

## Federal Communications Commission

## § 27.601

(ii) Partnership and other ownership interests and any stock interest equity, or outstanding stock or outstanding voting stock shall be attributed as specified below.

(iii) Stock interests held in trust shall be attributed to any person who holds or shares the power to vote such stock, to any person who has the sole power to sell such stock, and to any person who has the right to revoke the trust at will or to replace the trustee at will. If the trustee has a familial, personal, or extra-trust business relationship to the grantor or the beneficiary, the stock interests held in trust will be attributed to the grantor or beneficiary, as appropriate.

(iv) Non-voting stock shall be attributed as an interest in the issuing entity.

(v) Limited partnership interests shall be attributed to limited partners and shall be calculated according to both the percentage of equity paid in and the percentage of distribution of profits and losses.

(vi) Officers and directors of an entity shall be considered to have an attributable interest in the entity. The officers and directors of an entity that controls a licensee or applicant shall be considered to have an attributable interest in the licensee or applicant.

(vii) Ownership interests that are held indirectly by any party through one or more intervening corporations will be determined by successive multiplication of the ownership percentages for each link in the vertical ownership chain and application of the relevant attribution benchmark to the resulting product, except that if the ownership percentage for an interest in any link in the chain exceeds 50 percent or represents actual control, it shall be treated as if it were a 100 percent interest.

(viii) Any person who manages the operations of an applicant or licensee pursuant to a management agreement shall be considered to have a controlling interest in such applicant or licensee if such person, or its affiliate, has authority to make decisions or otherwise engage in practices or activities that determine, or significantly influence:

(A) The nature or types of services offered by such an applicant or licensee;

(B) The terms upon which such services are offered; or

(C) The prices charged for such services.

(ix) Any licensee or its affiliate who enters into a joint marketing arrangement with an applicant or licensee, or its affiliate, shall be considered to have a controlling interest, if such applicant or licensee, or its affiliate, has authority to make decisions or otherwise engage in practices or activities that determine, or significantly influence:

(A) The nature or types of services offered by such an applicant or licensee;

(B) The terms upon which such services are offered; or the prices charged for such services.

(c) *Bidding credits.* A winning bidder that qualifies as a small business or a consortium of small businesses as defined in this section may use the bidding credit specified in §1.2110(e)(2)(iii) of this chapter. A winning bidder that qualifies as a very small business or a consortium of very small businesses as defined in this section may use the bidding credit specified in §1.2110(e)(2)(ii) of this chapter.

### Subpart G—Guard Band Managers

SOURCE: 65 FR 17605, Apr. 4, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 27.601 Guard Band Manager authority and coordination requirements.

(a) Subject to the provisions of §27.2(b) and paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, a Guard Band Manager may allow a spectrum user, pursuant to a written agreement, to construct and operate stations at any available site within the licensed area and on any channel for which the Guard Band Manager is licensed, provided such stations comply with Commission Rules and coordination requirements.

(b) Subject to the provisions of §27.2(b) and paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, a Guard Band Manager may allow a spectrum user, pursuant to a written agreement, to delete,

move or change the operating parameters of any of the user's stations that are covered under the Guard Band Manager's license without prior Commission approval, provided such stations comply with Commission Rules and coordination requirements.

(c)(1) A Guard Band Manager must file a separate station application and obtain all appropriate Commission approvals or authorizations prior to construction of stations that—

- (i) Require submission of an Environmental Assessment under §1.1307 of this chapter;
- (ii) Require international coordination; or
- (iii) Would affect the radio frequency quiet zones described in §90.177 of this chapter.

(2) Prior to construction of a station, a Guard Band Manager must register with the Commission any station antenna structure for which notification to the Federal Aviation Administration is required by part 17 of this chapter.

(3) It is the Guard Band Manager's responsibility to determine whether a referral to the Commission is needed for any individual station constructed in the Guard Band Manager's license area.

(d)(1) A Guard Band Manager must notify Commission-recognized public safety frequency coordinators for the 700 MHz public safety band and adjacent-area Guard Band Managers within one business day after the Guard Band Manager has:

- (i) Coordinated a new station or modification of an existing station; or
- (ii) Filed an application for an individual station license with the Commission.

(2) The notification required in paragraph (d)(1) of this section must include, at a minimum—

- (i) The frequency or frequencies coordinated;
- (ii) Antenna location and height;
- (iii) Type of emission;
- (iv) Effective radiated power;
- (v) A description of the service area, date of coordination, and user name or, in the alternative, a description of the type of operation.

(3) In the event a Guard Band Manager partitions its service area or disaggregates its spectrum, it is re-

quired to submit the notification required in paragraph (d)(1) of this section to other Guard Band Managers in the same geographic area.

(4) Entities coordinated by a Guard Band Manager must wait at least 10 business days after the notification required in paragraph (d)(1) of this section before operating under the Guard Band Manager's license;

(5) If, in the event of harmful interference, the Guard Band Manager is unable to resolve the problem by mutually satisfactory arrangements, the Commission may impose restrictions on the operations of any of the parties involved.

(e) Where a deletion, move or change authorized under paragraph (b) of this section constitutes a discontinuance, reduction, or impairment of service under §27.66 or where discontinuance, reduction or impairment of service results from an involuntary act subject to §27.66(a), the Guard Band Manager must comply with the notification and authorization requirements set forth in that section.

**§ 27.602 Guard Band Manager agreements.**

Guard Band Managers are required to enter into written agreements regarding the use of their licensed spectrum by others, subject to the following conditions:

(a) The duration of spectrum user agreements may not extend beyond the term of the Guard Band Manager's FCC license.

(b) The spectrum user agreement must specify in detail the operating parameters of the spectrum user's system, including power, maximum antenna heights, frequencies of operation, base station location(s), area(s) of operation, and other parameters specified in Commission rules for the use of spectrum identified in §27.5(b)(1) and (b)(2).

(c) The spectrum user agreement must require the spectrum user to use Commission-approved equipment where appropriate and to complete post-construction proofs of system performance prior to system activation.

(d) The spectrum user must agree to operate its system in compliance with