

the availability of nondiscriminatory low- and moderate-income housing in areas where Federal facilities are to be located, shall be consulted when such information is required.

(d) Other socioeconomic considerations described in §101-19.101 are also applicable to lease acquisitions.

**Subpart 101-18.2—Acquisition by Purchase or Condemnation**

**§ 101-18.200 Purpose.**

These regulations will:

- (a) Encourage and expedite the acquisition of real property by agreements with owners;
- (b) Avoid litigation where possible and relieve congestion in the courts;
- (c) Insure consistent treatment of owners in the many Federal programs; and
- (d) Promote public confidence in Federal land acquisition practices.

**§ 101-18.201 Basic acquisition policy.**

GSA, to the greatest extent practicable, will:

- (a) Make every reasonable effort to acquire expeditiously real property by negotiation.
- (b) Appraise real property before the initiation of negotiations and give the owner or his designated representative an opportunity to accompany the appraiser during his inspection of the property.
- (c) Establish, prior to the initiation of negotiations for real property, an amount estimated to be the just compensation therefor and make a prompt offer to acquire the property for the full amount so established. GSA will provide the owner of the real property to be acquired with a written statement of the amount established as just compensation and a summary of the basis for it. Where appropriate, the just compensation for the real property acquired and for damages to remaining real property will be separately stated. The summary statement to be furnished the owner will include the following:

- (1) Identification of the real property and the estate or interest therein to be acquired;
- (2) Identification of the buildings, structures, and other improvements

considered to be part of the real property for which the offer of just compensation is made;

(3) A statement that GSA's determination of just compensation is based on the estimated fair market value of the property to be acquired. If only part of the property is to be acquired or the interest to be acquired is less than the full interest of the owner, the statement will explain the basis for the determination of the just compensation;

(4) A statement that GSA's determination of just compensation is not less than its approved appraisal of the property; and

(5) A statement that any increase or decrease in the fair market value of the real property, prior to the date of valuation, caused by the public improvement or project for which the real property is to be acquired, or by the likelihood that the real property would be acquired for such improvement or project, other than that due to physical deterioration within the reasonable control of the owner, has been disregarded in making the determination of just compensation for the property.

(d) Acquire at least an equal interest in all buildings, structures, or other improvements located upon the real property. This includes buildings, structures, or other improvements that GSA requires to be removed from the real property or that GSA determines will affect adversely the proposed use of the real property. If any buildings, structures, or other improvements comprising part of the real property are the property of an occupant who has the right or obligation to remove them at the expiration of his term, the total just compensation for the real property, including the property of the occupant, will be determined and the occupant will be paid the greater of the:

- (1) Fair market value of the buildings, structures, or other improvements to be removed from the property; or
- (2) Contributive fair market value of the occupant's improvements to the fair market value of the entirety, which value should not be less than the value of his improvements for removal from the real property. Payment under

this paragraph (d) of this section will not be a duplication of any payment otherwise authorized by law. No payment will be made unless the landowner disclaims all interests in the occupant's improvements and the occupant in consideration for such payment shall assign, transfer, and release to the Government all his right, title, and interest in and to such improvements. The occupant may reject payment under this paragraph (d) of this section and obtain payment for his property interests in accordance with other applicable laws.

(e) Obtain only one appraisal on each parcel, tract, etc., of real property to be acquired unless GSA determines that circumstances require an additional appraisal or appraisals.

(f) Maintain records to verify that the landowner or his designated representative(s) was given an opportunity to accompany the appraiser during the inspection of the real property.

(g) Pay an owner or occupant or deposit such payment in the registry of the court before requiring him to surrender his property. To the maximum extent practicable, owners and occupants will be given at least 90 days' notice of displacement before being required to move from real property acquired by GSA. If permitted by GSA to remain in possession for a short period of time after Government acquisition, the rental charged for this occupancy will not be more than the fair rental value of the property to a short-term occupier.

(h) Not intentionally make it necessary for an owner to institute legal proceedings to prove the fact of the taking of his property. Offer to acquire the entire property where the acquisition of a part of a property will leave the owner with an uneconomic remnant.

**§ 101-18.202 Expenses incidental to transfer.**

GSA will amend its contract-to-sell-real-property forms to provide for reimbursement to vendors in amounts deemed by GSA to be fair and reasonable for the following expenses:

(a) Recording fees, transfer taxes (other than tax imposed on the United

States), and similar expenses incidental to conveying the real property;

(b) Penalty cost for prepayment of any preexisting recorded mortgage entered into in good faith encumbering said real property; and

(c) The pro rata portion of real property taxes paid by the vendor for periods subsequent to the day title vests in the United States.

**§ 101-18.203 Litigation expenses.**

GSA will plan for and take into consideration the possible liability for the payment of litigation expenses of a condemnee as provided for in section 304 of the Act.

**Subpart 101-18.3 [Reserved]**

**PART 101-19—CONSTRUCTION AND ALTERATION OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS**

**Sec.**

- 101-19.000 Scope of part.
- 101-19.001 Authority.
- 101-19.002 Basic policy.
- 101-19.003 Definition of terms.
- 101-19.003-1 Alter.
- 101-19.003-2 Alteration project.
- 101-19.003-3 Construct.
- 101-19.003-4 Executive agency.
- 101-19.003-5 Prospectus.
- 101-19.003-6 Public building.
- 101-19.003-7 United States.

**Subpart 101-19.1—General**

- 101-19.100 Intergovernmental consultation on Federal projects.
- 101-19.101 Application of socioeconomic considerations.
- 101-19.101-1 Location of buildings.
- 101-19.101-2 Agreement with Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
- 101-19.101-3 Consultation with HUD.
- 101-19.101-4 Affirmative action plan.
- 101-19.101-5 Agency compliance.

**Subpart 101-19.2—Selection and Approval of Projects**

- 101-19.201 Determination of need.
- 101-19.202 Priority of projects.
- 101-19.203 Approval of projects.
- 101-19.204 Cooperation and assistance of Federal agencies.

**Subpart 101-19.3—Alteration Projects**

- 101-19.301 Emergency alteration projects.
- 101-19.302 Prospectuses for reimbursable alteration projects.