disposition under the general public land laws because the lands are substantially changed in character by improvements or otherwise; and

(3) Obtained from the Department of the Interior a report as to whether any agency (other than the holding agency) claims primary, joint, or secondary jurisdiction over the lands and whether the Department's records show the lands to be encumbered with any existing valid rights or privileges under the public land laws.

(b) Should the Department of the Interior determine that minerals in the lands are not suitable for disposition under the public land mining and mineral leasing laws, the Department will notify the appropriate regional office of GSA of such determination and will authorize the holding agency to include the minerals in its report to GSA.

(c) When reporting the property to GSA, a true copy of the notification (§ 101–47.202–6(a)(2)) and report (§ 101–47.202–6(a)(3)) shall be submitted as a part of the holding agency's report on the Government's legal title which shall accompany Standard Form 118.

§ 101–47.202–7 Reports involving contaminated property.

Any report of excess covering property which in its present condition is dangerous or hazardous to health and safety, shall state the extent of such contamination, the plans for decontamination, and the extent to which the property may be used without further decontamination. In the case of properties containing asbestos-containing materials and in lieu of the requirements of the foregoing provisions of § 101–47.202–7, see subsection 101–47.202–2(b)(9).

[53 FR 28984, Aug. 9, 1988]

§ 101–47.202–8 Notice of receipt.

GSA shall promptly notify the holding agency of the date of receipt of each Report of Excess Real Property (Standard Form 118).

§ 101–47.202–9 Expense of protection and maintenance.

When there are expenses connected with the protection and maintenance of the property reported to GSA, the notice to the holding agency of the date of receipt (see § 101–47.202–8) will indicate, if determinable, the date that the provisions of §101–47.402–2 will become effectivce. Normally this will be the date of the receipt of the report. If because of actions of the holding agency the property is not available for immediate disposition at the time of receipt of the report, the holding agency will be reminded in the notice that the period of its responsibility for the expense of protection and maintenance will be extended by the period of the delay.

[49 FR 1348, Jan. 11, 1984]

§ 101–47.202–10 Examination for acceptability.

Each report of excess shall be reviewed by GSA to ascertain whether the report was prepared in accordance with the provisions of this section. Within fifteen calendar days after receipt of a report, the holding agency shall be informed by letter of the findings of GSA.

(a) Where it is found that a report is adequate to the extent that GSA can proceed with utilization and disposal actions for the property, the report shall be accepted and the holding agency shall be informed of the date of such acceptance. However, the holding agency shall, upon request, promptly furnish such additional information or documents relating to the property as may be required by GSA to accomplish a transfer or a disposal.

(b) Where it is found that a report is insufficient to the extent that GSA would be unable to proceed with any utilization or disposal actions for the property, the report shall be returned and the holding agency shall be informed of the facts and circumstances that required the return of the report. The holding agency promptly shall take such action as may be appropriate to submit an acceptable report to GSA. Should the holding agency be unable to submit an acceptable report, the property shall be removed from under the provisions of § 101–47.402–2.