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the Military Department shall so advise the DoI.

(3) *Plans of operations.* After the lease is executed, the lessee submits a plan of operations (Application for Permit to Drill for oil and gas or Mining Plan for other minerals) to the DoI for technical review and coordination with the Military Department concerned. As a cooperating agency, the Military Department shall supply appropriate stipulations; available environmental, endangered species, and cultural information; and concurrence with the plan. The DoI then formalizes the environmental considerations and approves the plan with the stipulations supplied by the Military Department. Stipulations shall be tied directly to the details of the proposed plan of operations, and each stipulation shall be objectively justifiable.

(4) The DoI has the responsibility for the collection and disposition of proceeds derived from mineral leasing.

§ 189.7 Summary of mineral leasing authorities.

(a) 30 U.S.C. 351 *et seq.* authorizes leasing of coal, phosphate, sodium, potassium, oil, oil shale, gas, or sulfur within acquired DoD lands. 30 U.S.C. 181 *et seq.* authorizes leasing of coal, phosphate, sodium, oil, oil shale, native asphalt, solid or semi-solid bitumen, and bituminous rock or gas within DoD-withdrawn public domain lands under certain conditions and in certain places. Under the leasing statutes, the Secretary of the Interior is responsible for granting and administering such leases. 30 U.S.C. 101 *et seq.* authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to issue leases for development of geothermal steam and associated resources on public lands. This includes public lands withdrawn for use by the Military Departments.

(b) 30 U.S.C. 351 *et seq.* specifically provides for consent of the head of the executive department having jurisdiction over the lands containing the mineral deposit before leasing. For public domain lands withdrawn for use of the Department of Defense 43 U.S.C. 155 *et seq.* provides that there will be no disposition of or exploration for minerals on public domain lands when the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with

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the Secretary of the Interior, determines that such disposition or exploration is inconsistent with the military use of the land.

PART 190—NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

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APPENDIX—INTEGRATED NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*, 16 U.S.C. 670 *et seq.*, 10 U.S.C. 2665, 10 U.S.C. 2667(d), 10 U.S.C. 2671 and 16 U.S.C. 460(l).

SOURCE: 54 FR 7539, Feb. 22, 1989, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 56 FR 64481, Dec. 10, 1991.

§ 190.1 Purpose.

This part.

- (a) Replaces DoD Directive 4700.1.¹
- (b) Supersedes 32 CFR parts 232, 233, 234, and 217.
- (c) Implements 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*, 16 U.S.C. 670 *et seq.*, 10 U.S.C. 2665, 10 U.S.C. 2667(d), 10 U.S.C. 2671, and 16 U.S.C. 460(l).

(d) Prescribes policies and procedures for an integrated program for multiple-use management of natural resources on property under DoD control.

[54 FR 7539, Feb. 22, 1989. Redesignated and amended at 56 FR 64481, Dec. 10, 1991]

§ 190.2 Applicability and scope.

This part:

(a) Applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD), the Military Departments (including their National Guard and Reserve components), the Joint Staff, the Unified and Specified Commands, and the Defense Agencies (hereafter referred to collectively as “DoD Components”). The term “Military Services,” as used herein, refers to the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

(b) Governs DoD management of natural resources in the United States and its territories and possessions for both

¹ Canceled by DoD Directive 4700.4.