107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2975

[Report No. 107-236, Part I]

To combat terrorism, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 2, 2001

Mr. Sensenbrenner (for himself, Mr. Conyers, Mr. Hyde, Mr. Coble, Mr. Goodlatte, Mr. Jenkins, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Cannon, Mr. Meehan, Mr. Graham, Mr. Bachus, Mr. Wexler, Mr. Hostettler, Mr. Keller, Mr. Issa, Ms. Hart, Mr. Flake, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Goss, Mr. Rangel, Mr. Berman, and Ms. Lofgren) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Intelligence (Permanent Select), International Relations, Resources, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

OCTOBER 11, 2001

Additional sponsors: Mr. Delahunt, Mr. Weiner, Mr. Frank, and Mr. Smith of Texas

OCTOBER 11, 2001

Reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

OCTOBER 11, 2001

Committees on International Relations, Resources, and Ways and Means discharged

OCTOBER 11, 2001

Referral to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence extended for a period ending not later than October 12, 2001

A BILL

To combat terrorism, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Provide Appropriate
- 5 Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (PA-
- 6 TRIOT) Act of 2001".
- 7 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 8 The following is the table of contents for this Act:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Table of contents.
 - Sec. 3. Construction; severability.

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE GATHERING

Subtitle A—Electronic Surveillance

- Sec. 101. Modification of authorities relating to use of pen registers and trap and trace devices.
- Sec. 102. Seizure of voice-mail messages pursuant to warrants.
- Sec. 103. Authorized disclosure.
- Sec. 104. Savings provision.
- Sec. 105. Interception of computer trespasser communications.
- Sec. 106. Technical amendment.
- Sec. 107. Scope of subpoenas for records of electronic communications.
- Sec. 108. Nationwide service of search warrants for electronic evidence.
- Sec. 109. Clarification of scope.
- Sec. 110. Emergency disclosure of electronic communications to protect life and limb.
- Sec. 111. Use as evidence.
- Sec. 112. Reports concerning the disclosure of the contents of electronic communications.

Subtitle B—Foreign Intelligence Surveillance and Other Information

Sec. 151. Period of orders of electronic surveillance of non-United States persons under foreign intelligence surveillance.

- Sec. 152. Multi-point authority.
- Sec. 153. Foreign intelligence information.
- Sec. 154. Foreign intelligence information sharing.
- Sec. 155. Pen register and trap and trace authority.
- Sec. 156. Business records.
- Sec. 157. Miscellaneous national-security authorities.
- Sec. 158. Proposed legislation.
- Sec. 159. Presidential authority.
- Sec. 160. Clarification of no technology mandates.
- Sec. 161. Civil liability for certain unauthorized disclosures.
- Sec. 162. Sunset.

TITLE II—ALIENS ENGAGING IN TERRORIST ACTIVITY

Subtitle A—Detention and Removal of Aliens Engaging in Terrorist Activity

- Sec. 201. Changes in classes of aliens who are ineligible for admission and deportable due to terrorist activity.
- Sec. 202. Changes in designation of foreign terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 203. Mandatory detention of suspected terrorists; habeas corpus; judicial review.
- Sec. 204. Changes in conditions for granting asylum.
- Sec. 205. Multilateral cooperation against terrorists.
- Sec. 206. Requiring sharing by the Federal bureau of investigation of certain criminal record extracts with other Federal agencies in order to enhance border security.
- Sec. 207. Inadmissibility of aliens engaged in money laundering.
- Sec. 208. Program to collect information relating to nonimmigrant foreign students and other exchange program participants.
- Sec. 209. Protection of northern border.

Subtitle B—Preservation of Immigration Benefits for Victims of Terrorism

- Sec. 211. Special immigrant status.
- Sec. 212. Extension of filing or reentry deadlines.
- Sec. 213. Humanitarian relief for certain surviving spouses and children.
- Sec. 214. "Age-out" protection for children.
- Sec. 215. Temporary administrative relief.
- Sec. 216. Evidence of death, disability, or loss of employment.
- Sec. 217. No benefits to terrorists or family members of terrorists.
- Sec. 218. Definitions.

TITLE III—CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Subtitle A—Substantive Criminal Law

- Sec. 301. Statute of limitation for prosecuting terrorism offenses.
- Sec. 302. Alternative maximum penalties for terrorism crimes.
- Sec. 303. Penalties for terrorist conspiracies.
- Sec. 304. Terrorism crimes as rico predicates.
- Sec. 305. Biological weapons.
- Sec. 306. Support of terrorism through expert advice or assistance.
- Sec. 307. Prohibition against harboring.
- Sec. 308. Post-release supervision of terrorists.
- Sec. 309. Definition.
- Sec. 310. Civil damages.

Subtitle B—Criminal Procedure

- Sec. 351. Single-jurisdiction search warrants for terrorism.
- Sec. 352. DNA identification of terrorists.
- Sec. 353. Grand jury matters.
- Sec. 354. Extraterritoriality.
- Sec. 355. Jurisdiction over crimes committed at United States facilities abroad.
- Sec. 356. Special agent authorities.

TITLE IV—FINANCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE

- Sec. 401. Laundering the proceeds of terrorism.
- Sec. 402. Material support for terrorism.
- Sec. 403. Assets of terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 404. Technical clarification relating to provision of material support to terrorism.
- Sec. 405. Disclosure of tax information in terrorism and national security investigations.
- Sec. 406. Extraterritorial jurisdiction.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATIONS

- Sec. 501. Office of Justice programs.
- Sec. 502. Attorney General's authority to pay rewards.
- Sec. 503. Limited authority to pay overtime.
- Sec. 504. Department of State reward authority.
- Sec. 505. Authorization of funds for DEA police training in South and Central Asia.
- Sec. 506. Public safety officer benefits.

TITLE VI—DAM SECURITY

Sec. 601. Security of reclamation dams, facilities, and resources.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 701. Employment of translators by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 702. Review of the Department of Justice.
- Sec. 703. Feasibility study on use of biometric identifier scanning system with access to the FBI integrated automated fingerprint identification system at overseas consular posts and points of entry to the United States.
- Sec. 704. Study of access.
- Sec. 705. Enforcement of certain anti-terrorism judgments.

TITLE VIII—PRIVATE SECURITY OFFICER QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Sec. 801. Short title.
- Sec. 802. Findings.
- Sec. 803. Background checks.
- Sec. 804. Sense of Congress.
- Sec. 805. Definitions.

1 SEC. 3. CONSTRUCTION; SEVERABILITY.

2	Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or unen-
3	forceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or cir-
4	cumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the maximum
5	effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one
6	of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such
7	provision shall be deemed severable from this Act and shall
8	not affect the remainder thereof or the application of such
9	provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other,
10	dissimilar circumstances.
11	TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE
12	GATHERING
13	$Subtitle \ A-\!$
14	SEC. 101. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO
15	USE OF PEN REGISTERS AND TRAP AND
16	TRACE DEVICES.
17	(a) General Limitation on Use by Governmental
18	AGENCIES.—Section 3121(c) of title 18, United States
19	Code, is amended—
20	(1) by inserting "or trap and trace device" after
21	"pen register";
22	(2) by inserting ", routing, addressing," after
23	"dialing"; and
24	(3) by striking "call processing" and inserting
25	"the processing and transmitting of wire and elec-
26	$tronic\ communications".$

(b) Issuance of Orders.—

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2 (1) In General.—Subsection (a) of section 3123 3 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as 4 follows:

"(a) In General.—

"(1) Upon an application made under section 3122(a)(1), the court shall enter an exparte order authorizing the installation and use of a pen register or trap and trace device anywhere within the United States, if the court finds that the attorney for the Government has certified to the court that the information likely to be obtained by such installation and use is relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation. The order shall, upon service thereof, apply to any person or entity providing wire or electronic communication service in the United States whose assistance may facilitate the execution of the order. Whenever such an order is served on any person or entity not specifically named in the order, upon request of such person or entity, the attorney for the Government or law enforcement or investigative officer that is serving the order shall provide written or electronic certification that the assistance of the person or entity being served is related to the order.

1	"(2) Upon an application made under section
2	3122(a)(2), the court shall enter an ex parte order au-
3	thorizing the installation and use of a pen register or
4	trap and trace device within the jurisdiction of the
5	court, if the court finds that the State law-enforce-
6	ment or investigative officer has certified to the court
7	that the information likely to be obtained by such in-
8	stallation and use is relevant to an ongoing criminal
9	investigation.".
10	(2) Contents of order.—Subsection (b)(1) of
11	section 3123 of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	$(A) \ in \ subparagraph \ (A)$ —
14	(i) by inserting "or other facility"
15	after "telephone line"; and
16	(ii) by inserting before the semicolon at
17	the end "or applied"; and
18	(B) by striking subparagraph (C) and in-
19	serting the following:
20	"(C) the attributes of the communications to
21	which the order applies, including the number or
22	other identifier and, if known, the location of the
23	telephone line or other facility to which the pen
24	register or trap and trace device is to be attached
25	or applied, and, in the case of an order author-

1	izing installation and use of a trap and trace de-
2	vice under subsection (a)(2), the geographic lim-
3	its of the order; and".
4	(3) Nondisclosure requirements.—Sub-
5	section (d)(2) of section 3123 of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(A) by inserting "or other facility" after
8	"the line"; and
9	(B) by striking ", or who has been ordered
10	by the court" and inserting "or applied, or who
11	is obligated by the order".
12	(c) Definitions.—
13	(1) Court of competent jurisdiction.—
14	Paragraph (2) of section 3127 of title 18, United
15	States Code, is amended by striking subparagraph
16	(A) and inserting the following:
17	"(A) any district court of the United States
18	(including a magistrate judge of such a court),
19	or any United States court of appeals, having
20	jurisdiction over the offense being investigated;
21	or".
22	(2) Pen register.—Paragraph (3) of section
23	3127 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
24	(A) by striking "electronic or other im-
25	pulses" and all that follows through "is at-

1	tached" and inserting "dialing, routing, address-
2	ing, or signaling information transmitted by an
3	instrument or facility from which a wire or elec-
4	tronic communication is transmitted (but not
5	including the contents of such communication)";
6	and
7	(B) by inserting "or process" after "device"
8	each place it appears.
9	(3) Trap and trace device.—Paragraph (4) of
10	section 3127 of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended—
12	(A) by inserting "or process" after "a de-
13	vice"; and
14	(B) by striking "of an instrument" and all
15	that follows through the end and inserting "or
16	other dialing, routing, addressing, and signaling
17	information reasonably likely to identify the
18	source of a wire or electronic communication
19	(but not including the contents of such commu-
20	nication);".
21	(4) Conforming amendment.—Section 3127(1)
22	of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
23	(A) by striking "and"; and
24	(B) by inserting ", and 'contents'" after
25	"'electronic communication service'".

1	(d) No Liability for Internet Service Pro-
2	VIDERS.—Section 3124(d) of title 18, United States Code,
3	is amended by striking "the terms of".
4	SEC. 102. SEIZURE OF VOICE-MAIL MESSAGES PURSUANT
5	TO WARRANTS.
6	Title 18, United States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in section 2510—
8	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking all the
9	words after "commerce"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (14), by inserting "wire
11	or" after "transmission of"; and
12	(2) in section 2703—
13	(A) in the headings for subsections (a) and
14	(b), by striking "Contents of electronic"
15	and inserting "Contents of wire or elec-
16	TRONIC";
17	(B) in subsection (a), by striking "contents
18	of an electronic" and inserting "contents of a
19	wire or electronic" each place it appears; and
20	(C) in subsection (b), by striking "any elec-
21	tronic" and inserting "any wire or electronic"
22	each place it appears.
23	SEC. 103. AUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE.
24	Section 2510(7) of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended by inserting ", and (for purposes only of section

1	2517 as it relates to foreign intelligence information as that
2	term is defined in section 101(e) of the Foreign Intelligence
3	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(e))) any Federal
4	law enforcement, intelligence, national security, national
5	defense, protective, immigration personnel, or the President
6	or Vice President of the United States" after "such of-
7	fenses".
8	SEC. 104. SAVINGS PROVISION.
9	Section 2511(2)(f) of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) by striking "or chapter 121" and inserting
12	", chapter 121, or chapter 206"; and
13	(2) by striking "wire and oral" and inserting
14	"wire, oral, and electronic".
15	SEC. 105. INTERCEPTION OF COMPUTER TRESPASSER COM-
16	MUNICATIONS.
17	Chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code, is
18	amended—
19	(1) in section 2510—
20	(A) in paragraph (17), by striking "and"
21	at the end;
22	(B) in paragraph (18), by striking the pe-
23	riod and inserting a semi-colon; and
24	(C) by adding after paragraph (18) the fol-
25	lowina:

1	"(19) 'protected computer' has the meaning set
2	forth in section 1030; and
3	"(20) 'computer trespasser' means a person who
4	accesses a protected computer without authorization
5	and thus has no reasonable expectation of privacy in
6	any communication transmitted to, through, or from
7	the protected computer.";
8	(2) in section 2511(2), by inserting after para-
9	graph (h) the following:
10	"(i) It shall not be unlawful under this chapter for
11	a person acting under color of law to intercept the wire
12	or electronic communications of a computer trespasser, if—
13	"(i) the owner or operator of the protected com-
14	puter authorizes the interception of the computer tres-
15	passer's communications on the protected computer;
16	"(ii) the person acting under color of law is law-
17	fully engaged in an investigation;
18	"(iii) the person acting under color of law has
19	reasonable grounds to believe that the contents of the
20	computer trespasser's communications will be relevant
21	to the investigation; and
22	"(iv) such interception does not acquire commu-
23	nications other than those transmitted to or from the
24	computer trespasser."; and

1	(3) in section $2520(d)(3)$, by inserting "or
2	2511(2)(i)" after "2511(3)".
3	SEC. 106. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.
4	Section 2518(3)(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
5	amended by inserting "and" after the semicolon.
6	SEC. 107. SCOPE OF SUBPOENAS FOR RECORDS OF ELEC-
7	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.
8	Section 2703(c)(1)(C) of title 18, United States Code,
9	is amended—
10	(1) by striking "entity the name, address, local
11	and long distance telephone toll billing records, tele-
12	phone number or other subscriber number or identity,
13	and length of service of a" and inserting the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"entity the—
16	"(i) name;
17	"(ii) address;
18	"(iii) local and long distance telephone connec-
19	tion records, or records of session times and dura-
20	tions;
21	"(iv) length of service (including start date) and
22	types of service utilized;
23	"(v) telephone or instrument number or other
24	subscriber number or identity, including any tempo-
25	rarily assigned network address; and

1	"(vi) means and source of payment (including
2	any credit card or bank account number);
3	of a"; and
4	(2) by striking "and the types of services the sub-
5	scriber or customer utilized," after "of a subscriber to
6	or customer of such service".
7	SEC. 108. NATIONWIDE SERVICE OF SEARCH WARRANTS
8	FOR ELECTRONIC EVIDENCE.
9	Chapter 121 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) in section 2703, by striking "under the Fed-
12	eral Rules of Criminal Procedure" each place it ap-
13	pears and inserting "using the procedures described
14	in the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure by a
15	court with jurisdiction over the offense under inves-
16	tigation"; and
17	(2) in section 2711—
18	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and";
19	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period
20	and inserting "; and"; and
21	(C) by adding the following new paragraph
22	at the end:
23	"(3) the term 'court of competent jurisdiction'
24	has the meaning given that term in section 3127, and

1	includes any Federal court within that definition,
2	without geographic limitation.".
3	SEC. 109. CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE.
4	Section 2511(2) of title 18, United States Code, as
5	amended by section 105(2) of this Act, is further amended
6	by adding at the end the following:
7	"(j) With respect to a voluntary or obligatory disclo-
8	sure of information (other than information revealing cus-
9	tomer cable viewing activity) under this chapter, chapter
10	121, or chapter 206, subsections (c)(2)(B) and (h) of section
11	631 of the Communications Act of 1934 do not apply.".
12	SEC. 110. EMERGENCY DISCLOSURE OF ELECTRONIC COM-
13	MUNICATIONS TO PROTECT LIFE AND LIMB.
14	(a) Section 2702 of title 18, United States Code, is
15	amended—
16	(1) by amending the heading to read as follows:
17	"§ 2702. Voluntary disclosure of customer communica-
18	tions or records";
19	(2) in subsection (a)(2)(B) by striking the period
20	and inserting "; and";
21	(3) in subsection (a), by inserting after para-
22	graph (2) the following:
23	"(3) a provider of remote computing service or
24	electronic communication service to the public shall
25	not knowingly divulge a record or other information

1	pertaining to a subscriber to or customer of such serv-
2	ice (not including the contents of communications
3	covered by paragraph (1) or (2)) to any governmental
4	entity.";
5	(4) in subsection (b), by striking "Excep-
6	Tions.—A person or entity" and inserting "Excep-
7	Tions for Disclosure of Communications.—A
8	provider described in subsection (a)";
9	(5) in subsection $(b)(6)$ —
10	(A) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking
11	"or";
12	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the
13	period and inserting "; or";
14	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the
15	following:
16	"(C) if the provider reasonably believes that
17	an emergency involving immediate danger of
18	death or serious physical injury to any person
19	requires disclosure of the information without
20	delay."; and
21	(6) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(c) Exceptions for Disclosure of Customer
24	Records.—A provider described in subsection (a) may di-
25	vulae a record or other information pertaining to a sub-

1	scriber to or customer of such service (not including the con-
2	tents of communications covered by subsection (a)(1) or
3	(a)(2))—
4	"(1) as otherwise authorized in section 2703;
5	"(2) with the lawful consent of the customer or
6	subscriber;
7	"(3) as may be necessarily incident to the ren-
8	dition of the service or to the protection of the rights
9	or property of the provider of that service;
10	"(4) to a governmental entity, if the provider
11	reasonably believes that an emergency involving im-
12	mediate danger of death or serious physical injury to
13	any person justifies disclosure of the information; or
14	"(5) to any person other than a governmental
15	entity.".
16	(b) Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended—
18	(1) so that the section heading reads as follows:
19	"§ 2703. Required disclosure of customer communica-
20	tions or records";
21	(2) in subsection $(c)(1)$ —
22	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "Ex-
23	cept" and all that follows through "only when"
24	in subparagraph (B) and inserting "A govern-
25	mental entity may require a provider of elec-

1	tronic communication service or remote com-
2	puting service to disclose a record or other infor-
3	mation pertaining to a subscriber to or customer
4	of such service (not including the contents of
5	communications) only when";
6	(B) by striking "or" at the end of clause
7	(iii) of subparagraph (B);
8	(C) by striking the period at the end of
9	clause (iv) of subparagraph (B) and inserting ";
10	or";
11	(D) by inserting after clause (iv) of sub-
12	paragraph (B) the following:
13	"(v) seeks information pursuant to subparagraph
14	(B).";
15	(E) in subparagraph (C), by striking "(B)"
16	and inserting "(A)"; and
17	(F) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as
18	subparagraph (B); and
19	(3) in subsection (e), by striking "or certifi-
20	cation" and inserting "certification, or statutory au-
21	thorization".
22	(c) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter
23	121 of title 18, United States Code, is amended so that the
24	items relating to sections 2702 through 2703 read as follows:
	"2702 Valuntamy disalogues of systems a communications or records

[&]quot;2702. Voluntary disclosure of customer communications or records.

[&]quot;2703. Required disclosure of customer communications or records.".

1 SEC. 111. USE AS EVIDENCE.

2	(a) In General.—Section 2515 of title 18, United
3	States Code, is amended—
4	(1) by striking "wire or oral" in the heading
5	and inserting "wire, oral, or electronic";
6	(2) by striking "Whenever any wire or oral com-
7	munication has been intercepted" and inserting "(a)
8	Except as provided in subsection (b), whenever any
9	wire, oral, or electronic communication has been
10	intercepted, or any electronic communication in elec-
11	tronic storage has been disclosed";
12	(3) by inserting "or chapter 121" after "this
13	chapter"; and
14	(4) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to the disclosure,
16	before a grand jury or in a criminal trial, hearing, or other
17	criminal proceeding, of the contents of a communication,
18	or evidence derived therefrom, against a person alleged to
19	have intercepted, used, or disclosed the communication in
20	violation of this chapter, or chapter 121, or participated
21	in such violation.".
22	(b) Section 2517.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section
23	2517 are each amended by inserting "or under the cir-
24	cumstances described in section 2515(b)" after "by this

25 chapter".

1	(c) Section 2518.—Section 2518 of title 18, United
2	States Code, is amended—
3	(1) in subsection (7), by striking "subsection
4	(d)" and inserting "subsection (8)(d)"; and
5	(2) in subsection (10)—
6	(A) in paragraph (a)—
7	(i) by striking "or oral" each place it
8	appears and inserting ", oral, or elec-
9	tronic";
10	(ii) by striking the period at the end of
11	clause (iii) and inserting a semicolon; and
12	(iii) by inserting "except that no sup-
13	pression may be ordered under the cir-
14	cumstances described in section 2515(b)."
15	before "Such motion"; and
16	(B) by striking paragraph (c).
17	(d) Clerical Amendment.—The item relating to sec-
18	tion 2515 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter
19	119 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as
20	follows:

"2515. Prohibition of use as evidence of intercepted wire, oral, or electronic communications.".

1	SEC. 112. REPORTS CONCERNING THE DISCLOSURE OF THE
2	CONTENTS OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA-
3	TIONS.
4	Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
5	ed by adding at the end the following:
6	"(g) Reports Concerning the Disclosure of the
7	Contents of Electronic Communications.—
8	"(1) By January 31 of each calendar year, the
9	judge issuing or denying an order, warrant, or sub-
10	poena, or the authority issuing or denying a sub-
11	poena, under subsection (a) or (b) of this section dur-
12	ing the preceding calendar year shall report on each
13	such order, warrant, or subpoena to the Administra-
14	tive Office of the United States Courts—
15	"(A) the fact that the order, warrant, or
16	subpoena was applied for;
17	"(B) the kind of order, warrant, or sub-
18	poena applied for;
19	"(C) the fact that the order, warrant, or
20	subpoena was granted as applied for, was modi-
21	fied, or was denied;
22	"(D) the offense specified in the order, war-
23	rant, subpoena, or application;
24	"(E) the identity of the agency making the
25	application; and

1	"(F) the nature of the facilities from which
2	or the place where the contents of electronic com-
3	munications were to be disclosed.
4	"(2) In January of each year the Attorney Gen-
5	eral or an Assistant Attorney General specially des-
6	ignated by the Attorney General shall report to the
7	Administrative Office of the United States Courts—
8	"(A) the information required by subpara-
9	graphs (A) through (F) of paragraph (1) of this
10	subsection with respect to each application for
11	an order, warrant, or subpoena made during the
12	preceding calendar year; and
13	"(B) a general description of the disclosures
14	made under each such order, warrant, or sub-
15	poena, including—
16	"(i) the approximate number of all
17	communications disclosed and, of those, the
18	approximate number of incriminating com-
19	$munications\ disclosed;$
20	"(ii) the approximate number of other
21	communications disclosed; and
22	"(iii) the approximate number of per-
23	sons whose communications were disclosed.
24	"(3) In June of each year, beginning in 2003,
25	the Director of the Administrative Office of the

1	United States Courts shall transmit to the Congress
2	a full and complete report concerning the number of
3	applications for orders, warrants, or subpoenas au-
4	thorizing or requiring the disclosure of the contents of
5	electronic communications pursuant to subsections (a)
6	and (b) of this section and the number of orders, war-
7	rants, or subpoenas granted or denied pursuant to
8	subsections (a) and (b) of this section during the pre-
9	ceding calendar year. Such report shall include a
10	summary and analysis of the data required to be filed
11	with the Administrative Office by paragraphs (1) and
12	(2) of this subsection. The Director of the Administra-
13	tive Office of the United States Courts is authorized
14	to issue binding regulations dealing with the content
15	and form of the reports required to be filed by para-
16	graphs (1) and (2) of this subsection.".
17	Subtitle B—Foreign Intelligence
18	Surveillance and Other Informa-
19	tion
20	SEC. 151. PERIOD OF ORDERS OF ELECTRONIC SURVEIL-
21	LANCE OF NON-UNITED STATES PERSONS
22	UNDER FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEIL-
23	LANCE.
24	(a) Including Agents of a Foreign Power.—(1)
25	Section 105(e)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance

- 1 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(e)(1)) is amended by inserting
- 2 "or an agent of a foreign power, as defined in section
- 3 101(b)(1)(A)," after "or (3),".
- 4 (2) Section 304(d)(1) of such Act (50 U.S.C.
- 5 1824(d)(1)) is amended by inserting "or an agent of a for-
- 6 eign power, as defined in section 101(b)(1)(A)," after
- 7 "101(a),".
- 8 (b) Period of Order.—Such section 304(d)(1) is
- 9 further amended by striking "forty-five" and inserting
- 10 "90".

11 SEC. 152. MULTI-POINT AUTHORITY.

- 12 Section 105(c)(2)(B) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
- 13 veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(c)(2)(B)) is amended
- 14 by inserting ", or, in circumstances where the Court finds
- 15 that the actions of the target of the electronic surveillance
- 16 may have the effect of thwarting the identification of a spec-
- 17 ified person, such other persons," after "specified person".

18 SEC. 153. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION.

- 19 Sections 104(a)(7)(B) and 303(a)(7)(B) of the Foreign
- 20 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 21 1804(a)(7)(B), 1823(a)(7)(B)) are each amended by strik-
- 22 ing "that the" and inserting "that a significant".

23 SEC. 154. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SHARING.

- 24 It shall be lawful for foreign intelligence information
- 25 (as that term is defined in section 101(e) of the Foreign

1	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(e))
2	obtained as part of a criminal investigation (including in-
3	formation obtained pursuant to chapter 119 of title 18,
4	United States Code) to be provided to any Federal law-en-
5	forcement-, intelligence-, protective-, national-defense, or
6	immigration personnel, or the President or the Vice Presi-
7	dent of the United States, for the performance of official
8	duties.
9	SEC. 155. PEN REGISTER AND TRAP AND TRACE AUTHOR-
10	ITY.
11	Section 402(c) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
12	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1842(c)) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (1), by adding "and" at the
14	end;
15	(2) in paragraph (2)—
16	(A) by inserting "from the telephone line to
17	which the pen register or trap and trace device
18	is to be attached, or the communication instru-
19	ment or device to be covered by the pen register
20	or trap and trace device" after "obtained"; and
21	(B) by striking "; and" and inserting a pe-
22	riod; and
23	(3) by striking paragraph (3).

1 SEC. 156. BUSINESS RECORDS.

2	(a) In General.—Section 501 of the Foreign Intel-
3	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861) is amend-
4	ed to read as follows:
5	"ACCESS TO CERTAIN BUSINESS RECORDS FOR FOREIGN
6	INTELLIGENCE AND INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM IN-
7	VESTIGATIONS
8	"Sec. 501. (a) In any investigation to gather foreign
9	intelligence information or an investigation concerning
10	international terrorism, such investigation being conducted
11	by the Federal Bureau of Investigation under such guide-
12	lines as the Attorney General may approve pursuant to Ex-
13	ecutive Order No. 12333 (or a successor order), the Director
14	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or a designee of the
15	Director (whose rank shall be no lower than Assistant Spe-
16	cial Agent in Charge) may make an application for an
17	order requiring the production of any tangible things (in-
18	cluding books, records, papers, documents, and other items)
19	that are relevant to the investigation.
20	"(b) Each application under this section—
21	"(1) shall be made to—
22	"(A) a judge of the court established by sec-
23	tion 103(a) of this Act; or
24	"(B) a United States magistrate judge
25	under chapter 43 of title 28, United States Code,
26	who is publicly designated by the Chief Justice

- 1 of the United States to have the power to hear
- 2 applications and grant orders for the release of
- 3 records under this section on behalf of a judge of
- 4 that court; and
- 5 "(2) shall specify that the records concerned are
- 6 sought for an investigation described in subsection
- 7 (a).
- 8 "(c)(1) Upon application made pursuant to this sec-
- 9 tion, the judge shall enter an ex parte order as requested
- 10 requiring the production the tangible things sought if the
- 11 judge finds that the application satisfies the requirements
- 12 of this section.
- 13 "(2) An order under this subsection shall not disclose
- 14 that it is issued for purposes of an investigation described
- 15 in subsection (a).
- 16 "(d) A person who, in good faith, produces tangible
- 17 things under an order issued pursuant to this section shall
- 18 not be liable to any other person for such production. Such
- 19 production shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of
- 20 any privilege in any other proceeding or context.".
- 21 (b) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 502 of
- 22 such Act (50 U.S.C. 1862) is repealed.
- 23 (2) Section 503 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1863) is redes-
- 24 ignated as section 502.

1	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents at
2	the beginning of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
3	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by striking
4	the items relating to title V and inserting the following:
	"TITLE V—ACCESS TO CERTAIN BUSINESS RECORDS FOR FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE PURPOSES
	"Sec. 501. Access to certain business records for foreign intelligence and international terrorism investigations. "Sec. 502. Congressional oversight.".
5	SEC. 157. MISCELLANEOUS NATIONAL-SECURITY AUTHORI-
6	TIES.
7	(a) Section 2709(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1)—
10	(A) by inserting ", or electronic commu-
11	nication transactional records" after "toll billing
12	records"; and
13	(B) by striking "made that" and all that
14	follows through the end of such paragraph and
15	inserting "made that the name, address, length
16	of service, and toll billing records sought are rel-
17	evant to an authorized foreign counterintel-
18	ligence investigation; and"; and
19	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "made that"
20	and all that follows through the end of such para-
21	graph and inserting "made that the information

- 1 sought is relevant to an authorized foreign counter-
- 2 intelligence investigation.".
- 3 (b) Section 624 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (Pub-
- 4 lic Law 90-321; 15 U.S.C. 1681u), as added by section
- 5 601(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
- 6 1996 (Public Law 104–93; 110 Stat. 974), is amended—
- 7 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "writing that"
- 8 and all that follows through the end and inserting
- 9 "writing that such information is necessary for the
- 10 conduct of an authorized foreign counterintelligence
- 11 investigation.";
- 12 (2) in subsection (b), by striking "writing that"
- and all that follows through the end and inserting
- "writing that such information is necessary for the
- 15 conduct of an authorized foreign counterintelligence
- 16 investigation."; and
- 17 (3) in subsection (c), by striking "camera that"
- and all that follows through "States." and inserting
- 19 "camera that the consumer report is necessary for the
- 20 conduct of an authorized foreign counterintelligence
- 21 investigation.".
- 22 SEC. 158. PROPOSED LEGISLATION.
- Not later than August 31, 2003, the President shall
- 24 propose legislation relating to the provisions set to expire

1	by section 160 of this Act as the President may judge nec-
2	essary and expedient.
3	SEC. 159. PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY.
4	Section 203 of the International Emergency Economic
5	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702) is amended in subsection
6	(a)(1)—
7	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
8	(A) in clause (ii), by adding "or" after
9	"thereof,"; and
10	(B) by striking clause (iii) and inserting
11	$the\ following:$
12	"(iii) the importing or exporting of cur-
13	rency or securities,
14	by any person, or with respect to any property, sub-
15	ject to the jurisdiction of the United States;";
16	(2) by striking after subparagraph (B), "by any
17	person, or with respect to any property, subject to the
18	jurisdiction of the United States.";
19	(3) in subparagraph (B)—
20	(A) by inserting after "investigate" the fol-
21	lowing: ", block during the pendency of an inves-
22	tigation for a period of not more than 90 days
23	(which may be extended by an additional 60
24	days if the President determines that such block-

1	ing is necessary to carry out the purposes of this
2	Act)"; and
3	(B) by striking "interest;" and inserting
4	"interest, by any person, or with respect to any
5	property, subject to the jurisdiction of the United
6	States; and"; and
7	(4) by adding at the end the following new sub-
8	paragraph:
9	"(C) when a statute has been enacted authorizing
10	the use of force by United States armed forces against
11	a foreign country, foreign organization, or foreign na-
12	tional, or when the United States has been subject to
13	an armed attack by a foreign country, foreign organi-
14	zation, or foreign national, confiscate any property,
15	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of any
16	foreign country, foreign organization, or foreign na-
17	tional against whom United States armed forces may
18	be used pursuant to such statute or, in the case of an
19	armed attack against the United States, that the
20	President determines has planned, authorized, aided,
21	or engaged in such attack; and
22	"(i) all right, title, and interest in any
23	property so confiscated shall vest when, as, and
24	upon the terms directed by the President, in such

1	agency or person as the President may designate
2	from time to time,
3	"(ii) upon such terms and conditions as the
4	President may prescribe, such interest or prop-
5	erty shall be held, used, administered, liquidated,
6	sold, or otherwise dealt with in the interest of
7	and for the benefit of the United States, except
8	that the proceeds of any such liquidation or sale,
9	or any cash assets, shall be segregated from other
10	United States Government funds and shall be
11	used only pursuant to a statute authorizing the
12	expenditure of such proceeds or assets, and
13	"(iii) such designated agency or person may
14	perform any and all acts incident to the accom-
15	plishment or furtherance of these purposes.".
16	SEC. 160. CLARIFICATION OF NO TECHNOLOGY MANDATES.
17	Nothing in this Act shall impose any additional tech-
18	nical obligation or requirement on a provider of wire or
19	electronic communication service or other person to furnish
20	facilities, services, or technical assistance.
21	SEC. 161. CIVIL LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN UNAUTHORIZED
22	DISCLOSURES.
23	(a) Chapter 119.—Section 2520 of title 18, United
24	States Code, is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) of subsection
2	(c) as paragraph (3);
3	(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) of sub-
4	section (c) the following:
5	"(2) In an action under this section by a citizen or
6	legal permanent resident of the United States against the
7	United States or any Federal investigative or law enforce-
8	ment officer (or against any State investigative or law en-
9	forcement officer for disclosure or unlawful use of informa-
10	tion obtained from Federal investigative or law enforcement
11	officers), the court may assess as damages whichever is the
12	greater of—
13	"(A) the sum of actual damages suffered by the
14	plaintiff and any profits made by the violator as a
15	result of the violation; or
16	"(B) statutory damages of whichever is the great-
17	er of \$100 a day for each day of violation or
18	\$10,000."; and
19	(3) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(f) Improper Disclosure Is Violation.—Any dis-
21	closure or use by an investigative or law enforcement officer
22	of information beyond the extent permitted by section 2517
23	is a violation of this chapter for purposes of section 2520(a).
24	"(g) Administrative Discipline.—If a court deter-
25	mines that the United States or any agency or bureau there-

- 1 of has violated any provision of this section and the court
- 2 finds that the circumstances surrounding the violation raise
- 3 questions of whether or not an officer or employee thereof
- 4 acted willfully or intentionally with respect to the violation,
- 5 the agency or bureau shall promptly initiate a proceeding
- 6 to determine whether or not disciplinary action is war-
- 7 ranted against the officer or employee who was responsible
- 8 for the violation. In such case, if the head of the agency
- 9 or bureau determines discipline is not appropriate, he or
- 10 she shall report his or her conclusions and the reasons there-
- 11 for to the Deputy Inspector General for Civil Rights, Civil
- 12 Liberties, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 13 "(h) Actions Against the United States.—Any
- 14 action against the United States shall be conducted under
- 15 the procedures of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Any award
- 16 against the United States shall be deducted from the budget
- 17 of the appropriate agency or bureau employing or man-
- 18 aging the officer or employee who was responsible for the
- 19 violation.".
- 20 (b) Chapter 121.—Section 2707 of title 18, United
- 21 States Code, is amended—
- 22 (1) in subsection (c), by inserting "(1)" before
- 23 "The court";
- 24 (2) by adding at the end of subsection (c) the fol-
- 25 lowing:

1 "(2) In an action under this section by a citizen or 2 legal permanent resident of the United States against the 3 United States or any Federal investigative or law enforce-4 ment officer (or against any State investigative or law enforcement officer for disclosure or unlawful use of information obtained from Federal investigative or law enforcement 6 officers), the court may assess as damages whichever is the 8 greater of— 9 "(A) the sum of actual damages suffered by the 10 plaintiff and any profits made by the violator as a 11 result of the violation; or 12 "(B) statutory damages of \$10,000."; and 13 (3) by adding at the end the following: 14 "(f) Improper Disclosure Is Violation.—Any dis-15 closure or use by an investigative or law enforcement officer of information beyond the extent permitted by section 2517 16 is a violation of this chapter for purposes of section 2707(a). 18 "(g) Administrative Discipline.—If a court determines that the United States or any agency or bureau there-19 of has violated any provision of this section and the court 20 finds that the circumstances surrounding the violation raise questions of whether or not an officer or employee thereof 23 acted willfully or intentionally with respect to the violation, the agency or bureau shall promptly initiate a proceeding

to determine whether or not disciplinary action is war-

- 1 ranted against the officer or employee who was responsible
- 2 for the violation. In such case, if the head of the agency
- 3 or bureau determines discipline is not appropriate, he or
- 4 she shall report his or her conclusions and the reasons there-
- 5 for to the Deputy Inspector General for Civil Rights, Civil
- 6 Liberties, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 7 "(h) Actions Against the United States.—Any
- 8 action against the United States shall be conducted under
- 9 the procedures of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Any award
- 10 against the United States shall be deducted from the budget
- 11 of the appropriate agency or bureau employing or man-
- 12 aging the officer or employee who was responsible for the
- 13 violation.".
- 14 (c) Chapter 206.—
- 15 (1) In General.—Chapter 206 of title 18,
- 16 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
- 17 the following:
- 18 "§ 3128. Civil action
- 19 "(a) Cause of Action.—Except as provided in sub-
- 20 sections (d) and (e) of section 3124, any person aggrieved
- 21 by any violation of this chapter may in a civil action re-
- 22 cover from the person or entity which engaged in that viola-
- 23 tion such relief as may be appropriate.
- 24 "(b) Relief.—In any action under this section, ap-
- 25 propriate relief includes—

1	"(1) such preliminary and other equitable or de-
2	claratory relief as may be appropriate;
3	"(2) damages under subsection (c) and punitive
4	damages in appropriate cases; and
5	"(3) a reasonable attorney's fee and other litiga-
6	tion costs reasonably incurred.
7	"(c) Damages.—In any action under this section, the
8	court may assess as damages whichever is the greater of—
9	"(1) the sum of the actual damages suffered by
10	the plaintiff and any profits made by the violator as
11	a result of the violation; or
12	"(2) statutory damages of \$10,000.
13	"(d) Limitation.—A civil action under this section
14	may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date
15	upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity
16	to discover the violation.
17	"(e) Improper Disclosure Is Violation.—Any dis-
18	closure or use by an investigative or law enforcement officer
19	of information beyond the extent permitted by section 2517
20	is a violation of this chapter for purposes of section $3128(a)$.
21	"(f) Administrative Discipline.—If a court deter-
22	mines that the United States or any agency or bureau there-
23	of has violated any provision of this section and the court
24	$finds\ that\ the\ circumstances\ surrounding\ the\ violation\ raise$
25	questions of whether or not an officer or employee thereof

- 1 acted willfully or intentionally with respect to the violation,
- 2 the agency or bureau shall promptly initiate a proceeding
- 3 to determine whether or not disciplinary action is war-
- 4 ranted against the officer or employee who was responsible
- 5 for the violation. In such case, if the head of the agency
- 6 or bureau determines discipline is not appropriate, he or
- 7 she shall report his or her conclusions and the reasons there-
- 8 for to the Deputy Inspector General for Civil Rights, Civil
- 9 Liberties, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 10 "(g) Actions Against the United States.—Any
- 11 action against the United States shall be conducted under
- 12 the procedures of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Any award
- 13 against the United States shall be deducted from the budget
- 14 of the appropriate agency or bureau employing or man-
- 15 aging the officer or employee who was responsible for the
- 16 violation.".
- 17 (2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at
- 18 the beginning of chapter 206 of title 18, United States Code,
- 19 is amended by adding at the end the following new item: "3128. Civil action.".
- 20 (d) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
- 21 1978.—(1) Section 110 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
- 22 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1810) is amended—
- 23 (A) by inserting "(a)" before "CIVIL ACTION.—
- 24 ";

(B) by inserting "or entity" after "shall have a 1 2 cause of action against any person"; (C) by striking "(a) actual" and inserting "(1) 3 4 actual"; (D) by striking "(b) punitive" and inserting 5 6 "(2) punitive": 7 (E) by striking "(c) reasonable" and inserting "(3) reasonable"; 8 by striking "\$1,000" 9 (F)and inserting "\$10,000"; and 10 11 (G) by adding at the end the following new sub-12 sections: 13 "(b) Limitation.—A civil action under this section may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date 14 upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity to discover the violation. 16 "(c) Administrative Discipline.—If a court deter-17 mines that the United States or any agency or bureau there-18 of has violated any provision of this section and the court 19 finds that the circumstances surrounding the violation raise questions of whether or not an officer or employee thereof acted willfully or intentionally with respect to the violation, the agency or bureau shall promptly initiate a proceeding to determine whether or not disciplinary action is war-25 ranted against the officer or employee who was responsible

- 1 for the violation. In such case, if the head of the agency
- 2 or bureau determines discipline is not appropriate, the head
- 3 shall report conclusions for the determination and the rea-
- 4 sons therefor to the Deputy Inspector General for Civil
- 5 Rights, Civil Liberties, and the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 6 tigation.
- 7 "(d) Actions Against the United States.—Any
- 8 action against the United States shall be conducted under
- 9 the procedures of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Any award
- 10 against the United States shall be deducted from the budget
- 11 of the appropriate agency or bureau employing or man-
- 12 aging the officer or employee who was responsible for the
- 13 violation.".
- 14 (2) Section 308 of the the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
- 15 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1828) is amended—
- 16 (A) by inserting "(a) Civil Action.—" before
- "An aggrieved person,";
- 18 (B) by inserting "or entity" after "shall have a
- 19 cause of action against any person";
- 20 (C) by striking "\$1,000" and inserting
- 21 "\$10,000"; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 23 sections:
- 24 "(b) Limitation.—A civil action under this section
- 25 may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date

- 1 upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity
- 2 to discover the violation.
- 3 "(c) Administrative Discipline.—If a court deter-
- 4 mines that the United States or any agency or bureau there-
- 5 of has violated any provision of this section and the court
- 6 finds that the circumstances surrounding the violation raise
- 7 questions of whether or not an officer or employee thereof
- 8 acted willfully or intentionally with respect to the violation,
- 9 the agency or bureau shall promptly initiate a proceeding
- 10 to determine whether or not disciplinary action is war-
- 11 ranted against the officer or employee who was responsible
- 12 for the violation. In such case, if the head of the agency
- 13 or bureau determines discipline is not appropriate, the head
- 14 shall report the conclusions for the determination and the
- 15 reasons therefor to the Deputy Inspector General for Civil
- 16 Rights, Civil Liberties, and the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 17 tigation.
- 18 "(d) Actions Against the United States.—Any
- 19 action against the United States shall be conducted under
- 20 the procedures of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Any award
- 21 against the United States shall be deducted from the budget
- 22 of the appropriate agency or bureau employing or man-
- 23 aging the officer or employee who was responsible for the
- 24 violation.".

1 (3)(A) Title IV of the the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1841 et seg.) is amended by 3 adding at the end the following new sections: 4 "PENALTIES 5 "Sec. 407. (a) Prohibited activities.—A person is guilty of an offense if the person intentionally— 6 7 "(1) installs or uses a pen register or trap and 8 trace device under color of law except as authorized 9 by statute; or 10 "(2) discloses or uses information obtained under 11 color of law by using a pen register or trap and trace 12 device, knowing or having reason to know that the in-13 formation was obtained through using a pen register 14 or trap and trace device not authorized by statute. 15 "(b) Defense.—It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (a) that the defendant was a law enforcement or investigative officer engaged in the course of his official 17 18 duties and the pen register or trap and trace device was 19 authorized by and conducted pursuant to a search warrant or court order of a court of competent jurisdiction. 21 "(c) Penalties.—An offense described in this section is punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than five years, or both. 23 24 "(d) Federal Jurisdiction .—There is Federal ju-

risdiction over an offense under this section if the person

1	committing the offense was an officer or employee of the
2	United States at the time the offense was committed.
3	"CIVIL LIABILITY
4	"Sec. 408. (a) Civil Action.—An aggrieved person,
5	other than a foreign power or an agent of a foreign power,
6	as defined in section 101(a) or (b)(1)(A), respectively, who
7	has been subjected to a pen register or trap and trace device
8	or about whom information obtained by a pen register or
9	trap and trace device has been disclosed or used in violation
10	of section 407 shall have a cause of action against any per-
11	son or entity who committed such violation and shall be
12	entitled to recover—
13	"(1) actual damages, but not less than liquidated
14	damages of \$10,000, whichever is greater;
14 15	damages of \$10,000, whichever is greater; "(2) punitive damages; and
15	"(2) punitive damages; and
15 16	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other inves-
15 16 17	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred.
15 16 17 18	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred. "(b) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section
15 16 17 18 19	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred. "(b) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date
15 16 17 18 19 20	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred. "(b) Limitation.—A civil action under this section may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred. "(b) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity to discover the violation.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred. "(b) Limitation.—A civil action under this section may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity to discover the violation. "(c) Administrative Discipline.—If a court determined to the court determined in the court determ
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	"(2) punitive damages; and "(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other investigation and litigation costs reasonably incurred. "(b) Limitation.—A civil action under this section may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date upon which the claimant first has a reasonable opportunity to discover the violation. "(c) Administrative Discipline.—If a court determines that the United States or any agency or bureau there-

- 1 acted willfully or intentionally with respect to the violation,
- 2 the agency or bureau shall promptly initiate a proceeding
- 3 to determine whether or not disciplinary action is war-
- 4 ranted against the officer or employee who was responsible
- 5 for the violation. In such case, if the head of the agency
- 6 or bureau determines discipline is not appropriate, the head
- 7 shall report the conclusions for the determination and the
- 8 reasons therefor to the Deputy Inspector General for Civil
- 9 Rights, Civil Liberties, and the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 10 tigation.
- 11 "(d) Actions Against the United States.—Any
- 12 action against the United States shall be conducted under
- 13 the procedures of the Federal Tort Claims Act. Any award
- 14 against the United States shall be deducted from the budget
- 15 of the appropriate agency or bureau employing or man-
- 16 aging the officer or employee who was responsible for the
- 17 violation.".
- 18 (B) The table of contents at the beginning of the For-
- 19 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801
- 20 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end of the items relat-
- 21 ing to title IV the following new items:

22 SEC. 162. SUNSET.

- 23 This title and the amendments made by this title
- 24 (other than sections 106 (relating to technical amendment),

[&]quot;Sec. 407. Penalties.

[&]quot;Sec. 408. Civil liability.".

1	109 (relating to clarification of scope), and 159 (relating
2	to presidential authority)) and the amendments made by
3	those sections shall take effect on the date of enactment of
4	this Act and shall cease to have any effect on December 31,
5	2003.
6	TITLE II—ALIENS ENGAGING IN
7	TERRORIST ACTIVITY
8	Subtitle A—Detention and Removal
9	of Aliens Engaging in Terrorist
10	Activity
11	SEC. 201. CHANGES IN CLASSES OF ALIENS WHO ARE INELI-
12	GIBLE FOR ADMISSION AND DEPORTABLE
13	DUE TO TERRORIST ACTIVITY.
14	(a) Aliens Ineligible for Admission Due to Ter-
15	RORIST ACTIVITIES.—Section 212(a)(3)(B) of the Immigra-
16	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)) is
17	amended—
18	(1) in clause (i)—
19	(A) in subclauses (I), (II), and (III), by
20	striking the comma at the end and inserting a
21	semicolon;
22	(B) by amending subclause (IV) to read as
23	follows:
24	"(IV) is a representative of—

1	"(a) a foreign terrorist orga-
2	nization, as designated by the
3	Secretary of State under section
4	219; or
5	"(b) a political, social, or
6	other similar group whose public
7	endorsement of terrorist activity
8	the Secretary of State has deter-
9	mined undermines the efforts of
10	the United States to reduce or
11	eliminate terrorist activities;";
12	(C) in subclause (V), by striking any
13	comma at the end, by striking any "or" at the
14	end, and by adding "; or" at the end; and
15	(D) by inserting after subclause (V) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(VI) has used the alien's promi-
18	nence within a foreign state or the
19	United States to endorse or espouse ter-
20	rorist activity, or to persuade others to
21	support terrorist activity or a terrorist
22	organization, in a way that the Sec-
23	retary of State has determined under-
24	mines the efforts of the United States

1	to reduce or eliminate terrorist activi-
2	ties;";
3	(2) in clause (ii)—
4	(A) in the matter preceding subclause (I),
5	by striking "(or which, if committed in the
6	United States," and inserting "(or which, if it
7	had been or were to be committed in the United
8	States,"; and
9	(B) in subclause (V)(b), by striking "explo-
10	sive or firearm" and inserting "explosive, fire-
11	arm, or other object";
12	(3) by amending clause (iii) to read as follows:
13	"(iii) Engage in terrorist activity
14	DEFINED.—As used in this Act, the term
15	'engage in terrorist activity' means, in an
16	individual capacity or as a member of an
17	organization—
18	"(I) to commit a terrorist activ-
19	ity;
20	"(II) to plan or prepare to com-
21	mit a terrorist activity;
22	"(III) to gather information on
23	potential targets for a terrorist activ-
24	ity;

1	"(IV) to solicit funds or other
2	things of value for—
3	"(a) a terrorist activity;
4	"(b) an organization des-
5	ignated as a foreign terrorist or-
6	ganization under section 219; or
7	"(c) a terrorist organization
8	described in $clause$ $(v)(II)$, but
9	only if the solicitor knows, or rea-
10	sonably should know, that the so-
11	licitation would further a terrorist
12	activity;
13	"(V) to solicit any individual—
14	"(a) to engage in conduct
15	otherwise described in this clause;
16	"(b) for membership in a ter-
17	rorist government;
18	"(c) for membership in an
19	organization designated as a for-
20	eign terrorist organization under
21	section 219; or
22	"(d) for membership in a ter-
23	rorist organization described in
24	clause $(v)(II)$, but only if the so-
25	licitor knows, or reasonably

1	should know, that the solicitation
2	would further a terrorist activity;
3	or
4	"(VI) to commit an act that the
5	actor knows, or reasonably should
6	know, affords material support, includ-
7	ing a safe house, transportation, com-
8	munications, funds, transfer of funds
9	or other material financial benefit,
10	false documentation or identification,
11	weapons (including chemical, biologi-
12	cal, and radiological weapons), explo-
13	sives, or training—
14	"(a) for the commission of a
15	$terrorist\ activity;$
16	"(b) to any individual who
17	the actor knows, or reasonably
18	should know, has committed or
19	plans to commit a terrorist activ-
20	ity;
21	"(c) to an organization des-
22	ignated as a foreign terrorist or-
23	ganization under section 219; or
24	"(d) to a terrorist organiza-
25	$tion\ described\ in\ clause\ (v)(II),$

1	but only if the actor knows, or
2	reasonably should know, that the
3	act would further a terrorist ac-
4	tivity."; and
5	(4) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(v) Terrorist organization de-
7	FINED.—As used in this subparagraph, the
8	term 'terrorist organization' means—
9	"(I) an organization designated
10	as a foreign terrorist organization
11	under section 219; or
12	"(II) with regard to a group that
13	is not an organization described in
14	subclause (I), a group of 2 or more in-
15	dividuals, whether organized or not,
16	which engages in, or which has a sig-
17	nificant subgroup which engages in,
18	the activities described in subclause (I),
19	(II), or (III) of clause (iii).
20	"(vi) Special rule for material
21	SUPPORT.—Clause (iii)(VI)(b) shall not be
22	construed to include the affording of mate-
23	rial support to an individual who com-
24	mitted or planned to commit a terrorist ac-
25	tivity, if the alien establishes by clear and

1 convincing evidence that such support was 2 afforded only after such individual perma-3 nently and publicly renounced, rejected the 4 use of, and had ceased to engage in, terrorist activity.". 5 (b) Aliens Ineligible for Admission Due to 6 Endangerment.—Section 212(a)(3) of the Immigration 8 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following: 10 "(F) Endangerment.—Any alien who the 11 Secretary of State, after consultation with the 12 Attorney General, or the Attorney General, after consultation with the Secretary of State, deter-13 14 mines has been associated with a terrorist orga-15 nization and intends while in the United States 16 to engage solely, principally, or incidentally in 17 activities that could endanger the welfare, safety, 18 or security of the United States is inadmis-19 sible.". 20 (c) Aliens Deportable Due to Terrorist Activi-21 TIES.—Section 237(a)(4)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(B)) is amended to read as 23 *follows*: 24 "(B) TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.—Any alien is 25 deportable who—

1	"(i) has engaged, is engaged, or at any
2	time after admission engages in terrorist
3	activity (as defined in section
4	212(a)(3)(B)(iii));
5	"(ii) is a representative (as defined in
6	section $212(a)(3)(B)(iv)$) of—
7	"(I) a foreign terrorist organiza-
8	tion, as designated by the Secretary of
9	State under section 219; or
10	"(II) a political, social, or other
11	similar group whose public endorse-
12	ment of terrorist activity—
13	"(a) is intended and likely to
14	incite or produce imminent law-
15	less action; and
16	"(b) has been determined by
17	the Secretary of State to under-
18	mine the efforts of the United
19	States to reduce or eliminate ter-
20	rorist activities; or
21	"(iii) has used the alien's prominence
22	within a foreign state or the United
23	States—
24	"(I) to endorse, in a manner that
25	is intended and likely to incite or

1	produce imminent lawless action and
2	that has been determined by the Sec-
3	retary of State to undermine the efforts
4	of the United States to reduce or elimi-
5	nate terrorist activities, terrorist activ-
6	$ity;\ or$
7	"(II) to persuade others, in a
8	manner that is intended and likely to
9	incite or produce imminent lawless ac-
10	tion and that has been determined by
11	the Secretary of State to undermine the
12	efforts of the United States to reduce or
13	eliminate terrorist activities, to sup-
14	port terrorist activity or a terrorist or-
15	ganization (as defined in section
16	212(a)(3)(B)(v)).".
17	(d) Retroactive Application of Amendments.—
18	(1) In general.—The amendments made by
19	this section shall take effect on the date of the enact-
20	ment of this Act and shall apply to—
21	(A) actions taken by an alien before such
22	date, as well as actions taken on or after such
23	date; and

1	(B) all aliens, without regard to the date of
2	entry or attempted entry into the United
3	States—
4	(i) in removal proceedings on or after
5	such date (except for proceedings in which
6	there has been a final administrative deci-
7	sion before such date); or
8	(ii) seeking admission to the United
9	States on or after such date.
10	(2) Special rule for aliens in exclusion or
11	DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS.—Notwithstanding any
12	other provision of law, the amendments made by this
13	section shall apply to all aliens in exclusion or depor-
14	tation proceedings on or after the date of the enact-
15	ment of this Act (except for proceedings in which
16	there has been a final administrative decision before
17	such date) as if such proceedings were removal pro-
18	ceedings.
19	(3) Special rule for section 219 organiza-
20	TIONS.—
21	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding para-
22	graphs (1) and (2), no alien shall be considered
23	inadmissible under section 212(a)(3) of the Im-
24	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
25	1182(a)(3)), or deportable under section

1	237(a)(4)(B) of such Act (8 U.S.C.
2	1227(a)(4)(B)), by reason of the amendments
3	made by subsection (a), on the ground that the
4	alien engaged in a terrorist activity described in
5	subclause $(IV)(b)$, $(V)(c)$, or $(VI)(c)$ of $section$
6	212(a)(3)(B)(iii) of such Act (as so amended)
7	with respect to a group at any time when the
8	group was not a foreign terrorist organization
9	designated by the Secretary of State under sec-
10	tion 219 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).
11	(B) Construction.—Subparagraph (A)
12	shall not be construed to prevent an alien from
13	being considered inadmissible or deportable for
14	having engaged in a terrorist activity—
15	(i) described in subclause (IV)(b),
16	$(V)(c), \qquad or \qquad (VI)(c) \qquad of \qquad section$
17	212(a)(3)(B)(iii) of such Act (as so amend-
18	ed) with respect to a foreign terrorist orga-
19	nization at any time when such organiza-
20	tion was designated by the Secretary of
21	State under section 219 of such Act; or
22	(ii) described in subclause $(IV)(c)$,
23	$(V)(d), \qquad or \qquad (VI)(d) \qquad of \qquad section$
24	212(a)(3)(B)(iii) of such Act (as so amend-

1	ed) with respect to any group described in
2	any of such subclauses.
3	SEC. 202. CHANGES IN DESIGNATION OF FOREIGN TER-
4	RORIST ORGANIZATIONS.
5	(a) Designation of Foreign Terrorist Organiza-
6	TIONS.—Section 219(a) of the Immigration and Nation-
7	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (1)—
9	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking
10	"212(a)(3)(B));" and inserting "212(a)(3)(B)),
11	engages in terrorism (as defined in section
12	140(d)(2) of the Foreign Relations Authorization
13	Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C.
14	2656f(d)(2)), or retains the capability and intent
15	to engage in terrorist activity or to engage in
16	terrorism (as so defined);"; and
17	(B) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "or
18	terrorism" after "activity";
19	(2) in paragraph (2)—
20	(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read
21	as follows:
22	"(A) Notice.—
23	"(i) In general.—Seven days before a
24	designation is made under this subsection,
25	the Secretary of State shall by classified

1	communication, notify the Speaker and mi-
2	nority leader of the House of Representa-
3	tives, the President pro tempore, majority
4	leader, and minority leader of the Senate,
5	the members of the relevant committees, and
6	the Secretary of the Treasury, in writing, of
7	the intent to designate a foreign organiza-
8	tion under this subsection, together with the
9	findings made under paragraph (1) with re-
10	spect to that organization, and the factual
11	basis therefor.
12	"(ii) Publication of designation.—
13	The Secretary of State shall publish the des-
14	ignation in the Federal Register seven days
15	after providing the notification under clause
16	(i).";
17	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "(A)."
18	and inserting "(A)(ii)."; and
19	(C) in subparagraph (C), by striking
20	"paragraph (2)," and inserting "subparagraph
21	(A)(i),";
22	(3) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "subsection
23	(c)." and inserting "subsection (b).';
24	(4) in paragraph (4)(B), by inserting after the
25	first sentence the following: "The Secretary may also

1	redesignate such organization at the end of any 2-
2	year redesignation period (but not sooner than 60
3	days prior to the termination of such period) for an
4	additional 2-year period upon a finding that the rel-
5	evant circumstances described in paragraph (1) still
6	exist. Any redesignation shall be effective immediately
7	following the end of the prior 2-year designation or
8	redesignation period unless a different effective date is
9	provided in such redesignation.";
10	(5) in paragraph (6)—
11	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
12	(i) in the matter preceding clause (i),
13	by inserting "or a redesignation made
14	under paragraph (4)(B)" after "paragraph
15	(1)";
16	(ii) in clause (i)—
17	(I) by inserting "or redesigna-
18	tion" after "designation" the first
19	place it appears; and
20	(II) by striking "of the designa-
21	tion;" and inserting a semicolon; and
22	(iii) in clause (ii), by striking "of the
23	designation." and inserting a period;
24	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking
25	"through (4)" and inserting "and (3)"; and

1	(C) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(C) Effective date.—Any revocation
3	shall take effect on the date specified in the rev-
4	ocation or upon publication in the Federal Reg-
5	ister if no effective date is specified.";
6	(6) in paragraph (7), by inserting ", or the rev-
7	ocation of a redesignation under paragraph (6),"
8	after "(5) or (6)"; and
9	(7) in paragraph (8)—
10	(A) by striking "(1)(B)," and inserting
11	" $(2)(B)$, or if a redesignation under this sub-
12	section has become effective under paragraph
13	(4)(B)";
14	(B) by inserting "or an alien in a removal
15	proceeding" after "criminal action"; and
16	(C) by inserting "or redesignation" before
17	"as a defense".
18	(b) Authority to Initiate Designations, Redes-
19	IGNATIONS, AND REVOCATIONS.—Section 219 of the Immi-
20	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189), as amended
21	by subsection (a), is further amended—
22	(1) by striking "Secretary" each place such term
23	appears, excluding subparagraphs (A) and (C) of sub-
24	section (a)(2), and inserting "official specified under
25	subsection (d)";

1	(2) in subsection (c)—
2	(A) in paragraph (2), by adding "and" at
3	$the\ end;$
4	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "; and"
5	at the end and inserting a period; and
6	(C) by striking paragraph (4); and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(d) Implementation of Duties and Authori-
9	TIES.—
10	"(1) By secretary or attorney general.—
11	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the
12	duties under this section shall, and authorities under
13	this section may, be exercised by—
14	"(A) the Secretary of State—
15	"(i) after consultation with the Sec-
16	retary of the Treasury and with the concur-
17	rence of the Attorney General; or
18	"(ii) upon instruction by the President
19	pursuant to paragraph (2); or
20	"(B) the Attorney General—
21	"(i) after consultation with the Sec-
22	retary of the Treasury and with the concur-
23	rence of the Secretary of State; or
24	"(ii) upon instruction by the President
25	pursuant to paragraph (2).

1	"(2) Concurrence.—The Secretary of State
2	and the Attorney General shall each seek the other's
3	concurrence in accordance with paragraph (1). In
4	any case in which such concurrence is denied or with-
5	held, the official seeking the concurrence shall so no-
6	tify the President and shall request the President to
7	make a determination as to how the issue shall be re-
8	solved. Such notification and request of the President
9	may not be made before the earlier of—
10	"(A) the date on which a denial of concur-
11	rence is received; or
12	"(B) the end of the 60-day period beginning
13	on the date the concurrence was sought.
14	"(3) Exception.—It shall be the duty of the
15	Secretary of State to carry out the procedural re-
16	quirements of paragraphs (2)(A) and (6)(B) of sub-
17	section (a) in all cases, including cases in which a
18	designation or revocation is initiated by the Attorney
19	General.".
20	SEC. 203. MANDATORY DETENTION OF SUSPECTED TER-
21	RORISTS; HABEAS CORPUS; JUDICIAL RE-
22	VIEW.
23	(a) In General.—The Immigration and Nationality
24	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
25	section 236 the following:

1	"MANDATORY DETENTION OF SUSPECTED TERRORISTS;
2	HABEAS CORPUS; JUDICIAL REVIEW
3	"Sec. 236A. (a) Detention of Terrorist
4	Aliens.—
5	"(1) Custody.—The Attorney General shall take
6	into custody any alien who is certified under para-
7	graph (3).
8	"(2) Release.—Except as provided in para-
9	graphs (5) and (6), the Attorney General shall main-
10	tain custody of such an alien until the alien is re-
11	moved from the United States or found not to be in-
12	admissible or deportable, as the case may be. Except
13	as provided in paragraph (6), such custody shall be
14	maintained irrespective of any relief from removal for
15	which the alien may be eligible, or any relief from re-
16	moval granted the alien, until the Attorney General
17	determines that the alien is no longer an alien who
18	may be certified under paragraph (3).
19	"(3) Certification.—The Attorney General
20	may certify an alien under this paragraph if the At-
21	torney General has reasonable grounds to believe that
22	the alien—
23	"(A) is described in section $212(a)(3)(A)(i)$,
24	212(a)(3)(A)(iii), 212(a)(3)(B), 237(a)(4)(A)(i),
25	237(a)(4)(A)(iii), or $237(a)(4)(B)$; or

- 1 "(B) is engaged in any other activity that
 2 endangers the national security of the United
 3 States.
 - "(4) Nondelegation.—The Attorney General may delegate the authority provided under paragraph (3) only to the Deputy Attorney General. The Deputy Attorney General may not delegate such authority.
 - "(5) Commencement of proceedings.—The Attorney General shall place an alien detained under paragraph (1) in removal proceedings, or shall charge the alien with a criminal offense, not later than 7 days after the commencement of such detention. If the requirement of the preceding sentence is not satisfied, the Attorney General shall release the alien.
 - "(6) Limitation on indefinite detention.— An alien detained under paragraph (1) who has been ordered removed based on one or more of the grounds of inadmissibility or deportability referred to in paragraph (3)(A), who has not been removed within thespecified removal period under section 241(a)(1)(A), and whose removal is unlikely in the reasonably foreseeable future, may be detained for additional periods of up to six months if the Attorney General demonstrates that the release of the alien will not protect the national security of the United States

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- 1 or adequately ensure the safety of the community or
- 2 any person.
- 3 "(b) Habeas Corpus and Judicial Review.—Judi-
- 4 cial review of any action or decision relating to this section
- 5 (including judicial review of the merits of a determination
- 6 made under subsection (a)(3) or (a)(6)) is available exclu-
- 7 sively in habeas corpus proceedings initiated in the United
- 8 States District Court for the District of Columbia. Notwith-
- 9 standing any other provision of law, including section 2241
- 10 of title 28, United States Code, except as provided in the
- 11 preceding sentence, no court shall have jurisdiction to re-
- 12 view, by habeas corpus petition or otherwise, any such ac-
- 13 tion or decision.".
- 14 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of
- 15 the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by insert-
- 16 ing after the item relating to section 236 the following:
 - "Sec. 236A. Mandatory detention of suspected terrorists; habeas corpus; judicial review.".
- 17 (c) Reports.—Not later than 6 months after the date
- 18 of the enactment of this Act, and every 6 months thereafter,
- 19 the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committee
- 20 on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the
- 21 Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, with respect to
- 22 the reporting period, on—

1	(1) the number of aliens certified under section
2	236A(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
3	as added by subsection (a);
4	(2) the grounds for such certifications;
5	(3) the nationalities of the aliens so certified;
6	(4) the length of the detention for each alien so
7	certified; and
8	(5) the number of aliens so certified who—
9	(A) were granted any form of relief from re-
10	moval;
11	(B) were removed;
12	(C) the Attorney General has determined
13	are no longer an alien who may be so certified;
14	or
15	(D) were released from detention.
16	SEC. 204. CHANGES IN CONDITIONS FOR GRANTING ASY-
17	LUM.
18	(a) In General.—Section 208(b)(2)(A)(v) of the Im-
19	$migration\ and\ Nationality\ Act\ (8\ U.S.C.\ 1158(b)(2)(A)(v))$
20	is amended—
21	(1) by striking "inadmissible under" each place
22	such term appears and inserting "described in"; and
23	(2) by striking "removable under" and inserting
24	"described in".

1	(b) Retroactive Application of Amendments.—
2	The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect
3	on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply
4	to—
5	(1) actions taken by an alien before such date,
6	as well as actions taken on or after such date; and
7	(2) all aliens, without regard to the date of entry
8	or attempted entry into the United States, whose ap-
9	plication for asylum is pending on or after such date
10	(except for applications with respect to which there
11	has been a final administrative decision before such
12	date).
13	SEC. 205. MULTILATERAL COOPERATION AGAINST TERROR-
14	ISTS.
15	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
16	(8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "The records" and inserting "(1)
18	Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), the records";
19	(2) by striking "United States," and all that fol-
20	lows through the period at the end and inserting
21	"United States."; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(2) In the discretion of the Secretary of State, cer-
24	tified copies of such records may be made available to a
25	court which certifies that the information contained in such

- 1 records is needed by the court in the interest of the ends
- 2 of justice in a case pending before the court.
- 3 "(3)(A) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, the
- 4 Secretary of State may provide copies of records of the De-
- 5 partment of State and of diplomatic and consular offices
- 6 of the United States (including the Department of State's
- 7 automated visa lookout database) pertaining to the issuance
- 8 or refusal of visas or permits to enter the United States,
- 9 or information contained in such records, to foreign govern-
- 10 ments if the Secretary determines that it is necessary and
- 11 appropriate.
- 12 "(B) Such records and information may be provided
- 13 on a case-by-case basis for the purpose of preventing, inves-
- 14 tigating, or punishing acts of terrorism. General access to
- 15 records and information may be provided under an agree-
- 16 ment to limit the use of such records and information to
- 17 the purposes described in the preceding sentence.
- 18 "(C) The Secretary of State shall make any determina-
- 19 tion under this paragraph in consultation with any Federal
- 20 agency that compiled or provided such records or informa-
- 21 *tion*.
- 22 "(D) To the extent possible, such records and informa-
- 23 tion shall be made available to foreign governments on a
- 24 reciprocal basis.".

1	SEC. 206. REQUIRING SHARING BY THE FEDERAL BUREAU
2	OF INVESTIGATION OF CERTAIN CRIMINAL
3	RECORD EXTRACTS WITH OTHER FEDERAL
4	AGENCIES IN ORDER TO ENHANCE BORDER
5	SECURITY.
6	(a) In General.—Section 105 of the Immigration
7	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105), is amended—
8	(1) in the section heading, by adding "AND DATA
9	EXCHANGE" at the end;
10	(2) by inserting "(a) Liaison With Internal
11	Security Officers.—" after "105.";
12	(3) by striking "the internal security of" and in-
13	serting "the internal and border security of"; and
14	(4) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(b) Criminal History Record Information.—The
16	Attorney General and the Director of the Federal Bureau
17	of Investigation shall provide the Secretary of State and
18	the Commissioner access to the criminal history record in-
19	$formation\ contained\ in\ the\ National\ Crime\ Information$
20	Center's Interstate Identification Index, Wanted Persons
21	File, and to any other files maintained by the National
22	Crime Information Center that may be mutually agreed
23	upon by the Attorney General and the official to be provided
24	access, for the purpose of determining whether a visa appli-
25	cant or applicant for admission has a criminal history
26	record indexed in any such file. Such access shall be pro-

- 1 vided by means of extracts of the records for placement in
- 2 the Department of State's automated visa lookout database
- 3 or other appropriate database, and shall be provided with-
- 4 out any fee or charge. The Director of the Federal Bureau
- 5 of Investigation shall provide periodic updates of the ex-
- 6 tracts at intervals mutually agreed upon by the Attorney
- 7 General and the official provided access. Upon receipt of
- 8 such updated extracts, the receiving official shall make cor-
- 9 responding updates to the official's databases and destroy
- 10 previously provided extracts. Such access to any extract
- 11 shall not be construed to entitle the Secretary of State to
- 12 obtain the full content of the corresponding automated
- 13 criminal history record. To obtain the full content of a
- 14 criminal history record, the Secretary of State shall submit
- 15 the applicant's fingerprints and any appropriate finger-
- 16 print processing fee authorized by law to the Criminal Jus-
- 17 tice Information Services Division of the Federal Bureau
- 18 of Investigation.
- 19 "(c) Reconsideration.—The provision of the extracts
- 20 described in subsection (b) may be reconsidered by the At-
- 21 torney General and the receiving official upon the develop-
- 22 ment and deployment of a more cost-effective and efficient
- 23 means of sharing the information.
- 24 "(d) Regulations.—For purposes of administering
- 25 this section, the Secretary of State shall, prior to receiving

1	access to National Crime Information Center data, promul-
2	gate final regulations—
3	"(1) to implement procedures for the taking of
4	fingerprints; and
5	"(2) to establish the conditions for the use of the
6	information received from the Federal Bureau of In-
7	vestigation, in order—
8	"(A) to limit the redissemination of such
9	information;
10	"(B) to ensure that such information is
11	used solely to determine whether to issue a visa
12	to an individual;
13	"(C) to ensure the security, confidentiality,
14	and destruction of such information; and
15	"(D) to protect any privacy rights of indi-
16	viduals who are subjects of such information.".
17	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents of
18	the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by
19	amending the item relating to section 105 to read as follows:
	"Sec. 105. Liaison with internal security officers and data exchange.".
20	(c) Effective Date and Implementation.—The
21	amendments made by this section shall take effect on the
22	date of the enactment of this Act and shall be fully imple-
23	mented not later than 18 months after such date.
24	(d) Reporting Requirement.—Not later than 2
25	years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attor-

1	ney General and the Secretary of State, jointly, shall report
2	to the Congress on the implementation of the amendments
3	made by this section.
4	(e) Construction.—Nothing in this section, or in
5	any other law, shall be construed to limit the authority of
6	the Attorney General or the Director of the Federal Bureau
7	of Investigation to provide access to the criminal history
8	record information contained in the National Crime Infor-
9	mation Center's Interstate Identification Index, or to any
10	other information maintained by such center, to any Fed-
11	eral agency or officer authorized to enforce or administer
12	the immigration laws of the United States, for the purpose
13	of such enforcement or administration, upon terms that are
14	consistent with sections 212 through 216 of the National
15	Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Act of 1998 (42)
16	U.S.C. 14611 et seq.).
17	SEC. 207. INADMISSIBILITY OF ALIENS ENGAGED IN MONEY
18	LAUNDERING.
19	(a) Amendment to Immigration and Nationality
20	Act.—Section 212(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nation-
21	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)) is amended by adding at
22	the end the following:
23	"(I) Money Laundering.—Any alien—
24	"(i) who a consular officer or the At-
25	torney General knows, or has reason to be-

1 lieve, has engaged, is engaging, or seeks to 2 enter the United States to engage, in an of-3 fense which is described in section 1956 of 4 title 18, United States Code (relating to 5 laundering of monetary instruments); or 6 "(ii) who a consular officer or the At-7 torney General knows is, or has been, a 8 knowing aider, abettor, assister, 9 spirator, or colluder with others in an of-10 fense which is described in such section; 11 is inadmissible.". 12 (b) Money Laundering Watchlist.—Not later than 13 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall develop, implement, and certify to the 14 15 Congress that there has been established a money laundering watchlist, which identifies individuals worldwide who are known or suspected of money laundering, which is readily accessible to, and shall be checked by, a consular or other 18 Federal official prior to the issuance of a visa or admission to the United States. The Secretary of State shall develop and continually update the watchlist in cooperation with the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of Central Intelligence.

1	SEC. 208. PROGRAM TO COLLECT INFORMATION RELATING
2	TO NONIMMIGRANT FOREIGN STUDENTS AND
3	OTHER EXCHANGE PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS.
4	(a) Changes in Deadlines.—Section 641 of the Ille-
5	$gal\ Immigration\ Reform\ and\ Immigrant\ Responsibility\ Act$
6	of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1372) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (f), by striking "Not later than
8	4 years after the commencement of the program estab-
9	lished under subsection (a)," and inserting "Not later
10	than 120 days after the date of the enactment of the
11	PATRIOT Act of 2001,"; and
12	(2) in subsection (g)(1), by striking "12 months"
13	and inserting "120 days".
14	(b) Increased Fee for Certain Students.—Sec-
15	tion $641(e)(4)(A)$ of the Illegal Immigration Reform and
16	Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C.
17	1372(e)(4)(A)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing: "In the case of an alien who is a national of a
19	country, the government of which the Secretary of State has
20	$determined, for purposes of section \ 6(j)(1) of the \ Export \ Ad-$
21	ministration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)(1)), has
22	repeatedly provided support for acts of international ter-
23	rorism, the Attorney General may impose on, and collect
24	from, the alien a fee that is greater than that imposed on
25	other aliens described in paragraph (3).".

1	(c) Data Exchange.—Section 641 of the Illegal Im-
2	migration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of
3	1996 (8 U.S.C. 1372) is amended—
4	(1) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection
5	(i); and
6	(2) by inserting after subsection (g) the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(h) Data Exchange.—Notwithstanding any other
9	provision of law, the Attorney General shall provide to the
10	Secretary of State and the Director of the Federal Bureau
11	of Investigation the information collected under subsection
12	(a)(1).".
13	SEC. 209. PROTECTION OF NORTHERN BORDER.
14	There are authorized to be appropriated—
15	(1) such sums as may be necessary to triple the
16	number of Border Patrol personnel (from the number
17	authorized under current law) in each State along the
18	northern border;
19	(2) such sums as may be necessary to triple the
20	number of Immigration and Naturalization Service
21	inspectors (from the number authorized under current
22	law) at ports of entry in each State along the north-
23	ern border; and
24	(3) an additional \$50,000,000 to the Immigra-
25	tion and Naturalization Service for purposes of en-

1 hancing technology for security and enforcement at 2 the northern border, such as infrared technology and technology that enhances coordination between the 3 Governments of Canada and the United States generally and specifically between Canadian police and 5 6 the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Subtitle B—Preservation of Immigration Benefits for Victims of 8 **Terrorism** 9 SEC. 211. SPECIAL IMMIGRANT STATUS. 11 (a) In General.—For purposes of the Immigration 12 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), the Attorney General may provide an alien described in subsection (b) with the status of a special immigrant under section 14 101(a)(27) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a(27)), if the alien— 16 (1) files with the Attorney General a petition 17 under section 204 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154) for 18 classification under section 203(b)(4) of such Act (8 19 $U.S.C.\ 1153(b)(4)$; and 20 (2) is otherwise eligible to receive an immigrant 21 visa and is otherwise admissible to the United States 22 for permanent residence, except in determining such 23 admissibility, the grounds for inadmissibility specified in section 212(a)(4) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 24 25 1182(a)(4)) shall not apply.

1	(b) Aliens Described.—
2	(1) Principal aliens.—An alien is described in
3	this subsection if—
4	(A) the alien was the beneficiary of—
5	(i) a petition that was filed with the
6	Attorney General on or before September 11,
7	2001—
8	(I) under section 204 of the Immi-
9	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
10	1154) to classify the alien as a family-
11	sponsored immigrant under section
12	203(a) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a))
13	or as an employment-based immigrant
14	under section 203(b) of such Act (8
15	$U.S.C.\ 1153(b));\ or$
16	(II) under section 214(d) (8
17	U.S.C. 1184(d)) of such Act to author-
18	ize the issuance of a nonimmigrant
19	visa to the alien under section
20	101(a)(15)(K) of such Act (8 U.S.C.
21	1101(a)(15)(K)); or
22	(ii) an application for labor certifi-
23	cation under section $212(a)(5)(A)$ of such
24	Act (8 U.S.C. $1182(a)(5)(A)$) that was filed

1	under regulations of the Secretary of Labor
2	on or before such date; and
3	(B) such petition or application was re-
4	voked or terminated (or otherwise rendered null),
5	either before or after its approval, due to a speci-
6	fied terrorist activity that directly resulted in—
7	(i) the death or disability of the peti-
8	tioner, applicant, or alien beneficiary; or
9	(ii) loss of employment due to physical
10	damage to, or destruction of, the business of
11	the petitioner or applicant.
12	(2) Spouses and Children.—
13	(A) In general.—An alien is described in
14	this subsection if—
15	(i) the alien was, on September 10,
16	2001, the spouse or child of a principal
17	alien described in paragraph (1); and
18	(ii) the alien—
19	(I) is accompanying such prin-
20	cipal alien; or
21	(II) is following to join such prin-
22	cipal alien not later than September
23	11, 2003.
24	(B) Construction.—For purposes of con-
25	struing the terms "accompanying" and "fol-

- lowing to join" in subparagraph (A)(ii), any
 death of a principal alien that is described in
 paragraph (1)(B)(i) shall be disregarded.
- 4 (3) Grandparents of orphans.—An alien is 5 described in this subsection if the alien is a grand-6 parent of a child, both of whose parents died as a di-7 rect result of a specified terrorist activity, if either of 8 such deceased parents was, on September 10, 2001, a 9 citizen or national of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the 10 11 United States.
- 12 (c) PRIORITY DATE.—Immigrant visas made available
 13 under this section shall be issued to aliens in the order in
 14 which a petition on behalf of each such alien is filed with
 15 the Attorney General under subsection (a)(1), except that
 16 if an alien was assigned a priority date with respect to
 17 a petition described in subsection (b)(1)(A)(i), the alien
 18 may maintain that priority date.
- (d) NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—For purposes of the application of sections 201 through 203 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151–1153) in any fiscal year, aliens eligible to be provided status under this section shall be treated as special immigrants described in section 101(a)(27) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)) who are not

1	described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (K) of such sec-
2	tion.
3	SEC. 212. EXTENSION OF FILING OR REENTRY DEADLINES.
4	(a) Automatic Extension of Nonimmigrant Sta-
5	TUS.—
6	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding section 214
7	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
8	1184), in the case of an alien described in paragraph
9	(2) who was lawfully present in the United States as
10	a nonimmigrant on September 10, 2001, the alien
11	may remain lawfully in the United States in the
12	same nonimmigrant status until the later of—
13	(A) the date such lawful nonimmigrant sta-
14	tus otherwise would have terminated if this sub-
15	section had not been enacted; or
16	(B) 1 year after the death or onset of dis-
17	ability described in paragraph (2).
18	(2) Aliens described.—
19	(A) Principal alien is de-
20	scribed in this paragraph if the alien was dis-
21	abled as a direct result of a specified terrorist ac-
22	tivity.
23	(B) Spouses and Children.—An alien is
24	described in this paragraph if the alien was, on
25	September 10, 2001, the spouse or child of—

1	(i) a principal alien described in sub-
2	paragraph (A); or
3	(ii) an alien who died as a direct re-
4	sult of a specified terrorist activity.
5	(3) Authorized employment.—During the pe-
6	riod in which a principal alien or alien spouse is in
7	lawful nonimmigrant status under paragraph (1), the
8	alien shall be provided an "employment authorized"
9	endorsement or other appropriate document signi-
10	fying authorization of employment not later than 30
11	days after the alien requests such authorization.
12	(b) New Deadlines for Extension or Change of
13	Nonimmigrant Status.—
14	(1) FILING DELAYS.—In the case of an alien who
15	was lawfully present in the United States as a non-
16	immigrant on September 10, 2001, if the alien was
17	prevented from filing a timely application for an ex-
18	tension or change of nonimmigrant status as a direct
19	result of a specified terrorist activity, the alien's ap-
20	plication shall be considered timely filed if it is filed
21	not later than 60 days after it otherwise would have
22	been due.
23	(2) Departure delays.—In the case of an
24	alien who was lawfully present in the United States
25	as a nonimmigrant on September 10, 2001, if the

1	alien is unable timely to depart the United States as
2	a direct result of a specified terrorist activity, the
3	alien shall not be considered to have been unlawfully
4	present in the United States during the period begin-
5	ning on September 11, 2001, and ending on the date
6	of the alien's departure, if such departure occurs on
7	or before November 11, 2001.
8	(3) Special rule for aliens unable to re-
9	TURN FROM ABROAD.—
10	(A) Principal aliens.—In the case of an
11	alien who was in a lawful nonimmigrant status
12	on September 10, 2001, but who was not present
13	in the United States on such date, if the alien
14	was prevented from returning to the United
15	States in order to file a timely application for
16	an extension of nonimmigrant status as a direct
17	result of a specified terrorist activity—
18	(i) the alien's application shall be con-
19	sidered timely filed if it is filed not later
20	than 60 days after it otherwise would have
21	been due; and
22	(ii) the alien's lawful nonimmigrant
23	status shall be considered to continue until
24	the later of—

1	(I) the date such status otherwise
2	would have terminated if this subpara-
3	graph had not been enacted; or
4	(II) the date that is 60 days after
5	the date on which the application de-
6	scribed in clause (i) otherwise would
7	have been due.
8	(B) Spouses and Children.—In the case
9	of an alien who is the spouse or child of a prin-
10	cipal alien described in subparagraph (A), if the
11	spouse or child was in a lawful nonimmigrant
12	status on September 10, 2001, the spouse or child
13	may remain lawfully in the United States in the
14	same nonimmigrant status until the later of—
15	(i) the date such lawful nonimmigrant
16	status otherwise would have terminated if
17	this subparagraph had not been enacted; or
18	(ii) the date that is 60 days after the
19	date on which the application described in
20	subparagraph (A) otherwise would have
21	been due.
22	(c) Diversity Immigrants.—
23	(1) Waiver of fiscal year limitation.—Not-
24	withstanding section 203(e)(2) of the Immigration
25	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(e)(2)), an immi-

- grant visa number issued to an alien under section
 2 203(c) of such Act for fiscal year 2001 may be used
 3 by the alien during the period beginning on October
 4 1, 2001, and ending on April 1, 2002, if the alien es5 tablishes that the alien was prevented from using it
 6 during fiscal year 2001 as a direct result of a speci7 fied terrorist activity.
 - (2) Worldwide Level.—In the case of an alien entering the United States as a lawful permanent resident, or adjusting to that status, under paragraph (1), the alien shall be counted as a diversity immigrant for fiscal year 2001 for purposes of section 201(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(e)), unless the worldwide level under such section for such year has been exceeded, in which case the alien shall be counted as a diversity immigrant for fiscal year 2002.
 - (3) TREATMENT OF FAMILY MEMBERS OF CERTAIN ALIENS.—In the case of a principal alien issued an immigrant visa number under section 203(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(c)) for fiscal year 2001, if such principal alien died as a direct result of a specified terrorist activity, the aliens who were, on September 10, 2001, the spouse and children of such principal alien shall, if

- 1 not otherwise entitled to an immigrant status and the
- 2 immediate issuance of a visa under subsection (a),
- 3 (b), or (c) of section 203 of such Act, be entitled to
- 4 the same status, and the same order of consideration,
- 5 that would have been provided to such alien spouse or
- 6 child under section 203(d) of such Act if the principal
- 7 alien were not deceased.
- 8 (d) Extension of Expiration of Immigrant
- 9 Visas.—Notwithstanding the limitations under section
- 10 221(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
- 11 1201(c)), in the case of any immigrant visa issued to an
- 12 alien that expires or expired before December 31, 2001, if
- 13 the alien was unable to effect entry to the United States
- 14 as a direct result of a specified terrorist activity, then the
- 15 period of validity of the visa is extended until December
- 16 31, 2001, unless a longer period of validity is otherwise pro-
- 17 vided under this subtitle.
- 18 (e) Grants of Parole Extended.—In the case of
- 19 any parole granted by the Attorney General under section
- 20 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8)
- 21 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) that expires on a date on or after Sep-
- 22 tember 11, 2001, if the alien beneficiary of the parole was
- 23 unable to return to the United States prior to the expiration
- 24 date as a direct result of a specified terrorist activity, the
- 25 parole is deemed extended for an additional 90 days.

- 1 (f) Voluntary Departure.—Notwithstanding sec-
- 2 tion 240B of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8)
- 3 U.S.C. 1229c), if a period for voluntary departure under
- 4 such section expired during the period beginning on Sep-
- 5 tember 11, 2001, and ending on October 11, 2001, such vol-
- 6 untary departure period is deemed extended for an addi-
- 7 tional 30 days.
- 8 SEC. 213. HUMANITARIAN RELIEF FOR CERTAIN SURVIVING
- 9 **SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.**
- 10 (a) Treatment as Immediate Relatives.—Not-
- 11 withstanding the second sentence of section 201(b)(2)(A)(i)
- 12 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
- 13 1151(b)(2)(A)(i), in the case of an alien who was the
- 14 spouse of a citizen of the United States at the time of the
- 15 citizen's death and was not legally separated from the cit-
- 16 izen at the time of the citizen's death, if the citizen died
- 17 as a direct result of a specified terrorist activity, the alien
- 18 (and each child of the alien) shall be considered, for pur-
- 19 poses of section 201(b) of such Act, to remain an immediate
- 20 relative after the date of the citizen's death, but only if the
- 21 alien files a petition under section 204(a)(1)(A)(ii) of such
- 22 Act within 2 years after such date and only until the date
- 23 the alien remarries.

1 (b) Spouses, Children, Unmarried Sons and 2 Daughters of Lawful Permanent Resident 3 Aliens.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Any spouse, child, or unmarried son or daughter of an alien described in paragraph (3) who is included in a petition for classification as a family-sponsored immigrant under section 203(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(2)) that was filed by such alien before September 11, 2001, shall be considered (if the spouse, child, son, or daughter has not been admitted or approved for lawful permanent residence by such date) a valid petitioner for preference status under such section with the same priority date as that assigned prior to the death described in paragraph (3)(A). No new petition shall be required to be filed. Such spouse, child, son, or daughter may be eligible for deferred action and work authorization.

(2) Self-Petitions.—Any spouse, child, or unmarried son or daughter of an alien described in paragraph (3) who is not a beneficiary of a petition for classification as a family-sponsored immigrant under section 203(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act may file a petition for such classification with the Attorney General, if the spouse, child,

1	son, or daughter was present in the United States on
2	September 11, 2001. Such spouse, child, son, or
3	daughter may be eligible for deferred action and work
4	authorization.
5	(3) Aliens described.—An alien is described
6	in this paragraph if the alien—
7	(A) died as a direct result of a specified ter-
8	rorist activity; and
9	(B) on the day of such death, was lawfully
10	admitted for permanent residence in the United
11	States.
12	(c) Applications for Adjustment of Status by
13	Surviving Spouses and Children of Employment-
14	Based Immigrants.—
15	(1) In general.—Any alien who was, on Sep-
16	tember 10, 2001, the spouse or child of an alien de-
17	scribed in paragraph (2), and who applied for adjust-
18	ment of status prior to the death described in para-
19	graph (2)(A), may have such application adjudicated
20	as if such death had not occurred.
21	(2) Aliens described.—An alien is described
22	in this paragraph if the alien—
23	(A) died as a direct result of a specified ter-
24	rorist activity; and
25	(B) on the day before such death, was—

1	(i) an alien lawfully admitted for per-
2	manent residence in the United States by
3	reason of having been allotted a visa under
4	section 203(b) of the Immigration and Na-
5	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(b)); or
6	(ii) an applicant for adjustment of sta-
7	tus to that of an alien described in clause
8	(i), and admissible to the United States for
9	permanent residence.
10	(d) Waiver of Public Charge Grounds.—In deter-
11	mining the admissibility of any alien accorded an immi-
12	gration benefit under this section, the grounds for inadmis-
13	sibility specified in section 212(a)(4) of the Immigration
14	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(4)) shall not apply.
15	SEC. 214. "AGE-OUT" PROTECTION FOR CHILDREN.
16	For purposes of the administration of the Immigration
17	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), in the case
18	of an alien—
19	(1) whose 21st birthday occurs in September
20	2001, and who is the beneficiary of a petition or ap-
21	plication filed under such Act on or before September
22	11, 2001, the alien shall be considered to be a child
23	for 90 days after the alien's 21st birthday for pur-
24	poses of adjudicating such petition or application;
25	and

1	(2) whose 21st birthday occurs after September
2	2001, and who is the beneficiary of a petition or ap-
3	plication filed under such Act on or before September
4	11, 2001, the alien shall be considered to be a child
5	for 45 days after the alien's 21st birthday for pur-
6	poses of adjudicating such petition or application.
7	SEC. 215. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATIVE RELIEF.
8	The Attorney General, for humanitarian purposes or
9	to ensure family unity, may provide temporary adminis-
10	trative relief to any alien who—
11	(1) was lawfully present in the United States on
12	September 10, 2001;
13	(2) was on such date the spouse, parent, or child
14	of an individual who died or was disabled as a direct
15	result of a specified terrorist activity; and
16	(3) is not otherwise entitled to relief under any
17	other provision of this subtitle.
18	SEC. 216. EVIDENCE OF DEATH, DISABILITY, OR LOSS OF
19	EMPLOYMENT.
20	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall estab-
21	lish appropriate standards for evidence demonstrating, for
22	purposes of this subtitle, that any of the following occurred
23	as a direct result of a specified terrorist activity:
24	(1) Death.
25	(2) Disabilitu.

1	(3) Loss of employment due to physical damage
2	to, or destruction of, a business.
3	(b) Waiver of Regulations.—The Attorney General
4	shall carry out subsection (a) as expeditiously as possible.
5	The Attorney General is not required to promulgate regula-
6	tions prior to implementing this subtitle.
7	SEC. 217. NO BENEFITS TO TERRORISTS OR FAMILY MEM
8	BERS OF TERRORISTS.
9	Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle,
10	nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to provide any
11	benefit or relief to—
12	(1) any individual culpable for a specified ter-
13	rorist activity; or
14	(2) any family member of any individual de-
15	scribed in paragraph (1).
16	SEC. 218. DEFINITIONS.
17	(a) Application of Immigration and Nationality
18	ACT PROVISIONS.—Except as otherwise specifically pro-
19	vided in this subtitle, the definitions used in the Immigra-
20	tion and Nationality Act (excluding the definitions applica-
21	ble exclusively to title III of such Act) shall apply in the
22	administration of this subtitle.
23	(b) Specified Terrorist Activity.—For purposes of
24	this subtitle, the term "specified terrorist activity" means

1	any terrorist activity conducted against the Government or
2	the people of the United States on September 11, 2001.
3	TITLE III—CRIMINAL JUSTICE
4	$Subtitle \ A \!\!-\!\! Substantive \ Criminal$
5	Law
6	SEC. 301. STATUTE OF LIMITATION FOR PROSECUTING TER-
7	RORISM OFFENSES.
8	(a) In General.—Section 3286 of title 18, United
9	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
10	"§ 3286. Terrorism offenses
11	"(a) An indictment may be found or an information
12	instituted at any time without limitation for any Federal
13	terrorism offense or any of the following offenses:
14	"(1) A violation of, or an attempt or conspiracy
15	to violate, section 32 (relating to destruction of air-
16	craft or aircraft facilities), 37(a)(1) (relating to vio-
17	lence at international airports), 175 (relating to bio-
18	logical weapons), 229 (relating to chemical weapons),
19	351(a)-(d) (relating to congressional, cabinet, and
20	Supreme Court assassination and kidnaping), 791
21	(relating to harboring terrorists), 831 (relating to nu-
22	clear materials), 844(f) or (i) when it relates to bomb-
23	ing (relating to arson and bombing of certain prop-
24	erty), 1114(1) (relating to protection of officers and
25	employees of the United States), 1116, if the offense

1 involves murder (relating to murder or manslaughter 2 of foreign officials, official quests, or internationally protected persons), 1203 (relating to hostage taking), 3 4 1751(a)-(d) (relating to Presidential and Presidential 5 staff assassination and kidnaping), 2332(a)(1) (relat-6 ing to certain homicides and other violence against 7 United States nationals occurring outside of the United States), 2332a (relating to use of weapons of 8 9 mass destruction), 2332b (relating to acts of terrorism 10 transcending national boundaries) of this title. 11 "(2) Section 236 (relating to sabotage of nuclear 12 facilities or fuel) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 13 (42 U.S.C. 2284): 14 "(3) Section 601 (relating to disclosure of identi-15 ties of covert agents) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 421). 16 17 "(4) Section 46502 (relating to aircraft piracy) 18 of title 49. 19 "(b) An indictment may be found or an information 20 instituted within 15 years after the offense was committed 21 for any of the following offenses: 22 "(1) Section 175b (relating to biological weap-23 ons), 842(m) or (n) (relating to plastic explosives), 24 930(c) if it involves murder (relating to possessing a 25 dangerous weapon in a Federal facility), 956 (relat-

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ing to conspiracy to injure property of a foreign government), 1030(a)(1), 1030(a)(5)(A), or 1030(a)(7)(relating to protection of computers), 1362 (relating to destruction of communication lines, stations, or systems), 1366 (relating to destruction of an energy facility), 1992 (relating to trainwrecking), 2152 (relating to injury of fortifications, harbor defenses, or defensive sea areas), 2155 (relating to destruction of national defense materials, premises, or utilities), 2156 (relating to production of defective national defense materials, premises, or utilities), 2280 (relating to violence against maritime navigation), 2281 (relating to violence against maritime fixed platforms), 2339A (relating to providing material support to terrorists), 2339B (relating to providing material support to terrorist organizations), or 2340A (relating to torture).

"(2) Any of the following provisions of title 49: the second sentence of section 46504 (relating to assault on a flight crew with a dangerous weapon), section 46505(b)(3), (relating to explosive or incendiary devices, or endangerment of human life by means of weapons, on aircraft), section 46506 if homicide or attempted homicide is involved, or section 60123(b)

- 1 (relating to destruction of interstate gas or hazardous
- 2 liquid pipeline facility) of title 49.".
- 3 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at
- 4 the beginning of chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code,
- 5 is amended by amending the item relating to section 3286
- 6 to read as follows:

"3286. Terrorism offenses.".

- 7 (c) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this sec-
- 8 tion shall apply to the prosecution of any offense committed
- 9 before, on, or after the date of enactment of this section.
- 10 SEC. 302. ALTERNATIVE MAXIMUM PENALTIES FOR TER-
- 11 RORISM CRIMES.
- 12 Section 3559 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 13 ed by adding after subsection (d) the following:
- 14 "(e) Authorized Terms of Imprisonment for
- 15 Terrorism Crimes.—A person convicted of any Federal
- 16 terrorism offense may be sentenced to imprisonment for any
- 17 term of years or for life, notwithstanding any maximum
- 18 term of imprisonment specified in the law describing the
- 19 offense. The authorization of imprisonment under this sub-
- 20 section is supplementary to, and does not limit, the avail-
- 21 ability of any other penalty authorized by the law describ-
- 22 ing the offense, including the death penalty, and does not
- 23 limit the applicability of any mandatory minimum term
- 24 of imprisonment, including any mandatory life term, pro-
- 25 vided by the law describing the offense.".

SEC. 303. PENALTIES FOR TERRORIST CONSPIRACIES. 2 Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is 3 amended— 4 (1) by inserting after section 2332b the following: 5 "§ 2332c. Attempts and conspiracies 6 "(a) Except as provided in subsection (c), any person 7 who attempts or conspires to commit any Federal terrorism offense shall be subject to the same penalties as those prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was the object of the attempt or conspiracy. 11 "(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), any person who attempts or conspires to commit any offense described 13 in section 25(2) shall be subject to the same penalties as those prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was the object of the attempt or conspiracy. 15 16 "(c) A death penalty may not be imposed by operation of this section."; and 17 18 (2) in the table of sections at the beginning of the 19 chapter, by inserting after the item relating to section 20 2332b the following new item: "2332c. Attempts and conspiracies.". 21 SEC. 304. TERRORISM CRIMES AS RICO PREDICATES. Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is

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- 23 amended—
- (1) by striking "or (F)" and inserting "(F)"; 24
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(2) by striking "financial gain." and inserting "financial gain, or (G) any act that is a Federal terrorism offense or is indictable under any of the following provisions of law: section 32 (relating to destruction of aircraft or aircraft facilities), 37(a)(1) (relating to violence at international airports), 175 (relating to biological weapons), 229 (relating to chemical weapons), 351(a)-(d) (relating to congressional, cabinet, and Supreme Court assassination and kidnaping), 831 (relating to nuclear materials). 842(m) or (n) (relating to plastic explosives), 844(f) or (i) when it involves a bombing (relating to arson and bombing of certain property), 930(c) when it involves an attack on a Federal facility, 1114 when it involves murder (relating to protection of officers and employees of the United States), 1116 when it involves murder (relating to murder or manslaughter of foreign officials, official quests, or internationally protected persons), 1203 (relating to hostage taking), 1362 (relating to destruction of communication lines, stations, or systems), 1366 (relating to destruction of an energy facility), 1751(a)-(d) (relating to Presidential and Presidential staff assassination and kidnaping), 1992 (relating to trainwrecking), 2280 (relating to violence against maritime navigation), 2281

1	(relating to violence against maritime fixed plat-
2	forms), 2332a (relating to use of weapons of mass de-
3	struction), 2332b (relating to acts of terrorism tran-
4	scending national boundaries), 2339A (relating to
5	providing material support to terrorists), 2339B (re-
6	lating to providing material support to terrorist orga-
7	nizations), or 2340A (relating to torture) of this title;
8	section 236 (relating to sabotage of nuclear facilities
9	or fuel) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
10	2284); or section 46502 (relating to aircraft piracy)
11	or 60123(b) (relating to destruction of interstate gas
12	or hazardous liquid pipeline facility) of title 49;".
13	SEC. 305. BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.
14	Chapter 10 of title 18, United States Code, is
15	amended—
16	(1) in section 175—
17	(A) in subsection (b)—
18	(i) by striking, "section, the" and in-
19	serting "section—
20	"(1) the";
21	(ii) by striking "does not include" and
22	inserting "includes";
23	(iii) by inserting "other than" after
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1	(iv) by striking "purposes." and insert-
2	ing "purposes, and
3	"(2) the terms biological agent and toxin do not
4	encompass any biological agent or toxin that is in its
5	naturally-occurring environment, if the biological
6	agent or toxin has not been cultivated, collected, or
7	otherwise extracted from its natural source.";
8	(B) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
9	section (c); and
10	(C) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(b) Additional Offense.—Whoever knowingly pos-
13	sesses any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system of a
14	type or in a quantity that, under the circumstances, is not
15	reasonably justified by a prophylactic, protective, or other
16	peaceful purpose, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
17	not more than 10 years, or both.";
18	(2) by inserting after section 175a the following:
19	"§ 175b. Possession by restricted persons
20	"(a) No restricted person described in subsection (b)
21	shall ship or transport in interstate or foreign commerce,
22	or possess in or affecting commerce, any biological agent
23	or toxin, or receive any biological agent or toxin that has
24	been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign com-
25	merce, if the biological agent or toxin is listed as a select

1	agent in subsection (j) of section 72.6 of title 42, Code of
2	Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 511(d)(1) of the
3	Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996
4	(Public Law 104–132), and is not exempted under sub-
5	section (h) of such section 72.6, or Appendix A of part 72
6	of such title; except that the term select agent does not in-
7	clude any such biological agent or toxin that is in its natu-
8	rally-occurring environment, if the biological agent or toxin
9	has not been cultivated, collected, or otherwise extracted
10	from its natural source.
11	"(b) As used in this section, the term 'restricted person'
12	means an individual who—
13	"(1) is under indictment for a crime punishable
14	by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year;
15	"(2) has been convicted in any court of a crime
16	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1
17	year;
18	"(3) is a fugitive from justice;
19	"(4) is an unlawful user of any controlled sub-
20	stance (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled
21	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802));
22	"(5) is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the
23	United States;
24	"(6) has been adjudicated as a mental defective
25	or has been committed to any mental institution; or

1 "(7) is an alien (other than an alien lawfully 2 admitted for permanent residence) who is a national 3 of a country as to which the Secretary of State, pur-4 suant to section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)), section 620A of 5 6 chapter 1 of part M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 7 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371), or section 40(d) of chapter 3 8 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)), 9 has made a determination that remains in effect that 10 such country has repeatedly provided support for acts 11 of international terrorism. 12 "(c) As used in this section, the term 'alien' has the same meaning as that term is given in section 1010(a)(3)of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 14 1101(a)(3)), and the term 'lawfully' admitted for permanent residence has the same meaning as that term is given in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20)). 18 19 "(d) Whoever knowingly violates this section shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten 21 years, or both, but the prohibition contained in this section shall not apply with respect to any duly authorized governmental activity under title V of the National Security Act of 1947."; and

1	(3) in the table of sections in the beginning of
2	such chapter, by inserting after the item relating to
3	section 175a the following:
	"175b. Possession by restricted persons.".
4	SEC. 306. SUPPORT OF TERRORISM THROUGH EXPERT AD-
5	VICE OR ASSISTANCE.
6	Section 2339A of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a)—
9	(A) by striking "a violation" and all that
10	follows through "49" and inserting "any Federal
11	terrorism offense or any offense described in sec-
12	tion 25(2)"; and
13	(B) by striking "violation," and inserting
14	"offense,"; and
15	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting "expert advice
16	or assistance," after "training,".
17	SEC. 307. PROHIBITION AGAINST HARBORING.
18	(a) Title 18, United States Code, is amended by insert-
19	ing before section 792 the following:
20	"§ 791. Prohibition against harboring
21	"Whoever harbors or conceals any person who he knows
22	has committed, or is about to commit, an offense described
23	in section 25(2) or this title shall be fined under this title
24	or imprisoned not more than ten years or both. There is
25	extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction over any violation of

- 1 this section or any conspiracy or attempt to violate this
- 2 section. A violation of this section or of such a conspiracy
- 3 or attempt may be prosecuted in any Federal judicial dis-
- 4 trict in which the underlying offense was committed, or in
- 5 any other Federal judicial district as provided by law.".
- 6 (b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter
- 7 37 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
- 8 before the item relating to section 792 the following: "791. Prohibition against harboring.".

9 SEC. 308. POST-RELEASE SUPERVISION OF TERRORISTS.

- 10 Section 3583 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 11 ed by adding at the end the following:
- 12 "(j) Supervised Release Terms for Terrorism
- 13 Offenses.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the author-
- 14 ized terms of supervised release for any Federal terrorism
- 15 offense are any term of years or life.".
- 16 SEC. 309. DEFINITION.
- 17 (a) Chapter 1 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 18 amended—
- 19 (1) by adding after section 24 a new section as
- 20 *follows:*

21 "§25. Federal terrorism offense defined

- 22 "As used in this title, the term 'Federal terrorism of-
- 23 fense' means an offense that is—

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"(1) is calculated to influence or affect the conduct of government by intimidation or coercion; or to retaliate against government conduct; and

"(2) is a violation of, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate- section 32 (relating to destruction of aircraft or aircraft facilities), 37 (relating to violence at international airports), 81 (relating to arson within special maritime and territorial jurisdiction), 175, 175b (relating to biological weapons), 229 (relating to chemical weapons), 351(a)-(d) (relating to congressional, cabinet, and Supreme Court assassination and kidnaping), 791 (relating to harboring terrorists), 831 (relating to nuclear materials), 842(m) or (n) (relating to plastic explosives), 844(f) or (i) (relating to arson and bombing of certain property), 930(c), 956 (relating to conspiracy to injure property of a foreign government), 1030(a)(1), 1030(a)(5)(A), or 1030(a)(7) (relating to protection of computers), 1114 (relating to protection of officers and employees of the United States), 1116 (relating to murder or manslaughter of foreign officials, official quests, or internationally protected persons), 1203 (relating to hostage taking), 1361 (relating to injury of Government property or contracts), 1362 (relating to destruction of communication lines, stations, or sys-

1 tems), 1363 (relating to injury to buildings or prop-2 erty within special maritime and territorial jurisdic-3 tion of the United States), 1366 (relating to destruc-4 tion of an energy facility), 1751(a)-(d) (relating to 5 Presidential and Presidential staff assassination and kidnaping), 1992, 2152 (relating to injury of for-6 7 tifications, harbor defenses, or defensive sea areas). 8 2155 (relating to destruction of national defense ma-9 terials, premises, or utilities), 2156 (relating to pro-10 duction of defective national defense materials, prem-11 ises, or utilities), 2280 (relating to violence against 12 maritime navigation), 2281 (relating to violence 13 against maritime fixed platforms), 2332 (relating to 14 certain homicides and other violence against United 15 States nationals occurring outside of the United 16 States), 2332a (relating to use of weapons of mass de-17 struction), 2332b (relating to acts of terrorism tran-18 scending national boundaries), 2339A (relating to 19 providing material support to terrorists), 2339B (re-20 lating to providing material support to terrorist orga-21 nizations), or 2340A (relating to torture): 22 "(3) section 236 (relating to sabotage of nuclear 23 facilities or fuel) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954

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(42 U.S.C. 2284):

1	"(4) section 601 (relating to disclosure of identi-
2	ties of covert agents) of the National Security Act of
3	1947 (50 U.S.C. 421); or
4	"(5) any of the following provisions of title 49:
5	section 46502 (relating to aircraft piracy), the second
6	sentence of section 46504 (relating to assault on a
7	flight crew with a dangerous weapon), section
8	46505(b)(3), (relating to explosive or incendiary de-
9	vices, or endangerment of human life by means of
10	weapons, on aircraft), section 46506 if homicide or
11	attempted homicide is involved, or section 60123(b)
12	(relating to destruction of interstate gas or hazardous
13	liquid pipeline facility) of title 49."; and
14	(2) in the table of sections in the beginning of
15	such chapter, by inserting after the item relating to
16	section 24 the following:
	"25. Federal terrorism offense defined.".
17	(b) Section $2332b(g)(5)(B)$ of title 18, United States
18	Code, is amended by striking "is a violation" and all that
19	follows through "title 49" and inserting "is a Federal ter-
20	rorism offense".
21	(c) Section 2331 of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended—
23	(1) in paragraph (1)(B)—
24	(A) by inserting "(or to have the effect)"
25	after "intended"; and

1	(B) in clause (iii), by striking 'by assas-
2	sination or kidnapping" and inserting "(or any
3	function thereof) by mass destruction, assassina-
4	tion, or kidnapping (or threat thereof)";
5	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking "and";
6	(3) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and
7	inserting "; and"; and
8	(4) by inserting the following paragraph (4):
9	"(5) the term 'domestic terrorism' means activi-
10	ties that—
11	"(A) involve acts dangerous to human life
12	that are a violation of the criminal laws of the
13	United States or of any State; and
14	"(B) appear to be intended (or to have the
15	$\mathit{effect})$ —
16	"(i) to intimidate or coerce a civilian
17	population;
18	"(ii) to influence the policy of a gov-
19	ernment by intimidation or coercion; or
20	"(iii) to affect the conduct of a govern-
21	ment (or any function thereof) by mass de-
22	struction, assassination, or kidnapping (or
23	threat thereof).".

1	SEC. 310. CIVIL DAMAGES.
2	Section 2707(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended by striking "\$1,000" and inserting "\$10,000".
4	Subtitle B—Criminal Procedure
5	SEC. 351. SINGLE-JURISDICTION SEARCH WARRANTS FOR
6	TERRORISM.
7	Rule 41(a) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure
8	is amended by inserting after "executed" the following:
9	"and (3) in an investigation of domestic terrorism or inter-
10	national terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18,
11	United States Code), by a Federal magistrate judge in any
12	district court of the United States (including a magistrate
13	judge of such court), or any United States Court of Appeals,
14	having jurisdiction over the offense being investigated, for
15	a search of property or for a person within or outside the
16	district".
17	SEC. 352. DNA IDENTIFICATION OF TERRORISTS.
18	Section 3(d)(1) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimi-
19	nation Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135a(d)(1)) is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating subparagraph (G) as sub-
21	paragraph (H); and
22	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (F) the a
23	new subparagraph as follows:
24	"(G) Any Federal terrorism offense (as defined

in section 25 of title 18, United States Code).".

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1 SEC. 353. GRAND JURY MATTERS.

2	Rule 6(e)(3)(C) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Pro-
3	cedure is amended—
4	(1) by adding after clause (iv) the following:
5	"(v) when permitted by a court at the
6	request of an attorney for the government,
7	upon a showing that the matters pertain to
8	international or domestic terrorism (as de-
9	fined in section 2331 of title 18, United
10	States Code) or national security, to any
11	Federal law enforcement, intelligence, na-
12	tional security, national defense, protective,
13	immigration personnel, or to the President
14	or Vice President of the United States, for
15	the performance of official duties.";
16	(2) by striking "or" at the end of clause (iii);
17	and
18	(3) by striking the period at the end of clause
19	(iv) and inserting "; or".
20	SEC. 354. EXTRATERRITORIALITY.
21	Chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended—
23	(1) in the heading for section 2338, by striking
24	"Exclusive";
25	(2) in section 2338, by inserting "There is
26	extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction over any Federal

1	terrorism offense and any offense under this chapter,
2	in addition to any extraterritorial jurisdiction that
3	may exist under the law defining the offense, if the
4	person committing the offense or the victim of the of-
5	fense is a national of the United States (as defined
6	in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality
7	Act) or if the offense is directed at the security or in-
8	terests of the United States." before "The district
9	courts"; and
10	(3) in the table of sections at the beginning of
11	such chapter, by striking "Exclusive" in the item re-
12	lating to section 2338.
13	SEC. 355. JURISDICTION OVER CRIMES COMMITTED AT
	SEC. 355. JURISDICTION OVER CRIMES COMMITTED AT UNITED STATES FACILITIES ABROAD.
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13 14 15 16	UNITED STATES FACILITIES ABROAD.
14 15	United States Facilities abroad. Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
14 15 16	UNITED STATES FACILITIES ABROAD. Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17	UNITED STATES FACILITIES ABROAD. Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9)(A) With respect to offenses committed by or
114 115 116 117 118	United states facilities abroad. Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9)(A) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in sec-
14 15 16 17	United states facilities abroad. Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9)(A) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9)(A) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title— "(i) the premises of United States diplo-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9)(A) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title— "(i) the premises of United States diplomatic, consular, military, or other United States

1	thereto, irrespective of ownership, used for pur-
2	poses of those missions or entities; and
3	"(ii) residences in foreign states and the
4	land appurtenant or ancillary thereto, irrespec-
5	tive of ownership, used for purposes of those mis-
6	sions or entities or used by United States per-
7	sonnel assigned to those missions or entities, ex-
8	cept that this paragraph does not supercede any
9	treaty or international agreement in force on the
10	date of the enactment of this paragraph.
11	"(B) This paragraph does not apply with respect
12	to an offense committed by a person described in sec-
13	tion 3261(a).".
14	SEC. 356. SPECIAL AGENT AUTHORITIES.
15	(a) General Authority of Special Agents.—Sec-
16	tion 37(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act
17	of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2709(a)) is amended—
18	(1) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the
19	following:
20	"(2) in the course of performing the functions set
21	forth in paragraphs (1) and (3), obtain and execute
22	search and arrest warrants, as well as obtain and
23	serve subpoenas and summonses, issued under the au-
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1	(2) in paragraph $(3)(F)$ by inserting "or Presi-
2	dent-elect" after "President"; and
3	(3) by striking paragraph (5) and inserting the
4	following:
5	"(5) in the course of performing the functions set
6	forth in paragraphs (1) and (3), make arrests without
7	warrant for any offense against the United States
8	committed in the presence of the special agent, or for
9	any felony cognizable under the laws of the United
10	States if the special agent has reasonable grounds to
11	believe that the person to be arrested has committed
12	or is committing such felony.".
13	(b) Crimes.—Section 37 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2709)
14	is amended by inserting after subsection (c) the following
15	new subsections:
16	"(d) Interference With Agents.—Whoever know-
17	ingly and willfully obstructs, resists, or interferes with a
18	Federal law enforcement agent engaged in the performance
19	of the protective functions authorized by this section shall
20	be fined under title 18 or imprisoned not more than one
21	year, or both.
22	"(e) Persons Under Protection of Special
23	AGENTS.—Whoever engages in any conduct—
24	"(1) directed against an individual entitled to
25	protection under this section, and

1	"(2) which would constitute a violation of sec-
2	tion 112 or 878 of title 18, United States Code, if
3	such individual were a foreign official, an official
4	guest, or an internationally protected person, shall be
5	subject to the same penalties as are provided for such
6	conduct directed against an individual subject to pro-
7	tection under such section of title 18.".
8	TITLE IV—FINANCIAL
9	INFRASTRUCTURE
10	SEC. 401. LAUNDERING THE PROCEEDS OF TERRORISM.
11	Section 1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States Code,
12	is amended by inserting "or 2339B" after "2339A".
13	SEC. 402. MATERIAL SUPPORT FOR TERRORISM.
14	Section 2339A of title 18, United States Code, is
15	amended—
16	(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
17	following "A violation of this section may be pros-
18	ecuted in any Federal judicial district in which the
19	underlying offense was committed, or in any other
20	Federal judicial district as provided by law."; and
21	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "or other finan-
22	cial securities" and inserting "or monetary instru-
23	ments or financial securities".

1 SEC. 403. ASSETS OF TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS.

2	Section 981(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended by inserting after subparagraph (F) the following:
4	"(G) All assets, foreign or domestic—
5	"(i) of any person, entity, or organization
6	engaged in planning or perpetrating any act of
7	domestic terrorism or international terrorism (as
8	defined in section 2331) against the United
9	States, citizens or residents of the United States,
10	or their property, and all assets, foreign or do-
11	mestic, affording any person a source of influ-
12	ence over any such entity or organization;
13	"(ii) acquired or maintained by any person
14	for the purpose of supporting, planning, con-
15	ducting, or concealing an act of domestic ter-
16	rorism or international terrorism (as defined in
17	section 2331) against the United States, citizens
18	or residents of the United States, or their prop-
19	erty; or
20	"(iii) derived from, involved in, or used or
21	intended to be used to commit any act of domes-
22	tic terrorism or international terrorism (as de-
23	fined in section 2331) against the United States,
24	citizens or residents of the United States, or their
25	property.".

1	SEC. 404. TECHNICAL CLARIFICATION RELATING TO PROVI-
2	SION OF MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISM.
3	No provision of title IX of Public Law 106–387 shall
4	be understood to limit or otherwise affect section 2339A or
5	2339B of title 18, United States Code.
6	SEC. 405. DISCLOSURE OF TAX INFORMATION IN TER-
7	RORISM AND NATIONAL SECURITY INVES-
8	TIGATIONS.
9	(a) Disclosure Without a Request of Informa-
10	TION RELATING TO TERRORIST ACTIVITIES, ETC.—Para-
11	graph (3) of section 6103(i) of the Internal Revenue Code
12	of 1986 (relating to disclosure of return information to ap-
13	prise appropriate officials of criminal activities or emer-
14	gency circumstances) is amended by adding at the end the
15	following new subparagraph:
16	"(C) Terrorist activities, etc.—
17	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
18	in paragraph (6), the Secretary may dis-
19	close in writing return information (other
20	than taxpayer return information) that
21	may be related to a terrorist incident,
22	threat, or activity to the extent necessary to
23	apprise the head of the appropriate Federal
24	law enforcement agency responsible for in-
25	vestigating or responding to such terrorist
26	incident, threat, or activity. The head of the

1	agency may disclose such return informa-
2	tion to officers and employees of such agen-
3	cy to the extent necessary to investigate or
4	respond to such terrorist incident, threat, or
5	activity.
6	"(ii) Disclosure to the depart-
7	MENT OF JUSTICE.—Returns and taxpayer
8	return information may also be disclosed to
9	the Attorney General under clause (i) to the
10	extent necessary for, and solely for use in
11	preparing, an application under paragraph
12	(7)(D).
13	"(iii) Taxpayer identity.—For pur-
14	poses of this subparagraph, a taxpayer's
15	identity shall not be treated as taxpayer re-
16	$turn\ information.$
17	"(iv) Termination.—No disclosure
18	may be made under this subparagraph after
19	December 31, 2003.".
20	(b) Disclosure Upon Request of Information
21	Relating to Terrorist Activities, Etc.—Subsection
22	(i) of section 6103 of such Code (relating to disclosure to
23	Federal officers or employees for administration of Federal
24	laws not relating to tax administration) is amended by re-

1	designating paragraph (7) as paragraph (8) and by insert-
2	ing after paragraph (6) the following new paragraph:
3	"(7) Disclosure upon request of informa-
4	TION RELATING TO TERRORIST ACTIVITIES, ETC.—
5	"(A) Disclosure to law enforcement
6	AGENCIES.—
7	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
8	in paragraph (6), upon receipt by the Sec-
9	retary of a written request which meets the
10	requirements of clause (iii), the Secretary
11	may disclose return information (other than
12	taxpayer return information) to officers and
13	employees of any Federal law enforcement
14	agency who are personally and directly en-
15	gaged in the response to or investigation of
16	terrorist incidents, threats, or activities.
17	"(ii) Disclosure to state and
18	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.—The
19	head of any Federal law enforcement agency
20	may disclose return information obtained
21	under clause (i) to officers and employees of
22	any State or local law enforcement agency
23	but only if such agency is part of a team
24	with the Federal law enforcement agency in
25	such response or investigation and such in-

1	formation is disclosed only to officers and
2	employees who are personally and directly
3	engaged in such response or investigation.
4	"(iii) Requirements.—A request
5	meets the requirements of this clause if—
6	"(I) the request is made by the
7	head of any Federal law enforcement
8	agency (or his delegate) involved in the
9	response to or investigation of terrorist
10	incidents, threats, or activities, and
11	"(II) the request sets forth the spe-
12	cific reason or reasons why such disclo-
13	sure may be relevant to a terrorist in-
14	cident, threat, or activity.
15	"(iv) Limitation on use of informa-
16	TION.—Information disclosed under this
17	subparagraph shall be solely for the use of
18	the officers and employees to whom such in-
19	formation is disclosed in such response or
20	investigation.
21	"(B) Disclosure to intelligence agen-
22	CIES.—
23	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
24	in paragraph (6), upon receipt by the Sec-
25	retary of a written request which meets the

1	requirements of clause (ii), the Secretary
2	may disclose return information (other than
3	taxpayer return information) to those offi-
4	cers and employees of the Department of
5	Justice, the Department of the Treasury,
6	and other Federal intelligence agencies who
7	are personally and directly engaged in the
8	collection or analysis of intelligence and
9	counterintelligence information or inves-
10	tigation concerning terrorists and terrorist
11	organizations and activities. For purposes
12	of the preceding sentence, the information
13	disclosed under the preceding sentence shall
14	be solely for the use of such officers and em-
15	ployees in such investigation, collection, or
16	analysis.
17	"(ii) Requirements.—A request
18	meets the requirements of this subparagraph
19	if the request—
20	"(I) is made by an individual de-
21	scribed in clause (iii), and
22	"(II) sets forth the specific reason
23	or reasons why such disclosure may be
24	relevant to a terrorist incident, threat,
25	or activity.

1	"(iii) Requesting individuals.—An
2	individual described in this subparagraph
3	is an individual—
4	"(I) who is an officer or employee
5	of the Department of Justice or the De-
6	partment of the Treasury who is ap-
7	pointed by the President with the ad-
8	vice and consent of the Senate or who
9	is the Director of the United States Se-
10	cret Service, and
11	"(II) who is responsible for the
12	collection and analysis of intelligence
13	and counterintelligence information
14	concerning terrorists and terrorist or-
15	ganizations and activities.
16	"(iv) Taxpayer identity.—For pur-
17	poses of this subparagraph, a taxpayer's
18	identity shall not be treated as taxpayer re-
19	$turn\ information.$
20	"(C) Disclosure under ex parte or-
21	DERS.—
22	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
23	in paragraph (6), any return or return in-
24	formation with respect to any specified tax-
25	able period or periods shall, pursuant to

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and upon the grant of an exparte order by a Federal district court judge or magistrate under clause (ii), be open (but only to the extent necessary as provided in such order) to inspection by, or disclosure to, officers and employees of any Federal law enforcement agency or Federal intelligence agency who are personally and directly engaged in any investigation, response to, or analysis of intelligence and counterintelligence information concerning any terrorist activity or Return or return information threats. opened pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be solely for the use of such officers and employees in the investigation, response, or analysis, and in any judicial, administrative, or grand jury proceedings, pertaining to any such terrorist activity or threat.

"(ii) APPLICATION FOR ORDER.—The
Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, any
eral, the Associate Attorney General, any
Assistant Attorney General, or any United
States attorney may authorize an application to a Federal district court judge or

1	magistrate for the order referred to in clause
2	(i). Upon such application, such judge or
3	magistrate may grant such order if he de-
4	termines on the basis of the facts submitted
5	by the applicant that—
6	"(I) there is reasonable cause to
7	believe, based upon information be-
8	lieved to be reliable, that the taxpayer
9	whose return or return information is
10	to be disclosed may be connected to a
11	terrorist activity or threat,
12	"(II) there is reasonable cause to
13	believe that the return or return infor-
14	mation may be relevant to a matter re-
15	lating to such terrorist activity or
16	threat, and
17	"(III) the return or return infor-
18	mation is sought exclusively for use in
19	a Federal investigation, analysis, or
20	proceeding concerning terrorist activ-
21	ity, terrorist threats, or terrorist orga-
22	nizations.
23	"(D) Special rule for ex parte disclo-
24	SURE BY THE IRS.—

1	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
2	in paragraph (6), the Secretary may au-
3	thorize an application to a Federal district
4	court judge or magistrate for the order re-
5	ferred to in subparagraph (C)(i). Upon such
6	application, such judge or magistrate may
7	grant such order if he determines on the
8	basis of the facts submitted by the applicant
9	that the requirements of subclauses (I) and
10	(II) of subparagraph (C)(ii) are met.
11	"(ii) Limitation on use of informa-
12	TION.—Information disclosed under clause
13	(i)—
14	"(I) may be disclosed only to the
15	extent necessary to apprise the head of
16	the appropriate Federal law enforce-
17	ment agency responsible for inves-
18	tigating or responding to a terrorist
19	incident, threat, or activity, and
20	"(II) shall be solely for use in a
21	Federal investigation, analysis, or pro-
22	ceeding concerning terrorist activity,
23	terrorist threats, or terrorist organiza-
24	tions.

1	The head of such Federal agency may dis-
2	close such information to officers and em-
3	ployees of such agency to the extent nec-
4	essary to investigate or respond to such ter-
5	rorist incident, threat, or activity.
6	"(E) Termination.—No disclosure may be
7	made under this paragraph after December 31,
8	2003.".
9	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
10	(1) Section 6103(a)(2) of such Code is amended
11	by inserting "any local law enforcement agency re-
12	ceiving information under subsection (i)(7)(A)," after
13	"State,".
14	(2) The heading of section $6103(i)(3)$ of such
15	Code is amended by inserting "OR TERRORIST" after
16	"CRIMINAL".
17	(3) Paragraph (4) of section 6103(i) of such
18	Code is amended—
19	(A) in subparagraph (A) by inserting "or
20	(7)(C)" after "paragraph (1)", and
21	(B) in subparagraph (B) by striking "or
22	(3)(A)" and inserting "(3)(A) or (C), or (7)".
23	(4) Paragraph (6) of section 6103(i) of such
24	Code is amended—

1	(A) by striking "(3)(A)" and inserting
2	"(3)(A) or (C)", and
3	(B) by striking "or (7)" and inserting "(7),
4	or (8)".
5	(5) Section $6103(p)(3)$ of such Code is
6	amended—
7	(A) in subparagraph (A) by striking
8	"(7)(A)(ii)" and inserting "(8)(A)(ii)", and
9	(B) in subparagraph (C) by striking
10	" $(i)(3)(B)(i)$ " and inserting " $(i)(3)(B)(i)$ or
11	(7)(A)(ii)".
12	(6) Section $6103(p)(4)$ of such Code is
13	amended—
14	(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
15	(A)—
16	(i) by striking "or (5)," the first place
17	it appears and inserting "(5), or (7),", and
18	(ii) by striking "(i)(3)(B)(i)" and in-
19	serting " $(i)(3)(B)(i)$ or $(7)(A)(ii)$ ", and
20	(B) in subparagraph $(F)(ii)$ by striking "or
21	(5)," the first place it appears and inserting "(5)
22	or (7),".
23	(7) Section $6103(p)(6)(B)(i)$ of such Code is
24	amended by striking "(i)(7)(A)(ii)" and inserting
25	(i)(8)(A)(ii).

1	(8) Section 7213(a)(2) of such Code is amended
2	by striking " $(i)(3)(B)(i)$," and inserting " $(i)(3)(B)(i)$
3	or $(7)(A)(ii),$ ".
4	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
5	section shall apply to disclosures made on or after the date
6	of the enactment of this Act.
7	SEC. 406. EXTRATERRITORIAL JURISDICTION.
8	Section 1029 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
9	ed by adding at the end the following:
10	"(h) Any person who, outside the jurisdiction of the
11	United States, engages in any act that, if committed within
12	the jurisdiction of the United States, would constitute an
13	offense under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, shall be
14	subject to the fines, penalties, imprisonment, and forfeiture
15	provided in this title if—
16	"(1) the offense involves an access device issued,
17	owned, managed, or controlled by a financial institu-
18	tion, account issuer, credit card system member, or
19	other entity within the jurisdiction of the United
20	States; and
21	"(2) the person transports, delivers, conveys,
22	transfers to or through, or otherwise stores, secrets, or
23	holds within the jurisdiction of the United States, any
24	article used to assist in the commission of the offense

1	or the proceeds of such offense or property derived
2	therefrom.".
3	TITLE V—EMERGENCY
4	AUTHORIZATIONS
5	SEC. 501. OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS.
6	(a) In connection with the airplane hijackings and ter-
7	rorist acts (including, without limitation, any related
8	search, rescue, relief, assistance, or other similar activities)
9	that occurred on September 11, 2001, in the United States,
10	amounts transferred to the Crime Victims Fund from the
11	Executive Office of the President or funds appropriated to
12	the President shall not be subject to any limitation on obli-
13	gations from amounts deposited or available in the Fund.
14	(b) Section 112 of title I of section 101(b) of division
15	A of Public Law 105–277 and section 108(a) of the Depart-
16	ments of Commerce, Justice, and State, The Judiciary, and
17	Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2000 (H.R. 3421 of
18	the 106th Congress, as enacted into law by section
19	1000(a)(1) of Public Law 106–113; Appendix A; 113 Stat.
20	1501A-20) are amended—
21	(1) after "that Office", each place it occurs, by
22	inserting "(including, notwithstanding any contrary
23	provision of law (unless the same should expressly
24	refer to this section), any organization that admin-

1	isters any program established in title I of Public
2	Law 90–351)"; and
3	(2) by inserting "functions, including any" after
4	"all".
5	(c) Section 1404B(b) of the Victims of Crime Act of
6	1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603b) is amended by inserting ", to vic-
7	tim service organizations, to public agencies (including
8	Federal, State, or local governments), and to non-govern-
9	mental organizations that provide assistance to victims of
10	crime," after "programs".
11	(d) Section 1 of Public Law 107–37 is amended—
12	(1) by inserting "(containing identification of
13	all eligible payees of benefits under section 1201)" be-
14	fore "by a";
15	(2) by inserting "producing permanent and total
16	disability" after "suffered a catastrophic injury"; and
17	(3) by striking "1201(a)" and inserting "1201".
18	SEC. 502. ATTORNEY GENERAL'S AUTHORITY TO PAY RE-
19	WARDS.
20	(a) In General.—(1) Title 18, United States Code,
21	is amended by striking sections 3059 through 3059B and
22	inserting the following:
23	"§ 3059. Rewards and appropriations therefor
24	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the At-
25	torney General may pay rewards in accordance with proce-

1	dures and regulations established or issued by the Attorney
2	General.
3	"(b) Limitations.— The following limitations apply
4	with respect to awards under subsection (a):
5	"(1) No such reward, other than in connection
6	with a terrorism offense or as otherwise specifically
7	provided by law, shall exceed \$2,000,000.
8	"(2) No such reward of \$250,000 or more may
9	be made or offered without the personal approval of
10	either the Attorney General or the President.
11	"(3) The Attorney General shall give written no-
12	tice to the Chairmen and ranking minority members
13	of the Committees on Appropriations and the Judici-
14	ary of the Senate and the House of Representatives
15	not later than 30 days after the approval of a reward
16	under paragraph (2);
17	"(4) Any executive agency or military depart-
18	ment (as defined, respectively, in sections 105 and
19	102 of title 5) may provide the Attorney General with
20	funds for the payment of rewards.
21	"(5) Neither the failure to make or authorize
22	such a reward nor the amount of any such reward
23	made or authorized shall be subject to judicial review.

1	"(c) Definition.—In this section, the term 'reward'
2	means a payment pursuant to public advertisements for as-
3	sistance to the Department of Justice.".
4	(2) The items relating to sections 3059A through
5	3059B in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter
6	203 of title 18, United States Code, are repealed.
7	(b) Conforming Amendments.——
8	(1) Section 3075 of title 18, United States Code,
9	and that portion of section 3072 of title 18, United
10	States Code, that follows the first sentence, are re-
11	pealed.
12	(2) Public Law 101–647 is amended—
13	(A) in section 2565 (12 U.S.C. 4205)—
14	(i) by striking all the matter after
15	"section 2561," in subsection (c)(1) and in-
16	serting "the Attorney General may, in the
17	Attorney General's discretion, pay a reward
18	to the declaring."; and
19	(ii) by striking subsection (e); and
20	(B) by striking section 2569 (12 U.S.C.
21	4209).
22	SEC. 503. LIMITED AUTHORITY TO PAY OVERTIME.
23	The matter under the headings "Immigration And
24	Naturalization Service: Salaries and Expenses, Enforce-
25	ment And Border Affairs" and "Immigration And Natu-

1	ralization Service: Salaries and Expenses, Citizenship And
2	Benefits, Immigration Support And Program Direction" in
3	the Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 2001 (as en-
4	acted into law by Appendix B (H.R. 5548) of Public Law
5	106-553 (114 Stat. 2762A-58 to 2762A-59)) is amended
6	by striking each place it occurs: "Provided" and all that
7	follows through "That none of the funds available to the
8	Immigration and Naturalization Service shall be available
9	to pay any employee overtime pay in an amount in excess
10	of \$30,000 during the calendar year beginning January 1,
11	2001:".
12	SEC. 504. DEPARTMENT OF STATE REWARD AUTHORITY.
13	(a) Changes in Reward Authority.—Section 36 of
14	the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22
15	U.S.C. 2708) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (b)—
17	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
18	graph (4);
19	(B) by striking the period at the end of
20	paragraph (5) and inserting ", including by dis-
21	mantling an organization in whole or significant
22	part; or"; and
23	(C) by adding at the end the following new
24	paragraph:

1	"(6) the identification or location of an indi-
2	vidual who holds a leadership position in a terrorist
3	organization.";
4	(2) in subsection (d), by striking paragraphs (2)
5	and (3) and redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
6	graph (2); and
7	(3) by amending subsection (e)(1) to read as fol-
8	lows:
9	"(1) Amount of Award.—
10	"(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
11	(B), no reward paid under this section may ex-
12	ceed \$10,000,000.
13	"(B) The Secretary of State may authorize
14	the payment of an award not to exceed
15	\$25,000,000 if the Secretary determines that
16	payment of an award exceeding the amount
17	under subparagraph (A) is important to the na-
18	tional interest of the United States.".
19	(b) Sense of Congress Regarding Rewards Re-
20	Lating to the September 11, 2001 Attack.—It is the
21	sense of the Congress that the Secretary of State should use
22	the authority of section 36 of the State Department Basic
23	Authorities Act of 1956, as amended by subsection (a), to
24	offer a reward of \$25,000,000 for Osama bin Laden and

- 1 other leaders of the September 11, 2001 attack on the United
- 2 States.
- 3 SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATION OF FUNDS FOR DEA POLICE
- 4 TRAINING IN SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA.
- 5 In addition to amounts otherwise available to carry
- 6 out section 481 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
- 7 U.S.C. 2291), there is authorized to be appropriated to the
- 8 President not less than \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2002 for
- 9 regional antidrug training in the Republic of Turkey by
- 10 the Drug Enforcement Administration for police, as well
- 11 as increased precursor chemical control efforts in the South
- 12 and Central Asia region.
- 13 SEC. 506. PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER BENEFITS.
- 14 (a) In General.—Section 1201(a) of title I of the
- 15 Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
- 16 U.S.C. 3796) is amended by striking "\$100,000" and in-
- 17 serting "\$250,000".
- 18 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
- 19 section shall apply to any death or disability occurring on
- 20 or after January 1, 2001.

1	TITLE VI—DAM SECURITY
2	SEC. 601. SECURITY OF RECLAMATION DAMS, FACILITIES,
3	AND RESOURCES.
4	Section 2805(a) of the Reclamation Recreation Man-
5	agement Act of 1992 (16 U.S.C. 460l-33(a)) is amended
6	by adding at the end the following:
7	"(3) Any person who violates any such regulation
8	which is issued pursuant to this Act shall be fined under
9	title 18, United States Code, imprisoned not more than 6
10	months, or both. Any person charged with a violation of
11	such regulation may be tried and sentenced by any United
12	States magistrate judge designated for that purpose by the
13	court by which such judge was appointed, in the same man-
14	ner and subject to the same conditions and limitations as
15	provided for in section 3401 of title 18, United States Code.
16	"(4) The Secretary may—
17	"(A) authorize law enforcement personnel from
18	the Department of the Interior to act as law enforce-
19	ment officers to maintain law and order and protect
20	persons and property within a Reclamation project or
21	on Reclamation lands;
22	"(B) authorize law enforcement personnel of any
23	other Federal agency that has law enforcement au-
24	thority, with the exception of the Department of De-

fense, or law enforcement personnel of any State or

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1	local government, including Indian tribes, when
2	deemed economical and in the public interest, and
3	with the concurrence of that agency or that State or
4	local government, to act as law enforcement officers
5	within a Reclamation project or on Reclamation
6	lands with such enforcement powers as may be so as-
7	signed them by the Secretary to carry out the regula-
8	tions promulgated under paragraph (2);

- "(C) cooperate with any State or local government, including Indian tribes, in the enforcement of the laws or ordinances of that State or local government; and
- "(D) provide reimbursement to a State or local government, including Indian tribes, for expenditures incurred in connection with activities under subparagraph (B).
- 17 "(5) Officers or employees designated or authorized by 18 the Secretary under paragraph (4) are authorized to—
- 19 "(A) carry firearms within a Reclamation 20 project or on Reclamation lands and make arrests 21 without warrants for any offense against the United 22 States committed in their presence, or for any felony 23 cognizable under the laws of the United States if they 24 have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to 25 be arrested has committed or is committing such a

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felony, and if such arrests occur within a Reclama tion project or on Reclamation lands or the person to
 be arrested is fleeing therefrom to avoid arrest;

"(B) execute within a Reclamation project or on Reclamation lands any warrant or other process issued by a court or officer of competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of any Federal law or regulation issued pursuant to law for an offense committed within a Reclamation project or on Reclamation lands; and

"(C) conduct investigations within a Reclamation project or on Reclamation lands of offenses against the United States committed within a Reclamation project or on Reclamation lands, if the Federal law enforcement agency having investigative jurisdiction over the offense committed declines to investigate the offense or concurs with such investigation.

"(6)(A) Except as otherwise provided in this para19 graph, a law enforcement officer of any State or local gov20 ernment, including Indian tribes, designated to act as a
21 law enforcement officer under paragraph (4) shall not be
22 deemed a Federal employee and shall not be subject to the
23 provisions of law relating to Federal employment, including
24 those relating to hours of work, rates of compensation, em-

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- 1 ployment discrimination, leave, unemployment compensa-
- 2 tion, and Federal benefits.
- 3 "(B) For purposes of chapter 171 of title 28, United
- 4 States Code, popularly known as the Federal Tort Claims
- 5 Act, a law enforcement officer of any State or local govern-
- 6 ment, including Indian tribes, shall, when acting as a des-
- 7 ignated law enforcement officer under paragraph (4) and
- 8 while under Federal supervision and control, and only
- 9 when carrying out Federal law enforcement responsibilities,
- 10 be considered a Federal employee.
- 11 "(C) For purposes of subchapter I of chapter 81 of title
- 12 5, United States Code, relating to compensation to Federal
- 13 employees for work injuries, a law enforcement officer of
- 14 any State or local government, including Indian tribes,
- 15 shall, when acting as a designated law enforcement officer
- 16 under paragraph (4) and while under Federal supervision
- 17 and control, and only when carrying out Federal law en-
- 18 forcement responsibilities, be deemed a civil service em-
- 19 ployee of the United States within the meaning of the term
- 20 'employee' as defined in section 8101 of title 5, and the pro-
- 21 visions of that subchapter shall apply. Benefits under this
- 22 subchapter shall be reduced by the amount of any entitle-
- 23 ment to State or local workers' compensation benefits aris-
- 24 ing out of the same injury or death.

- 1 "(7) Nothing in paragraphs (3) through (9) shall be
- 2 construed or applied to limit or restrict the investigative
- 3 jurisdiction of any Federal law enforcement agency, or to
- 4 affect any existing right of a State or local government, in-
- 5 cluding Indian tribes, to exercise civil and criminal juris-
- 6 diction within a Reclamation project or on Reclamation
- 7 lands.
- 8 "(8) For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'law
- 9 enforcement personnel' means employees of a Federal, State,
- 10 or local government agency, including an Indian tribal
- 11 agency, who have successfully completed law enforcement
- 12 training approved by the Secretary and are authorized to
- 13 carry firearms, make arrests, and execute service of process
- 14 to enforce criminal laws of their employing jurisdiction.
- 15 "(9) The law enforcement authorities provided for in
- 16 this subsection may be exercised only pursuant to rules and
- 17 regulations promulgated by the Secretary and approved by
- 18 the Attorney General.".

19 TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

- 20 SEC. 701. EMPLOYMENT OF TRANSLATORS BY THE FEDERAL
- 21 BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.
- 22 (a) Authority.—The Director of the Federal Bureau
- 23 of Investigation is authorized to expedite the employment
- 24 of personnel as translators to support counterterrorism in-

1	vestigations and operations without regard to applicable
2	Federal personnel requirements and limitations.
3	(b) Security Requirements.—The Director of the
4	Federal Bureau of Investigation shall establish such secu-
5	rity requirements as are necessary for the personnel em-
6	ployed as translators.
7	(c) Report.—The Attorney General shall report to the
8	Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
9	tives and the Senate on—
10	(1) the number of translators employed by the
11	FBI and other components of the Department of Jus-
12	tice;
13	(2) any legal or practical impediments to using
14	translators employed by other Federal State, or local
15	agencies, on a full, part-time, or shared basis; and
16	(3) the needs of the FBI for specific translation
17	services in certain languages, and recommendations
18	for meeting those needs.
19	SEC. 702. REVIEW OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.
20	(a) Appointment of Deputy Inspector General
21	FOR CIVIL RIGHTS, CIVIL LIBERTIES, AND THE FEDERAL
22	Bureau of Investigation.—The Inspector General of the

23 Department of Justice shall appoint a Deputy Inspector

24 General for Civil Rights, Civil Liberties, and the Federal

1	Bureau of Investigation (hereinafter in this section referred
2	to as the "Deputy").
3	(b) Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Review.—
4	The Deputy shall—
5	(1) review information alleging abuses of civil
6	rights, civil liberties, and racial and ethnic profiling
7	by government employees and officials including em-
8	ployees and officials of the Department of Justice;
9	(2) make public through the Internet, radio, tele-
10	vision, and newspaper advertisements information on
11	the responsibilities and functions of, and how to con-
12	tact, the Deputy; and
13	(3) submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of
14	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
15	the Judiciary of the Senate on a semi-annual basis
16	a report on the implementation of this subsection and
17	detailing any abuses described in paragraph (1), in-
18	cluding a description of the use of funds appropria-
19	tions used to carry out this subsection.
20	(c) Inspector General Oversight Plan for the
21	Federal Bureau of Investigation.—Not later than 30
22	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspec-
23	tor General of the Department of Justice shall submit to
24	the Congress a plan for oversight of the Federal Bureau of

1	Investigation. The Inspector General shall consider the fol-
2	lowing activities for inclusion in such plan:
3	(1) Financial systems.—Auditing the financial
4	systems, information technology systems, and com-
5	puter security systems of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
6	tigation.
7	(2) Programs and processes.—Auditing and
8	evaluating programs and processes of the Federal Bu-
9	reau of Investigation to identify systemic weaknesses
10	or implementation failures and to recommend correc-
11	tive action.
12	(3) Internal affairs offices.—Reviewing the
13	activities of internal affairs offices of the Federal Bu-
14	reau of Investigation, including the Inspections Divi-
15	sion and the Office of Professional Responsibility.
16	(4) Personnel.—Investigating allegations of se-
17	rious misconduct by personnel of the Federal Bureau
18	$of\ Investigation.$
19	(5) Other programs and operations.—Re-
20	viewing matters relating to any other program or and
21	operation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that
22	the Inspector General determines requires review.
23	(6) Resources.—Identifying resources needed
24	by the Inspector General to implement such plan.

1	(d) Review of Investigative Tools.—Not later
2	than August 31, 2003, the Deputy shall review the imple-
3	mentation, use, and operation (including the impact on
4	civil rights and liberties) of the law enforcement and intel-
5	ligence authorities contained in title I of this Act and pro-
6	vide a report to the President and Congress.
7	SEC. 703. FEASIBILITY STUDY ON USE OF BIOMETRIC IDEN-
8	TIFIER SCANNING SYSTEM WITH ACCESS TO
9	THE FBI INTEGRATED AUTOMATED FINGER-
10	PRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM AT OVER-
11	SEAS CONSULAR POSTS AND POINTS OF
12	ENTRY TO THE UNITED STATES.
13	(a) In General.—The Attorney General, in consulta-
14	tion with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Trans-
15	portation, shall conduct a study on the feasibility of uti-
16	lizing a biometric identifier (fingerprint) scanning system,
17	with access to the database of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
18	$tigation \ \ Integrated \ \ Automated \ \ Fingerprint \ \ Identification$
19	System, at consular offices abroad and at points of entry
20	into the United States to enhance the ability of State De-
21	partment and immigration officials to identify aliens who
22	may be wanted in connection with criminal or terrorist in-
23	vestigations in the United States or abroad prior to the
24	issuance of visas or entry into the United States.

- 1 (b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 90 days
- 2 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney
- 3 General shall submit a report summarizing the findings of
- 4 the study authorized under subsection (a) to the Committee
- 5 on International Relations and the Committee on the Judi-
- 6 ciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee
- 7 on Foreign Relations and the Committee on the Judiciary
- 8 of the Senate.
- 9 SEC. 704. STUDY OF ACCESS.
- 10 (a) In General.—Not later than December 31, 2002,
- 11 the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall study and report
- 12 to Congress on the feasibility of providing to airlines access
- 13 via computer to the names of passengers who are suspected
- 14 of terrorist activity by Federal officials.
- 15 (b) Authorization.—There are authorized to be ap-
- 16 propriated for fiscal years 2002 though 2003 not more than
- 17 \$250,000 to carry out subsection (a).
- 18 SEC. 705. ENFORCEMENT OF CERTAIN ANTI-TERRORISM
- 19 **JUDGMENTS**.
- 20 (a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
- 21 "Justice for Victims of Terrorism Act".
- 22 (b) Definition.—
- 23 (1) In General.—Section 1603(b) of title 28,
- 24 United States Code, is amended—

1	(A) in paragraph (3) by striking the period
2	and inserting "; and";
3	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2),
4	and (3) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), re-
5	spectively (and by moving the margins 2 em
6	spaces to the right);
7	(C) by striking "(b)" through "entity—"
8	and inserting the following:
9	"(b) An 'agency or instrumentality of a foreign state'
10	means—
11	"(1) any entity—"; and
12	(D) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(2) for purposes of sections 1605(a)(7) and
14	1610(a)(7) and (f), any entity as defined under sub-
15	paragraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1), and sub-
16	paragraph (C) of paragraph (1) shall not apply.".
17	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
18	MENT.—Section 1391(f)(3) of title 28, United States
19	Code, is amended by striking "1603(b)" and inserting
20	"1603(b)(1)".
21	(c) Enforcement of Judgments.—Section 1610(f)
22	of title 28, United States Code, is amended—
23	(1) in paragraph (1)—
24	(A) in subparagraph (A) by striking "(in-
25	cluding any agency or instrumentality or such

1	state)" and inserting "(including any agency or
2	instrumentality of such state), except to the ex-
3	tent of any punitive damages awarded"; and
4	(B) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
6	moneys due from or payable by the United States (includ-
7	ing any agency or instrumentality thereof) to any state
8	against which a judgment is pending under section
9	1605(a)(7) shall be subject to attachment and execution
10	with respect to that judgment, in like manner and to the
11	same extent as if the United States were a private person,
12	except to the extent of any punitive damages awarded.";
13	and
14	(2) by striking paragraph (3) and adding the
15	following:
16	"(3)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), upon deter-
17	mining on an asset-by-asset basis that a waiver is necessary
18	in the national security interest, the President may waive
19	this subsection in connection with (and prior to the enforce-
20	ment of) any judicial order directing attachment in aid of
21	execution or execution against any property subject to the
22	Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations or the Vienna
23	Convention on Consular Relations.
24	"(B) A waiver under this paragraph shall not apply
25	to—

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1	"(i) if property subject to the Vienna Convention
2	on Diplomatic Relations or the Vienna Convention on
3	Consular Relations has been used for any nondiplo-
4	matic purpose (including use as rental property), the
5	proceeds of such use; or
6	"(ii) if any asset subject to the Vienna Conven-
7	tion on Diplomatic Relations or the Vienna Conven-
8	tion on Consular Relations is sold or otherwise trans-
9	ferred for value to a third party, the proceeds of such
10	sale or transfer.
11	"(C) In this paragraph, the term 'property subject to
12	the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations or the Vi-
13	enna Convention on Consular Relations' and the term 'asset
14	subject to the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations
15	or the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations' mean any

20 on Consular Relations, as the case may be.
21 "(4) For purposes of this subsection, all assets of any
22 agency or instrumentality of a foreign state shall be treated

16 property or asset, respectively, the attachment in aid of exe-

cution or execution of which would result in a violation

of an obligation of the United States under the Vienna Con-

vention on Diplomatic Relations or the Vienna Convention

- $23 \ \ \textit{as assets of that for eign state.}".$
- 24 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this25 section shall apply to any claim for which a foreign state

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1	is not immune under section 1605(a)(7) of title 28, United
2	States Code, arising before, on, or after the date of the enact-
3	ment of this Act.
4	(e) Paygo Adjustment.—The Director of the Office
5	of Management and Budget shall not make any estimates
6	of changes in direct spending outlays and receipts under
7	section 252(d) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Def-
8	icit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 902(d)) for any fiscal
9	year resulting from the enactment of this section.
10	TITLE VIII—PRIVATE SECURITY
11	OFFICER QUALITY ASSURANCE
12	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.
13	This title may be cited as the "Private Security Officer
14	Quality Assurance Act of 2001".
15	SEC. 802. FINDINGS.
16	Congress finds that—
17	(1) employment of private security officers in the
18	United States is growing rapidly;
19	(2) the private security industry provides nu-
20	merous opportunities for entry-level job applicants,
21	including individuals suffering from unemployment
22	due to economic conditions or dislocations;
23	(3) sworn law enforcement officers provide sig-
24	nificant services to the citizens of the United States
25	in its public areas, and are only supplemented by

- private security officers who provide prevention and reporting services in support of, but not in place of, regular sworn police;
 - (4) given the growth of large private shopping malls, and the consequent reduction in the number of public shopping streets, the American public is more likely to have contact with private security personnel in the course of a day than with sworn law enforcement officers;
 - (5) regardless of the differences in their duties, skill, and responsibilities, the public has difficulty in discerning the difference between sworn law enforcement officers and private security personnel; and
 - (6) the American public demands the employment of qualified, well-trained private security personnel as an adjunct, but not a replacement for sworn law enforcement officers.

18 SEC. 803. BACKGROUND CHECKS.

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(a) In General.—An association of employers of pri-20 vate security officers, designated for the purpose of this sec-21 tion by the Attorney General, may submit fingerprints or 22 other methods of positive identification approved by the At-23 torney General, to the Attorney General on behalf of any 24 applicant for a State license or certificate of registration 25 as a private security officer or employer of private security

- 1 officers. In response to such a submission, the Attorney Gen-
- 2 eral may, to the extent provided by State law conforming
- 3 to the requirements of the second paragraph under the head-
- 4 ing "Federal Bureau of Investigation" and the subheading
- 5 "Salaries and Expenses" in title II of Public Law 92–544
- 6 (86 Stat. 1115), exchange, for licensing and employment
- 7 purposes, identification and criminal history records with
- 8 the State governmental agencies to which such applicant
- 9 has applied.
- 10 (b) Regulations.—The Attorney General may pre-
- 11 scribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out
- 12 this section, including measures relating to the security,
- 13 confidentiality, accuracy, use, and dissemination of infor-
- 14 mation and audits and recordkeeping and the imposition
- 15 of fees necessary for the recovery of costs.
- 16 (c) Report.—The Attorney General shall report to the
- 17 Senate and House Committees on the Judiciary 2 years
- 18 after the date of enactment of this Act on the number of
- 19 inquiries made by the association of employers under this
- 20 section and their disposition.
- 21 SEC. 804. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 22 It is the sense of Congress that States should partici-
- 23 pate in the background check system established under sec-
- 24 tion 803.

1 SEC. 805. DEFINITIONS.

2	As used in this title—
3	(1) the term "employee" includes an applicant
4	for employment;
5	(2) the term "employer" means any person
6	that—
7	(A) employs one or more private security of
8	ficers; or
9	(B) provides, as an independent contractor,
10	for consideration, the services of one or more pri-
11	vate security officers (possibly including oneself),
12	(3) the term "private security officer"—
13	(A) means—
14	(i) an individual who performs secu-
15	rity services, full or part time, for consider-
16	ation as an independent contractor or an
17	employee, whether armed or unarmed and
18	in uniform or plain clothes whose primary
19	duty is to perform security services, or
20	(ii) an individual who is an employee
21	of an electronic security system company
22	who is engaged in one or more of the fol-
23	lowing activities in the State: burglar
24	alarm technician, fire alarm technician,
25	closed circuit television technician, access

1	control technician, or security system mon-
2	$itor;\ but$
3	(B) does not include—
4	(i) sworn police officers who have law
5	enforcement powers in the State,
6	(ii) attorneys, accountants, and other
7	professionals who are otherwise licensed in
8	$the\ State,$
9	(iii) employees whose duties are pri-
10	marily internal audit or credit functions,
11	(iv) persons whose duties may inciden-
12	tally include the reporting or apprehension
13	of shoplifters or trespassers, or
14	(v) an individual on active duty in the
15	military service;
16	(4) the term "certificate of registration" means a
17	license, permit, certificate, registration card, or other
18	formal written permission from the State for the per-
19	son to engage in providing security services;
20	(5) the term "security services" means the per-
21	formance of one or more of the following:
22	(A) the observation or reporting of intru-
23	sion, larceny, vandalism, fire or trespass;
24	(B) the deterrence of theft or misappropria-
25	tion of any goods, money, or other item of value;

1	(C) the observation or reporting of any un-
2	lawful activity;
3	(D) the protection of individuals or prop-
4	erty, including proprietary information, from
5	harm or misappropriation;
6	(E) the control of access to premises being
7	protected;
8	(F) the secure movement of prisoners;
9	(G) the maintenance of order and safety at
10	athletic, entertainment, or other public activities;
11	(H) the provision of canine services for pro-
12	tecting premises or for the detection of any un-
13	lawful device or substance; and
14	(I) the transportation of money or other
15	valuables by armored vehicle; and
16	(6) the term "State" means any of the several
17	States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
18	of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands,
19	American Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of
20	the Northern Mariana Islands