## Calendar No. 315

108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## **S. 1751**

To amend the procedures that apply to consideration of interstate class actions to assure fairer outcomes for class members and defendants, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 17 (legislative day, OCTOBER 16), 2003

Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. KOHL, Mr. HATCH, Mr. CARPER, Mr. SPEC-TER, Mr. MILLER, Mr. CHAFEE, and Mr. LUGAR) introduced the following bill; which was read the first time

October 17, 2003

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

### A BILL

- To amend the procedures that apply to consideration of interstate class actions to assure fairer outcomes for class members and defendants, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE; TABLE OF CON-2TENTS.

3 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
4 "Class Action Fairness Act of 2003".

5 (b) REFERENCE.—Whenever in this Act reference is 6 made to an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other 7 provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to 8 a section or other provision of title 28, United States 9 Code.

10 (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

11 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; reference; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
- Sec. 3. Consumer class action bill of rights and improved procedures for interstate class actions.
- Sec. 4. Federal district court jurisdiction for interstate class actions.
- Sec. 5. Removal of interstate class actions to Federal district court.
- Sec. 6. Report on class action settlements.
- Sec. 7. Effective date.

#### 12 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

13 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) Class action lawsuits are an important and
valuable part of the legal system when they permit
the fair and efficient resolution of legitimate claims
of numerous parties by allowing the claims to be aggregated into a single action against a defendant
that has allegedly caused harm.

20 (2) Over the past decade, there have been
21 abuses of the class action device that have—

1	(A) harmed class members with legitimate
2	claims and defendants that have acted respon-
3	sibly;
4	(B) adversely affected interstate commerce;
5	and
6	(C) undermined public respect for our judi-
7	cial system.
8	(3) Class members often receive little or no ben-
9	efit from class actions, and are sometimes harmed,
10	such as where—
11	(A) counsel are awarded large fees, while
12	leaving class members with coupons or other
13	awards of little or no value;
14	(B) unjustified awards are made to certain
15	plaintiffs at the expense of other class mem-
16	bers; and
17	(C) confusing notices are published that
18	prevent class members from being able to fully
19	understand and effectively exercise their rights.
20	(4) Abuses in class actions undermine the na-
21	tional judicial system, the free flow of interstate
22	commerce, and the concept of diversity jurisdiction
23	as intended by the framers of the United States
24	Constitution, in that State and local courts are—

1	(A) keeping cases of national importance
2	out of Federal court;
3	(B) sometimes acting in ways that dem-
4	onstrate bias against out-of-State defendants;
5	and
6	(C) making judgments that impose their
7	view of the law on other States and bind the
8	rights of the residents of those States.
9	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are to—
10	(1) assure fair and prompt recoveries for class
11	members with legitimate claims;
12	(2) restore the intent of the framers of the
13	United States Constitution by providing for Federal
14	court consideration of interstate cases of national
15	importance under diversity jurisdiction; and
16	(3) benefit society by encouraging innovation
17	and lowering consumer prices.
18	SEC. 3. CONSUMER CLASS ACTION BILL OF RIGHTS AND IM-
19	PROVED PROCEDURES FOR INTERSTATE
20	CLASS ACTIONS.
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—Part V is amended by inserting
22	after chapter 113 the following:
23	"CHAPTER 114—CLASS ACTIONS
	"Sec. "1711 Definitions

"1712. Judicial scrutiny of coupon and other noncash settlements.

``1713. Protection against loss by class members.

"1714. Protection against discrimination based on geographic location.

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"1715. Prohibition on the payment of bounties.

"1716. Clearer and simpler settlement information.

"1717. Notifications to appropriate Federal and State officials.

#### 1 **"§1711. Definitions**

2 "In this chapter:

3 "(1) CLASS.—The term 'class' means all of the
4 class members in a class action.

"(2) CLASS ACTION.—The term 'class action' 5 means any civil action filed in a district court of the 6 United States under rule 23 of the Federal Rules of 7 8 Civil Procedure or any civil action that is removed 9 to a district court of the United States that was 10 originally filed under a State statute or rule of judi-11 cial procedure authorizing an action to be brought 12 by 1 or more representatives as a class action.

13 "(3) CLASS COUNSEL.—The term 'class coun14 sel' means the persons who serve as the attorneys
15 for the class members in a proposed or certified
16 class action.

17 "(4) CLASS MEMBERS.—The term 'class mem18 bers' means the persons (named or unnamed) who
19 fall within the definition of the proposed or certified
20 class in a class action.

21 "(5) PLAINTIFF CLASS ACTION.—The term
22 'plaintiff class action' means a class action in which
23 class members are plaintiffs.

1 "(6) PROPOSED SETTLEMENT.—The term 'pro-2 posed settlement' means an agreement regarding a 3 class action that is subject to court approval and 4 that, if approved, would be binding on some or all 5 class members.

# 6 "§1712. Judicial scrutiny of coupon and other 7 noncash settlements

8 "The court may approve a proposed settlement under 9 which the class members would receive noncash benefits 10 or would otherwise be required to expend funds in order 11 to obtain part or all of the proposed benefits only after 12 a hearing to determine whether, and making a written 13 finding that, the settlement is fair, reasonable, and ade-14 quate for class members.

#### 15 "§ 1713. Protection against loss by class members

16 "The court may approve a proposed settlement under 17 which any class member is obligated to pay sums to class 18 counsel that would result in a net loss to the class member 19 only if the court makes a written finding that nonmone-20 tary benefits to the class member substantially outweigh 21 the monetary loss.

# 22 "§1714. Protection against discrimination based on 23 geographic location

24 "The court may not approve a proposed settlement25 that provides for the payment of greater sums to some

class members than to others solely on the basis that the
 class members to whom the greater sums are to be paid
 are located in closer geographic proximity to the court.

#### 4 "§ 1715. Prohibition on the payment of bounties

5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The court may not approve a 6 proposed settlement that provides for the payment of a 7 greater share of the award to a class representative serv-8 ing on behalf of a class, on the basis of the formula for 9 distribution to all other class members, than that awarded 10 to the other class members.

11 "(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The limitation in 12 subsection (a) shall not be construed to prohibit a pay-13 ment approved by the court for reasonable time or costs 14 that a person was required to expend in fulfilling the obli-15 gations of that person as a class representative.

#### 16 "§1716. Clearer and simpler settlement information

17 "(a) PLAIN ENGLISH REQUIREMENTS.—Any court
18 with jurisdiction over a plaintiff class action shall require
19 that any written notice concerning a proposed settlement
20 of the class action provided to the class through the mail
21 or publication in printed media contain—

"(1) at the beginning of such notice, a statement in 18-point or greater bold type, stating
'LEGAL NOTICE: YOU ARE A PLAINTIFF IN
A CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT AND YOUR

1	LEGAL RIGHTS ARE AFFECTED BY THE
2	SETTLEMENT DESCRIBED IN THIS NO-
3	TICE.'; and
4	"(2) a short summary written in plain, easily
5	understood language, describing—
6	"(A) the subject matter of the class action;
7	"(B) the members of the class;
8	"(C) the legal consequences of being a
9	member of the class action;
10	"(D) if the notice is informing class mem-
11	bers of a proposed settlement agreement—
12	"(i) the benefits that will accrue to
13	the class due to the settlement;
14	"(ii) the rights that class members
15	will lose or waive through the settlement;
16	"(iii) obligations that will be imposed
17	on the defendants by the settlement;
18	"(iv) the dollar amount of any attor-
19	ney's fee class counsel will be seeking, or
20	if not possible, a good faith estimate of the
21	dollar amount of any attorney's fee class
22	counsel will be seeking; and
23	"(v) an explanation of how any attor-
24	ney's fee will be calculated and funded;
25	and

1	"(E) any other material matter.
2	"(b) TABULAR FORMAT.—Any court with jurisdiction
3	over a plaintiff class action shall require that the informa-
4	tion described in subsection (a)—
5	((1) be placed in a conspicuous and prominent
6	location on the notice;
7	((2) contain clear and concise headings for
8	each item of information; and
9	"(3) provide a clear and concise form for stat-
10	ing each item of information required to be disclosed
11	under each heading.
12	"(c) Television or Radio Notice.—Any notice
13	provided through television or radio (including trans-
14	missions by cable or satellite) to inform the class members
15	in a class action of the right of each member to be ex-
16	cluded from a class action or a proposed settlement, if
17	such right exists, shall, in plain, easily understood lan-
18	guage—
19	((1) describe the persons who may potentially
20	become class members in the class action; and
21	((2) explain that the failure of a class member
22	to exercise his or her right to be excluded from a
23	class action will result in the person's inclusion in
24	the class action.

1	"§1717. Notifications to appropriate Federal and
2	State officials
3	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—
4	"(1) Appropriate federal official.—In
5	this section, the term 'appropriate Federal official'
6	means—
7	"(A) the Attorney General of the United
8	States; or
9	"(B) in any case in which the defendant is
10	a Federal depository institution, a State deposi-
11	tory institution, a depository institution holding
12	company, a foreign bank, or a nondepository in-
13	stitution subsidiary of the foregoing (as such
14	terms are defined in section 3 of the Federal
15	Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)), the
16	person who has the primary Federal regulatory
17	or supervisory responsibility with respect to the
18	defendant, if some or all of the matters alleged
19	in the class action are subject to regulation or
20	supervision by that person.
21	"(2) Appropriate state official.—In this
22	section, the term 'appropriate State official' means
23	the person in the State who has the primary regu-
24	latory or supervisory responsibility with respect to
25	the defendant, or who licenses or otherwise author-
26	izes the defendant to conduct business in the State,
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if some or all of the matters alleged in the class action are subject to regulation by that person. If
there is no primary regulator, supervisor, or licensing authority, or the matters alleged in the class action are not subject to regulation or supervision by
that person, then the appropriate State official shall
be the State attorney general.

8 "(b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 10 days after a 9 proposed settlement of a class action is filed in court, each 10 defendant that is participating in the proposed settlement 11 shall serve upon the appropriate State official of each 12 State in which a class member resides and the appropriate 13 Federal official, a notice of the proposed settlement con-14 sisting of—

15 "(1) a copy of the complaint and any materials 16 filed with the complaint and any amended com-17 plaints (except such materials shall not be required 18 to be served if such materials are made electronically 19 available through the Internet and such service in-20 cludes notice of how to electronically access such 21 material);

22 "(2) notice of any scheduled judicial hearing in23 the class action;

24 "(3) any proposed or final notification to class
25 members of—

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"(c) Depository Institutions Notification.—

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2 "(1) Federal and other depository insti-TUTIONS.—In any case in which the defendant is a 3 4 Federal depository institution, a depository institu-5 tion holding company, a foreign bank, or a non-de-6 pository institution subsidiary of the foregoing, the 7 notice requirements of this section are satisfied by 8 serving the notice required under subsection (b) 9 upon the person who has the primary Federal regu-10 latory or supervisory responsibility with respect to 11 the defendant, if some or all of the matters alleged 12 in the class action are subject to regulation or super-13 vision by that person.

14 "(2) STATE DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.—In 15 any case in which the defendant is a State deposi-16 tory institution (as that term is defined in section 3) 17 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 18 1813)), the notice requirements of this section are 19 satisfied by serving the notice required under sub-20 section (b) upon the State bank supervisor (as that 21 term is defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit 22 Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) of the State in 23 which the defendant is incorporated or chartered, if 24 some or all of the matters alleged in the class action

1	are subject to regulation or supervision by that per-
2	son, and upon the appropriate Federal official.
3	"(d) FINAL APPROVAL.—An order giving final ap-
4	proval of a proposed settlement may not be issued earlier
5	than 90 days after the later of the dates on which the
6	appropriate Federal official and the appropriate State offi-
7	cial are served with the notice required under subsection
8	(b).
9	"(e) Noncompliance if Notice Not Provided.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A class member may refuse
11	to comply with and may choose not to be bound by
12	a settlement agreement or consent decree in a class
13	action if the class member demonstrates that the no-
14	tice required under subsection (b) has not been pro-
15	vided.
16	"(2) LIMITATION.—A class member may not

1 t 17 refuse to comply with or to be bound by a settlement 18 agreement or consent decree under paragraph (1) if 19 the notice required under subsection (b) was directed to the appropriate Federal official and to either the 20 21 State attorney general or the person that has primary regulatory, supervisory, or licensing authority 22 23 over the defendant.

24 "(3) APPLICATION OF RIGHTS.—The rights cre-25 ated by this subsection shall apply only to class

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1	members or any person acting on a class member's
2	behalf, and shall not be construed to limit any other
3	rights affecting a class member's participation in the
4	settlement.
5	"(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
6	tion shall be construed to expand the authority of, or im-
7	pose any obligations, duties, or responsibilities upon, Fed-
8	eral or State officials.".
9	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
10	The table of chapters for part V is amended by inserting
11	after the item relating to chapter 113 the following:
	"114. Class Actions
12	SEC. 4. FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JURISDICTION FOR
13	INTERSTATE CLASS ACTIONS.
15	INTERSTATE CLASS ACTIONS.
13	(a) Application of Federal Diversity Jurisdic-
14	(a) Application of Federal Diversity Jurisdic-
14 15	(a) Application of Federal Diversity Jurisdic- tion.—Section 1332 is amended—
14 15 16	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC-</li> <li>TION.—Section 1332 is amended—</li> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC-</li> <li>TION.—Section 1332 is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC-</li> <li>TION.—Section 1332 is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> <li>(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC- TION.—Section 1332 is amended—</li> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> <li>(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC-</li> <li>TION.—Section 1332 is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> <li>(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:</li> <li>''(d)(1) In this subsection—</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC- TION.—Section 1332 is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> <li>(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:</li> <li>"(d)(1) In this subsection— <ul> <li>"(A) the term 'class' means all of the class</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC- TION.—Section 1332 is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> <li>(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:</li> <li>"(d)(1) In this subsection— <ul> <li>"(A) the term 'class' means all of the class members in a class action;</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL DIVERSITY JURISDIC- TION.—Section 1332 is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and</li> <li>(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:</li> <li>"(d)(1) In this subsection—</li> <li>"(A) the term 'class' means all of the class members in a class action;</li> <li>"(B) the term 'class action' means any civil ac-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

procedure authorizing an action to be brought by 1
or more representative persons as a class action;
"(C) the term 'class certification order' means
an order issued by a court approving the treatment
of some or all aspects of a civil action as a class
action; and
"(D) the term 'class members' means the per-
sons (named or unnamed) who fall within the defini-
tion of the proposed or certified class in a class ac-
tion.
"(2) The district courts shall have original jurisdic-
tion of any civil action in which the matter in controversy
exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000, exclusive of inter-
est and costs, and is a class action in which—
"(A) any member of a class of plaintiffs is a
citizen of a State different from any defendant;
"(B) any member of a class of plaintiffs is a
foreign state or a citizen or subject of a foreign state
and any defendant is a citizen of a State; or
"(C) any member of a class of plaintiffs is a
citizen of a State and any defendant is a foreign
state or a citizen or subject of a foreign state.
"(3) A district court may, in the interests of justice,
decline to exercise jurisdiction under paragraph $(2)$ over
a class action in which greater than one-third but less than

two-thirds of the members of all proposed plaintiff classes
 in the aggregate and the primary defendants are citizens
 of the State in which the action was originally filed based
 on consideration of the following factors:

5 "(A) Whether the claims asserted involve mat6 ters of national or interstate interest.

7 "(B) Whether the claims asserted will be gov8 erned by laws other than those of the State in which
9 the action was originally filed.

"(C) In the case of a class action originally
filed in a State court, whether the class action has
been pleaded in a manner that seeks to avoid Federal jurisdiction.

14 "(D) Whether the number of citizens of the 15 State in which the action was originally filed in all 16 proposed plaintiff classes in the aggregate is sub-17 stantially larger than the number of citizens from 18 any other State, and the citizenship of the other 19 members of the proposed class is dispersed among a 20 substantial number of States.

21 "(E) Whether 1 or more class actions asserting
22 the same or similar claims on behalf of the same or
23 other persons have been or may be filed.

24 "(4) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to any class action
25 in which—

"(A) two-thirds or more of the members of all proposed plaintiff classes in the aggregate and the primary defendants are citizens of the State in which the action was originally filed;

5 "(B) the primary defendants are States, State 6 officials, or other governmental entities against 7 whom the district court may be foreclosed from or-8 dering relief; or

9 "(C) the number of members of all proposed
10 plaintiff classes in the aggregate is less than 100.

"(5) In any class action, the claims of the individual
class members shall be aggregated to determine whether
the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of
\$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

15 "(6) This subsection shall apply to any class action16 before or after the entry of a class certification order by17 the court with respect to that action.

18 "(7)(A) A district court shall dismiss any civil action 19 that is subject to the jurisdiction of the court solely under 20 this subsection if the court determines the action may not 21 proceed as a class action based on a failure to satisfy the 22 prerequisites of rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Pro-23 cedure.

24 "(B) Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall prohibit25 plaintiffs from filing an amended class action in Federal

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court or filing an action in State court, except that any
 such action filed in State court may be removed to the
 appropriate district court if it is an action of which the
 district courts of the United States have original jurisdic tion.

6 "(C) In any action that is dismissed under this para-7 graph and is filed by any of the original named plaintiffs 8 therein in the same State court venue in which the dis-9 missed action was originally filed, the limitations periods 10 on all reasserted claims shall be deemed tolled for the period during which the dismissed class action was pending. 11 12 The limitations periods on any claims that were asserted 13 in a class action dismissed under this paragraph that are 14 subsequently asserted in an individual action shall be 15 deemed tolled for the period during which the dismissed action was pending. 16

17 "(8) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to any class action18 that solely involves a claim—

"(A) concerning a covered security as defined
under 16(f)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933 and
section 28(f)(5)(E) of the Securities Exchange Act
of 1934;

23 "(B) that relates to the internal affairs or gov24 ernance of a corporation or other form of business
25 enterprise and that arises under or by virtue of the

1	laws of the State in which such corporation or busi-
2	ness enterprise is incorporated or organized; or
3	"(C) that relates to the rights, duties (including
4	fiduciary duties), and obligations relating to or cre-
5	ated by or pursuant to any security (as defined
6	under section $2(a)(1)$ of the Securities Act of 1933
7	and the regulations issued thereunder).
8	"(9) For purposes of this subsection and section
9	1453 of this title, an unincorporated association shall be
10	deemed to be a citizen of the State where it has its prin-
11	cipal place of business and the State under whose laws
12	it is organized.
13	"(10)(A) For purposes of this section and section

13 (10)(A) For purposes of this section and section
14 1453 of this title, a mass action shall be deemed to be
15 a class action.

16 "(B)(i) As used in subparagraph (A), the term 'mass 17 action' shall mean any civil action(s) (except a civil action 18 within the scope of section 1711(2) of this title) in which 19 monetary relief claims of 100 or more persons are pro-20 posed to be tried jointly in any respect on the ground that 21 the claims involve common questions of law or fact.

22 "(ii) This subparagraph shall not apply to any civil23 action in which—

24 "(I) all of the claims in the action arise from25 a single sudden accident that occurred in the State

in which the action was filed, and that allegedly re sulted in injuries in that State or in States contig uous thereto;

4 "(II) the claims are joined upon motion of a de-5 fendant; or

6 "(III) all of the claims in the action are as-7 serted on behalf of the general public (and not on 8 behalf of individual claimants or members of a pur-9 ported class) pursuant to a State statute specifically 10 authorizing such action.

"(C)(i) Any action(s) removed to Federal court pursuant to this subsection shall not thereafter be transferred to any other court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1407, or the rules promulgated thereunder, unless a majority of the plaintiffs in the action request transfer pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1407.

17 "(ii) This subparagraph will not apply—

18 "(I) to cases certified pursuant to rule 23 of19 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; or

20 "(II) if plaintiffs propose that the action pro21 ceed as a class action pursuant to rule 23 of the
22 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

23 "(D) The limitations periods on any claims asserted24 in a mass action that is removed to Federal court pursu-

ant to this subsection shall be deemed tolled during the 1 2 period that the action is pending in Federal court. 3 "(E) Paragraph (7) of this subsection, and sub-4 sections (b)(2) and (d) of section 1453 shall not apply to 5 any civil action described in this paragraph.". 6 (b) Conforming Amendments.— 7 (1) Section 1335(a)(1) is amended by inserting "(a) or (d)" after "1332". 8 (2) Section 1603(b)(3) is amended by striking 9 "(d)" and inserting "(e)". 10 SEC. 5. REMOVAL OF INTERSTATE CLASS ACTIONS TO FED-11 12 ERAL DISTRICT COURT. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 89 is amended by adding 13 after section 1452 the following: 14 15 "§ 1453. Removal of class actions "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'class', 16 17 'class action', 'class certification order', and 'class mem-18 ber' shall have the meanings given such terms under section 1332(d)(1). 19 20 "(b) IN GENERAL.—A class action may be removed 21 to a district court of the United States in accordance with 22 this chapter, without regard to whether any defendant is 23 a citizen of the State in which the action is brought, except

24 that such action may be removed—

"(1) by any defendant without the consent of
 all defendants; or

3 "(2) by any plaintiff class member who is not
4 a named or representative class member without the
5 consent of all members of such class.

6 "(c) WHEN REMOVABLE.—This section shall apply to
7 any class action before or after the entry of a class certifi8 cation order in the action.

"(d) PROCEDURE FOR REMOVAL.—Section 1446 re-9 lating to a defendant removing a case shall apply to a 10 plaintiff removing a case under this section, except that 11 in the application of subsection (b) of such section the re-12 13 quirement relating to the 30-day filing period shall be met if a plaintiff class member files notice of removal within 14 15 30 days after receipt by such class member, through service or otherwise, of the initial written notice of the class 16 17 action.

"(e) REVIEW OF ORDERS REMANDING CLASS ACTIONS TO STATE COURTS.—Section 1447 shall apply to
any removal of a case under this section, except that notwithstanding section 1447(d), an order remanding a class
action to the State court from which it was removed shall
be reviewable by appeal or otherwise.

24 "(f) EXCEPTION.—This section shall not apply to any
25 class action that solely involves—

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``(1) a claim concerning a covered security as

defined under section 16(f)(3) of the Securities Act

3	of 1933 and section $28(f)(5)(E)$ of the Securities
4	Exchange Act of 1934;
5	"(2) a claim that relates to the internal affairs
6	or governance of a corporation or other form of busi-
7	ness enterprise and arises under or by virtue of the
8	laws of the State in which such corporation or busi-
9	ness enterprise is incorporated or organized; or
10	"(3) a claim that relates to the rights, duties
11	(including fiduciary duties), and obligations relating
12	to or created by or pursuant to any security (as de-
13	fined under section $2(a)(1)$ of the Securities Act of
14	1933 and the regulations issued thereunder).".
15	(b) Removal Limitation.—Section 1446(b) is
16	amended in the second sentence by inserting "(a)" after
17	"section 1332".
18	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
19	The table of sections for chapter 89 is amended by adding
20	after the item relating to section 1452 the following:
	"1453. Removal of class actions.".
21	SEC. 6. REPORT ON CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENTS.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months after
23	the date of enactment of this Act, the Judicial Conference
24	of the United States, with the assistance of the Director
25	of the Federal Judicial Center and the Director of the Ad-
	•S 1751 PCS

ministrative Office of the United States Courts, shall pre pare and transmit to the Committees on the Judiciary of
 the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on
 class action settlements.

5 (b) CONTENT.—The report under subsection (a) shall6 contain—

7 (1) recommendations on the best practices that
8 courts can use to ensure that proposed class action
9 settlements are fair to the class members that the
10 settlements are supposed to benefit;

(2) recommendations on the best practices that
courts can use to ensure that—

(A) the fees and expenses awarded to
counsel in connection with a class action settlement appropriately reflect the extent to which
counsel succeeded in obtaining full redress for
the injuries alleged and the time, expense, and
risk that counsel devoted to the litigation; and

(B) the class members on whose behalf the
settlement is proposed are the primary beneficiaries of the settlement; and

(3) the actions that the Judicial Conference of
the United States has taken and intends to take toward having the Federal judiciary implement any or
all of the recommendations contained in the report.

(c) AUTHORITY OF FEDERAL COURTS.—Nothing in
 this section shall be construed to alter the authority of
 the Federal courts to supervise attorneys' fees.

#### 4 SEC. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.

5 The amendments made by this Act shall apply to any6 civil action commenced on or after the date of enactment7 of this Act.

Calendar No. 315

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<sup>108TH CONGRESS</sup> 1ST SESSION S. 1751

### A BILL

To amend the procedures that apply to consideration of interstate class actions to assure fairer outcomes for class members and defendants, and for other purposes.

October 17, 2003 Read the second time and placed on the calendar