

§ 261.31

§ 261.31 How many hours must an individual participate to count in the numerator of the overall rate?

(a) An individual counts as engaged in work for a month for the overall rate if:

(1) He or she participates in work activities during the month for at least the minimum average number of hours per week listed in the following table:

| If the fiscal year is: | Then the minimum average hours per week is: |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1997 | 20 |
| 1998 | 20 |
| 1999 | 25 |
| 2000 or thereafter | 30 |

and

(2) At least 20 of the above hours per week come from participation in the activities listed in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) The following nine activities count toward the first 20 hours of participation: unsubsidized employment; subsidized private-sector employment; subsidized public-sector employment; work experience; on-the-job training; job search and job readiness assistance; community service programs; vocational educational training; and providing child care services to an individual who is participating in a community service program.

(c) Above 20 hours per week, the following three activities may also count as participation: job skills training directly related to employment; education directly related to employment; and satisfactory attendance at secondary school or in a course of study leading to a certificate of general equivalence.

§ 261.32 How many hours must an individual participate to count in the numerator of the two-parent rate?

(a) Subject to paragraph (d) of this section, an individual counts as engaged in work for the month for the two-parent rate if:

(1) If an individual and the other parent in the family are participating in work activities for an average of at least 35 hours per week during the month, and

(2) At least 30 of the 35 hours per week come from participation in the activities listed in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) The following nine activities count for the first 30 hours of participation: unsubsidized employment; subsidized private-sector employment; subsidized public-sector employment; work experience; on-the-job training; job search and job readiness assistance; community service programs; vocational educational training; and providing child care services to an individual who is participating in a community service program.

(c) Above 30 hours per week, the following three activities may also count for participation: job skills training directly related to employment; education directly related to employment; and satisfactory attendance at secondary school or in a course of study leading to a certificate of general equivalence.

(d)(1) If the family receives federally funded child care assistance and an adult in the family is not disabled or caring for a severely disabled child, then the individual and the other parent must be participating in work activities for an average of at least 55 hours per week for the individual to count as a two-parent family engaged in work for the month.

(2) At least 50 of the 55 hours per week must come from participation in the activities listed in paragraph (b) of this section.

(3) Above 50 hours per week, the three activities listed in paragraph (c) of this section may also count as participation.

§ 261.33 What are the special requirements concerning educational activities in determining monthly participation rates?

(a) Vocational educational training may only count for a total of 12 months for any individual.

(b)(1) A recipient who is married or a single head-of-household under 20 years old counts as engaged in work in a month if he or she:

(i) Maintains satisfactory attendance at a secondary school or the equivalent during the month; or