

is unable to pay the debt within a reasonable time.

(2) The individual has been dead more than 27 months (the maximum time allowed for claiming SMI benefits), and the legal representative of his or her estate demonstrates, to HCFA's satisfaction, that the estate is unable to pay the debt within a reasonable time.

(d) *Renewal of collection efforts.* HCFA renews collection efforts in either of the following circumstances, if the cost of collection does not exceed the amount of the overdue premiums:

(1) The individual enrolls again for premium hospital insurance or SMI. (Payment of overdue premiums is not a prerequisite for reenrollment.)

(2) The individual becomes entitled or reentitled to social security or railroad retirement benefits or a Federal civil service annuity.

**§ 408.112 Refund of excess premiums after the enrollee dies.**

If HCFA has received premiums for months after the enrollee's death, HCFA refunds those premiums as follows:

(a) To the person or persons who paid the premiums or, if the premiums were paid by the enrollee, to the representative of the enrollee's estate, if any.

(b) If refund cannot be made under paragraph (a) of this section, HCFA refunds the premiums to the enrollee's survivors in the following order of priority:

(1) The surviving spouse, if he or she was either living in the same household with the deceased at the time of death, or was, for the month of death, entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits on the basis of the same earnings record as the deceased beneficiary;

(2) The child or children who were, for the month of death, entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits on the basis of the same earnings record as the deceased (and, if there is more than one child, in equal parts to each child);

(3) The parent or parents who were, for the month of death, entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits on the basis of the same earnings record as the deceased

(and, if there is more than one parent, in equal parts to each parent);

(4) The surviving spouse who was not living in the same household with the deceased at the time of death and was not, for the month of death, entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits on the basis of the same earnings record as the deceased beneficiary;

(5) The child or children who were not entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits on the basis of the same earnings record as the deceased (and, if there is more than one child, in equal parts to each child);

(6) The parent or parents who were not entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits on the basis of the same earnings record as the deceased (and, if there is more than one parent, in equal parts to each parent).

If none of the listed relatives survives, no refund can be made.

**PART 409—HOSPITAL INSURANCE BENEFITS**

**Subpart A—Hospital Insurance Benefits: General Provisions**

Sec.

409.1 Statutory basis.

409.2 Scope.

409.3 Definitions.

409.5 General description of benefits.

**Subpart B—Inpatient Hospital Services and Inpatient Critical Access Hospital Services**

409.10 Included services.

409.11 Bed and board.

409.12 Nursing and related services; medical social services; use of hospital or CAH facilities.

409.13 Drugs and biologicals.

409.14 Supplies, appliances, and equipment.

409.15 Services furnished by an intern or a resident-in-training.

409.16 Other diagnostic or therapeutic services.

409.18 Services related to kidney transplantations.

409.19 Services related to cardiac pacemakers and pacemaker leads.

**Subpart C—Posthospital SNF Care**

409.20 Coverage of services.

409.21 Nursing care.

409.22 Bed and board.