

pounds, the standards set forth in paragraphs (b)(3)(ii) and (b)(4)(ii) of this section refer to the manufacturer's engineering design evaluation using good engineering practice (a statement of which is required in § 86.091-23(b)(4)(ii)).

(c) No crankcase emissions shall be discharged into the ambient atmosphere from any new 1996 or later model year methanol- or gaseous-fueled diesel, or any naturally aspirated diesel heavy-duty engine. For petroleum-fueled engines only, this provision does not apply to engines using turbochargers, pumps, blowers, or superchargers for air induction. This provision is optional for all 1996 model year gaseous-fueled diesel heavy-duty engines, and for 1997 model year gaseous-fueled diesel heavy-duty engines using turbochargers, pumps, blowers or superchargers for air induction.

(d) Every manufacturer of new motor vehicle engines subject to the standards prescribed in this section shall, prior to taking any of the actions specified in section 203(a)(1) of the Act, test or cause to be tested motor vehicle engines in accordance with applicable procedures in subpart I or N of this part to ascertain that such test engines meet the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section.

[58 FR 15799, Mar. 24, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 48500, Sept. 21, 1994; 60 FR 43887, Aug. 23, 1995; 62 FR 47120, Sept. 5, 1997]

**§ 86.096-14 Small-volume manufacturer certification procedures.**

Section 86.096-14 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from those specified in §§ 86.094-14 and 86.095-14. Where a paragraph in § 86.094-14 or § 86.095-14 is identical and applicable to § 86.096-14, this may be indicated by specifying the corresponding paragraph and the statement "[Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-14" or "[Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.095-14." Where a corresponding paragraph of § 86.094-14 or § 86.095-14 is not applicable, this is indicated by the statement "[Reserved]."

(a) through (c)(11)(ii)(B)(15) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-14.

(c)(11)(ii)(B)(16) through (c)(11)(ii)(B)(18) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.095-14.

(c)(11)(ii)(B)(19) For each light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, or heavy-duty vehicle evaporative emission family, a description of any unique procedures required to perform evaporative emission tests (including canister working capacity, canister bed volume, and fuel temperature profile for the running loss test) for all vehicles in that evaporative emission family, and a description of the method used to develop those unique procedures.

(20) For each light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, or heavy-duty vehicle evaporative emission family:

(i) Canister working capacity, according to the procedures specified in § 86.132-96(h)(1)(iv);

(ii) Canister bed volume; and

(iii) Fuel temperature profile for the running loss test, according to the procedures specified in § 86.129-94(d).

(c)(11)(ii)(C) through (c)(11)(ii)(D)(5) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.095-14.

(c)(11)(ii)(D)(6) [Reserved]

(c)(11)(ii)(D)(7) through (c)(15) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-14.

[58 FR 16023, Mar. 24, 1993]

**§ 86.096-21 Application for certification.**

Section 86.096-21 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from § 86.094-21. Where a paragraph in § 86.094-21 is identical and applicable to § 86.096-21, this may be indicated by specifying the corresponding paragraph and the statement "[Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-21."

(a)-(b)(8) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-21.

(b)(9) For each light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, or heavy-duty vehicle evaporative emission family, a description of any unique procedures required to perform evaporative emission tests (including canister working capacity, canister bed volume, and fuel temperature profile for the running loss test) for all vehicles in that evaporative emission family, and a description of the method used to develop those unique procedures.

(10) For each light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, or heavy-duty vehicle evaporative emission family:

(i) Canister working capacity, according to the procedures specified in § 86.132-96(h)(1)(iv);

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(ii) Canister bed volume; and  
(iii) Fuel temperature profile for the running loss test, according to the procedures specified in §86.129-94(d).

(c) through (j) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.094-21.

(k) For light-duty vehicles and light-duty trucks, a manufacturer with an engine family that cannot be appropriately tested on all Certification Short Test emission test procedures described in §86.1439 of this part may request an exemption, as described in §86.1427 (d), from the inappropriate test(s) for purposes of demonstrating compliance with the Certification Short Test as described in subpart O of this part.

(l) For light-duty vehicles and light-duty trucks, a manufacturer with an engine family that can be appropriately tested on none of the Certification Short Test emission test procedures described in §86.1439 of this part may request an alternative procedure as described in §86.1427 (d).

[58 FR 16023, Mar. 24, 1993, as amended at 58 FR 34536, June 28, 1993; 58 FR 58417, Nov. 1, 1993; 59 FR 33913, July 1, 1994; 60 FR 34335, June 30, 1995]

**§ 86.096-23 Required data.**

Section 86.096-23 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from those specified in §86.095-23. Where a paragraph in §86.095-23 is identical and applicable to §86.096-23, this may be indicated by specifying the corresponding paragraph and the statement “[Reserved]”. For guidance see §86.095-23.

(a) through (l) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.095-23.

(m) Additionally, except for small-volume manufacturers, manufacturers certifying vehicles shall submit for each model year 1996 through 1998 light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, and gasoline-fueled heavy-duty vehicle evaporative family:

(1) In the application for certification the projected sales volume of evaporative families certifying to the respective evaporative test procedure and accompanying standards as set forth or otherwise referenced in §§86.090-8, 86.090-9, and 86.091-10 or those set forth or otherwise referenced in §§86.096-8, 86.096-9, and 86.096-10. Volume pro-

jected to be produced for U.S. sale may be used in lieu of projected U.S. sales.

(2) End-of-year reports for each evaporative family.

(i) These end-of-year reports shall be submitted within 90 days of the end of the model year to: Director, Manufacturers Operations Division (6405J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

(ii) These reports shall indicate the model year, evaporative family and the actual U.S. sales volume. The manufacturer may petition the Administrator to allow volume produced for U.S. sale to be used in lieu of U.S. sales. Such petition shall be submitted within 30 days of the end of the model year to the Manufacturers Operations Division. For the petition to be granted, the manufacturer must establish to the satisfaction of the Administrator that production volume is functionally equivalent to sales volume.

(iii) The U.S. sales volume for end-of-year reports shall be based on the location of the point of sale to a dealer, distributor, fleet operator, broker, or any other entity that comprises the point of first sale.

(iv) Failure by a manufacturer to submit the end-of-year report within the specified time may result in certificate(s) for the evaporative family(ies) certified to the certification standards set forth in §§86.090-8, 86.090-9, and 86.091-10 being voided ab initio plus any applicable civil penalties for failure to submit the required information to the Agency.

(v) The information shall be organized in such a way as to allow the Administrator to determine compliance with the Evaporative Emission Testing implementation schedules of §§86.096-8, 86.096-9, and 86.096-10.

[58 FR 16023, Mar. 24, 1993, as amended at 58 FR 66297, Dec. 20, 1993]

**§ 86.096-24 Test vehicles and engines.**

(a) *General.* This paragraph applies to the grouping of vehicles or engines into families.

(1) The vehicles or engines covered by an application for certification will be divided into groupings of engines which are expected to have similar emission characteristics throughout their useful life. Each group of engines with similar