

(d) The shore establishment is comprised of shore activities with defined missions approved for establishment by the Secretary of the Navy.

§ 700.105 Definition of terms.

The following definitions shall apply to the regulations in this part:

(a) *Command—(DOD)*. (1) The authority which a commander in the military service lawfully exercises over his subordinates by virtue of rank or assignment. Command includes the authority and responsibility for effectively using available resources and for planning the employment of, organizing, directing, coordinating, and controlling military forces for the accomplishment of assigned missions. It also includes responsibilities for health, welfare, morale, and discipline of assigned personnel.

(2) An order given by a commander; that is, the will of the commander expressed for the purpose of bringing about a particular action.

(3) A unit or units, an organization, or an area under the command of one individual.

(4) To dominate by a field of weaponfire or by observation from a superior position.

(b) *Superior*. A commander or officer in command of a senior force, unit, or organization in line of command. Also, a senior person in line of command.

(c) *Flag and general officers*. Flag officer means an officer of the Navy or Coast Guard above the grade of captain. General officers means an officer of the Marine Corps, the Army, or the Air Force above the grade of colonel.

(d) *Person in the naval service*. Means a person, male or female, appointed or enlisted in, or inducted or conscripted into, the Navy or the Marine Corps. Also, same meaning for member of the naval service.

(e) *Persons in the Department of the Navy*. All persons in the naval service and civilians employed under the Department of the Navy.

(f) *Ships*. A classification of water-borne craft which comprises generally the oceangoing vessels and craft of the Navy, and such other water-borne craft as may be assigned this classification.

(g) *Service craft*. A classification of water-borne craft which comprises gen-

erally the water-borne utilitarian craft not classified as ships or boats.

(h) *Boats*. A classification of water-borne craft which comprises generally the water-borne craft suitable primarily for shipboard and similar use.

(i) *Active status*. A status of ships and service craft. Active status ships or service craft are assigned to the active fleets and to their supporting activities or are ships of the Military Sealift Command which are titled in the United States or are operated under long-term bareboat charter. Ships and service craft in active status are "in commission" or "in service."

(j) *Inactive status*. A status of ships and service craft. Inactive status ships and service craft are in reserve and not currently required for duty in the active fleets or supporting forces. Ships and service craft in inactive status are "in commission, in reserve," or "in service, in reserve" or "out of commission, in reserve" or "out of service, in reserve."

(k) *Special status*. A status of ships and service craft. Ships and service craft in special status shall include those units for which the Navy is charged with certain responsibilities by reason of custody or title, but which are not in the active or inactive status. Ships and service craft in special status are "in commission, special" or "in service, special" or "out of commission, special" or "out of service, special."

(l) *Vessel*. Includes every description of watercraft or other artificial contrivance used, or capable of being used, as a means of transportation on water. (1 U.S.C. 3).

(m) *Naval activity*. A unit of the Department of the Navy, of distinct identity, and established under an officer in command or in charge.

(n) *Naval station*. A naval activity on shore, having a commanding officer, and located in an area having fixed boundaries, within which all persons are subject to naval jurisdiction and immediate authority of the commanding officer.

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