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equal the number of persons normally on watch in, or assigned to, the station or site at one time. However, an immersion suit is not required at a station or site for a person whose cabin or berthing area (and the immersion suits stowed in that location) is readily accessible to the station or site.

- (2) Attachments and fittings. Immersion suits or anti-exposure suits must have the following attachments and fittings:
- (i) Each immersion suit or anti-exposure suit must have a lifejacket light approved under approval series 161.112 securely attached to the front shoulder area of the immersion suit or anti-exposure suit. On a unit not in international service, a light approved under approval series 161.012 may be used. However, lifejacket lights bearing Coast Guard approval number 161.012/2/1 are not permitted on units certificated to operate on waters where water temperature may drop below 10 °C (50 °F).
- (ii) Each immersion suit or anti-exposure suit must have a whistle firmly secured by a cord to the immersion suit or anti-exposure suit.

[CGD 84-069, 61 FR 25291, May 20, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 52814, Oct. 1, 1998]

§ 108.595 Communications.

- (a) Radio lifesaving appliances. Radio lifesaving appliance installations and arrangements must meet the requirements of 47 CFR part 80.
 - (b) Distress flares. Each unit must—
- (1) Carry not less than 12 rocket parachute flares approved under approval series 160.136; and
- (2) Stow the flares in a portable watertight container carried on the navigating bridge, or if the unit does not have a bridge, in the control room.

§ 108.597 Line-throwing appliance.

- (a) General. Each unit in international service must have a line-throwing appliance that is approved under approval series 160.040. Each unit not in international service must carry a line-throwing appliance approved under either approval series 160.040 or 160.031.
- (b) *Stowage*. The line-throwing appliance and its equipment must be readily accessible for use.

- (c) Additional equipment. Each unit must carry the following equipment for the line-throwing appliance:
- (1) The equipment on the list provided by the manufacturer with the approved appliance; and
 - (2) An auxiliary line that—
- (i) Has a breaking strength of at least 40 kiloNewtons (9,000 pounds-force);
- (ii) Is, if synthetic, a dark color or certified by the manufacturer to be resistant to deterioration from ultraviolet light; and
 - (iii) Is-
- (A) At least 450 meters (1,500 feet) long, if the line-throwing appliance is approved under approval series 160.040;
- (B) At least 150 meters (500 feet) long, if the line-throwing appliance is approved under approval series 160.031.

Subpart F—Cranes

CRANES

§ 108.601 Crane design.

- (a) Each crane and crane foundation on a unit must be designed in accordance with the American Petroleum Institute Specification for Offshore Cranes, API Spec. 2C, Second Edition, February, 1972 (with supplement 2).
- (b) In addition to the design requirements of paragraph (a), each crane must have the following:
- (1) Each control marked to show its function.
- (2) Instruments with built-in lighting.
- (3) Fuel tank fills and overflows that do not run onto the engine exhaust.
 - (4) No gasoline engines.
- (5) Spark arrestors fitted on engine exhaust pipes.

Subpart G—Equipment Markings and Instructions

§ 108.621 Equipment markings: General.

Unless otherwise provided, each marking required in this subpart must be—

- (a) Printed in English;
- (b) In red letters with a contrasting background;
 - (c) Permanent;
 - (d) Easy to be seen;