

§ 57.4003 Who is eligible to apply for a grant?

Any public or private nonprofit health professions school, school of allied health, or program for the training of physician assistants located in a State may apply for a grant under this subpart. Each eligible applicant desiring a grant under this subpart shall submit an application in the form and at the time the Secretary may prescribe.

[54 FR 5617, Feb. 6, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 45746, Oct. 5, 1992]

§ 57.4004 Program requirements.

(a) The Secretary will award grants to meet the cost of carrying out one or more of the following six purposes:

- (1) Improve the training of health professionals in geriatrics;
- (2) Develop and disseminate curricula relating to the treatment of the health problems of elderly individuals;
- (3) Expand and strengthen instruction in methods of geriatric treatment;
- (4) Support the training and retraining of faculty;
- (5) Support continuing education of health professionals and allied health professionals who provide geriatric treatment; and
- (6) Establish new affiliations with nursing homes, chronic and acute disease hospitals, ambulatory care centers, and senior centers in order to provide students with clinical training in geriatric medicine.

(b) Projects must include one or more of the activities in paragraphs (a) (1) through (6) of this section for four or more types of health professionals as defined in § 57.4002 of this subpart.

(c) Each project must evaluate the program systematically, including the determination of a baseline at the outset of the project and the measurement of the degree to which program and educational objectives are met.

[54 FR 5617, Feb. 6, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 66299, Dec. 20, 1993]

§ 57.4005 How will applications be evaluated?

(a) As required by section 798(a) of the Act, each application for a grant under this subpart shall be submitted to a peer review group, composed prin-

cipally of non-Federal experts, for an evaluation of the merits of the proposals made in the application. The Secretary may not approve such an application unless a peer review group has recommended the application for approval. The Secretary will decide which applications to approve by considering, among other factors:

(1) The degree to which the proposed project adequately provides for the project requirement described in § 57.4004;

(2) The extent to which the rationale and specific objectives of the project are based upon a needs assessment of the status of geriatrics training in the institutions to be assisted and/or the geographic area to be served;

(3) The ability of the project to achieve the project objectives within the proposed geographic area;

(4) The adequacy of educational facilities and clinical training settings to accomplish objectives;

(5) The adequacy of organizational arrangement involving professional schools and other organizations necessary to carry out the project;

(6) The adequacy of the qualifications and experience in geriatrics of the project director, staff and faculty;

(7) The administrative and managerial ability of the applicant to carry out the proposed project in a cost-effective manner; and

(8) The potential of the project to continue on a self-sustaining basis.

(b) In determining the funding of applications approved under paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary will consider any special factors relating to national needs as the Secretary may from time to time announce in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[54 FR 5617, Feb. 6, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 45746, Oct. 5, 1992; 58 FR 66299, Dec. 20, 1993]

§ 57.4006 How long does grant support last?

(a) The notice of grant award specifies the length of time the Secretary intends to support the project without requiring the project to re compete for funds. This period, called the project period, will not exceed 3 years. The maximum period of support, including

§ 57.4007

the initial project period and competitive extensions, may not exceed 6 years.

(b) Generally, the grant will initially be funded for 1 year, and subsequent continuation awards will also be for 1 year at a time. Decisions regarding continuation awards and the funding levels of these awards will be made after consideration of such factors as the grantee's progress and management practices, existence of legislative authority, and the availability of funds. In all cases, continuation awards require a determination by the Secretary that continued funding is in the best interest of the Federal Government.

(c) Neither the approval of any application nor the award of any grant shall commit or obligate the United States in any way to make any additional, supplemental, continuation or other award with respect to any approved application or portion of an approved application. For continuation support, grantees must make separate application at such times and in such a form as the Secretary may prescribe.

[54 FR 5617, Feb. 6, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 66299, Dec. 20, 1993]

§ 57.4007 For what purposes may grant funds be spent?

(a) A grantee shall only spend funds it receives under this subpart according to the approved application and budget, the authorizing legislation, terms and conditions of the grant award, applicable cost principles specified in subpart Q of 45 CFR part 74, and these regulations.

(b) Grantees may not spend grant funds for sectarian instruction or for any religious purpose.

(c) Any balance of federally obligated grant funds remaining unobligated by the grantee at the end of a budget period may be carried forward provided specific approval is granted by the Secretary. If at any time during a budget period it becomes apparent to the Secretary that the amount of Federal funds awarded and available to the grantee for that period, including any unobligated balance carried forward from prior periods, exceeds the grantee's needs for the period, the Secretary may adjust the amounts awarded by

42 CFR Ch. I (10-1-00 Edition)

withdrawing the excess. A budget period is an interval of time (usually 12 months) into which the project period is divided for funding and reporting purposes.

[54 FR 5617, Feb. 6, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 45746, Oct. 5, 1992]

§ 57.4008 What additional Department regulations apply to grantees?

Several other regulations apply to grants under this subpart.

These include, but are not limited to:

42 CFR part 50, subpart D—Public Health Service grant appeals procedure

45 CFR part 16—Procedures of the Departmental Grant Appeals Board

45 CFR part 46—Protection of human subjects

45 CFR part 74—Administration of grants

45 CFR part 75—Informal grant appeals procedures

45 CFR part 76—Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (nonprocurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)

45 CFR part 80—Nondiscrimination under programs receiving Federal assistance through the Department of Health and Human Services effectuation of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

45 CFR part 81—Practice and procedure for hearings under part 80 of this title

45 CFR part 83—Regulation for the administration and enforcement of sections 794 and 855 of the Public Health Service Act

45 CFR part 84—Nondiscrimination on the basis of handicap in programs and activities receiving or benefiting from Federal financial assistance

45 CFR part 86—Nondiscrimination on the basis of sex in education programs and activities receiving or benefiting from Federal financial assistance

45 CFR part 91—Nondiscrimination on the basis of age in HHS programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance

45 CFR part 93—New restrictions on lobbying.

[54 FR 5617, Feb. 6, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 45746, Oct. 5, 1992; 61 FR 6129, Feb. 16, 1996]

§ 57.4009 What other audit and inspection requirements apply to grantees?

Each entity which receives a grant under this subpart must meet the requirements of 45 CFR part 74 concerning audit and inspection.

[61 FR 6129, Feb. 16, 1996; 61 FR 51020, Sept. 30, 1996]