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Subpart 161.006—Searchlights, Motor Lifeboat, for Merchant Vessels

- 161.006-1 Applicable specifications.
- 161.006-2 Type.
- 161.006-3 Materials and workmanship.
- 161.006-4 Requirements.
- 161.006-5 Sampling, inspections and tests. 161.006-6 Procedure for approval.
 - Subpart 161.008 [Reserved]

Subpart 161.010—Floating Electric Waterlight

- 161.010-1 Incorporation by reference.
- 161.010-2 Design, construction, and test re-
- quirements.
- 161.010-3 Inspections and methods of test.
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Subpart 161.011—Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacons

- 161.011-1 Purpose.
- 161.011-5 Classes.
- 161.011-10 EPIRB approval.

Subpart 161.012—Personal Flotation Device Lights

- 161.012-1 Scope.
- 161.012-3 Definitions
- 161.012 5Approval procedures.
- 161.012 7Construction.
- 161.012-9 Performance.
- 161.012-11 Approval tests.
- 161.012-13 Production tests and inspections.
- 161.012-15 Markings.
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Subpart 161.013—Electric Distress Light for **Boats**

- 161.013-1 Applicability.
- 161.013–3 General performance requirements
- 161.013-5 Intensity requirements.
- 161.013-7 Signal requirements.
- 161.013-9 Independent power source.
- 161.013-11 Prototype test.
- 161.013-13 Manufacturer certification and labeling.

161.013-17 Manufacturer notification.

AUTHORITY: 46 U.S.C. 3306, 3703, 4302; E.O. 12234, 45 FR 58801, 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 277; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1.

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to part 161 appear by USCG-2009-0702, 74 FR 49238, Sept. 25, 2009, and USCG-2012-0832, 77 FR 59787, Oct. 1, 2012.

Subpart 161.001 [Reserved]

§161.002-1

Subpart 161.002—Fire Detection Systems

SOURCE: CGFR 56-39, 21 FR 9032, Nov. 21, 1956, unless otherwise noted.

§161.002–1 Incorporation by reference.

(a) Certain material is incorporated by reference into this subpart with the approval of the Director of the Federal Register under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. All approved material is available for inspection at the U.S. Coast Guard, Lifesaving and Fire Safety Division (CG-ENG-4), 2703 Martin Luther King Jr. Avenue SE., Stop 7509, Washington, DC 20593-7509, and is available from the sources listed below. It is also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030 or go to http:// www.archives.gov/federal_register/

code_of_federal_regulations/

ibr locations.html.

(b) FM Global, 1151 Boston-Provi-dence Turnpike, P.O. Box 9102, Norwood, MA 02062, 781-762-4300, http:// www.fmglobal.com.

(1) ANSI/FM Approvals 3260, American National Standard for Radiant Energy-Sensing Fire Detectors for Automatic Fire Alarm Signaling, February 2004 ("ANSI/FM 3260"), IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

(2) [Reserved]

(c) International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC), 3, rue de Varembe, P.O. Box 131, CH-1211 Geneva 20-Switzerland, +41 22 919 02 11, http:// www.iec.ch.

(1) IEC 60092-504:2001(E), Electrical Installations in Ships-Part 504: Special Features-Control and Instrumentation, Third edition, March 2001, IBR approved for §161.002-6(c) and (d), and §161.002-15(d).

(2) [Reserved]

(d) International Maritime Organization (IMO) Publishing, 4 Albert Embankment, London SE1 7SR, United Kingdom, +44 (0)20 7735 7611, http:// www.imo.org.

(1) FSS Code, International Code for Fire Safety Systems, Second Edition, 2007 Edition (Resolution MSC.98(73)),

IBR approved for §161.002-15(b).

(2) [Reserved]

§161.002-2

(e) National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169, 617-770-3000, http:// www.nfpa.org.

(1) NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code, 2010 Edition, effective August 26, 2009 ("NFPA 72"), IBR approved for §161.002–10(b).

(2) [Reserved]

(f) UL (formerly Underwriters Laboratories), 12 Laboratory Drive, P.O. Box 13995, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, 919-549-1400. http://www.ul.com.

(1) UL 38, Standard for Safety for Manual Signaling Boxes for Fire Alarm Systems, Eighth Edition, dated July 3, 2008, as amended through December 11, 2008, IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

(2) UL 268, Standard for Safety for Smoke Detectors for Fire Alarm Systems, Sixth Edition, dated August 14, 2009, IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

(3) UL 464, Standard for Safety for Audible Signal Appliances, Ninth Edition, dated April 14, 2009, as amended through April 16, 2012, IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

(4) UL 521, Standard for Safety for Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems, Seventh Edition, dated February 19, 1999, as amended through October 3, 2002, IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

(5) UL 864, Standard for Safety for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, Ninth Edition, dated September 30, 2003, as amended through January 12, 2011, IBR approved for §§ 161.002–6(b) and 161.002–15(d).

(6) UL 1480, Standard for Safety for Speakers for Fire Alarm, Emergency, and Commercial and Professional Use, Fifth Edition, dated January 31, 2003, as amended through June 23, 2010, IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

(7) UL 1971, Standard for Safety for Signaling Devices for the Hearing Impaired, Third Edition, approved November 29, 2002, as amended through October 15, 2008, IBR approved for §161.002-6(b).

[USCG-2012-0196, 81 FR 48274, July 22, 2016]

§161.002–2 Definitions.

In this subpart, the term—

Device means individual components (e.g. detectors, control panels, alarms, etc.) that are used to comprise a fire detection system. Devices may receive 46 CFR Ch. I (10–1–19 Edition)

Coast Guard approval in accordance with §161.002-19.

Fire detection or fire detection and alarm systems system means a complete detection system that is designed to give warning of the presence of fire or smoke in the protected spaces. A complete system includes normal and emergency power supplies, control units, remote annunciator panels, fire detectors and/or smoke detectors, manual pull stations, and audible and visual alarms, which are distinct from the alarms of any other system not indicating fire.

Listed means equipment or materials included in a list published by an organization that is an accepted independent laboratory, as defined in 46 CFR 159.010, or a nationally recognized testing laboratory, as set forth in 29 CFR 1910.7, whose listing states that either the equipment or material meets appropriate designated standards.

Nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) means an organization that the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has recognized as meeting the requirements in 29 CFR 1910.7. These requirements are for the capability, control programs, complete independence, and reporting and complaint-handling procedures to test and certify specific types of products for workplace safety. This means, in part, that an organization must have the necessary capability both as a product safety testing laboratory and as a product certification body to receive OSHA recognition as an NRTL.

Sample extraction smoke detection systems means systems that collect and analyze air samples from protected spaces in order to detect products of combustion. A complete system includes a control unit, a blower box, accumulators, and a piping system with associated fittings.

[USCG-2012-0196, 81 FR 48274, July 22, 2016]

§161.002–3 [Reserved]

§161.002–4 General requirements.

(a) The purpose of fire detection systems is to give warning of the presence of fire in the protected spaces. To meet this end, the basic requirements of