

(f) Conveyors. (1) Conveyors used in the preparation of ready-to-cook poultry shall be of metal or other acceptable material and of such construction as to permit easy identification of the viscera with their carcass and so designed as will present each carcass or all parts thereof in a way that will permit adequate and efficient inspection.

(2) Overhead conveyors shall be so constructed and maintained that they will not allow grease, oil, or dirt to accumulate on the drop chain or shackle, which shall be of noncorrosive metal.

(3) Nonmetallic belt-type conveyors used in moving poultry products shall be of waterproof composition.

(4) When eviscerated on a conveyor, each carcass shall be suspended and a trough or other acceptable facilities for maintaining proper sanitation shall be provided beneath the conveyor. Such troughs or other facilities shall be flushed or cleaned in an acceptable manner and shall extend beneath the conveyor at all places where processing operations are conducted from the point where the carcass is opened to the point where the viscera have been completely removed.

(g) Chilling and thawing tanks. Chilling and thawing tanks shall be constructed of metal or other suitable material impervious to moisture and shall be of sanitary construction with edges rolled outward. Where mechanical devices are not used for removing carcasses from the chilling or thawing tanks, the tanks will be of a size that will enable employees to remove poultry without entering the tanks.

(h) Tables. Inspection, eviscerating, and cutting tables shall be made of metal or other acceptable material, have coved corners, and be constructed and placed so as to permit thorough cleaning.

(i) Plants lacking conveyors. In plants where no conveyors are used, each carcass shall be eviscerated in an individual metal tray of seamless construction or in a tray of other acceptable material and construction.

(j) Water spray washing equipment. Water spray washing equipment with sufficient water pressure to thoroughly and efficiently wash carcasses inside and out.

(k) Offal receptacles. Watertight receptacles constructed of metal or other acceptable impervious material shall be used for entrails and other waste resulting from preparation of eviscerated poultry.

(l) Receptacles for condemned carcasses. Watertight receptacles for holding or handling condemned carcasses or parts of carcasses shall be so constructed as to be readily and thoroughly cleaned; such receptacles shall be marked in a conspicuous manner with the words "U.S. Condemned" in letters not less than 2 inches high and when required by the inspector in charge, shall be equipped with facilities for locking and sealing.

[40 FR 60053, Dec. 31, 1975, as amended at 62 FR 45026, Aug. 25, 1997]

§ 381.54 Accessibility of equipment.

(a) *General.* All equipment shall be placed so as to be readily accessible for all processing and cleaning operations.

(b) *Mechanical pickers.* When mechanical pickers are used, they shall be installed so as to be accessible for thorough cleaning and removal of the accumulation of feathers.

§ 381.55 Restrictions on use of equipment and utensils.

Equipment and utensils used in the official establishment shall not be used outside the official establishment, except under conditions prescribed or approved by the Administrator in specific cases. Equipment used in the preparation of any article (including, but not limited to, animal food), from inedible material shall not be used outside of the inedible products department except under such conditions as may be prescribed or approved by the Administrator in specific cases.

§ 381.56 Maintenance of sanitary conditions and precautions against contamination of poultry products; PCB-containing equipment.

(a) The premises of the official establishment shall be kept free from refuse, waste materials, and all other sources of odors and conditions that may result in adulteration of the poultry products handled at the establishment.

(b) New or replacement equipment or machinery (including any replacement

parts) brought onto the premises of any official establishment shall not contain liquid polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in concentrations above 50 parts per million by weight of the liquid medium. This provision applies to both food processing and nonfood processing equipment and machinery, and in any replacement parts for such equipment and machinery, totally enclosed capacitors containing less than 3 pounds of PCBs are exempted from this prohibition.

[37 FR 9706, May 16, 1972, as amended at 45 FR 68918, Oct. 17, 1980]

§ 381.57 Cleaning of rooms and compartments.

Rooms, compartments, and other parts of the official establishment shall be kept clean and in sanitary condition and good repair.

§ 381.58 Cleaning of equipment and utensils.

(a) Equipment and utensils used for processing or otherwise handling any poultry or poultry product shall be kept clean, sanitary, and in good repair.

(b) Batteries and dropping pans shall be cleaned regularly and the manure removed from the official establishment daily.

(c) Scalding tanks shall be completely emptied and thoroughly cleaned as often as may be necessary, but not less frequently than once a day when in use.

(d) All equipment and utensils used in the killing, roughing, and pinning rooms shall be thoroughly washed and cleaned once daily when in use.

(e) The chilling and packing room and equipment and utensils used therein shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition.

(f) Chilling or thawing tanks shall be emptied after each use. They shall be thoroughly cleaned at least once daily when in use, except that when the same poultry is held therein in excess of 24 hours, the tank shall be thoroughly cleaned after the poultry is removed therefrom and prior to reuse.

(g) Conveyor trays or belts which come in contact with raw poultry products shall be completely washed and sanitized after each use.

(h) Tables shelves, bins, trays, pans, knives, and other tools and equipment used in the processing of poultry products shall, after cleaning, be drained on racks and trays and pans shall not be nested.

§ 381.59 Vermin.

Every practicable precaution shall be taken to exclude flies, rats, mice, and other vermin from the official establishment. Dogs, cats and other pets shall be excluded from rooms where dressed poultry or other poultry products are processed, handled, or stored.

§ 381.60 Use of compounds.

Germicides, insecticides, rodenticides, detergents, or wetting agents or other similar compounds may be used in an official establishment only if they will not deleteriously affect the poultry or poultry products therein and have been approved by the Administrator. Such compounds shall be used only in a manner satisfactory to the Administrator. Such compounds shall be approved, for the purpose of the Act only upon application and in accordance with the following procedure:

(a) The manufacturer or user of the compound, or any other interested person, shall submit to the Administrator the following data:

(1) The formula of the compound, listing each ingredient and the percentage of each ingredient in terms of weight or liquid measure, if the product is a liquid, and in terms of weight, if it is a solid or semisolid, viscous, or a mixture of liquids and solids. The ingredients must be stated in terms of the well-known common names of the ingredients or if an ingredient has no common name, the correct chemical name. However, in the case of any compound subject to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, a statement of the composition of the compound as required for registration under the Act shall be submitted in lieu of the data otherwise required by this subparagraph.

(2) A certification by the applicant that the compound as it is proposed to be used in the official establishment will not deleteriously affect the poultry or poultry products therein. The