

§ 476.105 Notice of disclosures made by a PRO.

(a) *Notification of the disclosure of non-confidential information.* Except as permitted under § 476.106, at least 30 calendar days before disclosure of nonconfidential information, the PRO must notify an identified institution of its intent to disclose information about the institution (other than reports routinely submitted to HCFA or Medicare fiscal intermediaries, or to or from PRO subcontractors, or to or from the institution) and provide the institution with a copy of the information. The institution may submit comments to the PRO that must be attached to the information disclosed if received before disclosure, or forwarded separately if received after disclosure.

(b) *Notification of the disclosure of confidential information.* (1) A PRO must notify the practitioner who has treated a patient, of a request for disclosure to the patient or patient representative in accordance with the requirements and exceptions to the requirements for disclosure specified under § 476.132.

(2) A PRO must notify a practitioner or institution of the PRO's intent to disclose information on the practitioner or institution to an investigative or licensing agency (§§ 476.137 and 476.138) except for cases specified in § 476.106 involving fraud or abuse or imminent danger to individuals or the public health. The practitioner or institution must be notified and provided a copy of the information to be disclosed at least 30 calendar days before the PRO discloses the identifying information. The PRO must forward with the information any comments submitted by the practitioner or institution in response to the PRO notice if received before disclosure, or forwarded separately if received after disclosure.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1985; 50 FR 41886, Oct. 16, 1985]

§ 476.106 Exceptions to PRO notice requirements.

(a) *Imminent danger to individuals or public health.* When the PRO determines that requested information is necessary to protect against an imminent danger to individuals or the public health, the notification required in

§ 476.105 may be sent simultaneously with the disclosure.

(b) *Fraud or Abuse.* The notification requirement in § 476.105 does not apply if—

(1) The disclosure is made in an investigation of fraud or abuse by the Office of the Inspector General or the General Accounting Office; or

(2) The disclosure is made in an investigation of fraud or abuse by any other Federal or State fraud or abuse agency and the investigative agency specifies in writing that the information is related to a potentially prosecutable criminal offense.

§ 476.107 Limitations on redisclosure.

Persons or organizations that obtain confidential PRO information must not further disclose the information to any other person or organization except—

(a) As directed by the PRO to carry out a disclosure permitted or required under a particular provision of this part;

(b) As directed by HCFA to carry out specific responsibilities of the Secretary under the Act;

(c) As necessary for HCFA to carry out its responsibilities for appeals under section 1155 of the Act or for HCFA to process sanctions under section 1156 of the Act;

(d) If the health care services furnished to an individual patient are reimbursed from more than one source, these sources of reimbursement may exchange confidential information as necessary for the payment of claims;

(e) If the information is acquired by the PRO from another source and the receiver of the information is authorized under its own authorities to acquire the information directly from the source, the receiver may disclose the information in accordance with the source's redisclosure rules;

(f) As necessary for the General Accounting Office to carry out its statutory responsibilities;

(g) Information pertaining to a patient or practitioner may be disclosed by that individual provided it does not identify any other patient or practitioner;

(h) An institution may disclose information pertaining to itself provided it