

Environmental Protection Agency

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115.427(a)(3)(D)–115.427(a)(3)(I), 115.427(b), 115.427(b)(4), 115.429(a), and 115.429(b).

(B) Certification Dated March 18, 1998 that these are true and correct copies of revisions to 30 TAC Chapter 115 and the SIP.

(118)–(119) [Reserved]

(120) Revisions submitted by the Governor on May 29, 1997, June 23, 1998, and December 22, 1998, that change the definition of “primarily operated,” commit to on-board diagnostic testing, remove the test-on-resale of vehicles subject to the inspection and maintenance program, and provide the legal authority for denial of re-registration of vehicles that have not complied with the I/M program requirements, and the establishment of a class C misdemeanor penalty for operating a grossly polluting vehicle in a nonattainment area.

(i) Incorporation by reference:

(A) Narrative of State Implementation Plan revision submitted May 29, 1997, by the Governor.

(B) Narrative of State Implementation Plan revision submitted June 23, 1998, by the Governor.

(C) Letter from the Governor dated December 22, 1998, submitting Senate Bill 1856.

(ii) Additional material:

(A) Senate Bill 1856.

(B) Memorandum of Agreement between the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission and the Texas Department of Public Safety adopted November 20, 1996, and signed February 5, 1997.

[37 FR 10895, May 31, 1972. Redesignated and amended at 64 FR 36589, July 7, 1999]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 52.2299, see the List of CFR Sections Affected in the Finding Aids section of this volume.

§ 52.2300 [Reserved]

§ 52.2301 Federal compliance date for automobile and light-duty truck coating. Texas Air Control Board Regulation V (31 TAC chapter 115), control of air pollution from volatile organic compound, rule 115.191(1)(8)(A).

(a) The requirements of section 110 of the Clean Air Act are not met regarding the final compliance date, as found in TACB rule 115.191(a)(8)(A), for the re-

quirements of TACB Rule 115.191(a)(8)(A).

(b) TACB adopted revisions to rule 115.191(a)(8)(A) on October 14, 1988, and submitted them to EPA on December 13, 1988. Prior to the submittal, automobile and light-duty truck coating operations were to have complied with final control limits of § A115.191(a)(8)(B) of the federally approved State Implementation Plan (SIP), by December 31, 1986. In the December 13, 1988, submittal, the final control limits had been moved to § 115.191(a)(8)(A) and had been given a new extended compliance date of December 31, 1987. EPA does not recognize the later compliance data and retains the original compliance date for the final emission limits of December 31, 1986. The owner or operator of an automobile and light-duty truck coating operation shall comply with the requirements of TACB rule 115.191(a)(8)(A) no later than December 31, 1986.

[56 FR 40257, Aug. 14, 1991]

§ 52.2302 [Reserved]

§ 52.2303 Significant deterioration of air quality.

(a) The plan submitted by the Governor of Texas on December 11, 1985 (as adopted by TACB on July 26, 1985), October 26, 1987 (as revised by TACB on July 17, 1987), September 29, 1988 (as revised by TACB on July 15, 1988), February 18, 1991 (as revised by TACB on December 14, 1990), May 13, 1992 (as revised by TACB on May 8, 1992), August 31, 1993 (as recodified, revised and adopted by TACB on August 16, 1993), July 12, 1995 (as revised on March 1, 1995) containing Regulation VI—Control of Air Pollution for New Construction or Modification, Sections 116.010, 116.141 and 116.160–116.163; the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Supplement document, submitted by the Governor on October 26, 1987 (as adopted by TACB on July 17, 1987); revision to General Rules, Rule 101.20(3), submitted by the Governor on December 11, 1985 (as adopted by TACB on July 26, 1985), is approved as meeting the requirements of part C, Clean Air Act for preventing significant deterioration of air quality.

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(b) The plan approval is partially based on commitment letters provided by the Executive Director of the Texas Air Control Board, dated September 5, 1989 and April 17, 1992.

(c) The requirements of section 160 through 165 of the Clean Air Act are not met for Federally-designated Indian lands. Therefore, the provisions of § 52.21 (b) through (w) are hereby adopted and made a part of the applicable implementation plan and are applicable to sources located on land under the control of Indian governing bodies.

(d) The requirements of section 160 through 165 of the Clean Air Act are not met for new major sources or major modifications to existing stationary sources for which applicability determinations would be affected by dockside emissions of vessels. Therefore, the provisions of § 52.21 (b) through (w) are hereby adopted and made a part of the applicable implementation plan and are applicable to such sources.

[57 FR 28098, June 24, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 46557, Sept. 9, 1994; 62 FR 44088, Aug. 19, 1997]

§ 52.2304 Visibility protection.

(a) The requirements of section 169A of the Clean Air Act are not met, because the plan does not include approvable procedures for protection of visibility in mandatory Class I Federal areas.

(b) Regulation for visibility monitoring. The provisions of § 52.26 are hereby incorporated and made a part of the applicable plan for the State of Texas.

[50 FR 28553, July 12, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 45137, Nov. 24, 1987; 54 FR 7770, Feb. 23, 1989]

§ 52.2305 [Reserved]

§ 52.2306 Particulate Matter (PM₁₀) Group II SIP commitments.

On July 18, 1988, the Governor of Texas submitted a revision to the State Implementation Plan (SIP) that contained commitments for implementing all of the required activities including monitoring, reporting, emission inventory, and other tasks that may be necessary to satisfy the requirements of the PM₁₀ Group II SIPs.

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The Texas Air Control Board adopted these revisions on May 13, 1988. The State of Texas has committed to comply with the PM₁₀ Group II SIP requirements, as articulated in the FEDERAL REGISTER notice of July 1, 1987 (52 FR 24670), for the defined areas of Dallas, Harris, Lubbock, and Nueces counties as provided in the Texas PM₁₀ Group II SIPs. In addition to the SIP, a letter from the Governor of Texas, dated July 18, 1988, stated that:

* * * In the July 1, 1987 issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency announced the requirement that each state submit a committal SIP for PM₁₀ Group II areas instead of full control strategies. States were also required to submit demonstrations of attainment and maintenance of the PM₁₀ National Ambient Air Quality Standards. The TACB is committed to carrying out the activities contained in the enclosed proposed SIP to satisfy those requirements * * *.

[54 FR 25586, June 16, 1989]

§ 52.2307 Small business assistance program.

The Governor of Texas submitted on November 13, 1992 a plan revision to develop and implement a Small Business Stationary Source Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program to meet the requirements of section 507 of the Clean Air Act by November 15, 1994. The plan commits to provide technical and compliance assistance to small businesses, hire an Ombudsman to serve as an independent advocate for small businesses, and establish a Compliance Advisory Panel to advise the program and report to the EPA on the program's effectiveness.

[59 FR 42765, Aug. 19, 1994]

§ 52.2308 Area-wide nitrogen oxides (NO_x) exemptions.

(a) The Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission (TNRCC) submitted to the EPA on June 17, 1994, a petition requesting that the Dallas ozone nonattainment area be exempted from the NO_x control requirements of section 182(f) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) as amended in 1990. The Dallas nonattainment area consists of Dallas, Tarrant, Denton, and Collin counties. The exemption request was based on a photochemical grid modeling which