

105TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 3

To combat violent youth crime and increase accountability for juvenile criminal offenses.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 7, 1997

Mr. MCCOLLUM (for himself, Mr. COBLE, Mr. BARR of Georgia, Mr. BRYANT, and Mr. CANADY of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To combat violent youth crime and increase accountability for juvenile criminal offenses.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Juvenile Crime Control
5 Act of 1997”.

1 **TITLE I—STRENGTHENING THE**
2 **FEDERAL JUVENILE JUSTICE**
3 **SYSTEM**

4 **SEC. 101. DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS OR CRIMINAL**
5 **PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS.**

6 Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is
7 amended to read as follows:

8 **“§ 5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal pros-**
9 **ecutions in district courts**

10 “(a)(1) A juvenile alleged to have committed an of-
11 fense against the United States or an act of juvenile delin-
12 quency may be surrendered to State authorities, but if not
13 so surrendered, shall be proceeded against as a juvenile
14 under this subsection or tried as an adult in the cir-
15 cumstances described in subsections (b) and (c), unless the
16 alleged offense or act of juvenile delinquency is committed
17 within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of
18 the United States for which the maximum authorized term
19 of imprisonment does not exceed 6 months.

20 “(2) A juvenile may be proceeded against as a juve-
21 nile in a court of the United States under this subsection
22 if the Attorney General, after investigation, certifies to the
23 appropriate United States district court that—

1 “(A) the juvenile court or other appropriate
2 court of a State does not have jurisdiction or de-
3 clines to assume jurisdiction over the juvenile with
4 respect to the alleged act of juvenile delinquency,
5 and

6 “(B) there is a substantial Federal interest in
7 the case or the offense to warrant the exercise of
8 Federal jurisdiction.

9 “(3) If the Attorney General does not so certify or
10 does not have authority to try such juvenile as an adult,
11 such juvenile shall be surrendered to the appropriate legal
12 authorities of such State.

13 “(4) If a juvenile alleged to have committed an act
14 of juvenile delinquency is proceeded against as a juvenile
15 under this section, any proceedings against the juvenile
16 shall be in an appropriate district court of the United
17 States. For such purposes, the court may be convened at
18 any time and place within the district, in chambers or oth-
19 erwise. The Attorney General shall proceed by information
20 or as authorized by section 3401(g) of this title, and no
21 criminal prosecution shall be instituted except as provided
22 in this chapter.

23 “(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a juve-
24 nile shall be prosecuted as an adult—

1 “(A) if the juvenile has requested in writing
2 upon advice of counsel to be prosecuted as an adult;
3 or

4 “(B) if the juvenile is alleged to have committed
5 an act after the juvenile attains the age of 14 years
6 which if committed by an adult would be a serious
7 violent felony or an offense described in section 408
8 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 848) or
9 a conspiracy or attempt to commit that offense
10 which is punishable under section 406 of the Con-
11 trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 846).

12 “(2) The requirements of paragraph (1) do not apply
13 if the Attorney General certifies to the appropriate United
14 States district court that the interests of public safety are
15 best served by proceeding against the juvenile as a juve-
16 nile.

17 “(c)(1) A juvenile may also be prosecuted as an adult
18 if the juvenile is alleged to have committed an act after
19 the juvenile has attained the age of 13 years which if com-
20 mitted by an adult would be a felony under Federal law,
21 upon approval of the Attorney General or the Attorney
22 General’s designee.

23 “(2) Any such designee shall be at a level not lower
24 than a Deputy Assistant Attorney General.

1 “(3) Such approval shall not be granted, with respect
2 to such a juvenile who is subject to the criminal jurisdic-
3 tion of an Indian tribal government and who is alleged
4 to have committed an act over which, if committed by an
5 adult, there would be Federal jurisdiction based solely on
6 its commission in Indian country (as defined in section
7 1151), unless the governing body of the tribe having juris-
8 diction over the place in which the alleged act was commit-
9 ted has before such act notified the Attorney General in
10 writing of its election that prosecution may take place
11 under this subsection.

12 “(d) A determination to approve or not to approve,
13 or to institute or not to institute, a prosecution under sub-
14 section (b) or (c) shall not be reviewable in any court.

15 “(e) In a prosecution under subsection (b) or (c), the
16 juvenile may be prosecuted and convicted as an adult for
17 any other offense which is properly joined under the Fed-
18 eral Rules of Criminal Procedure, and may also be con-
19 victed of a lesser included offense.

20 “(f) As used in this section—

21 “(1) the term ‘State’ includes a State of the
22 United States, the District of Columbia, any com-
23 monwealth, territory, or possession of the United

1 States and, with regard to an act of juvenile delin-
2 quency that would have been a misdemeanor if com-
3 mitted by an adult, a federally recognized tribe; and

4 “(2) the term ‘serious violent felony’ has the
5 same meaning given that term in section
6 3559(c)(2)(F)(i).”.

7 **SEC. 102. CUSTODY PRIOR TO APPEARANCE BEFORE JUDI-**
8 **CIAL OFFICER.**

9 Section 5033 of title 18, United States Code, is
10 amended to read as follows:

11 **“§ 5033. Custody prior to appearance before judicial**
12 **officer**

13 “(a) Whenever a juvenile is taken into custody, the
14 arresting officer shall immediately advise such juvenile of
15 the juvenile’s rights, in language comprehensible to a juve-
16 nile. The arresting officer shall promptly take reasonable
17 steps to notify the juvenile’s parents, guardian, or custo-
18 dian of such custody, of the rights of the juvenile, and
19 of the nature of the alleged offense.

20 “(b) The juvenile shall be taken before a judicial offi-
21 cer without unreasonable delay.”.

22 **SEC. 103. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO**
23 **SECTION 5034.**

24 Section 5034 of title 18, United States Code, is
25 amended—

1 (1) by striking “The” each place it appears at
2 the beginning of a paragraph and inserting “the”;

3 (2) by striking “If” at the beginning of the 3rd
4 paragraph and inserting “if”;

5 (3) by designating the 3 paragraphs as para-
6 graphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively; and

7 (4) by inserting at the beginning of such section
8 before those paragraphs the following: “In a pro-
9 ceeding under section 5032(a)—”.

10 **SEC. 104. DETENTION PRIOR TO DISPOSITION OR SENTENC-**
11 **ING.**

12 Section 5035 of title 18, United States Code, is
13 amended to read as follows:

14 **“§ 5035. Detention prior to disposition or sentencing**

15 “(a)(1) A juvenile prosecuted pursuant to subsection
16 (b) of section 5032, or a juvenile 15 years of age or older
17 prosecuted pursuant to subsection (c) of such section, if
18 detained at any time prior to sentencing, shall be detained
19 in such suitable place as the Attorney General may des-
20 ignate. Preference shall be given to a place located within,
21 or within a reasonable distance of, the district in which
22 the juvenile is being prosecuted.

23 “(2) A juvenile less than 15 years of age prosecuted
24 pursuant to subsection (c) of section 5032, if detained at

1 any time prior to sentencing, shall be detained in a suit-
2 able juvenile facility located within, or within a reasonable
3 distance of, the district in which the juvenile is being pros-
4 ecuted. If such a facility is not available, such a juvenile
5 may be detained in any other suitable facility located with-
6 in, or within a reasonable distance of, such district. If no
7 such facility is available, such a juvenile may be detained
8 in any other suitable place as the Attorney General may
9 designate.

10 “(3) To the maximum extent feasible, a juvenile less
11 than 15 years of age prosecuted pursuant to subsection
12 (c) of section 5032 shall not be detained prior to sentenc-
13 ing in any facility in which the juvenile has regular contact
14 with adult persons convicted of a crime or awaiting trial
15 on criminal charges.

16 “(b) A juvenile proceeded against under section
17 5032(a) shall not be detained prior to disposition in any
18 facility in which the juvenile has regular contact with adult
19 persons convicted of a crime or awaiting trial on criminal
20 charges.

21 “(c) Every juvenile who is detained prior to disposi-
22 tion or sentencing shall be provided with reasonable safety
23 and security and with adequate food, heat, light, sanitary
24 facilities, bedding, clothing, recreation, education, and

1 medical care, including necessary psychiatric, psycho-
2 logical, or other care and treatment.”.

3 **SEC. 105. SPEEDY TRIAL.**

4 Section 5036 of title 18, United States Code, is
5 amended by—

6 (1) striking “If an alleged delinquent” and in-
7 sserting “If a juvenile proceeded against under sec-
8 tion 5032(a)”;

9 (2) striking “thirty” and inserting “45”; and

10 (3) striking “the court,” and all that follows
11 through the end of the section and inserting “the
12 court. The periods of exclusion under section
13 3161(h) of this title shall apply to this section.”.

14 **SEC. 106. DISPOSITION; AVAILABILITY OF INCREASED DE-**
15 **TENTION, FINES AND SUPERVISED RELEASE**
16 **FOR JUVENILE OFFENDERS.**

17 (a) DISPOSITION.—Section 5037 of title 18, United
18 States Code, is amended to read as follows:

19 **“§ 5037. Disposition**

20 “(a) In a proceeding under section 5032(a), if the
21 court finds a juvenile to be a juvenile delinquent, the court
22 shall hold a hearing concerning the appropriate disposition
23 of the juvenile no later than 40 court days after the find-
24 ing of juvenile delinquency, unless the court has ordered
25 further study pursuant to subsection (e). A predisposition

1 report shall be prepared by the probation officer who shall
2 promptly provide a copy to the juvenile, the juvenile’s
3 counsel, and the attorney for the Government. Victim im-
4 pact information shall be included in the report, and vic-
5 tims, or in appropriate cases their official representatives,
6 shall be provided the opportunity to make a statement to
7 the court in person or present any information in relation
8 to the disposition. After the dispositional hearing, and
9 after considering possible sanctions established pursuant
10 to subsection (f), the court shall impose an appropriate
11 sanction, including the ordering of restitution pursuant to
12 section 3556 of this title. With respect to release or deten-
13 tion pending an appeal or a petition for a writ of certiorari
14 after disposition, the court shall proceed pursuant to the
15 provisions of chapter 207.

16 “(b) The term for which probation may be ordered
17 for a juvenile found to be a juvenile delinquent may not
18 extend beyond the maximum term that would be author-
19 ized by section 3561(c) if the juvenile had been tried and
20 convicted as an adult. Sections 3563, 3564, and 3565 are
21 applicable to an order placing a juvenile on probation.

22 “(c) The term for which official detention may be or-
23 dered for a juvenile found to be a juvenile delinquent may
24 not extend beyond the lesser of—

1 “(1) the maximum term of imprisonment that
2 would be authorized if the juvenile had been tried
3 and convicted as an adult;

4 “(2) ten years; or

5 “(3) the date when the juvenile becomes twen-
6 ty-six years old.

7 Section 3624 is applicable to an order placing a juvenile
8 in detention.

9 “(d) The term for which supervised release may be
10 ordered for a juvenile found to be a juvenile delinquent
11 may not extend beyond 5 years. Subsections (c) through
12 (i) of sections 3583 apply to an order placing a juvenile
13 on supervised release.

14 “(e) If the court desires more detailed information
15 concerning a juvenile alleged to have committed an act of
16 juvenile delinquency or a juvenile adjudicated delinquent,
17 it may commit the juvenile, after notice and hearing at
18 which the juvenile is represented by counsel, to the custody
19 of the Attorney General for observation and study by an
20 appropriate agency or entity. Such observation and study
21 shall be conducted on an outpatient basis, unless the court
22 determines that inpatient observation and study are nec-
23 essary to obtain the desired information. In the case of

1 an alleged juvenile delinquent, inpatient study may be or-
2 dered only with the consent of the juvenile and the juve-
3 nile’s attorney. The agency or entity shall make a study
4 of all matters relevant to the alleged or adjudicated delin-
5 quent behavior and the court’s inquiry. The Attorney Gen-
6 eral shall submit to the court and the attorneys for the
7 juvenile and the Government the results of the study with-
8 in 30 days after the commitment of the juvenile, unless
9 the court grants additional time. Time spent in custody
10 under this subsection shall be excluded for purposes of sec-
11 tion 5036.

12 “(f) The United States Sentencing Commission, in
13 consultation with the Attorney General, shall develop a list
14 of possible sanctions for juveniles adjudicated delinquent.
15 Such list shall be comprehensive in nature and encompass
16 punishments of varying levels of severity, including man-
17 datory confinement for juveniles who have been adju-
18 dicated delinquent in Federal or State court on more than
19 2 occasions.”

20 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The Sentencing Commission
21 shall develop the list required pursuant to section 5037(f),
22 as amended by subsection (a), not later than 180 days
23 after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1 **SEC. 107. JUVENILE RECORDS AND FINGERPRINTING.**

2 Section 5038 of title 18, United States Code, is
3 amended to read as follows:

4 **“§ 5038. Juvenile records and fingerprinting**

5 “(a)(1) Throughout and upon the completion of the
6 juvenile delinquency proceeding under section 5032(a), the
7 court shall keep a record relating to the arrest and adju-
8 dication that is—

9 “(A) equivalent to the record that would be
10 kept of an adult arrest and conviction for such an
11 offense; and

12 “(B) retained for a period of time that is equal
13 to the period of time records are kept for adult con-
14 victions.

15 “(2) Such records shall be made available for official
16 purposes, including communications with any victim or
17 school officials, and to the public to the same extent as
18 court records regarding the criminal prosecutions of adults
19 are available.

20 “(b) The Attorney General shall establish guidelines
21 for fingerprinting and photographing a juvenile who is the
22 subject of any proceeding authorized under this chapter.
23 Such guidelines shall address the availability of pictures
24 of any juvenile taken into custody but not prosecuted as
25 an adult. Fingerprints and photographs of a juvenile who

1 is prosecuted as an adult shall be made available in the
2 manner applicable to adult offenders.

3 “(c) Whenever a juvenile has been adjudicated delin-
4 quent, the court shall transmit to the Federal Bureau of
5 Investigation, Identification Division, the information con-
6 cerning the adjudications, including name, date of adju-
7 dication, court, offenses, and sentence, along with the no-
8 tation that the matters were juvenile adjudications.

9 “(d) In addition to any other authorization under this
10 section for the reporting, retention, disclosure, or avail-
11 ability of records or information, if the law of the State
12 in which a Federal juvenile delinquency proceeding takes
13 place permits or requires the reporting, retention, disclo-
14 sure, or availability of records or information relating to
15 a juvenile or to a juvenile delinquency proceeding or adju-
16 dication in certain circumstances, then such reporting, re-
17 tention, disclosure, or availability is permitted under this
18 section whenever the same circumstances exist.”.

19 **SEC. 108. RESTRICTION ON COMMITMENT.**

20 Section 5039 of title 18, United States Code, is
21 amended to read as follows:

22 **“§ 5039. Commitment**

23 “(a) The Attorney General shall not cause any juve-
24 nile less than 19 years of age adjudicated delinquent under
25 section 5032(a) to be placed or retained in an adult jail

1 or correctional facility in which the juvenile has regular
2 contact with adults incarcerated because they have been
3 convicted of a crime or are awaiting trial on criminal
4 charges, except for placement in a community-based facil-
5 ity.

6 “(b) Every juvenile adjudicated delinquent who has
7 been committed shall be provided with reasonable safety
8 and security and with adequate food, heat, light, sanitary
9 facilities, bedding, clothing, recreation, counseling, edu-
10 cation, training, and medical care including necessary psy-
11 chiatric, psychological, or other care and treatment.”.

12 **SEC. 109. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS OF SECTIONS 5031 AND**
13 **5034.**

14 (a) SECTION 5031.—Sections 5031 and 5034 of title
15 18, United States Code, are each amended by striking
16 “his” each place it appears and inserting “the juvenile’s”.

17 (b) SECTION 5034.—Section 5034 of title 18, United
18 States Code, is amended—

19 (1) in the heading of such section, by striking
20 “magistrate” and inserting “judicial officer”; and

21 (2) by striking “magistrate” each place it ap-
22 pears and inserting “judicial officer”.

1 **SEC. 110. SERIOUS JUVENILE DELINQUENCY DRUG TRAF-**
 2 **FICKING ADJUDICATIONS AS ARMED CAREER**
 3 **CRIMINAL ACT PREDICATES.**

4 Section 924(e)(2)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
 5 is amended—

6 (1) by striking “or” at the end of clause (i);

7 (2) by inserting “or” at the end of clause (ii);

8 and

9 (3) by adding at the end the following:

10 “(iii) any act of juvenile delinquency
 11 that if committed by an adult would be a
 12 serious drug offense described in this para-
 13 graph;”.

14 **SEC. 111. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS TO TABLE OF SECTIONS**
 15 **FOR CHAPTER.**

16 The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 403
 17 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as
 18 follows:

19 **“CHAPTER 403—JUVENILE DELINQUENCY**

“Sec.

“5031. Definitions.

“5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts.

“5033. Custody prior to appearance before judicial officer.

“5034. Duties of judicial officer.

“5035. Detention prior to disposition or sentencing.

“5036. Speedy trial.

“5037. Disposition.

“5038. Juvenile records and fingerprints.

“5039. Commitment.

“5040. Support.

“5041. Repealed.

“5042. Revocation of probation.”.

1 **TITLE II—ARMED VIOLENT**
2 **YOUTH APPREHENSION DI-**
3 **RECTIVE**

4 **SEC. 201. ARMED VIOLENT YOUTH APPREHENSION DIREC-**
5 **TIVE.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
7 date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General
8 of the United States shall establish an armed violent youth
9 apprehension program consistent with the following re-
10 quirements:

11 (1) Each United States attorney shall designate
12 at least 1 assistant United States attorney to pros-
13 ecute, on either a full- or part-time basis, armed vio-
14 lent youth.

15 (2) Each United States attorney shall establish
16 an armed youth criminal apprehension task force
17 comprised of appropriate law enforcement represent-
18 atives. The task force shall develop strategies for re-
19 moving armed violent youth from the streets, taking
20 into consideration—

21 (A) the importance of severe punishment
22 in deterring armed violent youth crime;

23 (B) the effectiveness of Federal and State
24 laws pertaining to apprehension and prosecu-
25 tion of armed violent youth;

1 (C) the resources available to each law en-
2 forcement agency participating in the task
3 force;

4 (D) the nature and extent of the violent
5 youth crime occurring in the district for which
6 the United States attorney is appointed; and

7 (E) the principle of limited Federal in-
8 volvement in the prosecution of crimes tradi-
9 tionally prosecuted in State and local jurisdic-
10 tions.

11 (3) Not less frequently than bimonthly, the At-
12 torney General shall require each United States at-
13 torney to report to the Department of Justice the
14 number of youths charged with, or convicted of, vio-
15 lating section 922(g) or 924 of title 18, United
16 States Code, in the district for which the United
17 States attorney is appointed and the number of
18 youths referred to a State for prosecution for similar
19 offenses.

20 (4) Not less frequently than twice annually, the
21 Attorney General shall submit to the Congress a
22 compilation of the information received by the De-
23 partment of Justice pursuant to paragraph (3) and
24 a report on all waivers granted under subsection (b).

25 (b) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—

1 (1) REQUEST FOR WAIVER.—A United States
2 attorney may request the Attorney General to waive
3 the requirements of subsection (a) with respect to
4 the United States attorney.

5 (2) PROVISION OF WAIVER.—The Attorney
6 General may waive the requirements of subsection
7 (a) pursuant to a request made under paragraph
8 (1), in accordance with guidelines which shall be es-
9 tablished by the Attorney General. In establishing
10 the guidelines, the Attorney General shall take into
11 consideration the number of assistant United States
12 attorneys in the office of the United States attorney
13 making the request and the level of violent youth
14 crime committed in the district for which the United
15 States attorney is appointed.

16 (c) ARMED VIOLENT YOUTH DEFINED.—As used in
17 this section, the term “armed violent youth” means a per-
18 son who has not attained 18 years of age and is accused
19 of violating—

20 (1) section 922(g)(1) of title 18, United States
21 Code, having been previously convicted of—

22 (A) a violent crime; or

23 (B) conduct that would have been a violent
24 crime had the person been an adult; or

25 (2) section 924 of such title.

1 (d) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or ef-
 2 fect after the 5-year period that begins 180 days after the
 3 date of the enactment of this Act.

4 **TITLE III—ACCOUNTABILITY**
 5 **FOR JUVENILE OFFENDERS**
 6 **AND PUBLIC PROTECTION IN-**
 7 **CENTIVE GRANTS**

8 **SEC. 301. PUNISHMENT FOR JUVENILE CRIMINALS.**

9 Part R of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
 10 Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.) is
 11 amended—

12 (1) by striking the title of such part and insert-
 13 ing in lieu thereof the following:

14 **“PART R—PUNISHMENT FOR JUVENILE CRIMI-**
 15 **NALS AND RELATED IMPROVEMENTS IN**
 16 **PUBLIC SAFETY”;**

17 (2) in section 1801—

18 (A) by striking the section heading and in-
 19 sserting:

20 **“SEC. 1801. GRANT AUTHORIZATION AND ELIGIBILITY.”;**

21 (B) in subsection (a), by striking “the pur-
 22 pose” and all that follows through the period
 23 and inserting “purposes of building, expanding,
 24 or operating temporary or permanent juvenile

1 correction or detention facilities or for develop-
2 ing and administering accountability-based
3 sanctions for juvenile offenders.”; and

4 (C) by striking subsection (b) and insert-
5 ing the following:

6 “(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant
7 award under this section, a State shall submit an applica-
8 tion to the Attorney General that demonstrates that such
9 State has in effect or has implemented (or will have in
10 effect or will have implemented not later than 1 year after
11 the date the State submits such application) laws, policies,
12 or programs which—

13 “(1) authorize prosecution as an adult of a ju-
14 venile who commits an act after attaining 14 years
15 of age that would be a serious violent crime if com-
16 mitted by an adult;

17 “(2) establish graduated sanctions for juvenile
18 offenders, ensuring a sanction for every delinquent
19 or criminal act, and escalating the sanction with
20 each subsequent delinquent or criminal act, includ-
21 ing such accountability-based punishments as—

22 “(A) restitution;

23 “(B) community service;

1 “(C) mandatory confinement for juveniles
2 who on more than 2 occasions have been adju-
3 dicated delinquent or convicted of a criminal of-
4 fense; or

5 “(D) punishment of parents in violation of
6 court orders; and

7 “(3) provide for a system of records relating to
8 any adjudication of juveniles who are adjudicated de-
9 linquent for conduct that if committed by an adult
10 would constitute a felony under Federal or State law
11 that is—

12 “(A) equivalent to the records that would
13 be kept of adults arrested for such conduct, in-
14 cluding fingerprints and photographs;

15 “(B) submitted to the Federal Bureau of
16 Investigation in the same manner as adult
17 records are so submitted;

18 “(C) retained for a period of time that is
19 equal to the period of time records are retained
20 for adults; and

21 “(D) available to law enforcement agen-
22 cies, the courts, and school officials (and such
23 school officials shall be subject to the same
24 standards and penalties to which law enforce-
25 ment and juvenile justice system employees are

1 subject under Federal and State law, for han-
2 dling and disclosing such information).”;

3 (3) in section 1803(c), by striking “alternative”
4 and all that follows through the period and inserting
5 “correction or detention facilities described in sec-
6 tion 1801(a).”; and

7 (4) in section 1805—

8 (A) in subsection (a), by striking “young
9 offenders” each place it appears and inserting
10 “juvenile offenders”;

11 (B) in subsection (b), by striking “or that
12 a State is not eligible to receive funds under
13 section 1801”;

14 (C) by striking subsection (e) and redesign-
15 ating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as sub-
16 sections (e), (d), and (e), respectively;

17 (D) in subsection (c) (as redesignated), by
18 striking “75” and inserting “90”; and

19 (E) by striking subsection (e) (as redesign-
20 ated) and adding at the end the following:

21 “(e) DEFINITIONS.— For purposes of this part—

22 “(1) the term ‘serious violent crime’ means—

23 “(A) murder or nonnegligent man-
24 slaughter, forcible rape, or robbery, or

1 “(B) aggravated assault committed with
2 the use of a firearm; and

3 “(2) the term ‘juvenile’ means a person under
4 18 years of age.”.

5 **SEC. 302. DEFINITION.**

6 Section 901(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-
7 trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 is amended by striking
8 paragraph (24) and redesignating paragraph (25) as para-
9 graph (24).

10 **SEC. 303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

11 Section 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-
12 trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 is amended by striking
13 subparagraphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (16) and in-
14 serting in lieu thereof the following:

15 “(A) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;

16 “(B) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;

17 and

18 “(C) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2000.”.

19 **SEC. 304. CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**

20 The table of contents of title I of the Omnibus Crime
21 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 is amended by strik-
22 ing the item relating to the heading for part R and the
23 item relating to section 1801 and inserting the following:

“PART R—PUNISHMENT FOR JUVENILE OFFENDERS AND RELATED
IMPROVEMENTS IN PUBLIC SAFETY

“Sec. 1801. Grant Authorization and Eligibility.”

