§ 108.565 Stowage of rescue boats.

- (a) Rescue boats must be stowed as follows:
- (1) Each rescue boat must be ready for launching in not more than 5 minutes.
- (2) Each rescue boat must be in a position suitable for launching and recovery.
- (3) Each rescue boat must be stowed in a way that neither the rescue boat nor its stowage arrangements will interfere with the operation of any survival craft at any other launching station.
- (4) Each rescue boat that is also a lifeboat, must be in compliance with §108.530.
- (b) Each rescue boat must be provided a means for recharging the rescue boat batteries from the unit's power supply at a supply voltage not exceeding 50 volts.
- (c) Each inflated rescue boat must be kept fully inflated at all times.
- [CGD 84-069, 61 FR 25291, May 20, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 52814, Oct. 1, 1998]

§ 108.570 Rescue boat embarkation, launching and recovery arrangements.

- (a) Each rescue boat must be capable of being launched with the unit making headway of 5 knots in calm water, or with the unit anchored or bearing on the bottom in a current of up to 5 knots. A painter may be used to meet this requirement.
- (b) Each rescue boat embarkation and launching arrangement must permit the rescue boat to be boarded and launched in the shortest possible time.
- (c) If the rescue boat is one of the unit's survival craft, the rescue boat must also be as follows:
- (1) The rescue boat must meet the embarkation arrangement and launching station requirements of §108.540.
- (2) The rescue boat must meet the launching arrangement requirements of §§ 108.550 and 108.557, and if the launching arrangement uses falls and a winch, § 108.553.
- (3) If the launching arrangement uses a single fall, the rescue boat must have an automatic disengaging apparatus approved under approval series 160.170, instead of a lifeboat release mechanism.

- (d) Rapid recovery of the rescue boat must be possible when loaded with its full complement of persons and equipment. If the rescue boat is also a lifeboat, rapid recovery must be possible when loaded with its lifeboat equipment and an approved rescue boat complement of at least six persons.
- (e) Each rescue boat launching appliance must be fitted with a powered winch motor.
- (f) Each rescue boat launching appliance must be capable of hoisting the rescue boat when loaded with its full rescue boat complement of persons and equipment at a rate of not less than 0.3 meters per second (59 feet per minute).

[CGD 84-069, 61 FR 25291, May 20, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 52814, Oct. 1, 1998]

§ 108.575 Survival craft and rescue boat equipment.

- (a) All lifeboat and rescue boat equipment must be as follows:
- (1) The equipment must be secured within the boat by lashings, storage in lockers, or compartments, storage in brackets or similar mounting arrangements or other suitable means.
- (2) The equipment must be secured in such a manner as not to interfere with any abandonment procedures or reduce seating capacity.
- (3) The equipment must be as small and of as little mass as possible.
- (4) The equipment must be packed in a suitable and compact form.
- (5) The equipment should be stowed so the items do not—
- (i) Reduce the seating capacity;
- (ii) Adversely affect the seaworthiness of the survival craft or rescue boat; or
- (iii) Overload the launching appliance.
- (b) Each lifeboat, rigid liferaft, and rescue boat, unless otherwise stated in this paragraph, must carry the equipment specified for it in table §108.575(b) of this section. A lifeboat that is also a rescue boat must carry the equipment in the table column marked for a lifeboat. Each item in the table has the same description as in §199.175 of this chapter.