

Federal Property Management Regulations

§ 101-45.309-8

to the Department of Defense for advice.

[44 FR 27393, May 10, 1979]

§ 101-45.309-4 [Reserved]

§ 101-45.309-5 Garbage.

All invitations to bid for removal of garbage from property occupied or controlled by the Federal Government, unless specifically requiring destruction by incineration, shall state that all bidders must comply with basic requirements for sterilization prescribed by the Animal Disease Eradication Division, Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture. In the interest of uniformity, the following provision shall be included in all invitations to bid where garbage collected may, under any circumstances, be fed to livestock or poultry:

Prior to award the bidder agrees to furnish a certification from an Animal Disease Eradication Division representative of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, that he possesses adequate and approved garbage sterilization equipment. In the event of an acceptance of his bid by the Government, the bidder warrants that all garbage received under the contract will be sterilized not less than 30 minutes at 212 °F. before being fed to livestock or poultry. The bidder agrees to permit representatives of the Animal Disease Eradication Division of the U.S. Department of Agriculture to make inspections at any time without prior arrangements to determine that the garbage is heat treated in accordance with the provision.

§ 101-45.309-6—101-45.309-7 [Reserved]

§ 101-45.309-8 Bedding and upholstered furniture.

(a) Requirements under State law placed on the purchase and resale of used bedding and upholstered furniture vary from State to State. Some of the restrictions are:

(1) Requirement for sterilization and disinfection of used or second-hand bedding; (2) requirement for an annual license or registration fee as a supply dealer or renovator; (3) option of using stamps or a stamp exemption permit; and (4) requirement for the manufacturer's or vendor's name and address on the tag. Purchasers of Government surplus bedding and upholstered furniture normally are advised to comply

with applicable State laws relating to the resale or reuse of such items.

(b) Procedures and instructions are provided herein for selling agencies to assist State health agencies by advising purchasers of surplus bedding and upholstered furniture to comply with State sanitation standards.

(c) The following terms have the meaning set forth in this § 101-45.309-8:

(1) *Bedding.* Any box spring, comforter, cushion, davenport, hammock pad, lounge, mattress, mattress pad, mattress protector, pillow, quilt, quilted pad, sleeping bag, sofa, studio couch, or upholstered spring bed used for sleeping, resting, or reclining purposes.

(2) *Upholstered furniture.* Any article of furniture, wholly or partially stuffed or filled with any concealed material, which is intended for use for sitting, resting, or reclining purposes.

(3) *Filling material.* African fibre, bamboo, cotton, down, excelsior, feathers, felted cotton, fibre, foam rubber, hair, husks, jute, kapok, Louisiana tree moss, sea moss, shoddy, wool, or any other soft material.

(d) Surplus bedding and upholstered furniture which are considered to be detrimental to public health or safety shall be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of subpart 101-45.5.

(e) Surplus bedding and upholstered furniture will be sold in accordance with § 101-45.304 and this § 101-45.309-8.

(f) Sales of surplus bedding material and upholstered furniture shall be processed as follows:

(1) The invitation for bids shall include information advising purchasers of surplus bedding and upholstered furniture to comply with the State laws pertaining to sterilization, resale, and reuse of such items and filling materials as required by State laws.

(2) The invitation for bids shall contain a notice to bidders substantially as follows:

Mattresses, Bedding, or Upholstered Furniture. For any mattresses, bedding, or upholstered furniture offered in this invitation, the purchaser is advised to procure and affix tags, labels, or stamps required by law or otherwise to comply with the State laws pertaining to sterilization, resale, and reuse of such items and filling material as required by State law.

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(3) Selling agencies shall be required to provide the State health agency for the State in which a successful bidder maintains its business, with a written notice of such sale to include the name and address of the purchaser and the types, quantities, and locations of the articles sold. A copy of the award document or similar notification would serve the purpose.

(4) A list of State health agencies to receive information on sales of surplus bedding and upholstered furniture is provided in §101-45.4808.

[34 FR 8164, May 24, 1969, as amended at 42 FR 40854, Aug. 12, 1977]

§ 101-45.309-9 Gold.

(a) Gold will be sold in accordance with §101-45.304 and this §101-45.309-9.

(b) Sales of gold shall be processed to:

(1) Use the sealed bid method of sale;

(2) Require a 20 percent bid deposit;

(3) Certify all forms of bid deposit and payments; and

(4) Include in the invitation for bids only gold and such other precious and semiprecious materials as may be available for sale at that time.

(c) Each agency generating scrap gold and also having a continuing need for fine gold may arrange for the acceptance of scrap gold for fine gold with a private contractor or the Defense Logistics Agency in accordance with §101-10.1004, Recovery and use of precious metals through the DOD Precious Metals Recovery Program.

[40 FR 33216, Aug. 7, 1975, as amended at 53 FR 16122, May 5, 1988]

§ 101-45.309-10 Safes and locking file cabinets.

Safes and locking file cabinets shall not be accepted for sale in a locked condition, and no safe or locking file cabinet shall be offered for sale pursuant to this part 101-45 unless empty and unlocked. When available, combinations should be taped and/or keys strapped to the outside front of the safe or cabinet.

[41 FR 5097, Feb. 4, 1976]

41 CFR Ch. 101 (7-1-00 Edition)

§ 101-45.309-11 [Reserved]

§ 101-45.309-12 Vehicle reconditioning.

(a) For the purpose of this section, *vehicle reconditioning* means restoring or improving the appearance of any motorized passenger or cargo vehicle designed primarily for highway use that is to be disposed of through surplus or exchange/sale procedures to the general public.

(b) To produce the maximum net proceeds, holding agencies shall determine, prior to sale, the appropriate level of reconditioning commensurate with the estimated fair market value of each vehicle scheduled for sale.

(c) Holding agencies shall arrange for the reconditioning to be accomplished just prior to the dates scheduled for public inspection and sale.

(d) For all motor vehicles above salvage condition or value, the minimum level of reconditioning required is as follows:

(1) *Driver and passenger compartment.*

(i) Remove debris; (ii) vacuum floors and seats; (iii) clean dashboard, instrument panel, armrests, door panels, and rear shelf; (iv) remove Government stickers or decals without marring surface; (v) clean ashtrays and glove compartment; and (vi) wash windows.

(2) *Trunk.* (i) Remove debris; (ii) vacuum; and (iii) position spare tire and tools.

(3) *Engine compartment.* (i) Remove debris; (ii) replenish lubricants and coolant to required levels and replace missing caps/covers; and (iii) charge battery, if necessary.

(4) *Exterior.* (i) Remove Government stickers or decals without marring paint finish; (ii) wash exterior, including glass, door jambs, tires, and wheel rims/covers; and (iii) inflate tires to recommended pressure.

(e) Additional reconditioning of selected motor vehicles should be considered when such action is expected to substantially improve the return on the sale of a vehicle. Generally, a return of \$2.00 for each dollar invested should be estimated to justify additional reconditioning. Additional reconditioning should include some or all of the following: