in this section identify original costs, savings, information on subsequent performance periods and miscellaneous contract data. The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update annually.

[60] Original Cost of Function(s) (\$000). The estimated total cost of functions before to development of an MEO in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand for the base year and option years. (Begin entry when study began for data element [2] after 1 October 1989).

[60A] Estimated Dollar Savings (\$000). The DoD Component's estimated savings from the cost comparison for the base year plus option years, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand, for either in-house or contract performance. Documentation will be available at the DoD Component level. (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[61] Contract Or In-House Bid First Performance Period (\$000). For studies resulting in continued in-house performance, enter the total in-house cost (Line 6 from the CCF) for the first performance period. For studies resulting in conversion to contract performance, enter the contract price (Line 7 from the CCF) for the first performance period. Figures shall be shown in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[61A] Actual Contract or In-House Costs First Performance Period (\$000). Enter the actual first performance period contract cost including all change orders (Plus changes in the scope of work) or actual in-house performance cost including changes in the scope of work, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. No entry is required for actual in-house performance during the second and third performance periods.

[61B] Adjusted Contract Costs First Performance Period (\$000). Enter an adjusted first performance period contract cost that includes actual DoL wage increases and costs for omissions and/or errors in the original PWS, but exclude new requirement costs and their associated wage increases, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[61C] Adjusted In-House Costs First Performance Period (\$000). Enter the total first performance period in-house cost of the MEO, including civil service pay increases, but excluding increases associated with new mission requirements not included in the original scope of work of the function. Show costs in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. Entry is required even if the function went to contract. (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[62] Contract Or In-House Bid Second Performance Period (\$000). For studies resulting

in continued in-house performance, enter the total in-house cost (Line 6 from the CCF) for the second performance period. For studies resulting in conversion to contract performance, enter the contract price (Line 7 from the CCF) for the second performance period. Figures shall be shown in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[62A] Actual Contract Costs Second Performance Period (\$000). Enter the actual second performance period contract cost including all change orders (Plus changes in the scope of work), in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. No entry is required when the function remained in-house.

[62B] Adjusted Contract Costs Second Performance Period (\$000). Enter an adjusted second performance period contract cost that includes actual DoL wage increases and costs for omissions and/or errors in the original PWS, but exclude new requirement costs and their associated wage increases, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[62] Adjusted In-House Costs Second Performance Period (\$000). Enter the total second performance period in-house cost of the MEO, including civil service pay increases, but excluding increases associated with new mission requirements not included in the original scope of work of the function. Show costs in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. Entry is required even if the function went to contract. (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[63] Contract Or In-house Bid Third Performance Period (\$000). For studies resulting in continued in-house performance, enter the total in-house cost (Line 6 from the CCF) for the third performance period. For studies resulting in conversion to contract performance, enter the contract price (Line 7 from the CCF) for the third performance period. Figures shall be shown in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[63A] Actual Contract Costs Third Performance Period (\$000). Enter the actual third performance period contract cost including all change orders (Plus changes in the scope of work), in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. No entry is required when the function remained in-house.

[63B] Adjusted Contract Costs Third Performance Period (\$000). Enter an adjusted third performance period contract cost that includes actual DoL wage increases and costs for omissions and/or errors in the original PWS, but exclude new requirement costs and their associated wage increases, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[63C] Adjusted In-House Costs Third Performance Period (\$000). Enter the total third performance period in-house cost of the MEO, including civil service pay increases,

but excluding increases associated with new mission requirements not included in the original scope of work of the function. Show costs in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. Entry is required even if the function went to contract (Begin entry after 1 October 1989).

[64] Contractor Change. Enter one of the following alpha designators to indicate whether the contract for the second or third performance period has changed from the original contractor.

N—No, the contractor has not changed.

Y—Yes, the contractor has changed.

Data elements [65] through [66] of this section are not required if the answer to [64] of this section is no (N).

[65] New Contractor Size (If data element [66] of this section contains the alpha designator "I" or "R," no entry is required).

L—New contractor is large business.

S—New contractor is small and/or small disadvantaged business.

[66] Reason For Change. DoD Components shall enter one of the following designators listed in this section, followed by the last two digits of the fiscal year which the change occurred.

C—Contract workload consolidated with other existing contract workload.

D—New contractor takes over because original contractor defaults.

I—Returned in-house because original contractor defaults within 12 months of start date and in-house bid is the next lowest.

N—New contractor replaced original contractor because Government opted not to renew contract in option years.

R—Returned in-house temporarily pending resolicitation due to contract default, etc.

U—Contract workload consolidated into a larger (umbrella) cost comparison.

X—Other-function either returned in-house or eliminated because of base closure, realignment, budget reduction or other change in requirements.

[67] Contract Administration Staffing. The actual number of contract administration personnel hired to administer the contract.

CAMIS ENTRY AND UPDATE INSTRUCTION

PART II—DIRECT CONVERSIONS AND SIMPLIFIED COST COMPARISONS

The bracketed number preceding each definition in sections One through six of this section, is the DoD data element number. All date fields should be in the format YYMMDD (Data element reference DA-FA).

Section One

Event: DoD Component Approves the CA Action

All entries in this section of the DCSCCR record shall be submitted by DoD Components on the first quarter update after approving the start of a cost comparison. These entries shall be used to establish the DCSCCR and to identify the geographical, organizational, political, and functional attributes of the activity (or activities) undergoing conversion and/or comparison as well as to provide an initial estimate of the manpower associated with the activity (or activities). The initial estimate of the personnel in this section of the DCSCCR will be, in all cases, those personnel figures identified in the correspondence approving the start of the conversion and/or comparison. DoD Components shall enter the following data elements to establish a DCSCCR:

[1] Direct Conversion/Simplified Cost Comparison Number. The number assigned by the DoD Component to uniquely identify a specific conversion and/or comparison. The first character of the conversion and/or comparison number must be a letter designating the DoD Component as noted in data element [3] of this section. The conversion and/or comparison number may vary in length from five to ten characters, of which the second and subsequent may be alpha or numeric and assigned under any system desired by the DoD Component.

[2] Approval Date. The date has simplified cost comparison or direct conversion was approved.

[3] DoD Component Code. Use the following codes to identify the Military Service or Defense Agency and/or Field Activity conducting the cost comparison:

A—Department of the Army

B—Defense Mapping Agency (DMA)

D—Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS) [3D1]

D—Washington Headquarters Service (WHS) [3D2]

F—Department of the Air Force

G—National Security Agency/Central Security Service (NSA/CSS)

H—Defense Nuclear Agency (DNA)

J—Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) (including the Joint Staff, Unified and Specified Commands, and Joint Service Schools)

K—Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA)

L—Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA)

M—United States Marine Corps (USMC)

N—United States Navy (USN)

R—Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA)

S—Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)

T—Defense Security Assistance Agency (DSAA)

- V—Defense Investigative Service (DIS)
- W—Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS)
- Y—On Site Inspection Agency (OSIA)
- 2—Defense Finance & Accounting Service (DFAS)
- 3—Defense Commissary Agency (DeCA)
- 4—Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC)
- 5—U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Civil Works

[4] Command code. The code established by the DoD Component headquarters to identify the command responsible for operating the commercial activity undergoing cost comparison.

[5] Installation code. The code established by the DoD Component headquarters to identify the installation where the CA(s) under cost comparison is and/or are located physically. Two or more codes (for cost comparison packages encompassing more than one installation) should be separated by commas.

[6] State Code. A two-position numeric code for the State (Data element reference ST-GA.) or U.S. Territory (FIPS 55-2), as shown in attachment 1 to appendix B of this part, where element [5] is located. Two or more codes shall be separated by commas.

[7] Congressional District (CD). Number of the CDs where [5] of this section, is located. If representatives are elected "at large," enter "01" in this data element; for a delegate or resident commissioner (i.e., District of Columbia or Puerto Rico) enter "98." If the installation is located in two or more CDs, all CDs should be entered and separated by commas.

[8] (Leave blank)

[9] Title of Conversion and/or Comparison. The title that describes the CA(s) under conversion/comparison (for instance, "Facilities Engineering Package", "Installation Bus Service," or "Motor Pool"). Use a clear title, not acronyms or function codes in this data element.

[10] DoD Functional Area Code(s). The four- or five-alpha and/or numeric character designators listed in appendix A of this part that describes the type of CA undergoing conversion and/or comparison. This would be one code for a single CA or possibly several codes for a large cost comparison package. A series of codes shall be separated by commas.

[11] Prior Operation Code. A single alpha character that identifies the mode of operation for the activity at the time the conversion and/or comparison is started. Despite the outcome of the conversion and/or comparison, this code does not change. The coding is as follows:

- C—Contract
- E—Expansion
- I—In-house
- N—New requirement

[12] Conversion and/or Comparison Status Code. A single alpha character that identifies

the current status of the conversion and/or comparison. Enter one of the following codes:

B—Broken out. The cost comparison package has been broken into two or more separate cost comparisons. The previous DCSCCR shall be excluded from future updates. (See data element [15] of this section.)

C—Complete

P—In progress

X—Canceled. The DCSCCR shall be excluded from future updates.

Z—Consolidated. The cost comparison has been consolidated with one or more other cost comparisons into a single cost comparison package. The DCSCCR for the cost comparison that has been consolidated shall be excluded from future updates. (See data element [15] of this section.)

[13] Announcement—personnel estimate civilian, and [14] announcement—personnel estimate military. The number of civilian and military personnel allocated to the CAs undergoing conversion and/or comparison at the time the start of the conversion and/or comparison is approved. This number is all cases shall be those personnel figures identified when the conversion and/or comparison was approved and will include authorized positions, temporaries, and borrowed labor. The number is used to give a preliminary estimate of the size of the activity.

[15] Revised and/or original cost comparison number. When a consolidation occurs, create a new DCSCCR containing the attributes of the consolidated conversion and/or comparison. In the DCSCCR of each conversion and/or comparison being consolidated, enter the conversion and/or comparison number of the new DCSCCR in this data element and code "Z" in data element [12] of this section. In the new DCSCCR, this data element should be blank and data element [12] of this section should denote the current status of the conversion and/or comparison. Once the consolidation has occurred, only the new DCSCCR requires future updates.

When a single conversion and/or comparison is being broken into multiple conversion and/or comparisons, create a new DCSCCR for each conversion and/or comparison broken out from the original conversion and/or comparison. Each new DCSCCR shall contain its own unique set of attributes; in data element [15] of this section enter the conversion and/or comparison number of the original conversion and/or comparison from which each was derived, and in data element [12] of this section enter the current status of each conversion and/or comparison. For the original conversion and/or comparison, data element [15] of this section should be blank and data element [12] of this section should have a code "B" entry. Only the derivative record entries require future updates.

When a consolidation or a breakout occurs, an explanatory remark shall be entered in data element [56] of this section (such as, "part of SW region cost comparison," or, "separated into three cost comparisons").

[16] (Leave blank)

Section Two

Event: The Solicitation is Issued

The entries in this section of the DCSCCR provide information on the personnel authorized to perform the workload in the PWS, the number of workyears used to accomplish the workload in the PWS, and the type and kind of solicitation.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements at the first quarterly update subsequent to the issuance of the solicitation:

[17] (Leave blank)

[18] Solicitation-Type code. A one-character alpha designator that identifies the type of solicitation used to obtain contract bids or offers. Use either the CBD as the source document or information received from the contracting officer for this entry. Solicitations under section 8(a) of "The Small Business Act" are negotiated. Enter one of the following codes:

N—Negotiated

S—Sealed Bid

[19] Solicitation-Kind code. A one-character (or two-character, if "W" suffix is used) alpha designator indicating whether the competition for the contract has been limited to a specific class of bidders or offerors. Use either the CBD as the source document or information received from the contracting officer to enter one of the following codes:

A—Restrict to small business

B—Small Business Administration 8(a) Set Aside

C—"Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act" (JWOD)

D—Other mandatory sources

U—Unrestricted

W—(Optional suffix) Unrestricted after initial restriction

[20] Current Authorized Civilians, and [21] Current Authorized Military. The number of civilian and military authorizations allocated on the DoD Component's manpower documents to perform the work described in the PWS. This number refines the initial authorization estimate (section one, data elements [13] and [14] of this section).

[22] Baseline Annual Workyears Civilian, and [23] Baseline Annual Workyears Military. The number of annual workyears it has taken to perform the work described by the PWS before the DoD Component conducts the MEO analysis of the in-house organization. Do not include contract monitor requirements. Military workyears include assigned, borrowed, diverted, and detailed per-

sonnel. Less than one-half a year of effort should be rounded down, and one-half a year or more should be rounded up. These workyear figures shall be the baseline for determining the personnel savings identified by the most efficient organization analysis.

Section Three

Event: The In-House And The Contractor Costs Of Operations Are Compared

The entries in this section provide information on the date of the conversion and/or comparison (initial decision), the preliminary results, the number of bids or offers received, and the costing method used in the conversion and/or comparison.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update subsequent to the date of the comparison of in-house and contractor costs (date of initial decision):

[24] Scheduled Initial Decision Date. Date the initial decision is scheduled at the start of a conversion and/or comparison

[24A] Actual Initial Decision Date. Date the initial decision is announced. The initial decision is based on the apparent low bid or offer and is subject to preaward surveys and resolution of all appeals and protests. In a sealed bid procurement, the initial decision is announced at bid opening. In a negotiated procurement, the initial decision is announced when the cost comparison is made between the in-house estimate and the proposal of the selected offeror. In a conversion, the initial decision is announced when the in-house cost estimate is evaluated against proposed contractor proposals.

[25] Cost Comparison Preliminary Results Code. A one-character alpha designator indicating the results of the cost comparison as announced by the contracting officer at the time of the comparison (No entry required for a direct conversion). The entries are limited to two possibilities:

C—Contract

I—In-house

[26] (Leave blank)

[27] (Leave blank)

Section Four

Event: The Contracting Officer Either Awards The Contract or Cancels The Solicitation

The entries in this section identify the final result, information on the contract, the in-house bid, and costing information from the direct conversion and/or simplified cost comparison fact sheet.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update subsequent to the date the contracting officer either awards a contract or cancels the solicitation:

[28] Contract Award or Solicitation Cancellation Date. For conversions to contract, this is the date a contract was awarded in a sealed bid solicitation or the date the contractor was authorized to proceed on a conditional award contract in a negotiated solicitation. For retentions in-house, this is the date the solicitation was canceled (when the contracting officer publishes an amendment to cancel the solicitation).

[29] Cost Comparison Final Result Code. A one-character alpha designator identifying the final result of the comparison between in-house and contractor costs; the contracting officer either awards the contract or cancels the solicitation. Enter one of the following codes:

C—Contract
I—In-house

[30] Decision Rationale Code. A one-character alpha designator that identifies the rationale for awarding a contract or canceling the solicitation. The work shall be performed in-house or by contractor based on cost, for other than cost, or the work shall be performed in-house because no satisfactory commercial source was available (no bids or offers were received or the pre-award survey resulted in the determination that no commercial sources were responsive or responsible). Enter one of the following codes:

C—Cost
N—No satisfactory commercial source
O—Other

[31] (Leave blank)

[31A] Prime Contractor Size. Enter one of the following:

L—Large business
S—Small or small and/or disadvantaged business

[32] MEO Workyears. The number of annual workyears it takes to perform the work described in the PWS after the MEO analysis has been conducted. This entry will be equal to the number of annual workyears in the in-house bid (No entry required for a direct conversion).

For data elements [33] through [36] of this section enter all data after all adjustments required by appeal board decisions. Do not include minimum cost differential in the computation of any of these data elements. If a valid conversion and/or comparison was not conducted (i.e., all bidders or offerors disqualified, no bids or offers received, etc.) do not complete data elements [33], [34] and [36] of this section. Explain lack of valid cost data in data element [56], "DoD Component Comments" of this section.

[33] First Performance Period. Expressed in months, the length of time covered by the contract. Do not include any option periods.

[34] Conversion and/or Comparison Period. Expressed in months, the total period of operation covered by the conversion or cost comparison; this is the period used as the

basis for data elements [35] and [36] of this section.

[35] Total In-House Cost (\$000). Enter the total estimated cost of in-house performance for the base year plus option years, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand. An entry is required although the activity remains in-house due to absence of a satisfactory commercial source (No entry required for a direct conversion).

[36] Total Contract Cost (\$000). Enter the total estimated cost of contract performance for the base year plus option years, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[37] Scheduled Contract or MEO Start Date. Date the contract and/or MEO was scheduled to start at the beginning of a conversion and/or comparison.

Section Five

Event: The Contract MEO Starts.

The entries in this section identify the contract or MEO start date and the personnel actions taken as a result of the conversion and/or comparison.

The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update subsequent to the start of the contract:

[38] Contract and/or MEO Start Date. The actual date the contractor began operation of the contract or the Government implements the MEO.

[39] Permanent Employees Reassigned to Equivalent Positions. The number of permanent employees who were reassigned to positions of equivalent grade as of the contract start date.

[40] Permanent Employees Changed to Lower Positions. The number of permanent employees who were reassigned to lower grade positions as of the contract start date.

[41] Employees Taking Early Retirement. The number of employees who took early retirement as of the contract start date.

[42] Employees Taking Normal Retirement. The number of employees who took normal retirement as of the contract start date.

[43] Permanent Employees Separated. The number of permanent employees who were separated from Federal employment as of the contract start date.

[44] Temporary Employees Separated. The number of temporary employees who were separated from Federal employment as of the contract start date.

[45] Employees Entitled to Severance Pay. The estimated number of employees entitled to severance pay on their separation from Federal employment as of the contract start date.

[46] Total Amount of Severance Entitlements (\$000). The total estimated amount of severance to be paid to all employees, in

thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand, as of the contract start date.

[47] Number of Employees Hired by the Contractor. The number of estimated DoD civilian employees (full-time or otherwise) that will be hired by the contractors, or their subcontractors, at the contract start date.

Administrative Appeal

[48] Filed. Were administrative appeals filed?

N—No
Y—Yes

[49] Source. Who filed the appeal?

B—Both
C—Contractor
I—In-House

[50] Result. Were the appeals finally upheld? (if both appealed, explain result in data element [56] of this section).

N—No
P—Still in Progress
Y—Yes

GAO Protest

[51] Filed. Was a protest filed with GAO?

N—No
Y—Yes

[52] Source. Who filed the protest?

B—Both
C—Contractor
I—In-House

[53] Result. Was the protest finally upheld? (explain result in data element [56], of this section).

N—No
P—Still in Progress
Y—Yes

Arbitration

[54] Requested. Was there a request for arbitration?

N—No
Y—Yes

[55] Result. Was the case found arbitrable? (explain result in data element [56], of this section).

N—No
P—Still in Progress
Y—Yes

General Information

[56] DoD Component Comments. Enter comments, as required, to explain situations that affect the conduct of the conversion and/or comparison. Where appropriate, precede each comment with the CAMIS data element being referenced.

[57] Effective Date. "As of" date of the most current update for the conversion and/or comparison. This data element will be completed by the DMDC.

[58] (Leave blank, for DoD computer program use).

Section Six

Event: Quarter Following Contract and/or Option Renewal

The entries in this section identify information on subsequent performance periods and miscellaneous contract data. The DoD Component shall enter the following data elements in the first quarterly update annually:

[59] Actual Contract Cost First Performance Period (\$000). Enter the actual contractor cost for the first performance period, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[60] Actual Contract Cost Second Performance Period (\$000). Enter the actual contractor cost for the second performance period, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[61] Actual Contract Cost Third Performance Period (\$000). Enter the actual contractor cost for the third performance period, in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

[62] Contractor Change. Enter one of the following alpha designators to indicate whether the contractor for the second or third performance period has changed from the original contractor.

N—No, the contractor has not changed
Y—Yes, the contractor has changed

Data elements [63] through [64] of this section are not required if the answer to [62] of this section is no (N).

[63] New Contractor Size. (If data element [64] of this section contains the alpha designator "I" or "R," no entry is required)

L—New contractor is large business

S—New contractor is small and/or small disadvantaged business.

[64] Reason For Change. DoD Components shall enter one of the following designators listed in the following, followed by the last two digits of the FY in which the change occurred.

C—Contract workload consolidated with other existing contract workload.

D—New contractor takes over because original contractor defaults.

I—Returned in-house because of original contractor defaults; etc., within 6 months of start date and in-house bid is the next lowest.

N—New contractor replaced original contractor because Government opted not to renew contract in option years.

R—Returned in-house temporarily pending resolicitation due to contract default, etc.

U—Contract workload consolidated with other existing contract workload.

X—Other-Function either returned in-house or eliminated because of base closure, realignment, budget reduction or other change in requirements.

[65] Contract Administration Staffing. The actual number of contract administration personnel hired to administer the contract.

[50 FR 40805, Oct. 7, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 29212, July 1, 1992; 60 FR 67329, Dec. 29, 1995]

PART 171—IMPLEMENTATION OF WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION AIRCRAFT TRANSFER ACT OF 1996

§ 171.1 Background and purpose.

§ 171.2 Applicability.

§ 171.3 Restrictions.

§ 171.4 Qualifications.

§ 171.5 Sale procedures.

§ 171.6 Reutilization and transfer procedures.

§ 171.7 Reporting requirements.

§ 171.8 Expiration.

AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C. 2516 note.

SOURCE: 64 FR 29228, June 1, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 29228, June 1, 1999, part 171 was added, effective June 1, 1999, and will expire on Sept. 30, 2000.

§ 171.1 Background and purpose.

The Wildfire Suppression Aircraft Transfer Act of 1996 (the "Act") allows the Department of Defense (DoD), during the period 1 October 1996 through 30 September 2000, to sell aircraft and aircraft parts to entities that contract with the Federal government for the delivery of fire retardant by air in order to suppress wildfire. This part implements the Act.

§ 171.2 Applicability.

The regulations in this part apply to aircraft and aircraft parts determined to be DoD excess under the definition of the Federal Property Management Regulations (FPMR) and listed in Attachment 1 of Chapter 4 of DoD 4160.21-M as Category A aircraft authorized for commercial use.

§ 171.3 Restrictions.

Aircraft and aircraft parts sold under the Act shall be used only for wildfire suppression purposes and shall not be flown or removed from the U.S. unless dispatched by the National Interagency

Fire Center in support of an international agreement to assist in wildfire suppression, or for other purposes jointly approved in advance, in writing, by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Agriculture.

§ 171.4 Qualifications.

The Secretary of Agriculture must certify in writing to the Secretary of Defense prior to sale that the person or entity is capable of meeting the terms and conditions of a contract to deliver fire retardant by air.

(a) Prior to sales offerings of aircraft or aircraft parts, the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) must provide to the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service (DRMS), in writing, a list of persons or entities eligible to bid under this Act, including expiration date of each USDA contract, and locations covered by the USDA contract.

(b) This requirement may not be delegated to the U.S. Forest Service (USFS).

§ 171.5 Sale procedures.

Disposal of aircraft and aircraft parts must be in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 4 of DoD 4160.21-M, paragraph B 2, and with other pertinent parts of this manual, with the following changes and additions:

(a) Sales shall be limited to the aircraft types listed in Attachment 1 of Chapter 4 of DoD 4160.21-M, and parts thereto (i.e., no aircraft or aircraft parts listed as Munitions List Items on the State Department's U.S. Munitions List).

(b) Sales shall be made at fair market value (FMV), as determined by the Secretary of Defense and, to the extent practicable, on a competitive basis.

(1) DRMS must conduct sales utilizing FMVs that are either provided by the Military Services on the Disposal Turn-In Documents (DTIDs) or based on DRMS' professional expertise and knowledge of the market. Advice regarding FMV shall be provided to DRMS by USDA, as appropriate.