107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1318

To provide Coastal Impact Assistance to State and local governments, to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978, the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act, and the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson Act) to establish a fund to meet the outdoor conservation and recreation needs of the American people, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 2, 2001

Mr. MURKOWSKI introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

A BILL

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1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Conservation and Rein-3 vestment Act of 2001".

4 TITLE I-COASTAL IMPACT 5 ASSISTANCE

6 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

7 This title may be cited as the "Coastal Conservation8 and Impact Assistance Act of 2001".

9 SEC. 102. AMENDMENT TO OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF 10 LANDS ACT.

The Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments
of 1978 (92 Stat. 629), as amended, is amended to add
at the end thereof a new Title VII as follows:

14 "SEC. 701. FINDINGS.

15 "The Congress finds and declares that—

"(1) The Nation owns valuable mineral resources that are located both onshore and in the
Federal Outer Continental Shelf, and the Federal
Government develops these resources for the benefit
of the Nation, under certain restrictions designed to
prevent environmental damage and other adverse
impacts.

"(2) Nonetheless, the development of these mineral resources of the Nation is accompanied by unavoidable environmental impacts and public service
impacts in the States that host this development,

| 1 | whether the development occurs onshore or on the |
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| 2 | Federal Outer Continental Shelf. |
| 3 | "(3) The Federal Government has a responsi- |
| 4 | bility to the States affected by development of Fed- |
| 5 | eral mineral resources to mitigate adverse environ- |
| 6 | mental and public service impacts incurred due to |
| 7 | that development. |
| 8 | "(4) The Federal Government discharges its re- |
| 9 | sponsibility to States where onshore Federal mineral |
| 10 | development occurs by sharing 50 percent of the rev- |
| 11 | enue derived from the Federal mineral development |
| 12 | in that State pursuant to section 35 of the Mineral |
| 13 | Leasing Act. |
| 14 | "(5) Federal mineral development is occurring |
| 15 | as far as 200 miles offshore and occurs off the |
| 16 | coasts of only 6 States, yet section 8(g) of the Outer |
| 17 | Continental Shelf Lands Act does not adequately |
| 18 | compensate these States for the onshore impacts of |
| 19 | the offshore Federal mineral development. |
| 20 | "(6) Federal Outer Continental Shelf mineral |
| 21 | development is an important and secure source of |
| 22 | our Nation's supply of oil and natural gas. |
| 23 | "(7) Further technological advancements in oil |
| 24 | and natural gas exploration and production need to |
| 25 | be pursued and encouraged. |
| | |

"(8) These technological achievements have and
 will continue to result in new Outer Continental
 Shelf production having an unparalleled record of
 excellence on environmental safety issues.

5 "(9) Additional technological advances with ap-6 propriate incentives will further improve new re-7 source recovery and therefore increase revenues to 8 the Treasury for the benefit of all Americans who 9 enjoy programs funded by Outer Continental Shelf 10 moneys.

11 "(10) The Outer Continental Shelf Advisory 12 Committee of the Department of the Interior, con-13 sisting of representatives of coastal States, rec-14 ommended in October 1997 that Federal mineral 15 revenue derived from the entire Outer Continental 16 Shelf be shared with all coastal States and terri-17 tories to mitigate onshore impacts from Federal off-18 shore mineral development and for other environ-19 mental mitigation; and

"(11) The Nation's Federal mineral resources
are a nonrenewable, capital asset of the Nation, with
the production and sale of this resource producing
revenue for the Nation, a portion of the revenue derived from the production and sale of Federal mineral resources should be reinvested in the Nation

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through environmental mitigation and public service
 improvements;

"(12) Nothing in this title shall be interpreted
to repeal or modify any existing moratorium on leasing Federal OCS leases for drilling nor shall anything in this title be interpreted as an incentive to
encourage the development of Federal OCS resources where such resources currently are not being
developed.

10 "SEC. 702. DEFINITIONS.

11 "For purposes of this Act:

12 "(1) The term 'allocable share' means, for a 13 coastal State, that portion of revenue that is avail-14 able to be distributed to that coastal State under 15 this title. For an eligible political subdivision of a 16 coastal State, such term means that portion of rev-17 enue that is available to be distributed to that polit-18 ical subdivision under this title.

"(2) The term 'coastal population' means the
population of political subdivisions, as determined by
the most recent official data of the Census Bureau,
contained in whole or in part within the designated
coastal boundary of a State as defined in a State's
coastal zone management program under the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. § 1455).

"(3) The term 'coastline' has the same meaning
 that it has in the Submerged Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
 § 1301 et seq.).

4 "(4) The term 'eligible political subdivision' 5 means a coastal political subdivision of a coastal 6 State which political subdivision has a seaward boundary that lies within a distance of 200 miles 7 8 from the geographic center of any leased tract. The 9 Secretary shall annually provide a list of all eligible 10 political subdivisions of each coastal State to the 11 Governor of such State.

12 "(5) The term 'political subdivision' means the 13 local political jurisdiction immediately below the level 14 of State government, including counties, parishes, 15 and boroughs. If State law recognizes an entity of 16 general government that functions in lieu of, and is 17 not within, a county, parish, or borough, the Sec-18 retary may recognize an area under the jurisdiction 19 of such other entities of general government as a 20 political subdivision for purposes of this Act.

"(6) The term 'coastal State' means any State
of the United States bordering on the Atlantic
Ocean, the Pacific Ocean, the Arctic Ocean, the Bering Sea, the Gulf of Mexico, or any of the Great
Lakes, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the

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| 1 | Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the North- |
| 2 | ern Mariana Islands. |
| 3 | "(7) The term 'distance' means minimum great |
| 4 | circle distance, measured in statute miles. |
| 5 | "(8) The term 'fiscal year' means the Federal |
| 6 | Government's accounting period which begins on Oc- |
| 7 | tober 1st and ends on September 30th, and is des- |
| 8 | ignated by the calendar year in which it ends. |
| 9 | "(9) The term 'Governor' means the highest |
| 10 | elected official of a coastal State. |
| 11 | "(10) The term 'leased tract' means a tract, |
| 12 | leased under section 8 of the Outer Continental |
| 13 | Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. §1337) for the purpose |
| 14 | of drilling for, developing and producing oil and nat- |
| 15 | ural gas resources, which is a unit consisting of ei- |
| 16 | ther a block, a portion of a block, a combination of |
| 17 | blocks and/or portions of blocks, as specified in the |
| 18 | lease, and as depicted on an Outer Continental Shelf |
| 19 | Official Protraction Diagram. |
| 20 | "(11) The term 'revenues' means all moneys re- |
| 21 | ceived by the United States as bonus bids, rents, |
| 22 | royalties (including payments for royalty taken in |
| 23 | kind and sold), net profit share payments, and re- |
| 24 | lated late-payment interest from natural gas and oil |

leases issued pursuant to the Outer Continental
 Shelf Lands Act.

"(12) The term 'Outer Continental Shelf'
means all submerged lands lying seaward and outside of the area of 'lands beneath navigable waters'
as defined in section 2(a) of the Submerged Lands
Act (43 U.S.C. § 1301(a)), and of which the subsoil
and seabed appertain to the United States and are
subject to its jurisdiction and control.

10 "(13) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary
11 of the Interior or the Secretary's designee.

12 "SEC. 703. IMPACT ASSISTANCE FORMULA AND PAYMENTS.

13 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—(1) There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund which 14 15 shall be known as the 'Outer Continental Shelf Impact Assistance Fund' (referred to in this Act as 'the Fund'). The 16 17 Secretary shall deposit in the Fund 27 percent of the revenues from each leased tract or portion of a leased tract 18 lying seaward of the zone defined and governed by section 19 20 8(g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 21 §1337(g)), or lying within such zone but to which section 22 8(g) does not apply, the geographic center of which lies 23 within a distance of 200 miles from any part of the coast-24 line of any coastal State.

1 "(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest mon-2 eys in the Fund that are excess to expenditures at the 3 written request of the Secretary, in public debt securities with maturities suitable to the needs of the Fund, as de-4 5 termined by the Secretary, and bearing interest at rates 6 determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into 7 consideration current market yields on outstanding mar-8 ketable obligations of the United States of comparable ma-9 turity.

10 "(b) PAYMENT TO STATES.—Notwithstanding section 9 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 11 12 U.S.C. §1338), the Secretary shall, without further ap-13 propriation, make payments in each fiscal year to coastal States and to eligible political subdivisions equal to the 14 15 amount deposited in the Fund for the prior fiscal year, together with the portion of interest earned from invest-16 17 ment of the funds which corresponds to that amount (reduced by any refunds paid under section 705(c)). Such 18 19 payments shall be allocated among the coastal States and 20 eligible political subdivisions as provided in this section. 21 "(e) DETERMINATION OF STATES' ALLOCABLE 22 SHARES.—

23 "(1) ALLOCABLE SHARE FOR EACH STATE.—
24 For each coastal State, the Secretary shall deter25 mine the State's allocable share of the total amount

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| 1 | of the revenues deposited in the Fund for each fiscal |
| 2 | year using the following weighted formula: |
| 3 | "(A) 25 percent of the State's allocable |
| 4 | share shall be based on the ratio of such State's |
| 5 | shoreline miles to the shoreline miles of all |
| 6 | coastal States. |
| 7 | "(B) 25 percent of the State's allocable |
| 8 | share shall be based on the ratio of such State's |
| 9 | coastal population to the coastal population of |
| 10 | all coastal States. |
| 11 | "(C) 50 percent of the State's allocable |
| 12 | share shall be computed based upon Outer Con- |
| 13 | tinental Shelf production. If any portion of a |
| 14 | coastal State lies within a distance of 200 miles |
| 15 | from the geographic center of any leased tract, |
| 16 | such State shall receive 50 percent of its allo- |
| 17 | cable share based on the Outer Continental |
| 18 | Shelf oil and gas production offshore of such |
| 19 | State. Such part of its allocable share shall be |
| 20 | inversely proportional to the distance between |
| 21 | the nearest point on the coastline of such State |
| 22 | and the geographic center of each leased tract |
| 23 | or portion of the leased tract (to the nearest |
| 24 | whole mile), as determined by the Secretary. |
| 25 | "(2) MINIMUM STATE SHARE.— |

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The allocable share of 1 2 revenues determined by the Secretary under 3 this subsection for each coastal State with an 4 approved coastal management program (as de-5 fined by the Coastal Zone Management Act (16) 6 U.S.C. §1451)) or which is making satisfactory 7 progress toward one shall not be less than 0.50 8 percent of the total amount of the revenues de-9 posited in the Fund for each fiscal year. For 10 any other coastal State the allocable share of 11 such revenues shall not be less than 0.25 per-12 cent of such revenues.

13 "(B) RECOMPUTATION.—Where one -or 14 more coastal States' allocable shares, as com-15 puted under paragraph (1), are increased by 16 any amount under this paragraph, the allocable 17 share for all other coastal States shall be re-18 computed and reduced by the same amount so 19 that not more than 100 percent of the amount 20 deposited in the fund is allocated to all coastal 21 States. The reduction shall be divided pro rata 22 among such other coastal States.

23 "(3) ADJUSTMENT FOR PRODUCING STATES.—
24 "(A) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:

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| 1 | "(i) Nonproducing state.—The |
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| 2 | term 'nonproducing State' means a State |
| 3 | other than a producing State. |
| 4 | "(ii) Producing state.—The term |
| 5 | 'producing State' means a State off the |
| 6 | coast of which any leased tract or tract in |
| 7 | State water produced oil, condensate, or |
| 8 | natural gas during fiscal year 1998 that, |
| 9 | during that fiscal year, was transported by |
| 10 | pipeline to a processing facility in the |
| 11 | State. |
| 12 | "(iii) TRACT IN STATE WATER.—The |
| 13 | term 'track in State water' means a track |
| 14 | on land beneath navigable water described |
| 15 | in section $2(a)(2)$ of the Submerged Lands |
| 16 | Act (43 U.S.C. 1301(a)(2)). |
| 17 | "(B) Adjustment.—For any fiscal year, |
| 18 | if the application of paragraphs (1) and (2) |
| 19 | would result in an allocable share for any non- |
| 20 | producing State that is greater than the allo- |
| 21 | cable share for any producing State— |
| 22 | "(i) the amount of the allocable share |
| 23 | for each producing State shall be increased |
| 24 | to the amount of the highest allocable |

1share for any such nonproducing State;2and

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| 3 | "(ii) the amount of the allocable share |
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| 4 | for States and other than States receiving |
| 5 | increases under paragraph (2) shall be re- |
| 6 | duced in the amount of the increase under |
| 7 | clause (i) in the proportion that the allo- |
| 8 | cable share for each such other State after |
| 9 | application of paragraphs (1) and (2) |
| 10 | bears to the total amount allocated to all |
| 11 | States under paragraphs (1) and (2) . |
| | |

"(a) PAYMENTS TO STATES AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.—Each coastal State's allocable share shall be
divided between the State and political subdivisions in that
State as follows:

16 "(1) 40 percent of each State's allocable share,
17 as determined under subsection (c), shall be paid to
18 the State;

"(2) 40 percent of each State's allocable share,
as determined under subsection (c), shall be paid to
the eligible political subdivisions in such State, with
the funds to be allocated among the eligible political
subdivisions using the following weighted formula:

24 "(A) 50 percent of an eligible political sub-25 division's allocable share shall be based on the

1 ratio of that eligible political subdivision's acre-2 age within the State's coastal zone, as defined 3 in an approved State coastal management pro-4 gram (as defined by the Coastal Zone Manage-5 ment Act (16 U.S.C. $\S1451$), to the entire 6 acreage within the coastal zone in such State: 7 Provided, however, That if the State in which 8 the eligible political subdivision is located does 9 not have an approved coastal management pro-10 gram, then the allocable share shall be based on 11 the ratio of that eligible political subdivision's 12 shoreline miles to the total shoreline miles in 13 that coastal State.

"(B) 25 percent of an eligible political subdivision's allocable share shall be based on the
ratio of such eligible political subdivision's
coastal population to the coastal population of
all eligible political subdivisions in that State.

"(C) 25 percent of an eligible political subdivision's allocable share shall be based on the
ratios that are inversely proportional to the distance between the nearest point on the seaward
boundary of each such eligible political subdivision and the geographic center of each leased

1 tract or portion of the leased tract (to the near-2 est whole mile), as determined by the Secretary. 3 "(3) 20 percent of each State's allocable share, 4 as determined under subsection (c), shall be allo-5 cated to political subdivision in the coastal State 6 that do not qualify as eligible political subdivisions 7 but which are determined by the Governor or the 8 Secretary to have impacts from Outer Continental 9 Shelf related activities and which have an approved 10 plan under this subsection. 11 "(4) PROJECT SUBMISSION.—Prior to the re-

12 ceipt of funds pursuant to this subsection for any 13 fiscal year, a political subdivision must submit to the 14 Governor of the State in which it is located a plan 15 setting forth the projects and activities for which the 16 political subdivision proposes to expend such funds. 17 Such plan shall state the amounts proposed to be ex-18 pended for each project or activity during the up-19 coming fiscal year.

"(5) PROJECT APPROVAL.—(A) Prior to the
payment of funds pursuant to this subsection to any
political subdivision for any fiscal year, the Governor
must approve the plan submitted by the political
subdivision pursuant to this subsection and notify
the Secretary of such approval. State approval of

1 any such plan shall be consistent with all applicable 2 State and Federal law. In the event the Governor 3 disapproves any such plan, the funds that would otherwise be paid to the political subdivision shall be 4 5 placed in escrow by the Secretary pending modifica-6 tion and approval of such plan, at which time such 7 funds together with interest thereon shall be paid to 8 the political subdivision.

9 "(B) A political subdivision that fails to receive 10 approval from the Governor for a plan may appeal 11 to the Secretary and the Secretary may approve or 12 disapprove such plan based on the criteria set forth 13 in section 704: Provided, however, That the Sec-14 retary shall have no authority to consider an appeal 15 of a political subdivision if the Governor of the State 16 has certified in writing to the Secretary that the 17 State has adopted a State program that by its ex-18 press terms addresses the allocation of revenues to 19 political subdivisions.

20 "(e) TIME OF PAYMENT.—(1) Payments to coastal
21 States and political subdivisions under this section shall
22 be made not later than December 31 of each year from
23 revenues received and interest earned thereon during the
24 immediately preceding fiscal year. Payment shall not com-

mence before the date 12 months following the date of
 enactment of this Act.

3 "(2) Any amount in the Fund not paid to coastal
4 States and political subdivisions under this section in any
5 fiscal year shall be disposed of according to the law other6 wise applicable to revenues from leases on the Outer Con7 tinental Shelf.

8 "SEC. 704. USES OF FUNDS.

9 "(a) AUTHORIZED USES OF FUNDS.—Funds received
10 pursuant to this Act may be used by the coastal States
11 and political subdivisions for—

"(1) air quality, water quality, fish and wildlife,
wetlands, outdoor recreation programs, or other
coastal resources, including shoreline protection and
coastal restoration;

"(2) other activities of such State or political
subdivision, contemplated by the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. § 1451 et seq.), the
provisions of subtitle B of title IV of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (104 Stat. 523), or the Federal
Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.);

23 "(3) planning assistance and administrative
24 costs of complying with the provisions of this sub25 title;

"(4) uses related to the Outer Continental Shelf
 Lands Act;

3 "(5) mitigating impacts of Outer Continental
4 Shelf activities, including onshore infrastructure and
5 public service needs; and

6 "(6) deposit in a state or political subdivision
7 administered trust fund dedicated to uses consistent
8 with this section.

9 "(b) COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS.—All 10 projects and activities paid for by the moneys received 11 from the Fund shall comply with the State Coastal Zone 12 Management Plan and all applicable Federal, State and 13 local environmental laws and regulations."

14 "SEC. 705. STATE PLANS; CERTIFICATION; ANNUAL RE15 PORT; REFUNDS.

"(a) STATE PLANS.—Within one year after the date 16 of enactment of this Act, the Governor of every State eligi-17 ble to receive moneys from the Fund shall be develop a 18 19 State plan for the use of such moneys and shall certify the plan to the Secretary. The plan shall be developed with 20 21 public participation and shall include the plan for the use 22 of such funds by every political subdivision of the State 23 eligible to receive moneys from the Fund. The Governor 24shall certify to the Secretary that the plan was developed 25 with public participation and in accordance with all appli19

cable State laws. The Governor shall amend the plan, as
 necessary, with public participation, but not less than
 every five years.

4 "(b) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after
5 the end of the fiscal year, any political subdivision receiv6 ing moneys from the Fund must certify to the Governor—
7 "(1) the amount of such funds expended by the
8 political subdivision during the previous fiscal year;
9 "(2) the amounts expended on each project or
10 activity;

11 "(3) a general description of how the funds12 were expended; and

"(4) the status of each project or activity, including a certification that the project or activity is
consistent with the State plan developed under paragraph (a).

"(c) REPORT.—On June 15 of each year, the Governor of each State receiving moneys from the Fund shall
account for all moneys so received for the previous fiscal
year in a written report to the Secretary and the Congress.
This report shall include a description of all projects and
activities receiving funds under this Act, including all information required under subsection (a).

24 "(d) REFUNDS.—In those instances where through25 judicial decision, administrative review, arbitration, or

other means there are royalty refunds owed to entities
 generating revenues under this Act, 27 percent of such
 refunds shall be paid from amounts available in the
 Fund.".

5 TITLE II—LAND AND WATER

6 CONSERVATION FUND REFORM

7 SEC. 202. SHORT TITLE.

8 This title may be cited as the "Land and Water Con-9 servation Fund Reform Act of 1998".

10 SEC. 202. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

11 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

12 (1) The Land and Water Conservation Fund 13 Act of 1965 embodied a visionary concept—that a 14 portion of a nonrenewable natural resource should 15 result in a legacy of public places accessible for pub-16 lic recreation and benefit from resources belonging 17 to all people, of all generations, and the enhance-18 ment of the most precious and most renewable nat-19 ural resource of any nation, healthy and active citi-20 zens.

(2) The States and local governments were to
occupy a pivotal role in accomplishing the purposes
of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of
1965 and the Act originally provided an equitable

portion of funds to the States, and through them, to
 local governments.

3 (3) However, because of competition for limited
4 Federal moneys and the need for an annual appropriation, this original intention has been abandoned
6 and, in recent years, the States have not received an
7 equitable proportion of funds.

8 (4) Nonetheless, with population growth and 9 urban sprawl, the demand for recreation and con-10 servation areas, at the State and local level, includ-11 ing urban localities, remains a high priority for our 12 citizens.

(5) In addition to the demand at the State and
local level, there has been an increasing unmet need
for Federal moneys to be made available for Federal
purposes, with lands identified as important for Federal acquisition not being acquired for several years
due to insufficient funds.

(6) A new vision is called for—a vision that encompasses a multilevel national network of parks,
recreation and conservation areas that reaches
across the country to touch all communities. National parks are not enough; the federal government
alone cannot accomplish this. A national vision,
backed by realistic national funding support, to

stimulate State, local and private sector, as well as
 Federal efforts, is the only way to effectively address
 our ongoing outdoor recreation and conservation
 needs.

5 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this title is to provide a secure source of funds available for Federal purposes 6 7 authorized by the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act 8 of 1965 and to revitalize and complement State, local and 9 private commitments envisioned in the Land and Water 10 Conservation Fund Act 1965 and the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978 by providing grants for 11 12 State, local and urban recreation and conservation needs. 13 SEC. 203. LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND AMEND-

14 MENTS.

(a) REVENUES.—Section 2(c)(1) of the Land and
Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. § 406*l*5(c)(1)) is amended as follows:

18 (1) By inserting "(A)" after "(c)(1)".

(2) By striking "there are authorized" and all
that follows and inserting "from 16 percent of the
revenues, as that term is defined in the Land and
Water Conservation Fund in the Treasury and shall
be available, without further appropriation, to carry
out this Act for each fiscal year thereafter through
September 30, 2016.".

(3) By adding at the end the following new sub paragraph:

3 "(B) In those instances where through ju4 dicial decision, administrative review, arbitra5 tion, or other means there are royalty refunds
6 owned to entities generating revenues available
7 for purposes of this Act, 16 percent of such re8 funds shall be paid from amounts available
9 under this subsection.".

10 (b) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2(c)(2) of the Land 11 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 12 \$460l-5(c)(2)) is amended by striking "equivalent" 13 amounts provided in clause (1)" and inserting "\$900,000,000". 14

(c) APPROPRIATION.—Section 3 of the Land and
Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. § 460*l*–
6) is amended by striking "Moneys" and inserting "Except as provided under section 460*l*–5(c)(1), moneys".

19 (d) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—Section 5 of the Land
20 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
21 § 460*l*-7) is amended as follows:

22 (1) by inserting "(a)" at the beginning;

(2) by striking "Those appropriations from thefund" and all that follows; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new sub section:

3 "(b) Moneys credited to the fund under section
4 2(c)(1) of this Act (16 U.S.C. 460*l*-5(c)(1)) for obligation or expenditure may be obligated or expended
6 only as follows—

7 "(1) 45 percent shall be available for Federal 8 purposes. Notwithstanding section 7 of this Act (16) 9 U.S.C. §4601–9), 25 percent of such moneys shall 10 be made available to the Secretary of Agriculture for 11 the acquisition of lands, waters, or interests in land 12 or water within the exterior boundaries of areas of 13 the National Forest System or any other land man-14 agement unit established by an Act of Congress and 15 managed by the Secretary of Agriculture and 75 16 percent of such moneys shall be available to the Sec-17 retary of the Interior for the acquisition of lands, 18 waters, or interests in land or water within the exte-19 rior boundaries of areas of the National Park Sys-20 tem, National Wildlife Refuge System, or other land 21 management unit established by an Act of Congress: 22 *Provided*, That at least two-thirds of the moneys 23 available under this paragraph for Federal purposes 24 shall be spent east of the 100th meridian: Provided 25 *further*, That no moneys available under this para-

| 1 | graph for Federal purposes shall be used for con- |
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| 2 | demnation of any interest of property. |
| 3 | ((2) 45 percent shall be available for financial |
| 4 | assistance to the States under section 6 of this Act |
| 5 | (16 U.S.C. \$460l-8) distributed according to the |
| 6 | following allocation formula: |
| 7 | "(A) 60 percent shall be apportioned |
| 8 | equally among the several States; |
| 9 | "(B) 20 percent shall be apportioned on |
| 10 | the basis of the ratio which the population of |
| 11 | each State bears to the total population of the |
| 12 | United States; |
| 13 | "(C) 20 percent shall be apportioned on |
| 14 | the basis of the urban population of each State |
| 15 | (as defined by Metropolitan Statistical Areas). |
| 16 | "(3) 10 percent shall be available to local gov- |
| 17 | ernments through the Urban Parks and Recreation |
| 18 | Recovery Program (16 U.S.C. \S 2501–2514) of the |
| 19 | Department of the Interior. |
| 20 | An amount, not to exceed 2 percent, of the total of such |
| 21 | moneys covered to the fund under section $2(c)(1)$ of this |
| 22 | Act (16 U.S.C. $\$460l-5(c)(1)$) in each fiscal year as the |
| 23 | Secretary of the Interior may estimate to be necessary for |
| 24 | expenses in the administration and execution of this sub- |
| 25 | section shall be deducted for that purpose, and such |

amount is authorized to be made available therefor until
 the expiration of the next succeeding fiscal year. Within
 60 days after the close of such fiscal year, the Secretary
 shall apportion any portion thereof as remains unex pended, if any, on the same basis and in the same manner
 as is provided under paragraphs (1), (2) and (3).".

7 (e) REHABILITATION.—Subsection 6(a) of the Land
8 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
9 §460l-8(a)) is amended by deleting "(3) development."
10 and inserting in lieu thereof "(3) development, including
11 the facility rehabilitation.".

(f) TRIBES AND ALASKA NATIVE VILLAGE CORPORATIONS.—Subsection 6(b)(5) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. §460*l*-8(b)(5))
is amended as follows:

16 (1) By inserting "(A) after "(5)".

17 (2) By adding at the end the following new sub-18 paragraph:

"(B) For the purposes of paragraph (1),
all federally recognized Indian tribes and Alaska Native Village Corporations (as defined in
section 3(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1602(j)) shall be treated
collectively as 1 State, and shall receive shares
of the apportionment under paragraph (1) in

accordance with a competitive grant program 1 2 established by the Secretary by rule. Such rule 3 shall ensure that in each fiscal year no single 4 tribe or Village Corporation receive more than 5 10 percent of the total amount made available 6 to all tribes and Village Corporations pursuant 7 to the apportionment under paragraph (1). 8 Funds received by an Indian tribe or Village 9 Corporation under this subparagraph may be 10 expended only for the purposes specified in 11 paragraphs (1) and (3) of subsection (b).".

(g) LOCAL ALLOCATION.—Subsection 6(b) of the
Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
U.S.C. §460*l*-8(b)(5)) is amended by adding at the end
the following new paragraph:

16 "(g) Absent some compelling and annually doc-17 umented reason to the contrary acceptable to the 18 Secretary, each State (other than an area treated as 19 a State under paragraph (5)) shall make available as 20 grants to local governments at least 50 percent of 21 the annual State apportionment, or an equivalent 22 amount made available from other sources.".

(h) MATCH.—Subsection 6(c) of the Land and Water
Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. § 460*l*-8(c))
is amended to read as follows:

"(c) MATCHING REQUIREMENTS.—Payments to any
 State shall cover not more than 50 percent of the cost
 of outdoor recreation and conservation planning, acquisi tion or development projects that are undertaken by the
 State.".

6 (i) STATE ACTION AGENDA.—Subsection 6(d) of the
7 Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
8 U.S.C. § 460*l*-8(d)) is amended to read as follows:

9 "(d) STATE ACTION AGENDA REQUIRED.—(1) Each 10 State may define its own priorities and criteria for selection of outdoor recreation and conservation acquisition 11 12 and development projects eligible for grants under this Act 13 so long as it provides for public involvement in this process and publishes an accurate and current State Action Agen-14 15 da for Community Recreation and Conservation indicating the needs it has identified and the priorities and criteria 16 it has established. In order to assess its needs and estab-17 lish its overall priorities, each State, in partnership with 18 19 its local governments and Federal agencies, and in consultation with its citizens, shall develop a State Action 20 21 Agenda for Community Recreation and Conservation, 22 within five years of enactment, that meets the following 23 requirements:

"(A) The agenda must be strategic, originating
 in broad-based and long-term needs, but focused on
 actions that can be funded over the next 4 years.

4 "(B) The agenda must be updated at least once
5 every 4 years and certified by the Governor that the
6 State Action Agenda for Community Recreation and
7 Conservation conclusions and proposed actions have
8 been considered in an active public involvement proc9 ess.

10 "(2) State Action Agendas for Community Recre-11 ation and Conservation shall take into account all pro-12 viders of recreation and conservation lands within each 13 State, including Federal, regional and local government 14 resources and shall be correlated whenever possible with 15 other State, regional, and local plans for parks, recreation, 16 open space and wetlands conservation.

17 "(3) Each State Action Agenda for Community 18 Recreation and Conservation shall specifically address wetlands within that State as important outdoor recre-19 20ation and conservation resources. Each State Action Agen-21 da for Community Recreation and Conservation shall in-22 corporate a wetlands priority plan developed in consulta-23 tion with the State agency with responsibility for fish and 24 wildlife resources which is consistent with that national

wetlands priority conservation plan developed under sec tion 301 of the Emergency Wetlands Resources Act.

3 "(4) Recovery action programs developed by urban 4 localities under section 1007 of the Urban Park and 5 Recreation Recovery Act of 1978 shall be used by a State as one guide to the conclusions, priorities and action 6 7 schedules contained in the State Action Agenda for Com-8 munity Recreation and Conservation. Each State shall as-9 sure that any requirements for local outdoor recreation 10 and conservation planning that are promulgated as conditions for grants minimize redundancy of local efforts by 11 12 allowing, wherever possible, use of the findings, priorities, 13 and implementation schedules of recovery action programs 14 to meet such requirements.".

15 (j) Comprehensive State Plans developed by any State under section 6(d) of the Land and Water Conserva-16 17 tion Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. \$460l-8(d)) before the 18 enactment of this Act shall remain in effect in that State until or State Action Agenda for Community Recreation 19 and Conservation has been adopted pursuant to the 2021 amendment made by this subsection, but no later than 5 22 years after the enactment of this Act.

(k) STATE PLANS.—Subsection 6(e) of the Land and
Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. § 460*l*8(e)) is amended—

(1) by striking "State comprehensive plan" at
 the end of the first paragraph and inserting "State
 Action Agenda for Community Recreation and Con servation";

5 (2) by striking "State comprehensive plan" in
6 paragraph (1) and inserting "State Action Agenda
7 for Community Recreation and Conservation"; and

8 (3) by striking "but not including incidental
9 costs related to acquisition" at the end of paragraph
10 (1).

11 (1) CONVERSION.—Paragraph (6)(f)(3) of the Land 12 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 13 \$460l-8(f)(3) is amended by striking the second sentence 14 and inserting: "With the exception of those priorities that 15 are no longer viable as an outdoor recreation and conservation facility due to changes in demographics or must 16 17 be abandoned because of environmental contamination which endanger public health and safety, the Secretary 18 19 shall approve such conversion only if the State dem-20 onstrates no prudent or feasible alternative exists. Any 21 conversion must satisfy any conditions the Secretary 22 deems necessary to assure the substitution of other recre-23 ation and conservation properties of at least equal fair 24 market value, or reasonably equivalent usefulness and lo-25 cation and which are in accord with the existing State Ac-

tion for Community Recreation and Conservation: Pro-1 2 vided, That wetland areas and interests therein as identi-3 fied in the wetlands provisions of the action agenda and 4 proposed to be acquired as suitable replacement property 5 within that same State that is otherwise acceptable to the Secretary shall be considered to be of reasonably equiva-6 7 lent usefulness with the property proposed for conversion.". 8

9 (m) COST LIMITATIONS.—Section 7 of the Land and 10 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. § 460l-9) is amended by adding the following at the end thereof: 11 12 (D)MAXIMUM FEDERAL Cost Per 13 **PROJECT.**—No expenditure shall be made to ac-14 quire any Federal land the cost of which ex-15 ceeds \$5,000,000 unless the funds for such ac-16 quisition have been specifically allocated to the 17 acquisition in the report accompanying the leg-18 islation appropriating funds for the Federal 19 agency concerned and such allocation has been 20 approved by resolution adopted by the Com-21 mittee on Resources of the United States House 22 or Representatives and the Committee on En-23 ergy and Natural Resources of the United 24 States House of Representatives and the Com-

| 1 | mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the |
|---|---|
| 2 | United States Senate.". |

3 SEC. 204. URBAN PARK AND RECREATION RECOVERY ACT 4 OF 1978 AMENDMENTS.

5 (a) GRANTS.—Section 1004 of the Urban Park and 6 Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. §2503) is amended 7 by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as sub-8 sections (f), (g), and (h) respectively, and by redesignating 9 subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (f), (g), and 10 (h) respectively, and by inserting the following after sub-11 section (c):

12 "(d) 'development grants' means matching capital 13 grants to local units of government to cover costs of devel-14 opment and construction on existing or new neighborhood 15 recreation sites, including indoor and outdoor recreation 16 facilities, support facilities, and landscaping, but excluding 17 routine maintenance and upkeep activities;";

18 "(e) 'acquisition grants' means matching capital 19 grants to local units of government to cover the direct and 20 incidental costs of purchasing new parkland to be perma-21 nently dedicated and made accessible for public recreation 22 use;".

(b) ELIGIBILITY.—Subsection 1005(a) of the Urban
Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. §2504) is
amended to read as follows:

| 1 | "(a) Eligibility of general purpose local governments |
|--|---|
| 2 | to compete for assitance under this title shall be based |
| 3 | upon need as determined by the Secretary. Generally, the |
| 4 | list of eligible governments shall include the following: |
| 5 | "(1) All central cities of Metropolitan, Primary |
| 6 | or Consolidated Statistical Areas as currently de- |
| 7 | fined by the census. |
| 8 | "(2) All political subdivisions included in Metro- |
| 9 | politan, Primary or Consolidated Statistical Areas as |
| 10 | currently defined by the census. |
| 11 | "(3) Any other city or town within a Metropoli- |
| 12 | tan Area with a population of 50,000 or more in the |
| | |
| 13 | census of 1970, 1980, or 1990. |
| 13 14 | census of 1970, 1980, or 1990. "(4) Any other county, parish or township with |
| | |
| 14 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with |
| 14 15 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census |
| 14 15 16 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census of 1970, 1980, or 1990.". |
| 14 15 16 17 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census of 1970, 1980, or 1990.".(c) MATCHING GRANTS.—Subsection 1006(a) of the |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census of 1970, 1980, or 1990.". (c) MATCHING GRANTS.—Subsection 1006(a) of the Urban Park and Recreational Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census of 1970, 1980, or 1990.". (c) MATCHING GRANTS.—Subsection 1006(a) of the Urban Park and Recreational Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. § 2505(a)) is amended by striking all through paragraph |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census of 1970, 1980, or 1990.". (c) MATCHING GRANTS.—Subsection 1006(a) of the Urban Park and Recreational Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. § 2505(a)) is amended by striking all through paragraph (3) and inserting the following: |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | "(4) Any other county, parish or township with a total population of 250,000 or more in the census of 1970, 1980, or 1990.". (c) MATCHING GRANTS.—Subsection 1006(a) of the Urban Park and Recreational Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. § 2505(a)) is amended by striking all through paragraph (3) and inserting the following: "SEC. 1006. (a) The Secretary is authorized to pro- |

cations therefor by the chief executives of such govern ments.

- 3 "(1) At the discretion of such applicants, and 4 if consistent with an approved application, rehabili-5 tation, innovation, development or acquisition grants 6 may be transferred in whole or in part to inde-7 pendent special purpose local governments, private 8 nonprofit agencies or county or regional park au-9 thorities; except that, such grantees shall provide as-10 surance to the Secretary that they will maintain 11 public recreation opportunities at assisted areas and 12 facilities owned or managed by them in accordance 13 with section 1010 of this Act.
- "(2) Payments may be made only for those rehabilitation, innovation, development, or acquisition
 projects which have been approved by the Secretary.
 Such payments may be made from time to time in
 keeping with the rate of progress toward completion
 of a project, on a reimbursable basis.".

(d) COORDINATION.—Section 1008 of the Urban
Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. §2507) is
amended by striking the last sentence and inserting the
following: "The Secretary and general purpose local governments are encouraged to coordinate preparation of recovery action programs required by this title with State

Action Agendas for Community Recreation and Conserva-1 tion required by section 6 of the Land and Water Con-2 3 servation Fund Act of 1965, including the allowance of 4 flexibility in local preparation of recovery action programs 5 so that they may be used to meet State or local qualifications for local receipt of Land and Water Conservation 6 7 Fund grants or State grants for similar purposes or for 8 other recreation or conservation purposes. The Secretary shall also encourage States to consider the findings, prior-9 10 ities, strategies and schedules included in the recovery action programs of their urban localities in preparation and 11 updating of the State Action Agendas for Community 12 13 Recreation and Conservation, in accordance with the public coordination and citizen consultation requirements of 14 15 subsection 6(d) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965.". 16

17 (e) CONVERSION.—Section 1010 of the Urban Park and Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. §2509) is amended by strik-18 19 ing the first sentence and inserting the following: "No 20 property acquired or improved or developed under this 21 title shall, without the approval of the Secretary, be con-22 verted to other than public recreation uses. The Secretary 23 shall approve such conversion only if the grantee dem-24 onstrates no prudent or feasible alternative exists (with 25 the exception of those properties that are no longer a via-

ble recreation facility due to changes in demographics or 1 2 must be abandoned because of environmental contamina-3 tion which endanger public health and safety). Any conver-4 sion must satisfy any conditions the Secretary deems nec-5 essary to assure the substitution of other recreation properties of at least equal fair market value, or reasonably 6 7 equivalent usefulness and location and which are in accord 8 with the current recreation recovery action program.".

9 (f) REPEAL.—Section 1014 of the Urban Park and
10 Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2513) is repealed.

11 TITLE III—WILDLIFE CONSERVA 12 TION AND RESTORATION

13 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

14 This title may be cited as the "Wildlife Conservation15 and Restoration Act of 2001".

16 SEC. 302. FINDINGS.

17 The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) a diverse array of species of fish and wildlife is of significant value to the Nation for many
reasons: aesthetic, ecological, educational, cultural,
recreational, economic, and scientific;

(2) it should be the objective of the United
States to retain for present and future generations
the opportunity to observe, understand, and appreciate a wide variety of wildlife;

(3) millions of citizens participate in outdoor
 recreation through hunting, fishing, and wildlife ob servation, all of which have significant value to the
 citizens who engage in these activities;

5 (4) providing sufficient and properly maintained
6 wildlife associated recreational opportunities is im7 portant to enhancing public appreciation of a diver8 sity of wildlife and the habitats upon which they de9 pend;

(5) lands and water which contain species classified neither as game nor identified as endangered
or threatened also can provide opportunities for
wildlife associated recreation and education such as
hunting and fishing permitted by applicable State or
Federal law;

16 (6) hunters and anglers have for more than 60 17 years willingly paid user fees in the form of Federal 18 excise taxes on hunting and fishing equipment to 19 support wildlife diversity and abundance, through 20 enactment of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration 21 Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson 22 Act) and the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration 23 Act (commonly referred to as the Dingell-Johnson/ 24 Wallop-Breaux Act);

(7) State programs, adequately funded to con-1 2 serve a broader array of wildlife in an individual 3 State and conducted in coordination with Federal, 4 State, tribal, and private landowners and interested 5 organizations, would continue to serve as a vital link 6 in a nationwide effort to restore game and nongame 7 wildlife, and the essential elements of such programs 8 should include conservation measures which manage 9 for a diverse variety of populations of wildlife; and 10 (8) it is proper for Congress to bolster and ex-11 tend this highly successful program to aid game and 12 nongame wildlife in supporting health and diversity 13 of habitat, as well as providing funds for conserva-14 tion education.

15 SEC. 303. PURPOSES.

16 The purposes of this title are—

(1) to extend financial and technical assistance
to the States under the Federal Aid to Wildlife Restoration Act for the benefit of a diverse array of
wildlife and associated habitats, including species
that are not hunted or fished, to fulfill unmet needs
of wildlife within the States while recognizing the
mandate of the States to conserve all wildlife;

24 (2) to assure sound conservation policies25 through the development, revision and implementa-

tion of wildlife associated recreation and wildlife as sociated education and wildlife conservation law en forcement;

4 (3) to encourage State fish and wildlife agencies
5 to create partnerships between the Federal Govern6 ment, other State agencies, wildlife conservation or7 ganizations, and outdoor recreation and conservation
8 interests through cooperative planning and imple9 mentation of this title; and

10 (4) to encourage State fish and wildlife agencies
11 to provide for public involvement in the process of
12 development and implementation of a wildlife con13 servation and restoration program.

14 SEC. 304. DEFINITIONS.

(a) REFERENCE TO LAW.—In this title, the term
"Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act" means the Act
of September 2, 1937 (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq), commonly
referred to as the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act
or the Pittman-Robertson Act.

(b) WILDLIFE CONSERVATION AND RESTORATION
PROGRAM.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended by inserting
after "shall be construed" in the first place it appears the
following: "to include the wildlife conservation and restoration program and".

(c) STATE AGENCIES.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid
 in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended
 by inserting "or State fish wildlife department" after
 "State fish and game department".

5 (d) CONSERVATION.—Section 2 is amended by striking the period at the end thereof, substituting a semicolon, 6 and adding the following: "the term 'conservation' shall 7 8 be construed to mean the use of methods and procedures 9 necessary or desirable to sustain healthy populations of 10 wildlife including all activities associated with scientific re-11 sources management such as research, census, monitoring 12 of populations, acquisition, improvement and management 13 of habitat, live trapping and transplantation, wildlife dam-14 age management, and periodic or total protection of a species or population as well as the taking of individuals with-15 in wildlife stock or population if permitted by applicable 16 State and Federal law; the term 'wildlife conservation and 17 restoration program' shall be construed to mean a pro-18 19 gram developed by a State fish and wildlife department 20 that the Secretary determines meets the criteria in section 21 6(d), the projects that constitute such a program, which 22 may be implemented in whole or part through grants and 23 contacts by a State to other State, Federal, or local agen-24 cies wildlife conservation organizations and outdoor recre-25 ation and conservation education entitles from funds ap-

portioned under this title, and maintenance of such 1 2 projects; the term 'wildlife' shall be construed to mean any 3 species of wild, free-ranging fauna including fish, and also 4 fauna in captive breeding programs the object of which 5 is to reintroduce individuals of a depleted indigenous species into previously occupied range; the term 'wildlife-asso-6 7 ciated recreation' shall be construed to mean projects in-8 tended to meet the demand for outdoor activities associ-9 ated with wildlife including, but not limited to, hunting 10 and fishing, such projects as construction or restoration 11 of wildlife viewing areas, observation towers, blinds, plat-12 forms, land and water trails, water access, trailheads, and 13 access for such projects; and the term 'wildlife conservation education' shall be construed to mean projects, in-14 15 cluding public outreach, intended to foster responsible natural resources stewardship.". 16

17 (e) 7 PERCENT.—Subsection 3(a) of the Federal Aid
18 in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669b(a)) is amend19 ed in the first sentence by—

20 (1) inserting "(1)" after "(beginning with the
21 fiscal year 1975)"; and

(2) inserting after "Internal Revenue Code of
1954" the following: ", and (2) from 7 percent of
the revenues, as that term is defined in the Conservation and Reinvestment Act of 1999,".

1 SEC. 305. SUBACCOUNTS AND REFUNDS.

2 Section 3 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
3 Act (16 U.S.C. 669b) is amended by adding at the end
4 the following new subsections:

5 "(c) A subaccount shall be established in the Federal aid to wildlife restoration fund in the Treasury to be 6 7 known as the 'wildlife conservation and restoration ac-8 count' and the credits to such account shall be equal to the 7 percent of revenues referred to in subsection (a)(2). 9 10 Amounts in such account shall be invested by the Sec-11 retary of the Treasury as set forth in subsection (b) and 12 shall be made available without further appropriation, to-13 gether with interest, for apportionment at the beginning of fiscal year 2000 and each fiscal year thereafter to carry 14 out State wildlife conservation and restoration programs. 15

16 "(d) Funds covered into the wildlife conservation and restoration account shall supplement, but not replace, ex-17 18 isting funds available to the States from the sport fish 19 restoration and wildlife restoration accounts and shall be used for the development, revision, and implementation of 20 21 wildlife conservation and restoration programs and should 22 be used to address the unmet needs for a diverse array 23 of wildlife and associated habitats, including species that 24 are not hunted or fished, for wildlife conservation, wildlife conservation education, and wildlife-associated recreation 25 projects: *Provided*, That such funds may be used for new 26

programs and projects as well as to enhance existing pro grams and projects.

3 "(e) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this 4 Act, with respect to the wildlife conservation and restora-5 tion account so much of the appropriation to any State for any fiscal year as remains unexpended at the close 6 7 thereof is authorized to be made available for expenditure 8 in that State until the close of the fourth succeeding fiscal 9 year. Any amount apportioned to any State under this 10 subsection that is unexpended or unobligated at the end of the period during which it is available for expenditure 11 12 on any project is authorized to be reapportioned to all 13 States during the succeeding fiscal year.

14 "(f) In those instances where through judicial deci-15 sion, administrative review, arbitration, or other means 16 there are royalty refunds owed to entities generating reve-17 nues available for purposes of this Act, 7 percent of such 18 refunds shall be paid from amounts available under sub-19 section (a)(2).".

20 SEC. 306. ALLOCATION OF SUBACCOUNT RECEIPTS.

21 Section 4 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
22 Act (16 U.S.C. 669b) is amended by adding the following
23 new subsection:

24 "(c)(1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), an amount,25 not to exceed 2 percent, of the revenues covered into the

1 wildlife conservation and restoration account in each fiscal 2 year as the Secretary of the Interior may estimate to be 3 necessary for expenses in the administration and execution 4 of programs carried out under the wildlife conservation 5 and restoration account shall be deducted for that purpose, and such amount is authorized to be made available 6 therefor until the expiration of the next succeeding fiscal 7 8 year. Within 60 days after the close of such fiscal year, 9 the Secretary of the Interior shall apportion any portion 10 thereof as remains unexpended, if any, on the same basis 11 and in the same manner as is provided under paragraphs 12 (2) and (3).

"(2) The Secretary of the Interior, after making the
deduction under paragraph (1), shall make the following
apportionment from the amount remaining in the wildlife
conservation and restoration account:

17 "(A) to the District of Columbia and to the
18 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, each a sum equal to
19 not more than ¹/₂ of 1 percent thereof; and

"(B) to Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, each a sum equal to not more than ¹/₆
of 1 percent thereof.

24 "(3) The Secretary of the Interior, after making the25 deduction under paragraph (1) and the apportionment

under paragraph (2), shall apportion the remaining
 amount in the wildlife conservation and restoration ac count for each year among the States in the following
 manner:

5 "(A) ¹/₃ of which is based on the ratio to which
6 the land area of such State bears to the total land
7 area of all such States; and

8 "(B) ²/₃ of which is based on the ratio to which
9 the population of such State bears to the total popu10 lation of all such States.

11 The amounts apportioned under this paragraph shall be
12 adjusted equitably so that no such State shall be appor13 tioned a sum which is less than ¹/₂ of 1 percent of the
14 amount available for apportionment under this paragraph
15 for any fiscal year or more than 5 percent of such amount.
16 "(d) WILDLIFE CONSERVATION AND RESTORATION

17 PROGRAMS.—Any State, through its fish and wildlife de18 partment, may apply to the Secretary for approval of a
19 wildlife conservation and restoration program or for funds
20 to develop a program, which shall—

21 "(1) contain provision for vesting in the fish
22 and wildlife department of overall responsibility and
23 accountability for development and implementation
24 of the program; and

| 1 | "(2) contain provision for development and im- |
|----|---|
| 2 | plementation of— |
| 3 | "(A) wildlife conservation projects which |
| 4 | expand and support existing wildlife programs |
| 5 | to meet the needs of a diverse array of wildlife |
| 6 | species, |
| 7 | "(B) wildlife associated recreation pro- |
| 8 | grams; and |
| 9 | "(C) wildlife conservation education |
| 10 | projects. |
| 11 | If the Secretary of the Interior finds that an appli- |
| 12 | cation for such program contains the elements speci- |
| 13 | fied in paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary shall |
| 14 | approve such application and set aside from the ap- |
| 15 | portionment to the State made pursuant to section |
| 16 | 4(c) an amount that shall not exceed 90 percent of |
| 17 | the estimated cost of developing and implementing |
| 18 | segments of the program for the first 5 fiscal years |
| 19 | following enactment of this subsection and not to ex- |
| 20 | ceed 75 percent thereafter. Not more than 10 per- |
| 21 | cent of the amounts apportioned to each State from |
| 22 | this subaccount for the State's wildlife conservation |
| 23 | and restoration program may be used for law en- |
| 24 | forcement. Following approval, the Secretary may |
| 25 | make payments on a project that is a segment of the |

1 State's wildlife conservation and restoration program 2 as the project progresses but such payments, includ-3 ing previous payments on the project, if any, shall 4 not be more than the United States pro rata share 5 of such project. The Secretary, under such regula-6 tions as he may prescribe, may advance funds rep-7 resenting the United States pro rata share of a 8 project that is a segment of a wildlife conservation 9 and restoration program, including funds to develop 10 such program. For purposes of this subsection, the 11 term 'State' shall include the District of Columbia, 12 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United 13 States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and 14 the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Is-15 lands.".

16 (b) FACA.—Coordination with State fish and wildlife 17 department personnel or with personnel of other State agencies pursuant to the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restora-18 tion Act or the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Act 19 20 shall not be subject to the Federal Advisory Committee 21 Act (5 U.S.C. App.). Except for the preceding sentence, 22 the provisions of this title relate solely to wildlife conserva-23 tion and restoration programs as defined in this title and 24 shall not be construed to affect the provisions of the Fed-25 eral Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act relating to wildlife restoration projects or the provisions of the Federal Aid in
 Sport Fish Restoration Act relating to fish restoration and
 management projects.

4 SEC. 307. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PUBLIC RELATIONS.

5 The third sentence of subsection (a) of section 8 of 6 the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 7 669g) is amended by inserting before the period at the 8 end thereof: ", except that funds available from this sub-9 account for a State wildlife conservation and restoration 10 program may be used for law enforcement and public rela-11 tions".

12 SEC. 308. PROHIBITION AGAINST DIVERSION.

13 No designated State agency shall be eligible to receive matching funds under this Act if sources of revenue avail-14 15 able to it on January 1, 2002, for conservation of wildlife are diverted for any purpose other than the administration 16 17 of the designated State agency, it being the intention of 18 Congress that funds available to States under this Act be 19 added to revenues from existing State sources and not 20 serve as a substitute for revenues from such sources. Such 21 revenues shall include interest, dividends, or other income 22 earned on the foregoing.

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