H. R. 3142

To provide for the adjustment of status of certain foreign agricultural workers, to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to reform the H–2A worker program under that Act, to provide a stable, legal agricultural workforce, to extend basic legal protections and better working conditions to more workers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 23, 2003

Mr. Cannon (for himself and Mr. Berman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To provide for the adjustment of status of certain foreign agricultural workers, to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to reform the H–2A worker program under that Act, to provide a stable, legal agricultural workforce, to extend basic legal protections and better working conditions to more workers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Agricultural Job Opportunity, Benefits, and Security Act
- 6 of 2003".

- 1 (b) Table of Contents for
- 2 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—ADJUSTMENT TO LAWFUL STATUS

- Sec. 101. Agricultural workers.
- Sec. 102. Correction of Social Security records.

TITLE II—REFORM OF H-2A WORKER PROGRAM

Sec. 201. Amendment to the Immigration and Nationality Act.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 301. Determination and use of user fees.
- Sec. 302. Regulations.
- Sec. 303. Effective date.

3 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 4 In this Act:
- 5 (1) AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT.—The term
- 6 "agricultural employment" means any service or ac-
- 7 tivity that is considered to be agricultural under sec-
- 8 tion 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
- 9 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)) or agricultural labor under sec-
- tion 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
- 11 (26 U.S.C. 3121(g)). For purposes of this para-
- graph, agricultural employment includes employment
- under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigra-
- tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
- 15 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
- 16 (2) Employer.—The term "employer" means
- any person or entity, including any farm labor con-

- tractor and any agricultural association, that employs workers in agricultural employment.
- 3 (3) JOB OPPORTUNITY.—The term "job opportunity" means a job opening for temporary full-time 5 employment at a place in the United States to which 6 United States workers can be referred.
 - (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
 - (5) Temporary.—A worker is employed on a "temporary" basis where the employment is intended not to exceed 10 months.
 - (6) UNITED STATES WORKER.—The term "United States worker" means any worker, whether a United States citizen or national, a lawfully admitted permanent resident alien, or any other alien, who is authorized to work in the job opportunity within the United States, except an alien admitted or otherwise provided status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)).
 - (7) WORK DAY.—The term "work day" means any day in which the individual is employed 1 or more hours in agriculture.

TITLE I—ADJUSTMENT TO LAWFUL STATUS

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(a) Temporary Residen	γ Status.—	_
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- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall confer upon an alien who qualifies under this subsection the status of an alien lawfully admitted for temporary residence if the Secretary determines that the following requirements are satisfied with respect to the alien:
 - (A) PERFORMANCE OF AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT IN THE UNITED STATES.—The alien must establish that the alien has performed agricultural employment in the United States for at least 575 hours or 100 work days, whichever is less, during any 12 consecutive months during the 18-month period ending on August 31, 2003.
 - (B) APPLICATION PERIOD.—The alien must apply for such status during the 18-month application period beginning on the 1st day of the 7th month that begins after the date of enactment of this Act.
 - (C) ADMISSIBLE AS IMMIGRANT.—The alien must establish that the alien is otherwise

- admissible to the United States under section 2 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 3 U.S.C. 1182), except as otherwise provided 4 under subsection (e)(2).
 - (2) AUTHORIZED TRAVEL.—During the period an alien is in lawful temporary resident status granted under this subsection, the alien has the right to travel abroad (including commutation from a residence abroad) in the same manner as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
 - (3) Authorized employment.—During the period an alien is in lawful temporary resident status granted under this subsection, the alien shall be provided an "employment authorized" endorsement or other appropriate work permit, in the same manner as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
 - (4) TERMINATION OF TEMPORARY RESIDENT STATUS.—During the period of temporary resident status granted an alien under this subsection, the Secretary may terminate such status only upon a determination under this Act that the alien is deportable.
- 24 (5) Record of Employment.—

1	(A) In General.—Each employer of a
2	worker granted status under this subsection
3	shall annually—
4	(i) provide a written record of employ-
5	ment to the alien; and
6	(ii) provide a copy of such record to
7	the Secretary.
8	(B) Sunset.—The obligation under sub-
9	paragraph (A) terminates on August 31, 2009.
10	(b) Rights of Aliens Granted Temporary Resi-
11	DENT STATUS.—
12	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
13	vided in this subsection, an alien who acquires the
14	status of an alien lawfully admitted for temporary
15	residence under subsection (a), such status not hav-
16	ing changed, shall be considered to be an alien law-
17	fully admitted for permanent residence for purposes
18	of any law other than any provision of the Immigra-
19	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).
20	(2) Terms of employment respecting
21	ALIENS ADMITTED UNDER THIS SECTION.—
22	(A) Prohibition.—No alien granted sta-
23	tus under subsection (a) may be terminated
24	from employment by any employer during the

period of temporary resident status except for
 just cause.

(B) Treatment of complaints.—

(i) Establishment of process.—
The Secretary shall establish a process for the receipt, initial review, and disposition in accordance with this subparagraph of complaints by aliens granted temporary resident status under subsection (a) who allege that they have been terminated without just cause. No proceeding shall be conducted under this subparagraph with respect to a termination unless the Secretary determines that the complaint was filed not later than 6 months after the date of the termination.

(ii) Initiation of arbitration.—If
the Secretary finds that a complaint has
been filed in accordance with clause (i) and
there is reasonable cause to believe that
the complainant was terminated without
just cause, the Secretary shall initiate
binding arbitration proceedings by requesting the Federal Mediation and Conciliation
Service to appoint a mutually agreeable ar-

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bitrator from the roster of arbitrators maintained by such Service for the geographical area in which the employer is located. The procedures and rules of such Service shall be applicable to the selection of such arbitrator and to such arbitration proceedings. The Secretary shall pay the fee and expenses of the arbitrator.

(iii) Arbitration proceedings.— The arbitrator shall conduct the proceeding in accordance with the policies and procedures promulgated by the American Arbitration Association applicable to private arbitration of employment disputes. The arbitrator shall make findings respecting whether the termination was for just cause. The arbitrator may not find that the termination was for just cause unless the employer so demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence. If the arbitrator finds that the termination was not for just cause, the arbitrator shall make a specific finding of the number of days or hours of work lost by the employee as a result of the termination. The arbitrator shall have

no authority to order any other remedy, including, but not limited to, reinstatement, back pay, or front pay to the affected employee. Within 30 days from the conclusion of the arbitration proceeding, the arbitrator shall transmit the findings in the form of a written opinion to the parties to the arbitration and the Secretary. Such findings shall be final and conclusive, and no official or court of the United States shall have the power or jurisdiction to review any such findings.

- (iv) Effect of arbitration finding of an arbitrator that an employer has terminated an alien granted temporary resident status under subsection (a) without just cause, the Secretary shall credit the alien for the number of days or hours of work lost for purposes of the requirement of subsection (c)(1).
- (v) TREATMENT OF ATTORNEY'S FEES.—The parties shall bear the cost of their own attorney's fees involved in the litigation of the complaint.

1	(vi) Nonexclusive remedy.—The
2	complaint process provided for in this sub-
3	paragraph is in addition to any other
4	rights an employee may have in accordance
5	with applicable law.

(vii) Effect on other actions or PROCEEDINGS.—Any finding of fact or law, judgment, conclusion, or final order made by an arbitrator in the proceeding before the Secretary shall not be conclusive or binding in any separate or subsequent action or proceeding between the employee and the employee's current or prior employer brought before an arbitrator, administrative agency, court, or judge of any State or the United States, regardless of whether the prior action was between the same or related parties or involved the same facts, except that the arbitrator's specific finding of the number of days or hours of work lost by the employee as a result of the employment termination may be referred to the Secretary pursuant to clause (iv).

(C) CIVIL PENALTIES.—

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(i) In General.—If the Secretary
finds, after notice and opportunity for a
hearing, that an employer of an alien
granted temporary resident status under
subsection (a) has failed to provide the
record of employment required under sub-
section (a)(5) or has provided a false state-
ment of material fact in such a record, the
employer shall be subject to a civil money
penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000
per violation.
(ii) Limitation.—The penalty appli-
cable under clause (i) for failure to provide
records shall not apply unless the alien has
provided the employer with evidence of em-
ployment authorization granted under this
section.
(c) Adjustment to Permanent Residence.—
(1) AGRICULTURAL WORKERS.—
(A) In general.—Except as provided in
subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall adjust
the status of an alien granted lawful temporary
resident status under subsection (a) to that of

an alien lawfully admitted for permanent resi-

1 dence if the Secretary determines that the fol-2 lowing requirements are satisfied: 3 (i) QUALIFYING EMPLOYMENT.—The 4 alien has performed at least 2,060 hours or 360 work days, whichever is less, of ag-6 ricultural employment in the United 7 States, during the period beginning on 8 September 1, 2003, and ending on August 9 31, 2009. 10 (ii) QUALIFYING YEARS.—The alien 11 has performed at least 430 hours or 75 12 work days, whichever is less, of agricul-13 tural employment in the United States in 14 at least 3 nonoverlapping periods of 12 15 consecutive months during the period be-16 ginning on September 1, 2003, and ending 17 on August 31, 2009. Qualifying periods 18 under this clause may include nonconsecu-19 tive 12-month periods. 20 (iii) Qualifying work in first 3 21 YEARS.—The alien has performed at least 22 1,380 hours or 240 work days, whichever 23 is less, of agricultural employment during 24 the period beginning on September 1,

2003, and ending on August 31, 2006.

1	(iv) APPLICATION PERIOD.—The alien
2	applies for adjustment of status not later
3	than August 31, 2010.
4	(v) Proof.—In meeting the require-
5	ments of clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), an alien
6	may submit the record of employment de-
7	scribed in subsection (a)(5) or such docu-
8	mentation as may be submitted under sub-
9	section $(d)(3)$.
10	(vi) DISABILITY.—In determining
11	whether an alien has met the requirements
12	of clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), the Secretary
13	shall credit the alien with any work days
14	lost because the alien was unable to work
15	in agricultural employment due to injury
16	or disease arising out of and in the course
17	of the alien's agricultural employment, if
18	the alien can establish such disabling in-
19	jury or disease through medical records.
20	(B) Grounds for denial of adjust-
21	MENT OF STATUS.—The Secretary may deny an
22	alien adjustment to permanent resident status,
23	and provide for termination of the temporary
24	resident status granted such alien under sub-

section (a), if—

1	(i) the Secretary finds by a prepon-
2	derance of the evidence that the adjust-
3	ment to temporary resident status was the
4	result of fraud or willful misrepresentation,
5	as described in section $212(a)(6)(C)(i)$ of
6	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
7	U.S.C. $1182(a)(6)(C)(i)$; or
8	(ii) the alien—
9	(I) commits an act that makes
10	the alien inadmissible to the United
11	States under section 212 of the Immi-
12	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
13	1182), except as provided under sub-
14	section $(e)(2)$; or
15	(II) is convicted of a felony or 3
16	or more misdemeanors committed in
17	the United States.
18	(C) Grounds for removal.—Any alien
19	granted temporary resident status under sub-
20	section (a) who does not apply for adjustment
21	of status under this subsection before the expi-
22	ration of the application period described in
23	subparagraph (A)(iv), or who fails to meet the
24	other requirements of subparagraph (A) by the
25	end of the applicable period, is deportable and

may be removed under section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a). The Secretary shall issue regulations establishing grounds to waive subparagraph (A)(iii) with respect to an alien who has completed at least 200 days of the work requirement specified in such subparagraph in the event of a natural disaster which substantially limits the availability of agricultural employment or a personal emergency that prevents compliance with such subparagraph.

(2) SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall confer the status of lawful permanent resident on the spouse and minor child of an alien granted status under paragraph (1), including any individual who was a minor child on the date such alien was granted temporary resident status, if the spouse or minor child applies for such status, or if the principal alien includes the spouse or minor child in an application for adjustment of status to that of a lawful permanent resident.

1	(B) Treatment of spouses and minor
2	CHILDREN PRIOR TO ADJUSTMENT OF STA-
3	TUS.—A spouse and minor child of an alien
4	granted temporary resident status under sub-
5	section (a) may not be—
6	(i) removed while such alien maintains
7	such status; and
8	(ii) granted authorization to engage in
9	employment in the United States or be
10	provided an "employment authorized" en-
11	dorsement or other work permit, unless
12	such employment authorization is granted
13	under another provision of law.
14	(d) Applications.—
15	(1) To whom may be made.—
16	(A) WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.—The
17	Secretary shall provide that—
18	(i) applications for temporary resident
19	status under subsection (a) may be filed—
20	(I) with the Secretary, but only if
21	the applicant is represented by an at-
22	torney; or
23	(II) with a qualified designated
24	entity (designated under paragraph
25	(2)), but only if the applicant consents

1	to the forwarding of the application to
2	the Secretary; and
3	(ii) applications for adjustment of sta-
4	tus under subsection (c) shall be filed di-
5	rectly with the Secretary.
6	(B) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The
7	Secretary, in cooperation with the Secretary of
8	State, shall establish a procedure whereby an
9	alien may apply for temporary resident status
10	under subsection (a) at an appropriate consular
11	office outside the United States.
12	(C) Preliminary applications.—
13	(i) In general.—During the applica-
14	tion period described in subsection
15	(a)(1)(B), the Secretary may grant admis-
16	sion to the United States as a temporary
17	resident and provide an "employment au-
18	thorized" endorsement or other appro-
19	priate work permit to any alien who pre-
20	sents a preliminary application for such
21	status under subsection (a) at a designated
22	port of entry on the southern land border
23	of the United States. An alien who does

not enter through a port of entry is subject

1	to deportation and removal as otherwise
2	provided in this Act.
3	(ii) Definition.—For purposes of
4	clause (i), the term "preliminary applica-
5	tion" means a fully completed and signed
6	application which contains specific infor-
7	mation concerning the performance of
8	qualifying employment in the United
9	States, together with the payment of the
10	appropriate fee and the submission of pho-
11	tographs and the documentary evidence
12	which the applicant intends to submit as
13	proof of such employment.
14	(iii) Eligibility.—An applicant
15	under clause (i) must be otherwise admis-
16	sible to the United States under subsection
17	(e)(2) and must establish to the satisfac-
18	tion of the examining officer during an
19	interview that the applicant's claim to eli-
20	gibility for temporary resident status is
21	credible.
22	(D) TRAVEL DOCUMENTATION.—The Sec-
23	retary shall provide each alien granted status

under this section with a counterfeit-resistant

document of authorization to enter or reenter

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1	the United States that meets the requirements
2	established by the Secretary.
3	(2) Designation of entities to receive ap-
4	PLICATIONS.—
5	(A) In general.—For purposes of receiv-
6	ing applications under subsection (a), the Sec-
7	retary—
8	(i) shall designate qualified farm labor
9	organizations and associations of employ-
10	ers; and
11	(ii) may designate such other persons
12	as the Secretary determines are qualified
13	and have substantial experience, dem-
14	onstrate competence, and have traditional
15	long-term involvement in the preparation
16	and submittal of applications for adjust-
17	ment of status under section 209, 210, or
18	245 of the Immigration and Nationality
19	Act, Public Law 89–732, Public Law 95–
20	145, or the Immigration Reform and Con-
21	trol Act of 1986.
22	(B) References.—Organizations, asso-
23	ciations, and persons designated under subpara-
24	graph (A) are referred to in this Act as "quali-
25	fied designated entities".

(3) Proof of eligibility.—

- (A) In General.—An alien may establish that the alien meets the requirement of subsection (a)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)(A) through government employment records or records supplied by employers or collective bargaining organizations, and other reliable documentation as the alien may provide. The Secretary shall establish special procedures to properly credit work in cases in which an alien was employed under an assumed name.
- (B) DOCUMENTATION OF WORK HISTORY.—(i) An alien applying for status under subsection (a)(1) or subsection (c)(1) has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the alien has worked the requisite number of hours or days (as required under subsection (a)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)(A)).
- (ii) If an employer or farm labor contractor employing such an alien has kept proper and adequate records respecting such employment, the alien's burden of proof under clause (i) may be met by securing timely production of those records under regulations to be promulgated by the Secretary.

- 1 (iii) An alien can meet such burden of 2 proof if the alien establishes that the alien has 3 in fact performed the work described in sub-4 section (a)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)(A) by 5 producing sufficient evidence to show the extent 6 of that employment as a matter of just and rea-7 sonable inference.
 - (4) Treatment of applications by qualified designated entity must agree to forward to the Secretary applications filed with it in accordance with paragraph (1)(A)(i)(II) but not to forward to the Secretary applications filed with it unless the applicant has consented to such forwarding. No such entity may make a determination required by this section to be made by the Secretary. Upon the request of the alien, a qualified designated entity shall assist the alien in obtaining documentation of the work history of the alien.
 - (5) Limitation on access to information.—Files and records prepared for purposes of this subsection by qualified designated entities operating under this subsection are confidential and the Secretary shall not have access to such files or records relating to an alien without the consent of

1	the alien, except as allowed by a court order issued
2	pursuant to paragraph (6).
3	(6) Confidentiality of information.—
4	(A) In general.—Except as otherwise
5	provided in this subsection, neither the Sec-
6	retary, nor any other official or employee of the
7	Department of Homeland Security, or bureau
8	or agency thereof, may—
9	(i) use the information furnished by
10	the applicant pursuant to an application
11	filed under this section, the information
12	provided to the applicant by a person des-
13	ignated under paragraph (2)(A), or any in-
14	formation provided by an employer or
15	former employer, for any purpose other
16	than to make a determination on the appli-
17	cation, or for enforcement of paragraph
18	(7);
19	(ii) make any publication whereby the
20	information furnished by any particular in-
21	dividual can be identified; or
22	(iii) permit anyone other than the
23	sworn officers and employees of the De-
24	partment of Homeland Security, or bureau
25	or agency thereof, or, with respect to appli-

1	cations filed with a qualified designated en-
2	tity, that qualified designated entity, to ex-
3	amine individual applications.
4	(B) Crime.—Whoever knowingly uses,
5	publishes, or permits information to be exam-
6	ined in violation of this paragraph shall be fined
7	not more than \$10,000.
8	(7) Penalties for false statements in ap-
9	PLICATIONS.—
10	(A) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Whoever—
11	(i) files an application for status
12	under subsection (a) or (c) and knowingly
13	and willfully falsifies, conceals, or covers
14	up a material fact or makes any false, fic-
15	titious, or fraudulent statements or rep-
16	resentations, or makes or uses any false
17	writing or document knowing the same to
18	contain any false, fictitious, or fraudulent
19	statement or entry; or
20	(ii) creates or supplies a false writing
21	or document for use in making such an ap-
22	plication;
23	shall be fined in accordance with title 18,
24	United States Code, or imprisoned not more
25	than 5 years, or both.

1	(B) Inadmissibility.—An alien who is
2	convicted of a crime under subparagraph (A)
3	shall be considered to be inadmissible to the
4	United States on the ground described in sec-
5	tion 212(a)(6)(C)(i) of the Immigration and
6	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)(C)(i)).
7	(8) Eligibility for legal services.—Sec-
8	tion 504(a)(11) of Public Law 104–134 (110 Stat.
9	1321–53 et seq.) shall not be construed to prevent
10	a recipient of funds under the Legal Services Cor-
11	poration Act (42 U.S.C. 2996 et seq.) from pro-
12	viding legal assistance directly related to an applica-
13	tion for adjustment of status under this section.
14	(9) Application fees.—
15	(A) FEE SCHEDULE.—The Secretary shall
16	provide for a schedule of fees that—
17	(i) shall be charged for the filing of
18	applications for status under subsections
19	(a) and (c); and
20	(ii) may be charged by qualified des-
21	ignated entities to help defray the costs of
22	services provided to such applicants.
23	(B) Prohibition on excess fees by
24	QUALIFIED DESIGNATED ENTITIES.—A quali-
25	fied designated entity may not charge any fee

1	in excess of, or in addition to, the fees author-
2	ized under subparagraph (A)(ii) for services
3	provided to applicants.
4	(C) Disposition of fees.—
5	(i) IN GENERAL.—There is established
6	in the general fund of the Treasury a sepa-
7	rate account, which shall be known as the
8	"Agricultural Worker Immigration Status
9	Adjustment Account". Notwithstanding
10	any other provision of law, there shall be
11	deposited as offsetting receipts into the ac-
12	count all fees collected under subparagraph
13	(A)(i).
14	(ii) Use of fees for application
15	PROCESSING.—Amounts deposited in the
16	"Agricultural Worker Immigration Status
17	Adjustment Account" shall remain avail-
18	able to the Secretary until expended for
19	processing applications for status under
20	subsections (a) and (c).
21	(e) Waiver of Numerical Limitations and Cer-
22	TAIN GROUNDS FOR INADMISSIBILITY.—
23	(1) Numerical limitations do not apply.—
24	The numerical limitations of sections 201 and 202
25	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.

1	1151 and 1152) shall not apply to the adjustment
2	of aliens to lawful permanent resident status under
3	this section.
4	(2) Waiver of Certain Grounds of Inad-
5	MISSIBILITY.—In the determination of an alien's eli-
6	gibility for status under subsection (a)(1)(C) or an
7	alien's eligibility for adjustment of status under sub-
8	section $(c)(1)(B)(ii)(I)$, the following rules shall
9	apply:
10	(A) Grounds of exclusion not appli-
11	CABLE.—The provisions of paragraphs (5)
12	(6)(A), (7)(A), and (9)(B) of section 212(a) of (6)(A), (7)(A), (7)(A), (8)(B)
13	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
14	1182(a)) shall not apply.
15	(B) Waiver of other grounds.—
16	(i) In general.—Except as provided
17	in clause (ii), the Secretary may waive any
18	other provision of such section 212(a) in
19	the case of individual aliens for humani-
20	tarian purposes, to ensure family unity, or
21	when it is otherwise in the public interest.
22	(ii) Grounds that may not be
23	WAIVED.—The following provisions of such
24	section 212(a) may not be waived by the

Secretary under clause (i):

1	(I) Subparagraphs (A) and (B)
2	of paragraph (2) (relating to crimi-
3	nals).
4	(II) Paragraph (4) (relating to
5	aliens likely to become public
6	charges).
7	(III) Paragraph (2)(C) (relating
8	to drug offenses).
9	(IV) Paragraph (3) (relating to
10	security and related grounds).
11	(iii) Construction.—Nothing in this
12	subparagraph shall be construed as affect-
13	ing the authority of the Secretary other
14	than under this subparagraph to waive
15	provisions of such section 212(a).
16	(C) Special rule for determination
17	OF PUBLIC CHARGE.—An alien is not ineligible
18	for status under this section by reason of a
19	ground of inadmissibility under section
20	212(a)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality
21	Act $(8 \text{ U.S.C. } 1182(a)(4))$ if the alien dem-
22	onstrates a history of employment in the United
23	States evidencing self-support without reliance
24	on public cash assistance.

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1	(f) Temporary Stay of Removal and Work Au-
2	THORIZATION FOR CERTAIN APPLICANTS.—
3	(1) Before application period.—Effective
4	on the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary

on the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall provide that, in the case of an alien who is apprehended before the beginning of the application period described in subsection (a)(1)(B) and who can establish a nonfrivolous case of eligibility for temporary resident status under subsection (a) (but for the fact that the alien may not apply for such status until the beginning of such period), until the alien has had the opportunity during the first 30 days of the application period to complete the filing of an application for temporary resident status, the alien—

(A) may not be removed; and

(B) shall be granted authorization to engage in employment in the United States and be provided an "employment authorized" endorsement or other appropriate work permit for such purpose.

(2) During application period.—The Secretary shall provide that, in the case of an alien who presents a nonfrivolous application for temporary resident status under subsection (a) during the ap-

1 plication period described in subsection (a)(1)(B), 2 including an alien who files such an application 3 within 30 days of the alien's apprehension, and until a final determination on the application has been 5 made in accordance with this section, the alien— 6 (A) may not be removed; and 7 (B) shall be granted authorization to en-8 gage in employment in the United States and 9 be provided an "employment authorized" en-10 dorsement or other appropriate work permit for such purpose. 11 12 (g) Administrative and Judicial Review.— 13 (1) In General.—There shall be no adminis-14 trative or judicial review of a determination respect-15 ing an application for status under subsection (a) or 16 (c) except in accordance with this subsection. 17 (2) Administrative review.— 18 (A) SINGLE LEVEL OF ADMINISTRATIVE 19 APPELLATE REVIEW.—The Secretary shall es-20 tablish an appellate authority to provide for a 21 single level of administrative appellate review of 22 such a determination. 23 (B) STANDARD FOR REVIEW.—Such ad-24 ministrative appellate review shall be based 25 solely upon the administrative record established at the time of the determination on the application and upon such additional or newly discovered evidence as may not have been available at the time of the determination.

(3) Judicial Review.—

- (A) LIMITATION TO REVIEW OF RE-MOVAL.—There shall be judicial review of such a determination only in the judicial review of an order of removal under section 242 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252).
- (B) STANDARD FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW.—
 Such judicial review shall be based solely upon
 the administrative record established at the
 time of the review by the appellate authority
 and the findings of fact and determinations
 contained in such record shall be conclusive unless the applicant can establish abuse of discretion or that the findings are directly contrary to
 clear and convincing facts contained in the
 record considered as a whole.
- 21 (h) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION ON ADJUST-22 MENT PROGRAM.—Beginning not later than the 1st day 23 of the application period described in subsection (a)(1)(B), 24 the Secretary, in cooperation with qualified designated en-25 tities, shall broadly disseminate information respecting the

- 1 benefits that aliens may receive under this section and the
- 2 requirements to be satisfied to obtain such benefits.
- 3 (i) Regulations.—The Secretary shall issue regula-
- 4 tions to implement this section not later than the 1st day
- 5 of the 7th month that begins after the date of enactment
- 6 of this Act.
- 7 (j) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 8 on the date that regulations are issued implementing this
- 9 section on an interim or other basis.
- 10 (k) Funding.—There are hereby appropriated, out
- 11 of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,
- 12 \$40,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2004 through 2007
- 13 to the Secretary to carry out this section.
- 14 SEC. 102. CORRECTION OF SOCIAL SECURITY RECORDS.
- 15 (a) In General.—Section 208(d)(1) of the Social
- 16 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 408(d)(1)) is amended—
- 17 (1) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking "or" at
- the end;
- 19 (2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "or" at
- the end;
- 21 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the fol-
- lowing:
- 23 "(D) who is granted status as a lawful tem-
- 24 porary resident under the Agricultural Job Oppor-
- 25 tunity, Benefits, and Security Act of 2003,"; and

1	(4) by striking "1990." and inserting "1990, or
2	in the case of an alien described in subparagraph
3	(D), if such conduct is alleged to have occurred prior
4	to the date on which the alien was granted lawful
5	temporary resident status.".
6	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
7	subsection (a) shall take effect on the 1st day of the 7th
8	month that begins after the date of enactment of this Act.
9	TITLE II—REFORM OF H-2A
10	WORKER PROGRAM
11	SEC. 201. AMENDMENT TO THE IMMIGRATION AND NATION-
12	ALITY ACT.
13	(a) In General.—The Immigration and Nationality
14	Act is amended by striking section 218 (8 U.S.C. 1188)
15	and inserting the following:
16	"H-2A EMPLOYER APPLICATIONS
17	"Sec. 218. (a) Applications to the Secretary
18	of Labor.—
19	"(1) In general.—No alien may be admitted
20	to the United States as an H–2A worker, or other-
21	wise provided status as an H–2A worker, unless the
22	employer has filed with the Secretary of Labor an
23	application containing—
24	"(A) the assurances described in sub-
25	section (b);

1	"(B) a description of the nature and loca-
2	tion of the work to be performed;
3	"(C) the anticipated period (expected be-
4	ginning and ending dates) for which the work-
5	ers will be needed; and
6	"(D) the number of job opportunities in
7	which the employer seeks to employ the work-
8	ers.
9	"(2) Accompanied by Job offer.—Each ap-
10	plication filed under paragraph (1) shall be accom-
11	panied by a copy of the job offer describing the
12	wages and other terms and conditions of employ-
13	ment and the bona fide occupational qualifications
14	that must be possessed by a worker to be employed
15	in the job opportunity in question.
16	"(b) Assurances for Inclusion in Applica-
17	TIONS.—The assurances referred to in subsection $(a)(1)$
18	are the following:
19	"(1) Job opportunities covered by col-
20	LECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.—With respect
21	to a job opportunity that is covered under a collec-
22	tive bargaining agreement:
23	"(A) Union contract described.—The
24	job opportunity is covered by a union contract

which was negotiated at arm's length between a bona fide union and the employer.

- "(B) STRIKE OR LOCKOUT.—The specific job opportunity for which the employer is requesting an H–2A worker is not vacant because the former occupant is on strike or being locked out in the course of a labor dispute.
- "(C) NOTIFICATION OF BARGAINING REP-RESENTATIVES.—The employer, at the time of filing the application, has provided notice of the filing under this paragraph to the bargaining representative of the employer's employees in the occupational classification at the place or places of employment for which aliens are sought.
- "(D) TEMPORARY OR SEASONAL JOB OP-PORTUNITIES.—The job opportunity is temporary or seasonal.
- "(E) OFFERS TO UNITED STATES WORK-ERS.—The employer has offered or will offer the job to any eligible United States worker who applies and is equally or better qualified for the job for which the nonimmigrant is, or the nonimmigrants are, sought and who will be available at the time and place of need.

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1	"(F) Provision of Insurance.—If the
2	job opportunity is not covered by the State
3	workers' compensation law, the employer will
4	provide, at no cost to the worker, insurance cov-
5	ering injury and disease arising out of, and in
6	the course of, the worker's employment which
7	will provide benefits at least equal to those pro-
8	vided under the State's workers' compensation
9	law for comparable employment.
10	"(2) Job opportunities not covered by
11	COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.—With re-
12	spect to a job opportunity that is not covered under
13	a collective bargaining agreement:
14	"(A) Strike or lockout.—The specific
15	job opportunity for which the employer is re-
16	questing an H–2A worker is not vacant because
17	the former occupant is on strike or being locked
18	out in the course of a labor dispute.
19	"(B) Temporary or seasonal job op-
20	PORTUNITIES.—The job opportunity is tem-
21	porary or seasonal.
22	"(C) Benefit, wage, and working con-
23	DITIONS.—The employer will provide, at a min-

imum, the benefits, wages, and working condi-

tions required by section 218A to all workers

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1	employed in the job opportunities for which the
2	employer has applied under subsection (a) and
3	to all other workers in the same occupation as
4	the place of employment.
5	"(D) Nondisplacement of united
6	STATES WORKERS.—The employer did not dis-
7	place and will not displace a United States
8	worker employed by the employer during the
9	period of employment and for a period of 30
10	days preceding the period of employment in the
11	occupation at the place of employment for
12	which the employer seeks approval to employ
13	H–2A workers.
14	"(E) REQUIREMENTS FOR PLACEMENT OF
15	NONIMMIGRANT WITH OTHER EMPLOYERS.—
16	The employer will not place the nonimmigrant
17	with another employer unless—
18	"(i) the nonimmigrant performs du-
19	ties in whole or in part at 1 or more work
20	sites owned, operated, or controlled by
21	such other employer;
22	"(ii) there are indicia of an employ-
23	ment relationship between the non-
24	immigrant and such other employer; and

"(iii) the employer has inquired of the other employer as to whether, and has no actual knowledge or notice that, during the period of employment and for a period of 30 days preceding the period of employment, the other employer has displaced or intends to displace a United States worker employed by the other employer in the occupation at the place of employment for which the employer seeks approval to employ H–2A workers.

"(F) STATEMENT OF LIABILITY.—The application form shall include a clear statement explaining the liability under subparagraph (E) of an employer if the other employer described in such subparagraph displaces a United States worker as described in such subparagraph.

"(G) Provision of Insurance.—If the job opportunity is not covered by the State workers' compensation law, the employer will provide, at no cost to the worker, insurance covering injury and disease arising out of and in the course of the worker's employment which will provide benefits at least equal to those pro-

1	vided under the State's workers' compensation
2	law for comparable employment.
3	"(H) Employment of united states
4	WORKERS.—
5	"(i) Recruitment.—The employer
6	has taken or will take the following steps
7	to recruit United States workers for the
8	job opportunities for which the H-2A non-
9	immigrant is, or H-2A nonimmigrants are
10	sought:
11	"(I) CONTACTING FORMER
12	WORKERS.—The employer shall make
13	reasonable efforts through the sending
14	of a letter by United States Postal
15	Service mail, or otherwise, to contact
16	any United States worker the em-
17	ployer employed during the previous
18	season in the occupation at the place
19	of intended employment for which the
20	employer is applying for workers and
21	has made the availability of the em-
22	ployer's job opportunities in the occu-
23	pation at the place of intended em-
24	ployment known to such previous
25	workers, unless the worker was termi-

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nated from employment by the employer for a lawful job-related reason or abandoned the job before the worker completed the period of employment of the job opportunity for which the worker was hired.

"(II) FILING A JOB OFFER WITH THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE STATE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY AGENCY.— Not later than 28 days prior to the date on which the employer desires to employ an H-2A worker in a temporary or seasonal agricultural job opportunity, the employer shall submit a copy of the job offer described in subsection (a)(2) to the local office of the employment security agency State which serves the area of intended employment and authorize the posting of the job opportunity on 'America's Job Bank' or other electronic job registry, except that nothing in this subclause shall require the employer to file an interstate job order under section 653

1	of title 20, Code of Federal Regula-
2	tions.
3	"(III) Advertising of Job op-
4	PORTUNITIES.—Not later than 14
5	days prior to the date on which the
6	employer desires to employ an H-2A
7	worker in a temporary or seasonal ag-
8	ricultural job opportunity, the em-
9	ployer shall advertise the availability
10	of the job opportunities for which the
11	employer is seeking workers in a pub-
12	lication in the local labor market that
13	is likely to be patronized by potential
14	farm workers.
15	"(IV) EMERGENCY PROCE-
16	DURES.—The Secretary of Labor
17	shall, by regulation, provide a proce-
18	dure for acceptance and approval of
19	applications in which the employer
20	has not complied with the provisions
21	of this subparagraph because the em-
22	ployer's need for H–2A workers could
23	not reasonably have been foreseen.
24	"(ii) Job offers.—The employer has
25	offered or will offer the job to any eligible

1 United States worker who applies and is
equally or better qualified for the job for
which the nonimmigrant is, or non-
4 immigrants are, sought and who will be
5 available at the time and place of need.
6 "(iii) Period of Employment.—The
7 employer will provide employment to any
8 qualified United States worker who applies
9 to the employer during the period begin-
ning on the date on which the foreign
worker departs for the employer's place of
employment and ending on the date or
which 50 percent of the period of employ-
ment for which the foreign worker who is
in the job was hired has elapsed, subject to
the following requirements:
"(I) Prohibition.—No person
or entity shall willfully and knowingly
withhold United States workers prior
to the arrival of H-2A workers in
order to force the hiring of United
States workers under this clause.
"(II) COMPLAINTS.—Upon re-
ceipt of a complaint by an employer
that a violation of subclause (I) has

1 occurred, the Secretary of Labor shall 2 immediately investigate. The Sec-3 retary of Labor shall, within 36 hours of the receipt of the complaint, issue findings concerning the alleged viola-6 tion. If the Secretary of Labor finds 7 that a violation has occurred, the Sec-8 retary of Labor shall immediately sus-9 pend the application of this clause 10 with respect to that certification for 11 that date of need. 12 "(III) PLACEMENT OF UNITED STATES WORKERS.—Prior to referring 13 14 a United States worker to an em-15 ployer during the period described in the matter preceding subclause (I), 16 17 the Secretary of Labor shall make all 18 reasonable efforts to place the United 19 States worker in an open job accept-20 able to the worker, if there are other 21 job offers pending with the job service 22 that offer similar job opportunities in 23 the area of intended employment. 24 "(iv) Statutory construction.— 25 Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to prohibit an employer from using such legitimate selection criteria relevant to the type of job that are normal or customary to the type of job involved so long as such criteria are not applied in a discriminatory manner.

- 7 "(c) Applications by Associations on Behalf 8 of Employer Members.—
 - "(1) IN GENERAL.—An agricultural association may file an application under subsection (a) on behalf of 1 or more of its employer members that the association certifies in its application has or have agreed in writing to comply with the requirements of this section and sections 218A through 218C.
 - "(2) Treatment of association filing an application under paragraph (1) is a joint or sole employer of the temporary or seasonal agricultural workers requested on the application, the certifications granted under subsection (e)(2)(B) to the association may be used for the certified job opportunities of any of its producer members named on the application, and such workers may be transferred among such producer members to perform the agricultural services

of a temporary or seasonal nature for which the certifications were granted.

"(d) WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATIONS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An employer may withdraw an application filed pursuant to subsection (a), except that if the employer is an agricultural association, the association may withdraw an application filed pursuant to subsection (a) with respect to 1 or more of its members. To withdraw an application, the employer or association shall notify the Secretary of Labor in writing, and the Secretary of Labor shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of such withdrawal notice. An employer who withdraws an application under subsection (a), or on whose behalf an application is withdrawn, is relieved of the obligations undertaken in the application.
- "(2) LIMITATION.—An application may not be withdrawn while any alien provided status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) pursuant to such application is employed by the employer.
- "(3) Obligations under other statutes.—
 Any obligation incurred by an employer under any other law or regulation as a result of the recruitment of United States workers or H–2A workers under an offer of terms and conditions of employ-

ment required as a result of making an application under subsection (a) is unaffected by withdrawal of such application.

"(e) REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.—

- "(1) Responsibility of employers.—The employer shall make available for public examination, within 1 working day after the date on which an application under subsection (a) is filed, at the employer's principal place of business or work site, a copy of each such application (and such accompanying documents as are necessary).
- "(2) Responsibility of the secretary of Labor.—
 - "(A) Compileation of List.—The Secretary of Labor shall compile, on a current basis, a list (by employer and by occupational classification) of the applications filed under this subsection. Such list shall include the wage rate, number of workers sought, period of intended employment, and date of need. The Secretary of Labor shall make such list available for examination in the District of Columbia.
 - "(B) REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—The Secretary of Labor shall review such an application only for completeness and obvious inac-

curacies. Unless the Secretary of Labor finds
that the application is incomplete or obviously
inaccurate, the Secretary of Labor shall certify
that the intending employer has filed with the
Secretary of Labor an application as described
in subsection (a). Such certification shall be
provided within 7 days of the filing of the application.

"H-2A EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS

- "Sec. 218A. (a) Preferential Treatment of Aliens Prohibited.—Employers seeking to hire United States workers shall offer the United States workers no less than the same benefits, wages, and working conditions that the employer is offering, intends to offer, or will provide to H–2A workers. Conversely, no job offer may impose on United States workers any restrictions or obligations which will not be imposed on the employer's H–2A workers.
- "(b) MINIMUM BENEFITS, WAGES, AND WORKING
 CONDITIONS.—Except in cases where higher benefits,
 wages, or working conditions are required by the provisions of subsection (a), in order to protect similarly employed United States workers from adverse effects with
 respect to benefits, wages, and working conditions, every

25 job offer which must accompany an application under sec-

- 1 tion 218 shall include each of the following benefit, wage,
- 2 and working condition provisions:

- 3 "(1) REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE HOUSING OR A
 4 HOUSING ALLOWANCE.—
 - "(A) IN GENERAL.—An employer applying under section 218(a) for H–2A workers shall offer to provide housing at no cost to all workers in job opportunities for which the employer has applied under that section and to all other workers in the same occupation at the place of employment, whose place of residence is beyond normal commuting distance.
 - "(B) Type of housing.—In complying with subparagraph (A), an employer may, at the employer's election, provide housing that meets applicable Federal standards for temporary labor camps or secure housing that meets applicable local standards for rental or public accommodation housing or other substantially similar class of habitation, or in the absence of applicable local standards, State standards for rental or public accommodation housing or other substantially similar class of habitation. In the absence of applicable local or

1	State standards, Federal temporary labor camp
2	standards shall apply.
3	"(C) Family Housing.—When it is the
4	prevailing practice in the occupation and area
5	of intended employment to provide family hous-
6	ing, family housing shall be provided to workers
7	with families who request it.
8	"(D) Workers engaged in the range
9	PRODUCTION OF LIVESTOCK.—The Secretary of
10	Labor shall issue regulations that address the
11	specific requirements for the provision of hous-
12	ing to workers engaged in the range production
13	of livestock.
14	"(E) Limitation.—Nothing in this para-
15	graph shall be construed to require an employer
16	to provide or secure housing for persons who
17	were not entitled to such housing under the
18	temporary labor certification regulations in ef-
19	fect on June 1, 1986.
20	"(F) Charges for housing.—
21	"(i) Charges for public hous-
22	ING.—If public housing provided for mi-
23	grant agricultural workers under the aus-
24	pices of a local, county, or State govern-

ment is secured by an employer, and use of

1	the public housing unit normally requires
2	charges from migrant workers, such
3	charges shall be paid by the employer di-
4	rectly to the appropriate individual or enti-
5	ty affiliated with the housing's manage-
6	ment.
7	"(ii) Deposit Charges in
8	the form of deposits for bedding or other
9	similar incidentals related to housing shall
10	not be levied upon workers by employers
11	who provide housing for their workers.
12	However, an employer may require a work-
13	er found to have been responsible for dam-
14	age to such housing which is not the result
15	of normal wear and tear related to habi-
16	tation to reimburse the employer for the
17	reasonable cost of repair of such damage.
18	"(G) Housing allowance as alter-
19	NATIVE.—
20	"(i) In general.—In lieu of offering
21	housing pursuant to subparagraph (A), the
22	employer may provide a reasonable housing
23	allowance, but only if the requirement of
24	clause (ii) is satisfied. Upon the request of

a worker seeking assistance in locating

housing, the employer shall make a good faith effort to assist the worker in identifying and locating housing in the area of intended employment. An employer who offers a housing allowance to a worker, or assists a worker in locating housing which the worker occupies, pursuant to this clause shall not be deemed a housing provider under section 203 of the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1823) solely by virtue of providing such housing allowance. However, no housing allowance may be used for housing which is owned or controlled by the employer.

"(ii) CERTIFICATION.—The requirement of this clause is satisfied if the Governor of the State certifies to the Secretary of Labor that there is adequate housing available in the area of intended employment for migrant farm workers, and H–2A workers, who are seeking temporary housing while employed at farm work. Such certification shall expire after 3 years unless renewed by the Governor of the State.

1	"(iii) Amount of allowance.—
2	"(I) Nonmetropolitan coun-
3	TIES.—If the place of employment of
4	the workers provided an allowance
5	under this subparagraph is a non-
6	metropolitan county, the amount of
7	the housing allowance under this sub-
8	paragraph shall be equal to the state-
9	wide average fair market rental for
10	existing housing for nonmetropolitan
11	counties for the State, as established
12	by the Secretary of Housing and
13	Urban Development pursuant to sec-
14	tion 8(c) of the United States Hous-
15	ing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(c))
16	based on a 2-bedroom dwelling unit
17	and an assumption of 2 persons per
18	bedroom.
19	"(II) METROPOLITAN COUN-
20	TIES.—If the place of employment of
21	the workers provided an allowance
22	under this paragraph is in a metro-
23	politan county, the amount of the
24	housing allowance under this subpara-

graph shall be equal to the statewide

average fair market rental for existing housing for metropolitan counties for the State, as established by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(c)), based on a 2-bedroom dwelling unit and an assumption of 2 persons per bedroom.

"(2) Reimbursement of transportation.—

"(A) To Place of Employment.—A worker who completes 50 percent of the period of employment of the job opportunity for which the worker was hired shall be reimbursed by the employer for the cost of the worker's transportation and subsistence from the place from which the worker came to work for the employer (or place of last employment, if the worker traveled from such place) to the place of employment.

"(B) From place of employment.—A worker who completes the period of employment for the job opportunity involved shall be reimbursed by the employer for the cost of the worker's transportation and subsistence from

the place of employment to the place from 1 2 which the worker, disregarding intervening em-3 ployment, came to work for the employer, or to 4 the place of next employment, if the worker has contracted with a subsequent employer who has 6 not agreed to provide or pay for the worker's 7 transportation and subsistence to such subse-8 quent employer's place of employment. 9 "(C) Limitation.— 10 "(i) Amount of Reimbursement.— 11 Except as provided in clause (ii), the 12 amount of reimbursement provided under 13 subparagraph (A) or (B) to a worker or 14 alien shall not exceed the lesser of— "(I) the actual cost to the worker 15 16 or alien of the transportation and sub-17 sistence involved; or 18 "(II) the most economical and 19 reasonable common carrier transpor-20 tation charges and subsistence costs 21 for the distance involved. 22 "(ii) DISTANCE TRAVELED.—No reim-23 bursement under subparagraph (A) or (B) 24 shall be required if the distance traveled is 25 100 miles or less, or the worker is not residing in employer-provided housing or housing secured through an allowance as provided in paragraph (1)(G).

"(D) Early Termination.—If the worker is laid off or employment is terminated for contract impossibility (as described in paragraph (4)(D)) before the anticipated ending date of employment, the employer shall provide the transportation and subsistence required by subparagraph (B) and, notwithstanding whether the worker has completed 50 percent of the period of employment, shall provide the transportation reimbursement required by subparagraph (A).

"(E) Transportation between Living Quarters and work site.—The employer shall provide transportation between the worker's living quarters (i.e., housing provided by the employer pursuant to paragraph (1), including housing provided through a housing allowance) and the employer's work site without cost to the worker, and such transportation will be in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

"(3) REQUIRED WAGES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—An employer applying for workers under section 218(a) shall offer to pay, and shall pay, all workers in the occupation for which the employer has applied for workers, not less (and is not required to pay more) than the greater of the prevailing wage in the occupation in the area of intended employment or the adverse effect wage rate. No worker shall be paid less than the greater of the hourly wage prescribed under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1)) or the applicable State minimum wage.

"(B) LIMITATION.—Effective on the date of enactment of the Agricultural Job Opportunity, Benefits, and Security Act of 2003 and continuing for 3 years thereafter, no adverse effect wage rate for a State may be more than the adverse effect wage rate for that State in effect on January 1, 2003, as established by section 655.107 of title 20, Code of Federal Regulations.

"(C) REQUIRED WAGES AFTER 3-YEAR FREEZE.—

"(i) 1 First ADJUSTMENT.—Unless 2 Congress acts to set a new wage standard 3 applicable to this section, effective on December 1, 2006, the adverse effect wage rate then in effect shall be adjusted by the 6 12 month percentage change in the Con-7 sumer Price Index for All Urban Con-8 sumers between December of the preceding 9 year and December of the second pre-10 ceding year, except that such adjustment shall not exceed 4 percent.

"(ii) Subsequent annual adjust-MENTS.—Effective on March 1, 2007, and each March 1 thereafter, the adverse effect wage rate then in effect shall be adjusted in accordance with the requirements of clause (i).

"(D) DEDUCTIONS.—The employer shall make only those deductions from the worker's wages that are authorized by law or are reasonable and customary in the occupation and area of employment. The job offer shall specify all deductions not required by law which the employer will make from the worker's wages.

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1	"(E) Frequency of Pay.—The employer
2	shall pay the worker not less frequently than
3	twice monthly, or in accordance with the pre-
4	vailing practice in the area of employment,
5	whichever is more frequent.
6	"(F) Hours and Earnings state-
7	MENTS.—The employer shall furnish to the
8	worker, on or before each payday, in one or
9	more written statements the following informa-
10	tion:
11	"(i) The worker's total earnings for
12	the pay period.
13	"(ii) The worker's hourly rate of pay,
14	piece rate of pay, or both.
15	"(iii) The hours of employment which
16	have been offered to the worker (broken
17	out by hours offered in accordance with
18	and over and above the three-quarters
19	guarantee described in paragraph (4)).
20	"(iv) The hours actually worked by
21	the worker.
22	"(v) An itemization of the deductions
23	made from the worker's wages.
24	"(vi) If piece rates of pay are used,
25	the units produced daily.

1 "(G) Report on wage protections.— 2 Not later than June 1, 2007, the Resources, 3 Community and Economic Development Divi-4 sion, and the Health, Education and Human Services Division, of the General Accounting 6 Office shall jointly prepare and transmit to the 7 Secretary of Labor and to the Committees on 8 the Judiciary of the House of Representatives 9 and the Senate a report which shall address— "(i) whether the employment of H-2A 10 11 or unauthorized aliens in the United States 12 agricultural work force has depressed 13 United States farm worker wages below 14 the levels that would otherwise have pre-15 vailed if alien farm workers had not been 16 employed in the United States; 17 "(ii) whether an adverse effect wage 18 rate is necessary to prevent wages of 19 United States farm workers in occupations 20 in which H-2A workers are employed from 21 falling below the wage levels that would have prevailed in the absence of the em-22 23 ployment of H-2A workers in those occu-24 pations;

1	"(iii) whether alternative wage stand-
2	ards, such as a prevailing wage standard,
3	would be sufficient to prevent wages in oc-
4	cupations in which H-2A workers are em-
5	ployed from falling below the wage level
6	that would have prevailed in the absence of
7	H–2A employment;
8	"(iv) whether any changes are war-
9	ranted in the current methodologies for
10	calculating the adverse effect wage rate
11	and the prevailing wage; and
12	"(v) recommendations for future wage
13	protection under this section.
14	"(H) Commission on wage stand-
15	ARDS.—
16	"(i) Establishment.—There is es-
17	tablished the Commission on Agricultural
18	Wage Standards under the H–2A program
19	(in this subparagraph referred to as the
20	'Commission').
21	"(ii) Composition.—The Commission
22	shall consist of 10 members as follows:
23	"(I) 4 representatives of agricul-
24	tural employers and 1 representative
25	of the Department of Agriculture,

1	each appointed by the Secretary of
2	Agriculture.
3	"(II) 4 representatives of agricul-
4	tural workers and 1 representative of
5	the Department of Labor, each ap-
6	pointed by the Secretary of Labor.
7	"(iii) Functions.—The Commission
8	shall conduct a study that shall address—
9	"(I) whether the employment of
10	H-2A or unauthorized aliens in the
11	United States agricultural workforce
12	has depressed United States farm
13	worker wages below the levels that
14	would otherwise have prevailed if alien
15	farm workers had not been employed
16	in the United States;
17	"(II) whether an adverse effect
18	wage rate is necessary to prevent
19	wages of United States farm workers
20	in occupations in which H-2A work-
21	ers are employed from falling below
22	the wage levels that would have pre-
23	vailed in the absence of the employ-
24	ment of H-2A workers in those occu-
25	pations;

1	"(III) whether alternative wage
2	standards, such as a prevailing wage
3	standard, would be sufficient to pre-
4	vent wages in occupations in which
5	H-2A workers are employed from fall-
6	ing below the wage level that would
7	have prevailed in the absence of H-2A
8	employment;
9	"(IV) whether any changes are
10	warranted in the current methodolo-
11	gies for calculating the adverse effect
12	wage rate and the prevailing wage
13	rate; and
14	"(V) recommendations for future
15	wage protection under this section.
16	"(iv) Final report.—Not later than
17	June 1, 2007, the Commission shall sub-
18	mit a report to the Congress setting forth
19	the findings of the study conducted under
20	clause (iii).
21	"(v) TERMINATION DATE.—The Com-
22	mission shall terminate upon submitting
23	its final report.
24	"(4) Guarantee of employment.—

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"(A) OFFER TO WORKER.—The employer shall guarantee to offer the worker employment for the hourly equivalent of at least threefourths of the work days of the total period of employment, beginning with the first work day after the arrival of the worker at the place of employment and ending on the expiration date specified in the job offer. For purposes of this subparagraph, the hourly equivalent means the number of hours in the work days as stated in the job offer and shall exclude the worker's Sabbath and Federal holidays. If the employer affords the United States or H-2A worker less employment than that required under this paragraph, the employer shall pay such worker the amount which the worker would have earned had the worker, in fact, worked for the guaranteed number of hours.

"(B) Failure to work.—Any hours which the worker fails to work, up to a maximum of the number of hours specified in the job offer for a work day, when the worker has been offered an opportunity to do so, and all hours of work actually performed (including voluntary work in excess of the number of hours

specified in the job offer in a work day, on the worker's Sabbath, or on Federal holidays) may be counted by the employer in calculating whether the period of guaranteed employment has been met.

"(C) ABANDONMENT OF EMPLOYMENT,
TERMINATION FOR CAUSE.—If the worker voluntarily abandons employment before the end
of the contract period, or is terminated for
cause, the worker is not entitled to the 'threefourths guarantee' described in subparagraph
(A).

"(D) Contract impossibility.—If, before the expiration of the period of employment
specified in the job offer, the services of the
worker are no longer required for reasons beyond the control of the employer due to any
form of natural disaster, including but not limited to a flood, hurricane, freeze, earthquake,
fire, drought, plant or animal disease or pest infestation, or regulatory drought, before the
guarantee in subparagraph (A) is fulfilled, the
employer may terminate the worker's employment. In the event of such termination, the employer shall fulfill the employment guarantee in

1 subparagraph (A) for the work days that have 2 elapsed from the first work day after the arrival of the worker to the termination of employ-3 4 ment. In such cases, the employer will make ef-5 forts to transfer the United States worker to 6 other comparable employment acceptable to the 7 worker. If such transfer is not effected, the em-8 ployer shall provide the return transportation 9 required in paragraph (2)(D). 10 "(5) Motor vehicle safety.—

"(A) Mode of transportation subject TO COVERAGE.—

"(i) In general.—Except as provided in clauses (iii) and (iv), this subsection applies to any H–2A employer that uses or causes to be used any vehicle to transport an H-2A worker within the United States.

"(ii) Uses or causes to be used.— (I) In this subsection, the term 'uses or causes to be used' applies only to transportation provided by an H-2A employer to an H-2A worker, or by a farm labor contractor to an H-2A worker at the request or direction of an H-2A employer.

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1	"(II) The term 'uses or causes to be
2	used' does not apply to—
3	"(aa) transportation provided, or
4	transportation arrangements made, by
5	an H–2A worker himself or herself,
6	unless the employer specifically re-
7	quested or arranged such transpor-
8	tation; or
9	"(bb) carpooling arrangements
10	made by H–2A workers themselves,
11	using one of the workers' own vehi-
12	cles, unless specifically requested by
13	the employer directly or through a
14	farm labor contractor.
15	"(III) The mere providing of a job
16	offer by an employer to an H–2A worker
17	that causes the worker to travel to or from
18	the place of employment, or the payment
19	or reimbursement of the transportation
20	costs of an H–2A worker by an H–2A em-
21	ployer, shall not constitute an arrangement
22	of, or participation in, such transportation.
23	"(iii) AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY
24	AND EQUIPMENT EXCLUDED.—This sub-
25	section does not apply to the transpor-

1	tation of an H–2A worker on a tractor
2	combine, harvester, picker, or other similar
3	machinery or equipment while such worker
4	is actually engaged in the planting, culti-
5	vating, or harvesting of agricultural com-
6	modities or the care of livestock or poultry
7	or engaged in transportation incidental
8	thereto.
9	"(iv) Common carriers ex-
10	CLUDED.—This subsection does not apply
11	to common carrier motor vehicle transpor-
12	tation in which the provider holds itself out
13	to the general public as engaging in the
14	transportation of passengers for hire and
15	holds a valid certification of authorization
16	for such purposes from an appropriate
17	Federal, State, or local agency.
18	"(B) Applicability of standards, li-
19	CENSING, AND INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.—
20	"(i) In general.—When using, or
21	causing to be used, any vehicle for the pur-
22	pose of providing transportation to which
23	this subparagraph applies, each employer
24	shall—

1	"(I) ensure that each such vehi-
2	cle conforms to the standards pre-
3	scribed by the Secretary of Labor
4	under section 401(b) of the Migrant
5	and Seasonal Agricultural Worker
6	Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1841(b))
7	and other applicable Federal and
8	State safety standards;
9	"(II) ensure that each driver has
10	a valid and appropriate license, as
11	provided by State law, to operate the
12	vehicle; and
13	"(III) have an insurance policy
14	or a liability bond that is in effect
15	which insures the employer against li-
16	ability for damage to persons or prop-
17	erty arising from the ownership, oper-
18	ation, or causing to be operated, of
19	any vehicle used to transport any H-
20	2A worker.
21	"(ii) Amount of insurance re-
22	QUIRED.—The level of insurance required
23	shall be determined by the Secretary of
24	Labor pursuant to regulations to be issued
25	under this subsection.

"(iii) Effect of workers' com-1 2 PENSATION COVERAGE.—If the employer of any H-2A worker provides workers' 3 compensation coverage for such worker in the case of bodily injury or death as pro-6 vided by State law, the following adjustments in the requirements of subparagraph 7 8 (B)(i)(III) relating to having an insurance 9 policy or liability bond apply: 10 "(I) No insurance policy or liabil-11 ity bond shall be required of the em-12 ployer, if such workers are trans-13 ported only under circumstances for 14 which there is coverage under such 15 State law. "(II) An insurance policy or li-16 17 ability bond shall be required of the 18 employer for circumstances under 19 which coverage for the transportation 20 of such workers is not provided under 21 such State law. 22 "(c) Compliance With Labor Laws.—An employer shall assure that, except as otherwise provided in this section, the employer will comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local labor laws, including laws affect-

- 1 ing migrant and seasonal agricultural workers, with re-
- 2 spect to all United States workers and alien workers em-
- 3 ployed by the employer, except that a violation of this as-
- 4 surance shall not constitute a violation of the Migrant and
- 5 Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C.
- 6 1801 et seq.).
- 7 "(d) Copy of Job Offer.—The employer shall pro-
- 8 vide to the worker, not later than the day the work com-
- 9 mences, a copy of the employer's application and job offer
- 10 described in section 218(a), or, if the employer will require
- 11 the worker to enter into a separate employment contract
- 12 covering the employment in question, such separate em-
- 13 ployment contract.
- 14 "(e) Range Production of Livestock.—Nothing
- 15 in this section or sections 218 or 218B shall preclude the
- 16 Secretary of Labor and the Secretary from continuing to
- 17 apply special procedures and requirements to the admis-
- 18 sion and employment of aliens in occupations involving the
- 19 range production of livestock.
- 20 "PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION AND EXTENSION OF STAY
- 21 OF H-2A WORKERS
- "Sec. 218B. (a) Petitioning for Admission.—An
- 23 employer, or an association acting as an agent or joint
- 24 employer for its members, that seeks the admission into
- 25 the United States of an H-2A worker may file a petition
- 26 with the Secretary. The petition shall be accompanied by

- 1 an accepted and currently valid certification provided by
- 2 the Secretary of Labor under section 218(e)(2)(B) cov-
- 3 ering the petitioner.
- 4 "(b) Expedited Adjudication by the Sec-
- 5 RETARY.—The Secretary shall establish a procedure for
- 6 expedited adjudication of petitions filed under subsection
- 7 (a) and within 7 working days shall, by fax, cable, or other
- 8 means assuring expedited delivery, transmit a copy of no-
- 9 tice of action on the petition to the petitioner and, in the
- 10 case of approved petitions, to the appropriate immigration
- 11 officer at the port of entry or United States consulate (as
- 12 the case may be) where the petitioner has indicated that
- 13 the alien beneficiary (or beneficiaries) will apply for a visa
- 14 or admission to the United States.
- 15 "(c) Criteria for Admissibility.—
- 16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—An H–2A worker shall be
- 17 considered admissible to the United States if the
- alien is otherwise admissible under this section, sec-
- tion 218, and section 218A, and the alien is not in-
- eligible under paragraph (2).
- 21 "(2) DISQUALIFICATION.—An alien shall be
- considered inadmissible to the United States and in-
- eligible for nonimmigrant status under section
- 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) if the alien has, at any time
- 25 during the past 5 years—

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1	"(A) violated a material provision of this
2	section, including the requirement to promptly
3	depart the United States when the alien's au-
4	thorized period of admission under this section
5	has expired; or
6	"(B) otherwise violated a term or condition
7	of admission into the United States as a non-
8	immigrant, including overstaying the period of
9	authorized admission as such a nonimmigrant.
10	"(3) Waiver of ineligibility for unlaw-
11	FUL PRESENCE.—
12	"(A) In general.—An alien who has not
13	previously been admitted into the United States
14	pursuant to this section, and who is otherwise
15	eligible for admission in accordance with para-
16	graphs (1) and (2), shall not be deemed inad-
17	missible by virtue of section 212(a)(9)(B). If an
18	alien described in the preceding sentence is
19	present in the United States, the alien may
20	apply from abroad for H-2A status, but may
21	not be granted that status in the United States.
22	"(B) Maintenance of Waiver.—An
23	alien provided an initial waiver of ineligibility
24	pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall remain eli-

gible for such waiver unless the alien violates

the terms of this section or again becomes ineligible under section 212(a)(9)(B) by virtue of unlawful presence in the United States after the date of the initial waiver of ineligibility pursuant to subparagraph (A).

"(d) Period of Admission.—

"(1) In General.—The alien shall be admitted for the period of employment in the application certified by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to section 218(e)(2)(B), not to exceed 10 months, supplemented by a period of up to 1 week before the beginning of the period of employment (to be granted for the purpose of travel to the work site) and a period of 14 days following the period of employment (to be granted for the purpose of departure or extension based on a subsequent offer of employment), except that—

"(A) the alien is not authorized to be employed during such 14-day period except in the employment for which the alien was previously authorized; and

"(B) the total period of employment, including such 14-day period, may not exceed 10 months.

1 "(2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sub-2 section shall limit the authority of the Secretary to 3 extend the stay of the alien under any other provi-4 sion of this Act.

"(e) Abandonment of Employment.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An alien admitted or provided status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) who abandons the employment which was the basis for such admission or status shall be considered to have failed to maintain nonimmigrant status as an H–2A worker and shall depart the United States or be subject to removal under section 237(a)(1)(C)(i).
- "(2) Report by employer.—The employer (or association acting as agent for the employer) shall notify the Secretary within 7 days of an H–2A worker's having prematurely abandoned employment.
- "(3) Removal by the secretary.—The Secretary shall promptly remove from the United States any H–2A worker who violates any term or condition of the worker's nonimmigrant status.
- "(4) VOLUNTARY TERMINATION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an alien may voluntarily terminate his or her employment if the alien prompt-

1	ly departs the United States upon termination of
2	such employment.
3	"(f) Replacement of Alien.—
4	"(1) In general.—Upon presentation of the
5	notice to the Secretary required by subsection (e)(2),
6	the Secretary of State shall promptly issue a visa to
7	and the Secretary shall admit into the United
8	States, an eligible alien designated by the employer
9	to replace an H–2A worker—
10	"(A) who abandons or prematurely termi-
11	nates employment; or
12	"(B) whose employment is terminated
13	after a United States worker is employed pur-
14	suant to section 218(b)(2)(H)(iii), if the United
15	States worker voluntarily departs before the
16	end of the period of intended employment or if
17	the employment termination is for a lawful job-
18	related reason.
19	"(2) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
20	section is intended to limit any preference required
21	to be accorded United States workers under any
22	other provision of this Act.
23	"(g) Identification Document.—
24	"(1) In general.—Each alien authorized to be
25	admitted under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) shall be

1	provided an identification and employment eligibility
2	document to verify eligibility for employment in the
3	United States and verify such person's proper iden-
4	tity.
5	"(2) Requirements.—No identification and
6	employment eligibility document may be issued
7	which does not meet the following requirements:
8	"(A) The document shall be capable of re-
9	liably determining whether—
10	"(i) the individual with the identifica-
11	tion and employment eligibility document
12	whose eligibility is being verified is in fact
13	eligible for employment;
14	"(ii) the individual whose eligibility is
15	being verified is claiming the identity of
16	another person; and
17	"(iii) the individual whose eligibility is
18	being verified is authorized to be admitted
19	into, and employed in, the United States
20	as an H–2A worker.
21	"(B) The document shall be in a form that
22	is resistant to counterfeiting and to tampering.
23	"(C) The document shall—
24	"(i) be compatible with other data-
25	bases of the Secretary for the purpose of

1	excluding aliens from benefits for which
2	they are not eligible and determining
3	whether the alien is unlawfully present in
4	the United States; and
5	"(ii) be compatible with law enforce-
6	ment databases to determine if the alien
7	has been convicted of criminal offenses.
8	"(h) Extension of Stay of H–2A Aliens in the
9	UNITED STATES.—
10	"(1) Extension of stay.—If an employer
11	seeks approval to employ an H–2A alien who is law-
12	fully present in the United States, the petition filed
13	by the employer or an association pursuant to sub-
14	section (a), shall request an extension of the alien's
15	stay and a change in the alien's employment.
16	"(2) Limitation on filing a petition for
17	EXTENSION OF STAY.—A petition may not be filed
18	for an extension of an alien's stay—
19	"(A) for a period of more than 10 months;
20	or
21	"(B) to a date that is more than 3 years
22	after the date of the alien's last admission to
23	the United States under this section.
24	"(3) Work authorization upon filing a
25	PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF STAY.—In the case of

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an alien who is lawfully present in the United States, the alien is authorized to commence the employment described in a petition under paragraph (1) on the date on which the petition is filed. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term 'file' means sending the petition by certified mail via the United States Postal Service, return receipt requested, or delivered by guaranteed commercial delivery which will provide the employer with a documented acknowledgment of the date of receipt of the petition. The employer shall provide a copy of the employer's petition to the alien, who shall keep the petition with the alien's identification and employment eligibility document as evidence that the petition has been filed and that the alien is authorized to work in the United States. Upon approval of a petition for an extension of stay or change in the alien's authorized employment, the Secretary shall provide a new or updated employment eligibility document to the alien indicating the new validity date, after which the alien is not required to retain a copy of the petition.

"(4) Limitation on employment authorization of aliens without valid identification and employment eligibility document.—An ex-

1	pired identification and employment eligibility docu-
2	ment, together with a copy of a petition for exten-
3	sion of stay or change in the alien's authorized em-
4	ployment that complies with the requirements of
5	paragraph (1), shall constitute a valid work author-
6	ization document for a period of not more than 60
7	days beginning on the date on which such petition
8	is filed, after which time only a currently valid iden-
9	tification and employment eligibility document shall
10	be acceptable.
11	"(5) Limitation on an individual's stay in
12	STATUS.—
13	"(A) Maximum period.—The maximum
14	continuous period of authorized status as an
15	H-2A worker (including any extensions) is 3
16	years.
17	"(B) Requirement to remain outside
18	THE UNITED STATES.—
19	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
20	(ii), in the case of an alien outside the
21	United States whose period of authorized
22	status as an H-2A worker (including any
23	extensions) has expired, the alien may not
24	again apply for admission to the United
25	States as an H_2A worker unless the alien

1 has remained outside the United States for 2 a continuous period equal to at least ½ 3 the duration of the alien's previous period of authorized status as an H–2A worker (including any extensions). 6 "(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall 7 not apply in the case of an alien if the 8 alien's period of authorized status as an 9 H-2A worker (including any extensions) 10 was for a period of not more than 10 11 months and such alien has been outside 12 the United States for at least 2 months 13 during the 12 months preceding the date 14 the alien again is applying for admission to 15 the United States as an H-2A worker. 16 "(i) Special Rules for Aliens Employed as Sheepherders.—Notwithstanding any other provision of the Agricultural Job Opportunity, Benefits, and Secu-18 19 rity Act of 2003, aliens admitted under 20 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) for employment as sheepherders— "(1) may be admitted for a period of 12 21 22 months; 23 "(2) may be extended for a continuous period 24 of up to 3 years; and

1	"(3) shall not be subject to the requirements of
2	subsection (h)(5) relating to periods of absence from
3	the United States.
4	"WORKER PROTECTIONS AND LABOR STANDARDS
5	ENFORCEMENT
6	"Sec. 218C. (a) Enforcement Authority.—
7	"(1) Investigation of complaints.—
8	"(A) AGGRIEVED PERSON OR THIRD-PARTY
9	COMPLAINTS.—The Secretary of Labor shall es-
10	tablish a process for the receipt, investigation,
11	and disposition of complaints respecting a peti-
12	tioner's failure to meet a condition specified in
13	section 218(b), or an employer's misrepresenta-
14	tion of material facts in an application under
15	section 218(a). Complaints may be filed by any
16	aggrieved person or organization (including bar-
17	gaining representatives). No investigation or
18	hearing shall be conducted on a complaint con-
19	cerning such a failure or misrepresentation un-
20	less the complaint was filed not later than 12
21	months after the date of the failure, or mis-
22	representation, respectively. The Secretary of
23	Labor shall conduct an investigation under this
24	subparagraph if there is reasonable cause to be-
25	lieve that such a failure or misrepresentation

has occurred.

1 "(B) Determination on complaint.— 2 Under such process, the Secretary of Labor 3 shall provide, within 30 days after the date 4 such a complaint is filed, for a determination as 5 to whether or not a reasonable basis exists to 6 make a finding described in subparagraph (C), 7 (D), (E), or (H). If the Secretary of Labor de-8 termines that such a reasonable basis exists, 9 the Secretary of Labor shall provide for notice 10 of such determination to the interested parties 11 and an opportunity for a hearing on the com-12 plaint, in accordance with section 556 of title 5, 13 United States Code, within 60 days after the 14 date of the determination. If such a hearing is 15 requested, the Secretary of Labor shall make a 16 finding concerning the matter not later than 60 17 days after the date of the hearing. In the case 18 of similar complaints respecting the same appli-19 cant, the Secretary of Labor may consolidate 20 the hearings under this subparagraph on such 21 complaints. 22 "(C) Failures to meet conditions.—If 23 the Secretary of Labor finds, after notice and

opportunity for a hearing, a failure to meet a

condition of paragraph (1)(A), (1)(B), (1)(D),

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1	(1)(F), $(2)(A)$, $(2)(B)$, or $(2)(G)$ of section
2	218(b), a substantial failure to meet a condition
3	of paragraph $(1)(C)$, $(1)(E)$, $(2)(C)$, $(2)(D)$,
4	(2)(E), or (2)(H) of section 218(b), or a mate-
5	rial misrepresentation of fact in an application
6	under section 218(a)—
7	"(i) the Secretary of Labor shall no-
8	tify the Secretary of such finding and may,
9	in addition, impose such other administra-
10	tive remedies (including civil money pen-
11	alties in an amount not to exceed \$1,000
12	per violation) as the Secretary of Labor
13	determines to be appropriate; and
14	"(ii) the Secretary may disqualify the
15	employer from the employment of aliens
16	described in section $101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)$
17	for a period of 1 year.
18	"(D) WILLFUL FAILURES AND WILLFUL
19	MISREPRESENTATIONS.—If the Secretary of
20	Labor finds, after notice and opportunity for
21	hearing, a willful failure to meet a condition of
22	section 218(b), a willful misrepresentation of a
23	material fact in an application under section
24	218(a) or a violation of subsection $(d)(1)$

1	"(i) the Secretary of Labor shall no-
2	tify the Secretary of such finding and may,
3	in addition, impose such other administra-
4	tive remedies (including civil money pen-
5	alties in an amount not to exceed \$5,000
6	per violation) as the Secretary of Labor
7	determines to be appropriate;
8	"(ii) the Secretary of Labor may seek
9	appropriate legal or equitable relief to ef-
10	fectuate the purposes of subsection $(d)(1)$;
11	and
12	"(iii) the Secretary may disqualify the
13	employer from the employment of H–2A
14	workers for a period of 2 years.
15	"(E) DISPLACEMENT OF UNITED STATES
16	WORKERS.—If the Secretary of Labor finds,
17	after notice and opportunity for hearing, a will-
18	ful failure to meet a condition of section 218(b)
19	or a willful misrepresentation of a material fact
20	in an application under section 218(a), in the
21	course of which failure or misrepresentation the
22	employer displaced a United States worker em-
23	ployed by the employer during the period of em-

ployment on the employer's application under

1	section 218(a) or during the period of 30 days
2	preceding such period of employment—
3	"(i) the Secretary of Labor shall no-
4	tify the Secretary of such finding and may,
5	in addition, impose such other administra-
6	tive remedies (including civil money pen-
7	alties in an amount not to exceed \$15,000
8	per violation) as the Secretary of Labor
9	determines to be appropriate; and
10	"(ii) the Secretary may disqualify the
11	employer from the employment of H–2A
12	workers for a period of 3 years.
13	"(F) Limitations on civil money pen-
14	ALTIES.—The Secretary of Labor shall not im-
15	pose total civil money penalties with respect to
16	an application under section 218(a) in excess of
17	\$90,000.
18	"(G) Failures to pay wages or re-
19	QUIRED BENEFITS.—If the Secretary of Labor
20	finds, after notice and opportunity for a hear-
21	ing, that the employer has failed to pay the
22	wages, or provide the housing allowance, trans-
23	portation, subsistence reimbursement, or guar-
24	antee of employment, required under section
25	218A(b), the Secretary of Labor shall assess

1 payment of back wages, or other required bene-2 fits, due any United States worker or H-2A 3 worker employed by the employer in the specific 4 employment in question. The back wages or 5 other required benefits under section 218A(b) 6 shall be equal to the difference between the amount that should have been paid and the 7 8 amount that actually was paid to such worker. 9 "(2) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 10 this section shall be construed as limiting the au-11 thority of the Secretary of Labor to conduct any 12 compliance investigation under any other labor law, 13 including any law affecting migrant and seasonal ag-14 ricultural workers, or, in the absence of a complaint 15 under this section, under section 218 or 218A. 16 "(b) Rights Enforceable by Private Right of ACTION.—H-2A workers may enforce the following rights 18 through the private right of action provided in subsection 19 (c), and no other right of action shall exist under Federal or State law to enforce such rights: 20 "(1) The providing of housing or a housing al-21 22 lowance as required under section 218A(b)(1). 23 "(2) The reimbursement of transportation as

required under section 218A(b)(2).

- 1 "(3) The payment of wages required under section 218A(b)(3) when due.
- "(4) The benefits and material terms and conditions of employment expressly provided in the job offer described in section 218(a)(2), not including the assurance to comply with other Federal, State, and local labor laws described in section 218A(c), compliance with which shall be governed by the provisions of such laws.
 - "(5) The guarantee of employment required under section 218A(b)(4).
- 12 "(6) The motor vehicle safety requirements 13 under section 218A(b)(5).
 - "(7) The prohibition of discrimination under subsection (d)(2).
 - "(c) Private Right of Action.—
 - "(1) Mediation.—Upon the filing of a complaint by an H–2A worker aggrieved by a violation of rights enforceable under subsection (b), and within 60 days of the filing of proof of service of the complaint, a party to the action may file a request with the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to assist the parties in reaching a satisfactory resolution of all issues involving all parties to the dispute. Upon a filing of such request and giving of

- notice to the parties, the parties shall attempt mediation within the period specified in subparagraph (B).
 - "(A) MEDIATION SERVICES.—The Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service shall be available to assist in resolving disputes arising under subsection (b) between H–2A workers and agricultural employers without charge to the parties.
 - "(B) 90-DAY LIMIT.—The Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service may conduct mediation or other non-binding dispute resolution activities for a period not to exceed 90 days beginning on the date on which the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service receives the request for assistance unless the parties agree to an extension of this period of time.
 - "(C) AUTHORIZATION.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually not to exceed \$500,000 to the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to carry out this section, provided that, any contrary provision of law notwithstanding, the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is authorized to conduct the mediation or other dispute

resolution activities from any other appropriated funds available to the Director and to reimburse such appropriated funds when the funds are appropriated pursuant to this authorization, such reimbursement to be credited to appropriations currently available at the time of receipt thereof.

"(2) Maintenance of civil action in district court by aggrieved by a violation of rights enforceable under subsection (b) by an agricultural employer or other person may file suit in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the parties, without regard to the amount in controversy, without regard to the citizenship of the parties, and without regard to the exhaustion of any alternative administrative remedies under this Act, not later than 3 years after the date the violation occurs.

"(3) ELECTION.—An H–2A worker who has filed an administrative complaint with the Secretary of Labor may not maintain a civil action under paragraph (2) unless a complaint based on the same violation filed with the Secretary of Labor under subsection (a)(1) is withdrawn prior to the filing of

such action, in which case the rights and remedies available under this subsection shall be exclusive.

"(4) PREEMPTION OF STATE CONTRACT RIGHTS.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to diminish the rights and remedies of an H–2A worker under any other Federal or State law or regulation or under any collective bargaining agreement, except that no court or administrative action shall be available under any State contract law to enforce the rights created by this Act.

"(5) Waiver of rights prohibited.—Agreements by employees purporting to waive or modify their rights under this Act shall be void as contrary to public policy, except that a waiver or modification of the rights or obligations in favor of the Secretary of Labor shall be valid for purposes of the enforcement of this Act. The preceding sentence may not be construed to prohibit agreements to settle private disputes or litigation.

"(6) AWARD OF DAMAGES OR OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF.—

"(A) If the court finds that the respondent has intentionally violated any of the rights enforceable under subsection (b), it shall award actual damages, if any, or equitable relief.

1	"(B) Any civil action brought under this
2	section shall be subject to appeal as provided in
3	chapter 83 of title 28, United States Code.
4	"(7) Workers' compensation benefits; ex-
5	CLUSIVE REMEDY.—
6	"(A) Notwithstanding any other provision
7	of this section, where a State's workers' com-
8	pensation law is applicable and coverage is pro-
9	vided for an H-2A worker, the workers' com-
10	pensation benefits shall be the exclusive remedy
11	for the loss of such worker under this section
12	in the case of bodily injury or death in accord-
13	ance with such State's workers' compensation
14	law.
15	"(B) The exclusive remedy prescribed in
16	subparagraph (A) precludes the recovery under
17	paragraph (6) of actual damages for loss from
18	an injury or death but does not preclude other
19	equitable relief, except that such relief shall not
20	include back or front pay or in any manner, di-
21	rectly or indirectly, expand or otherwise alter or
22	affect—
23	"(i) a recovery under a State workers
24	compensation law; or

"(ii) rights conferred under a State
 workers' compensation law.

"(8) Tolling of statute of limitations.— If it is determined under a State workers' compensation law that the workers' compensation law is not applicable to a claim for bodily injury or death of an H-2A worker, the statute of limitations for bringing an action for actual damages for such injury or death under subsection (c) shall be tolled for the period during which the claim for such injury or death under such State workers' compensation law was pending. The statute of limitations for an action for actual damages or other equitable relief arising out of the same transaction or occurrence as the injury or death of the H-2A worker shall be tolled for the period during which the claim for such injury or death was pending under the State workers' compensation law.

"(9) PRECLUSIVE EFFECT.—Any settlement by an H–2A worker and H–2A employer reached through the mediation process required under subsection (c)(1) shall preclude any right of action arising out of the same facts between the parties in any Federal or State court or administrative proceeding,

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unless specifically provided otherwise in the settlement agreement.

"(10) Settlements.—Any settlement by the Secretary of Labor with an H-2A employer on behalf of an H-2A worker of a complaint filed with the Secretary of Labor under this section or any finding by the Secretary of Labor under subsection (a)(1)(B) shall preclude any right of action arising out of the same facts between the parties under any Federal or State court or administrative proceeding, unless specifically provided otherwise in the settlement agreement.

"(d) Discrimination Prohibited.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—It is a violation of this subsection for any person who has filed an application under section 218(a), to intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, discharge, or in any other manner discriminate against an employee (which term, for purposes of this subsection, includes a former employee and an applicant for employment) because the employee has disclosed information to the employer, or to any other person, that the employee reasonably believes evidences a violation of section 218 or 218A or any rule or regulation pertaining to section 218 or 218A, or because the em-

1 ployee cooperates or seeks to cooperate in an inves-2 tigation or other proceeding concerning the employer's compliance with the requirements of section 218 3

or 218A or any rule or regulation pertaining to ei-

5 ther of such sections.

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- "(2) Discrimination against H-2A work-ERS.—It is a violation of this subsection for any person who has filed an application under section 218(a), to intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, discharge, or in any manner discriminate against an H-2A employee because such worker has, with just cause, filed a complaint with the Secretary of Labor regarding a denial of the rights enumerated and enforceable under subsection (b) or instituted, or caused to be instituted, a private right of action under subsection (c) regarding the denial of the rights enumerated under subsection (b), or has testified or is about to testify in any court proceeding brought under subsection (c).
- "(e) Authorization To Seek Other Appro-21 PRIATE EMPLOYMENT.—The Secretary of Labor and the 22 Secretary shall establish a process under which an H-2A 23 worker who files a complaint regarding a violation of subsection (d) and is otherwise eligible to remain and work in the United States may be allowed to seek other appro-

1 priate employment in the United States for a period not

2 to exceed the maximum period of stay authorized for such

3 nonimmigrant classification.

"(f) Role of Associations.—

"(1) VIOLATION BY A MEMBER OF AN ASSOCIATION.—An employer on whose behalf an application is filed by an association acting as its agent is fully responsible for such application, and for complying with the terms and conditions of sections 218 and 218A, as though the employer had filed the application itself. If such an employer is determined, under this section, to have committed a violation, the penalty for such violation shall apply only to that member of the association unless the Secretary of Labor determines that the association or other member participated in, had knowledge, or reason to know, of the violation, in which case the penalty shall be invoked against the association or other association member as well.

"(2) VIOLATIONS BY AN ASSOCIATION ACTING AS AN EMPLOYER.—If an association filing an application as a sole or joint employer is determined to have committed a violation under this section, the penalty for such violation shall apply only to the association unless the Secretary of Labor determines

- 1 that an association member or members participated
- 2 in or had knowledge, or reason to know of the viola-
- 3 tion, in which case the penalty shall be invoked
- 4 against the association member or members as well.
- 5 "DEFINITIONS
- 6 "Sec. 218D. For purposes of sections 218 through
- 7 218C:
- 8 "(1) AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT.—The term
- 9 'agricultural employment' means any service or ac-
- tivity that is considered to be agricultural under sec-
- tion 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
- 12 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)) or agricultural labor under sec-
- tion 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
- 14 (26 U.S.C. 3121(g)). For purposes of this para-
- graph, agricultural employment includes employment
- under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
- 17 "(2) Bona fide union.—The term 'bona fide
- union' means any organization in which employees
- participate and which exists for the purpose of deal-
- ing with employers concerning grievances, labor dis-
- 21 putes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or
- other terms and conditions of work for agricultural
- employees. Such term does not include an organiza-
- 24 tion formed, created, administered, supported, domi-
- 25 nated, financed, or controlled by an employer or em-
- 26 ployer association or its agents or representatives.

- "(3) DISPLACE.—In the case of an application with respect to 1 or more H–2A workers by an employer, the employer is considered to 'displace' a United States worker from a job if the employer lays off the worker from a job for which the H–2A worker or workers is or are sought.
 - "(4) ELIGIBLE.—The term 'eligible', when used with respect to an individual, means an individual who is not an unauthorized alien (as defined in section 274A(h)(3)).
 - "(5) EMPLOYER.—The term 'employer' means any person or entity, including any farm labor contractor and any agricultural association, that employs workers in agricultural employment.
 - "(6) H-2A EMPLOYER.—The term 'H-2A employer' means an employer who seeks to hire 1 or more nonimmigrant aliens described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
 - "(7) H-2A WORKER.—The term 'H-2A worker' means a nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
- "(8) Job opportunity.—The term 'job opportunity' means a job opening for temporary full-time employment at a place in the United States to which United States workers can be referred.

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1	"(9) Lays off.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'lays off'
3	with respect to a worker—
4	"(i) means to cause the worker's loss
5	of employment, other than through a dis-
6	charge for inadequate performance, viola-
7	tion of workplace rules, cause, voluntary
8	departure, voluntary retirement, contract
9	impossibility (as described in section
10	218A(b)(4)(D)), or temporary layoffs due
11	to weather, markets, or other temporary
12	conditions; but
13	"(ii) does not include any situation in
14	which the worker is offered, as an alter-
15	native to such loss of employment, a simi-
16	lar employment opportunity with the same
17	employer (or, in the case of a placement of
18	a worker with another employer under sec-
19	tion 218(b)(2)(E), with either employer de-
20	scribed in such section) at equivalent or
21	higher compensation and benefits than the
22	position from which the employee was dis-
23	charged, regardless of whether or not the
24	employee accepts the offer.

1	"(B) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Noth-
2	ing in this paragraph is intended to limit an
3	employee's rights under a collective bargaining
4	agreement or other employment contract.
5	"(10) Regulatory drought.—The term 'reg-
6	ulatory drought' means a decision subsequent to the
7	filing of the application under section 218 by an en-
8	tity not under the control of the employer making
9	such filing which restricts the employer's access to
10	water for irrigation purposes and reduces or limits
11	the employer's ability to produce an agricultural
12	commodity, thereby reducing the need for labor.
13	"(11) Seasonal.—Labor is performed on a
14	'seasonal' basis if—
15	(A) ordinarily, it pertains to or is of the
16	kind exclusively performed at certain seasons or
17	periods of the year; and
18	(B) from its nature, it may not be contin-
19	uous or carried on throughout the year.
20	"(12) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary'
21	means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
22	"(13) Temporary.—A worker is employed on a
23	'temporary' basis where the employment is intended
24	not to exceed 10 months.

- 1 "(14) United States Worker.—The term
- 2 'United States worker' means any worker, whether
- a United States citizen or national, a lawfully admit-
- 4 ted permanent resident alien, or any other alien,
- 5 who is authorized to work in the job opportunity
- 6 within the United States, except an alien admitted
- 7 or otherwise provided status under section
- 8 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).".
- 9 (b) Table of Contents of Contents of
- 10 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
- 11 seq.) is amended by striking the item relating to section
- 12 218 and inserting the following:

13 TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS 14 PROVISIONS

- 15 SEC. 301. DETERMINATION AND USE OF USER FEES.
 16 (a) SCHEDULE OF FEES.—The Secretary shall estab-
- 17 lish and periodically adjust a schedule of fees for the em-
- 18 ployment of aliens under this Act, and a collection process
- 19 for such fees from employers participating in the program
- 20 provided under this Act. Such fees shall be the only fees
- 21 chargeable to employers for services provided under this
- 22 Act.
- 23 (b) Determination of Schedule.—

[&]quot;Sec. 218. H-2A employer applications.

[&]quot;Sec. 218A. H-2A employment requirements.

[&]quot;Sec. 218B. Procedure for admission and extension of stay of H-2A workers.

[&]quot;Sec. 218C. Worker protections and labor standards enforcement.

[&]quot;Sec. 218D. Definitions.".

(1) In General.—The schedule under subsection (a) shall reflect a fee rate based on the number of job opportunities indicated in the employer's application under section 218 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 201 of this Act, and sufficient to provide for the direct costs of providing services related to an employer's authorization to employ eligible aliens pursuant to this Act, to include the certification of eligible employers, the issuance of documentation, and the admission of eligible aliens.

(2) Procedure.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—In establishing and adjusting such a schedule, the Secretary shall comply with Federal cost accounting and fee setting standards.
- (B) Publication and comment.—The Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register an initial fee schedule and associated collection process and the cost data or estimates upon which such fee schedule is based, and any subsequent amendments thereto, pursuant to which public comment shall be sought and a final rule issued.

- 1 (c) Use of Proceeds.—Notwithstanding any other
- 2 provision of law, all proceeds resulting from the payment
- 3 of the alien employment user fees shall be available with-
- 4 out further appropriation and shall remain available with-
- 5 out fiscal year limitation to reimburse the Secretary, the
- 6 Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Labor for the
- 7 costs of carrying out sections 218 and 218B of the Immi-
- 8 gration and Nationality Act, as added by section 201 of
- 9 this Act, and the provisions of this Act.

10 SEC. 302. REGULATIONS.

- 11 (a) REGULATIONS OF THE SECRETARY.—The Sec-
- 12 retary shall consult with the Secretary of Labor and the
- 13 Secretary of Agriculture on all regulations to implement
- 14 the duties of the Secretary under this Act.
- 15 (b) Regulations of the Secretary of State.—
- 16 The Secretary of State shall consult with the Secretary,
- 17 the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Agriculture
- 18 on all regulations to implement the duties of the Secretary
- 19 of State under this Act.
- 20 (c) Regulations of the Secretary of Labor.—
- 21 The Secretary of Labor shall consult with the Secretary
- 22 of Agriculture and the Secretary on all regulations to im-
- 23 plement the duties of the Secretary of Labor under this
- 24 Act.

- 1 (d) Deadline for Issuance of Regulations.—
- 2 All regulations to implement the duties of the Secretary,
- 3 the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Labor created
- 4 under sections 218, 218A, 218B, and 218C of the Immi-
- 5 gration and Nationality Act, as added by section 201, shall
- 6 take effect on the effective date of section 201 and shall
- 7 be issued not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 8 of this Act.

9 SEC. 303. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 10 (a) In General.—Except as otherwise provided, sec-
- 11 tions 201 and 301 shall take effect on the date that is
- 12 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 13 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 14 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare and
- 15 submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a
- 16 report that describes the measures being taken and the
- 17 progress made in implementing this Act.

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