

412.374 Payments to hospitals located in Puerto Rico.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

SOURCE: 50 FR 12741, Mar. 29, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

### Subpart A—General Provisions

#### § 412.1 Scope of part.

(a) *Purpose.* This part implements sections 1886(d) and (g) of the Act by establishing a prospective payment system for the operating costs of inpatient hospital services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries in cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1983 and a prospective payment system for the capital-related costs of inpatient hospital services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries in cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1991. Under these prospective payment systems, payment for the operating and capital-related costs of inpatient hospital services furnished by hospitals subject to the systems (generally, short-term, acute-care hospitals) is made on the basis of prospectively determined rates and applied on a per discharge basis. Payment for other costs related to inpatient hospital services (organ acquisition costs incurred by hospitals with approved organ transplantation centers, the costs of qualified nonphysician anesthesiologist's services, as described in § 412.113(c), and direct costs of approved nursing and allied health educational programs) is made on a reasonable cost basis. Payment for the direct costs of graduate medical education is made on a per resident amount basis in accordance with § 413.86 of this chapter. Additional payments are made for outlier cases, bad debts, indirect medical education costs, and for serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients. Under either prospective payment system, a hospital may keep the difference between its prospective payment rate and its operating or capital-related costs incurred in furnishing inpatient services, and the hospital is at risk for inpatient operating or inpatient capital-related costs that exceed its payment rate.

(b) *Summary of content.* This subpart describes the basis of payment for inpa-

tient hospital services under the prospective payment systems, and sets forth the general basis of these systems. Subpart B of this part sets forth the classifications of hospitals that are included in and excluded from the prospective payment systems, and sets forth requirements governing the inclusion or exclusion of hospitals in the systems as a result of changes in their classification. Subpart C sets forth certain conditions that must be met for a hospital to receive payment under the prospective payment systems. Subpart D sets forth the basic methodology by which prospective payment rates for inpatient operating costs are determined. Subpart E describes the transition rate-setting methods that are used to determine transition payment rates for inpatient operating costs during the first four years of the prospective payment system. Subpart F sets forth the methodology for determining additional payments for outlier cases. Subpart G sets forth rules for special treatment of certain facilities under the prospective payment system for inpatient operating costs. Subpart H describes the types, amounts, and methods of payment to hospitals under the prospective payment system for inpatient operating costs. Subpart K describes how the prospective payment system for inpatient operating costs is implemented for hospitals located in Puerto Rico. Subpart L sets forth the procedures and criteria concerning applications from hospitals to the Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board for geographic redesignation. Subpart M describes how the prospective payment system for inpatient capital-related costs is implemented effective with cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1991.

[57 FR 39818, Sept. 1, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 46337, Sept. 1, 1993]

#### § 412.2 Basis of payment.

(a) *Payment on a per discharge basis.* Under both the inpatient operating and inpatient capital-related prospective payment systems, hospitals are paid a predetermined amount per discharge for inpatient hospital services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries. The