

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 52.2285

2 Fuel Oil, with a final compliance date no later than October 1, 1979. This shall result in an estimated hydrocarbon emission reduction of at least 107.6 tons per year.

(d) [Reserved]

(e) Approval—The Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission (TNRCC) submitted an ozone redesignation request and maintenance plan on July 27, 1994, requesting that the Victoria County ozone nonattainment area be redesignated to attainment for ozone. Both the redesignation request and maintenance plan were adopted by TNRCC in Commission Order No. 94-29 on July 27, 1994. The redesignation request and maintenance plan meet the redesignation requirements in section 107(d)(3)(E) of the Act as amended in 1990. The redesignation meets the Federal requirements of section 182(a)(1) of the Clean Air Act as a revision to the Texas Ozone State Implementation Plan for Victoria County. The EPA approved the request for redesignation to attainment with respect to ozone for Victoria County on May 8, 1995.

[42 FR 37380, July 21, 1977, as amended at 44 FR 5662, Jan. 29, 1979; 44 FR 55006, Sept. 24, 1979; 45 FR 19244, Mar. 25, 1980; 46 FR 47545, Sept. 29, 1981; 47 FR 20770, May 14, 1982; 47 FR 50868, Nov. 10, 1982; 60 FR 12459, Mar. 7, 1995; 60 FR 33924, June 29, 1995]

§ 52.2276 Control strategy and regulations: Particulate matter.

(a) *Part D conditional approval.* The Texas plan for total suspended particulate (TSP) for the nonattainment area of Dallas 3 is conditionally approved until the State satisfactorily completes the following items:

(1) Draft SIP revision supplement submitted to EPA by March 3, 1980.

(2) Public hearing completed by May 5, 1980.

(3) Adopt revision and revised Regulation I as it pertains to control of non-traditional sources, if necessary, and submit to EPA by August 1, 1980.

(b) Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the Texas Implementation Plan, the control measures listed in paragraph (c) of this section shall be implemented in accordance with the schedule set forth below.

(c) No later than January 1, 1980, Parker Brothers and Co., Inc., at its

limestone quarry facilities near New Braunfels, Comal County, Texas shall install fabric filters on the primary crusher and on the secondary crusher and screens, meeting the requirements of Appendix A of the Texas Air Control Board Order 78-8 adopted August 11, 1978. After the date of installation of the fabric filters, Parker Brothers and Co., Inc., shall not emit particulate matter in excess of 0.03 grains per standard cubic foot from the exhaust stack of the fabric filter on its primary crusher and shall not emit particulate matter in excess of 0.03 grains per standard cubic foot from the exhaust stack of the fabric filter on its secondary crusher and screens.

[46 FR 43425, Aug. 28, 1981, and 46 FR 47545, Sept. 29, 1981]

§§ 52.2277–52.2281 [Reserved]

§ 52.2282 Public hearings.

(a) The requirements of § 51.102 of this chapter are not met because principal portions of the revised plan were not made available to the public for inspection and comment prior to the hearing.

[38 FR 16568, June 22, 1973, as amended at 51 FR 40675, Nov. 7, 1986]

§§ 52.2283–52.2284 [Reserved]

§ 52.2285 Control of evaporative losses from the filling of gasoline storage vessels in the Houston and San Antonio areas.

(a) Definitions:

(1) *Gasoline* means any petroleum distillate having a Reid vapor pressure of 4 pounds or greater which is produced for use as a motor fuel and is commonly called gasoline.

(2) *Storage container* means any stationary vessel of more than 1,000 gallons (3,785 liters) nominal capacity. Stationary vessels include portable vessels placed temporarily at a location; e.g., tanks on skids.

(3) *Owner* means the owner of the gasoline storage container(s).

(4) *Operator* means the person who is directly responsible for the operation of the gasoline storage container(s), whether the person be a lessee or an agent of the owner.