

by contract, within the limitations outlined in this Subpart. Any contract entered into for such work should provide for required restoration work to be performed on or before the determined effective date of termination of the lease. A complete record of the items of work performed and the costs thereof will be kept. If the lessor, prior to commencement of the work, is not agreeable to executing ENG Form 340, DA Supplemental Agreement Accepting Proposed Restoration, efforts will be made, upon completion of the work, to obtain a release on ENG Forms 232-R, or 231, or on ENG Form 341 in the event of a cash settlement for that part of the restoration not performed. Where the Government is obligated to perform restoration and remove improvements, and it cannot be accomplished by the Government prior to the effective date of termination, a supplemental agreement will be prepared, antedating the effective date of termination, for such periods as may be required to effect restoration and to remove improvements, if the lessor is unwilling to terminate the lease and rental thereunder, with the reservation that the Government will have a right upon the premises for the purpose of performing restoration, conducting sales of improvements thereon, or doing similar acts related to restoration.

**§ 644.463 Termination and settlement of leasehold condemnation proceedings.**

(a) *Leasehold Condemnation Termination Assembly.* When leasehold estates in land, or other similar limited estates or terms for years, acquired or in the process of acquisition, have been determined surplus a prompt report will be made to DAEN-REM containing the following items of information as appropriate and necessary to a full understanding of the proposed disposition action:

- (1) Name of project and using service.
- (2) Style and civil number of the condemnation proceedings in which the land is involved.
- (3) Particular tract or tracts involved.

(4) A citation of the authority pursuant to which the surplus status has been determined.

(5) Three copies of ENG Form 1440-R, or 1440A-R and 1440B-R.

(6) The proposed date of vacation of premises by Government.

(7) The term condemned and rights of the Government as to extension and cancellation thereof.

(8) Whether a declaration of taking, or supplement thereto, has been filed and the amount of deposit, if any.

(9) Whether an award or order for payment has been made, and the amount of the owner's withdrawal, if any.

(10) The estimated rental cost through the end of the term acquired in the condemnation proceeding.

(11) The estimated fair rental value of the land for the period of occupancy by the Government, including time for restoration.

(12) Recommendation as to the advisability of abandoning the proceeding.

(13) Request for termination of condemnation proceeding.

(b) *Action by Chief of Engineers.* DAEN-REM will review the termination assembly and settlement proposal recommended and, if approved, recommend to the Department of Justice a basis for settlement at the same time requesting the Department of Justice to move for termination or conclusion of the proceedings.

**§ 644.464 Negotiating stipulation where proposed settlement not acceptable.**

Should the court overrule the motion for abandonment, or should it appear that claims for damages will be interposed by the property owner, the responsible DE and the Department of Justice representative will negotiate with the owner for the purpose of obtaining his consent to the abandonment of the condemnation action. The Government will agree to pay the owner a sum representing the rental value of the premises for the period of occupancy by the Government, plus the cost of restoration as determined under §§ 644.452 and 644.453. Such estimate will include the value of personal property, buildings, crops, and other property

damaged, destroyed or lost by the Government. DAEN-REM upon recommendation of the DE will request the amendment of the proceeding to include the taking of any property for which compensation is to be paid. The same criteria for settlement with lessors as under a negotiated lease will govern. In the event the landowner will not agree to settle, his best offer will be submitted to DAEN-REM, with the DE's recommendation, for consideration. If a tentative settlement is reached, the terms will be included in a stipulation to be filed in the condemnation proceedings, after approval by DAEN-REM and the Department of Justice, which stipulation will specifically provide:

(a) That the property owner releases and relinquishes all claims of any nature whatsoever which have arisen, or may arise, out of the Government's occupancy of the property; and

(b) That the owner consents to the abandonment and dismissal of the condemnation proceedings. Where the settlement amount is to be paid directly to the owner by the DE in lieu of deposit in the proceedings, the stipulation will so provide.

**§ 644.465 Physical restoration where stipulation not obtained.**

If such stipulation is not obtainable, then, whether or not a declaration of taking has been filed, the owner will be requested to designate, in writing, the restoration for which he believes the Government is liable. The Government will restore the property to the condition existing at the time of first entry by the Government, except for reasonable and ordinary wear and tear, damage due to acts of God, or circumstances over which the Government has no control. The cost of restoration or settlement in lieu thereof will be limited as outlined in this subpart.

**§ 644.466 Release and record of physical restoration.**

The responsible DE, upon completion of restoration, will make every effort to obtain a release of further claims for damages. A complete record of all items of restoration and the cost will be kept for use at the final hearing in

condemnation or in any collateral proceedings, in the event a release is not obtained. Where litigation is anticipated, photographic evidence of work performed will be obtained.

**§ 644.467 Condition reports.**

Survey and inspection reports covering the real estate, and inventory and condition reports covering the personal property located therein, made prior to first entry by the Government under condemnation proceeding, will be compared with the condition shown by similar reports made when the using service vacates the property.

**§ 644.468 Settlement of claims.**

Claims for damages or restoration filed in condemnation cases, when practicable, will be settled in the condemnation proceeding to avoid separate suit by the owner to recover compensation to which he may be entitled. In such cases request will be made of DAEN-REA-C to have the proceeding amended to enlarge the issues to include restoration.

**§§ 644.469–644.471 [Reserved]**

DISPOSAL OF BUILDINGS AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS (WITHOUT THE RELATED LAND)

**§ 644.472 Authority.**

Under authority vested in the GSA by the Federal Property Act, and the delegation of such authority made by GSA in FPMR 101-47.302-2, the Department of the Army is designated as the disposal agency for the following property:

(a) Leases, permits, licenses, easements, and similar real estate interests held by the government in non-Government-owned property (including Government-owned improvements located on the premises), except when it is determined by either the holding agency or GSA that the Government's interest will be best served by the disposal of such real estate interests together with other property owned or controlled by the Government, that has been or is being reported to GSA as excess; and

(b) Fixtures, structures, and improvements of any kind to be disposed of without the underlying land.