

Federal Emergency Management Agency

§ 206.2

- 206.224 Debris removal.
- 206.225 Emergency work.
- 206.226 Restoration of damaged facilities.
- 206.227 Snow assistance.
- 206.228 Allowable costs.
- 206.229–206.249 [Reserved]

Subpart I—Public Assistance Insurance Requirements

- 206.250 General.
- 206.251 Definitions.
- 206.252 Insurance requirements for facilities damaged by flood.
- 206.253 Insurance requirements for facilities damaged by disasters other than flood.
- 206.254–206.339 [Reserved]

Subpart J—Coastal Barrier Resources Act

- 206.340 Purpose of subpart.
- 206.341 Policy.
- 206.342 Definitions.
- 206.343 Scope.
- 206.344 Limitations on Federal expenditures.
- 206.345 Exceptions.
- 206.346 Applicability to disaster assistance.
- 206.347 Requirements.
- 206.348 Consultation.
- 206.349 Consistency determinations.
- 206.350–206.359 [Reserved]

Subpart K—Community Disaster Loans

- 206.360 Purpose.
- 206.361 Loan program.
- 206.362 Responsibilities.
- 206.363 Eligibility criteria.
- 206.364 Loan application.
- 206.365 Loan administration.
- 206.366 Loan cancellation.
- 206.367 Loan repayment.
- 206.368–206.389 [Reserved]

Subpart L—Fire Suppression Assistance

- 206.390 General.
- 206.391 FEMA-State Agreement.
- 206.392 Request for assistance.
- 206.393 Providing assistance.
- 206.394 Cost eligibility.
- 206.395 Grant administration.
- 206.396–206.399 [Reserved]

Subpart M—Hazard Mitigation Planning

- 206.400 General.
- 206.401 Definitions.
- 206.402 Responsibilities.
- 206.403 Pre-declaration activities.
- 206.404 Mitigation survey teams.
- 206.405 Hazard mitigation plan.
- 206.406 Hazard mitigation planning process.
- 206.407 Minimum standards.

Subpart N—Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

- 206.430 General.
- 206.431 Definitions.
- 206.432 Federal grant assistance.
- 206.433 State responsibilities.
- 206.434 Eligibility.
- 206.435 Project identification and selection criteria.
- 206.436 Application procedures.
- 206.437 State administrative plan.
- 206.438 Project management.
- 206.439 Allowable costs.
- 206.440 Appeals.

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SOURCE: 54 FR 11615, Mar. 21, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

SOURCE: 55 FR 2288, Jan. 23, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

§ 206.1 Purpose.

(a) *Purpose.* The purpose of this subpart is to prescribe the policies and procedures to be followed in implementing those sections of Public Law 93-288, as amended, delegated to the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The rules in this subpart apply to major disasters and emergencies declared by the President on or after November 23, 1988, the date of enactment of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 *et seq.*

(b) *Prior regulations.* Prior regulations relating to major disasters and emergencies declared by the President before November 23, 1988 were published in 44 CFR part 205 (see 44 CFR part 205 as contained in the CFR edition revised as of October 1, 1994).

[59 FR 53363, Oct. 24, 1994]

§ 206.2 Definitions.

(a) *General.* The following definitions have general applicability throughout this part:

§ 206.2

44 CFR Ch. I (10-1-99 Edition)

(1) *The Stafford Act*: The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, Public Law 93-288, as amended.

(2) *Applicant*: Individuals, families, States and local governments, or private nonprofit organizations who apply for assistance as a result of a declaration of a major disaster or emergency.

(3) *Associate Director or Executive Associate Director*:

(i) Unless otherwise specified in subparts A through L of this part, the Associate Director or Executive Associate Director of the Response and Recovery Directorate, or his/her designated representative.

(ii) Unless otherwise specified in subparts M and N of this part, the Associate Director or Executive Associate Director of the Mitigation Directorate, or his/her designated representative.

(4) *Concurrent, multiple major disasters*: In considering a request for an advance, the term concurrent multiple major disasters means major disasters which occur within a 12-month period immediately preceding the major disaster for which an advance of the non-Federal share is requested pursuant to section 319 of the Stafford Act.

(5) *Contractor*: Any individual, partnership, corporation, agency, or other entity (other than an organization engaged in the business of insurance) performing work by contract for the Federal Government or a State or local agency.

(6) *Designated area*: Any emergency or major disaster-affected portion of a State which has been determined eligible for Federal assistance.

(7) *Director*: The Director, FEMA.

(8) *Disaster Recovery Manager (DRM)*: The person appointed to exercise the authority of a Regional Director for a particular emergency or major disaster.

(9) *Emergency*: Any occasion or instance for which, in the determination of the President, Federal assistance is needed to supplement State and local efforts and capabilities to save lives and to protect property and public health and safety, or to lessen or avert the threat of a catastrophe in any part of the United States.

(10) *Federal agency*: Any department, independent establishment, Govern-

ment corporation, or other agency of the executive branch of the Federal Government, including the United States Postal Service, but shall not include the American National Red Cross.

(11) *Federal Coordinating Officer (FCO)*: The person appointed by the Director, or in his absence, the Deputy Director, or alternatively the Associate Director, to coordinate Federal assistance in an emergency or a major disaster.

(12) *Governor*: The chief executive of any State or the Acting Governor.

(13) *Governor's Authorized Representative (GAR)*: The person empowered by the Governor to execute, on behalf of the State, all necessary documents for disaster assistance.

(14) *Hazard mitigation*: Any cost effective measure which will reduce the potential for damage to a facility from a disaster event.

(15) *Individual assistance*: Supplementary Federal assistance provided under the Stafford Act to individuals and families adversely affected by a major disaster or an emergency. Such assistance may be provided directly by the Federal Government or through State or local governments or disaster relief organizations. For further information, see subparts D, E, and F of these regulations.

(16) *Local government*: Any county, city, village, town, district, or other political subdivision of any State; any Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization; any Alaska Native village or organization; and includes any rural community, unincorporated town or village, or other public entity for which an application for assistance is made by a State or political subdivision thereof.

(17) *Major disaster*: Any natural catastrophe (including any hurricane, tornado, storm, high water, winddriven water, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, or drought), or, regardless of cause, any fire, flood, or explosion, in any part of the United States, which in the determination of the President causes damage of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant major disaster assistance under this Act to supplement the efforts and

Federal Emergency Management Agency

§ 206.3

available resources of States, local governments, and disaster relief organizations in alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or suffering caused thereby.

(18) *Mission assignment*: Work order issued to a Federal agency by the Regional Director, Associate Director, or Director, directing completion by that agency of a specified task and citing funding, other managerial controls, and guidance.

(19) *Private nonprofit organization*: Any nongovernmental agency or entity that currently has:

(i) An effective ruling letter from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service granting tax exemption under section 501 (c), (d), or (e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; or

(ii) Satisfactory evidence from the State that the organization or entity is a nonprofit one organized or doing business under State law.

(20) *Public assistance*: Supplementary Federal assistance provided under the Stafford Act to State and local governments or certain private, nonprofit organizations other than assistance for the direct benefit of individuals and families. For further information, see subparts G and H of these regulations. Community Disaster Loans under section 417 of the Stafford Act and Fire Suppression Grants under section 420 of the Stafford Act are also included in Public Assistance. See subparts K and L of these regulations.

(21) *Regional Director*: A director of a regional office of FEMA, or his/her designated representative. As used in these regulations, Regional Director also means the Disaster Recovery Manager who has been appointed to exercise the authority of the Regional Director for a particular emergency or major disaster.

(22) *State*: Any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, or the Republic of the Marshall Islands.

(23) *State Coordinating Officer (SCO)*: The person appointed by the Governor to act in cooperation with the Federal

Coordinating Officer to administer disaster recovery efforts.

(24) *State emergency plan*: As used in section 401 or section 501 of the Stafford Act means that State plan which is designated specifically for State-level response to emergencies or major disasters and which sets forth actions to be taken by the State and local governments, including those for implementing Federal disaster assistance.

(25) *Temporary housing*: Temporary accommodations provided by the Federal Government to individuals or families whose homes are made unlivable by an emergency or a major disaster.

(26) *United States*: The 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

(27) *Voluntary organization*: Any chartered or otherwise duly recognized tax-exempt local, State, or national organization or group which has provided or may provide needed services to the States, local governments, or individuals in coping with an emergency or a major disaster.

(b) *Additional definitions*. Definitions which apply to individual subparts are found in those subparts.

[54 FR 11615, Mar. 21, 1989, as amended at 63 FR 17110, Apr. 8, 1998]

§ 206.3 Policy.

It is the policy of FEMA to provide an orderly and continuing means of assistance by the Federal Government to State and local governments in carrying out their responsibilities to alleviate the suffering and damage that result from major disasters and emergencies by:

(a) Providing Federal assistance programs for public and private losses and needs sustained in disasters;

(b) Encouraging the development of comprehensive disaster preparedness and assistance plans, programs, capabilities, and organizations by the States and local governments;

(c) Achieving greater coordination and responsiveness of disaster preparedness and relief programs;

(d) Encouraging individuals, States, and local governments to obtain insurance coverage and thereby reduce their