## 109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.418

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 14, 2005 Received

FEBRUARY 17, 2005 Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## **AN ACT**

To establish and rapidly implement regulations for State driver's license and identification document security standards, to prevent terrorists from abusing the asylum laws of the United States, to unify terrorism-related grounds for inadmissibility and removal, and to ensure expeditious construction of the San Diego border fence.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.** 4 This Act may be cited as the "REAL ID Act of 5 2005". TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO FED-6 TO PROTECT ERAL LAWS 7 AGAINST TERRORIST ENTRY 8 9 SEC. 101. PREVENTING TERRORISTS FROM OBTAINING RE-10 LIEF FROM REMOVAL. 11 (a) CONDITIONS FOR GRANTING ASYLUM.—Section 12 208(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8) U.S.C. 1158(b)(1)) is amended— 13 14 (1) by striking "The Attorney General" the 15 first place such term appears and inserting the fol-16 lowing: 17 "(A) ELIGIBILITY.—The Secretary of 18 Homeland Security or the Attorney General"; 19 (2) by striking "the Attorney General" the sec-20 ond and third places such term appears and insert-21 ing "the Secretary of Homeland Security or the At-22 torney General"; and 23 (3) by adding at the end the following: "(B) BURDEN OF PROOF.— 24

1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The burden of
2	proof is on the applicant to establish that
3	the applicant is a refugee, within the
4	meaning of section 101(a)(42)(A). To es-
5	tablish that the applicant is a refugee with-
6	in the meaning of such section, the appli-
7	cant must establish that race, religion, na-
8	tionality, membership in a particular social
9	group, or political opinion was or will be a
10	central reason for persecuting the appli-
11	cant.
12	"(ii) Sustaining Burden.—The tes-
13	timony of the applicant may be sufficient
14	to sustain the applicant's burden without
15	corroboration, but only if the applicant sat-
16	isfies the trier of fact that the applicant's
17	testimony is credible, is persuasive, and re-
18	fers to specific facts sufficient to dem-
19	onstrate that the applicant is a refugee. In
20	determining whether the applicant has met
21	the applicant's burden, the trier of fact
22	may weigh the credible testimony along
23	with other evidence of record. Where the
24	trier of fact determines, in the trier of
25	fact's discretion, that the applicant should

1	provide evidence which corroborates other-
2	wise credible testimony, such evidence
3	must be provided unless the applicant does
4	not have the evidence and cannot reason-
5	ably obtain the evidence without departing
6	the United States. The inability to obtain
7	corroborating evidence does not excuse the
8	applicant from meeting the applicant's
9	burden of proof.
10	"(iii) Credibility determina-
11	TION.—The trier of fact should consider all
12	relevant factors and may, in the trier of

1 1 13 fact's discretion, base the trier of fact's 14 credibility determination on any such factor, including the demeanor, candor, or re-15 sponsiveness of the applicant or witness, 16 17 the inherent plausibility of the applicant's 18 or witness's account, the consistency be-19 tween the applicant's or witness's written 20 and oral statements (whenever made and 21 whether or not made under oath), the in-22 ternal consistency of each such statement, 23 the consistency of such statements with 24 other evidence of record (including the re-25 ports of the Department of State on coun-

1	try conditions), and any inaccuracies or
2	falsehoods in such statements, without re-
3	gard to whether an inconsistency, inaccu-
4	racy, or falsehood goes to the heart of the
5	applicant's claim. There is no presumption
6	of credibility.".
7	(b) WITHHOLDING OF REMOVAL.—Section 241(b)(3)
8	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
9	1231(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(C) SUSTAINING BURDEN OF PROOF;
12	CREDIBILITY DETERMINATIONS.—In deter-
13	mining whether an alien has demonstrated that
14	the alien's life or freedom would be threatened
15	for a reason described in subparagraph (A), the
16	trier of fact shall determine whether the alien
17	has sustained the alien's burden of proof, and
18	shall make credibility determinations, in the
19	manner described in clauses (ii) and (iii) of sec-
20	tion 208(b)(1)(B).".
21	(c) Other Requests for Relief From Re-
22	MOVAL.—Section 240(c) of the Immigration and Nation-
23	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1230(c)) is amended—
24	(1) by redesignating paragraphs $(4)$ , $(5)$ , and
25	(6) as paragraphs $(5)$ , $(6)$ , and $(7)$ , respectively; and

1	(2) by inserting after paragraph $(3)$ the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(4) Applications for relief from re-
4	MOVAL.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An alien applying for
6	relief or protection from removal has the bur-
7	den of proof to establish that the alien—
8	"(i) satisfies the applicable eligibility
9	requirements; and
10	"(ii) with respect to any form of relief
11	that is granted in the exercise of discre-
12	tion, that the alien merits a favorable exer-
13	cise of discretion.
14	"(B) SUSTAINING BURDEN.—The appli-
15	cant must comply with the applicable require-
16	ments to submit information or documentation
17	in support of the applicant's application for re-
18	lief or protection as provided by law or by regu-
19	lation or in the instructions for the application
20	form. In evaluating the testimony of the appli-
21	cant or other witness in support of the applica-
22	tion, the immigration judge will determine
23	whether or not the testimony is credible, is per-
24	suasive, and refers to specific facts sufficient to
25	demonstrate that the applicant has satisfied the

1 applicant's burden of proof. In determining 2 whether the applicant has met such burden, the immigration judge shall weigh the credible testi-3 4 mony along with other evidence of record. 5 Where the immigration judge determines in the 6 judge's discretion that the applicant should pro-7 vide evidence which corroborates otherwise cred-8 ible testimony, such evidence must be provided 9 unless the applicant demonstrates that the applicant does not have the evidence and cannot 10 11 reasonably obtain the evidence without depart-12 ing from the United States. The inability to ob-13 tain corroborating evidence does not excuse the 14 applicant from meeting the burden of proof.

15 "(C) CREDIBILITY DETERMINATION.—The 16 immigration judge should consider all relevant 17 factors and may, in the judge's discretion, base 18 the judge's credibility determination on any 19 such factor, including the demeanor, candor, or 20 responsiveness of the applicant or witness, the 21 inherent plausibility of the applicant's or 22 witness's account, the consistency between the 23 applicant's or witness's written and oral state-24 ments (whenever made and whether or not 25 made under oath), the internal consistency of each such statement, the consistency of such statements with other evidence of record (including the reports of the Department of State on country conditions), and any inaccuracies or falsehoods in such statements, without regard to whether an inconsistency, inaccuracy, or falsehood goes to the heart of the applicant's claim. There is no presumption of credibility.".
(d) STANDARD OF REVIEW FOR ORDERS OF REMOVAL.—Section 242(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252(b)(4)) is amended by adding

12 at the end, after subparagraph (D), the following: "No
13 court shall reverse a determination made by a trier of fact
14 with respect to the availability of corroborating evidence,
15 as described in section 208(b)(1)(B), 240(c)(4)(B), or
16 241(b)(3)(C), unless the court finds that a reasonable
17 trier of fact is compelled to conclude that such corrobo18 rating evidence is unavailable.".

19 (e) CLARIFICATION OF DISCRETION.—Section
20 242(a)(2)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
21 U.S.C. 1252(a)(2)(B)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland
Security" after "Attorney General" each place such
term appears; and

1	(2) in the matter preceding clause (i), by insert-
2	ing "and regardless of whether the judgment, deci-
3	sion, or action is made in removal proceedings,"
4	after "other provision of law,".
5	(f) Removal of Caps.—Section 209 of the Immigra-
6	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1159) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$ —
8	(A) by striking "Service" and inserting
9	"Department of Homeland Security"; and
10	(B) by striking "Attorney General" each
11	place such term appears and inserting "Sec-
12	retary of Homeland Security or the Attorney
13	General";
14	(2) in subsection (b)—
15	(A) by striking "Not more" and all that
16	follows through "asylum who—" and inserting
17	"The Secretary of Homeland Security or the
18	Attorney General, in the Secretary's or the At-
19	torney General's discretion and under such reg-
20	ulations as the Secretary or the Attorney Gen-
21	eral may prescribe, may adjust to the status of
22	an alien lawfully admitted for permanent resi-
23	dence the status of any alien granted asylum
24	who—"; and

	10
1	(B) in the matter following paragraph (5),
2	by striking "Attorney General" and inserting
3	"Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attor-
4	ney General"; and
5	(3) in subsection (c), by striking "Attorney
6	General" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Se-
7	curity or the Attorney General".
8	(g) Effective Dates.—
9	(1) The amendments made by paragraphs $(1)$
10	and (2) of subsection (a) shall take effect as if en-
11	acted on March 1, 2003.
12	(2) The amendments made by subsections
13	(a)(3), $(b)$ , and $(c)$ shall take effect on the date of
14	the enactment of this Act and shall apply to applica-
15	tions for asylum, withholding, or other removal made
16	on or after such date.
17	(3) The amendment made by subsection (d)
18	shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
19	Act and shall apply to all cases in which the final
20	administrative removal order is or was issued before,
21	on, or after such date.
22	(4) The amendments made by subsection (e)
23	shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
24	Act and shall apply to all cases pending before any
25	court on or after such date.

(5) The amendments made by subsection (f)
 shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
 Act.
 (h) REPEAL.—Section 5403 of the Intelligence Re form and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law

6 108–458) is repealed.

## 7 SEC. 102. WAIVER OF LAWS NECESSARY FOR IMPROVE8 MENT OF BARRIERS AT BORDERS.

9 Section 102(c) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and
10 Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1103
11 note) is amended to read as follows:

12 "(c) WAIVER.—

13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 14 provision of law, the Secretary of Homeland Security 15 shall have the authority to waive, and shall waive, all 16 laws such Secretary, in such Secretary's sole discre-17 tion, determines necessary to ensure expeditious con-18 struction of the barriers and roads under this sec-19 tion.

20 "(2) NO JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Notwithstanding
21 any other provision of law (statutory or nonstatu22 tory), no court, administrative agency, or other enti23 ty shall have jurisdiction—

24 "(A) to hear any cause or claim arising25 from any action undertaken, or any decision

made, by the Secretary of Homeland Security
pursuant to paragraph (1); or
"(B) to order compensatory, declaratory,
injunctive, equitable, or any other relief for
damage alleged to arise from any such action or
decision.".
SEC. 103. INADMISSIBILITY DUE TO TERRORIST AND TER-
RORIST-RELATED ACTIVITIES.
(a) IN GENERAL.—So much of section
212(a)(3)(B)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
(8 U.S.C. $1182(a)(3)(B)(i)$ ) as precedes the final sentence
is amended to read as follows:
"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any alien who—
"(I) has engaged in a terrorist
activity;
"(II) a consular officer, the At-
torney General, or the Secretary of
Homeland Security knows, or has rea-
sonable ground to believe, is engaged
in or is likely to engage after entry in
any terrorist activity (as defined in
clause (iv));
"(III) has, under circumstances

	10
1	or serious bodily harm, incited ter-
2	rorist activity;
3	"(IV) is a representative (as de-
4	fined in clause (v)) of—
5	"(aa) a terrorist organiza-
6	tion (as defined in clause (vi)); or
7	"(bb) a political, social, or
8	other group that endorses or es-
9	pouses terrorist activity;
10	"(V) is a member of a terrorist
11	organization described in subclause (I)
12	or (II) of clause (vi);
13	"(VI) is a member of a terrorist
14	organization described in clause
15	(vi)(III), unless the alien can dem-
16	onstrate by clear and convincing evi-
17	dence that the alien did not know, and
18	should not reasonably have known,
19	that the organization was a terrorist
20	organization;
21	"(VII) endorses or espouses ter-
22	rorist activity or persuades others to
23	endorse or espouse terrorist activity or
24	support a terrorist organization;

	14
1	"(VIII) has received military-type
2	training (as defined in section
3	2339D(c)(1) of title 18, United States
4	Code) from or on behalf of any orga-
5	nization that, at the time the training
6	was received, was a terrorist organiza-
7	tion (as defined in clause (vi)); or
8	"(IX) is the spouse or child of an
9	alien who is inadmissible under this
10	subparagraph, if the activity causing
11	the alien to be found inadmissible oc-
12	curred within the last 5 years,
13	is inadmissible.".
14	(b) Engage in Terrorist Activity Defined.—
15	Section 212(a)(3)(B)(iv) of the Immigration and Nation-
16	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(iv)) is amended to read
17	as follows:
18	"(iv) Engage in terrorist activity
19	DEFINED.—As used in this Act, the term
20	'engage in terrorist activity' means, in an
21	individual capacity or as a member of an
22	organization—
23	"(I) to commit or to incite to
24	commit, under circumstances indi-

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1	serious bodily injury, a terrorist activ-
2	ity;
3	"(II) to prepare or plan a ter-
4	rorist activity;
5	"(III) to gather information on
6	potential targets for terrorist activity;
7	"(IV) to solicit funds or other
8	things of value for—
9	"(aa) a terrorist activity;
10	"(bb) a terrorist organiza-
11	tion described in clause (vi)(I) or
12	(vi)(II); or
13	"(cc) a terrorist organiza-
14	tion described in clause (vi)(III),
15	unless the solicitor can dem-
16	onstrate by clear and convincing
17	evidence that he did not know,
18	and should not reasonably have
19	known, that the organization was
20	a terrorist organization;
21	"(V) to solicit any individual—
22	"(aa) to engage in conduct
23	otherwise described in this sub-
24	section;

1	"(bb) for membership in a
2	terrorist organization described
3	in clause (vi)(I) or (vi)(II); or
4	"(cc) for membership in a
5	terrorist organization described
6	in clause (vi)(III) unless the so-
7	licitor can demonstrate by clear
8	and convincing evidence that he
9	did not know, and should not
10	reasonably have known, that the
11	organization was a terrorist orga-
12	nization; or
13	"(VI) to commit an act that the
14	actor knows, or reasonably should
15	know, affords material support, in-
16	cluding a safe house, transportation,
17	communications, funds, transfer of
18	funds or other material financial ben-
19	efit, false documentation or identifica-
20	tion, weapons (including chemical, bi-
21	ological, or radiological weapons), ex-
22	plosives, or training—
23	"(aa) for the commission of
24	a terrorist activity;

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1	"(bb) to any individual who
2	the actor knows, or reasonably
3	should know, has committed or
4	plans to commit a terrorist activ-
5	ity;
6	"(cc) to a terrorist organiza-
7	tion described in subclause (I) or
8	(II) of clause (vi) or to any mem-
9	ber of such an organization; or
10	"(dd) to a terrorist organi-
11	zation described in clause
12	(vi)(III), or to any member of
13	such an organization, unless the
14	actor can demonstrate by clear
15	and convincing evidence that the
16	actor did not know, and should
17	not reasonably have known, that
18	the organization was a terrorist
19	organization.
20	This clause shall not apply to any material
21	support the alien afforded to an organiza-
22	tion or individual that has committed ter-
23	rorist activity, if the Secretary of State,
24	after consultation with the Attorney Gen-
25	eral and the Secretary of Homeland Secu-

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	rity, or the Attorney General, after con-
2	sultation with the Secretary of State and
3	the Secretary of Homeland Security, con-
4	cludes in his sole unreviewable discretion,
5	that this clause should not apply.".
6	(c) TERRORIST ORGANIZATION DEFINED.—Section
7	212(a)(3)(B)(vi) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
8	(8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(vi)) is amended to read as fol-
9	lows:
10	"(vi) TERRORIST ORGANIZATION DE-
11	FINED.—As used in this section, the term
12	'terrorist organization' means an organiza-
13	tion—
14	"(I) designated under section
15	219;
16	"(II) otherwise designated, upon
17	publication in the Federal Register, by
18	the Secretary of State in consultation
19	with or upon the request of the Attor-
20	ney General or the Secretary of
21	Homeland Security, as a terrorist or-
22	ganization, after finding that the or-
23	ganization engages in the activities
24	described in subclauses (I) through
25	(VI) of clause (iv); or

	10
1	"(III) that is a group of two or
2	more individuals, whether organized
3	or not, which engages in, or has a
4	subgroup which engages in, the activi-
5	ties described in subclauses (I)
6	through (VI) of clause (iv).".
7	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
8	this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment
9	of this Act, and these amendments, and section
10	212(a)(3)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
11	U.S.C. $1182(a)(3)(B)$ ), as amended by this section, shall
12	apply to—
13	(1) removal proceedings instituted before, on, or
14	after the date of the enactment of this Act; and
15	(2) acts and conditions constituting a ground
16	for inadmissibility, excludability, deportation, or re-
17	moval occurring or existing before, on, or after such
18	date.
19	SEC. 104. REMOVAL OF TERRORISTS.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section $237(a)(4)(B)$ of the
22	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
23	1227(a)(4)(B)) is amended to read as follows:

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1	"(B) TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.—Any alien
2	who is described in subparagraph (B) or (F) of
3	section 212(a)(3) is deportable.".
4	(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
5	by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the
6	enactment of this Act, and the amendment, and sec-
7	tion $237(a)(4)(B)$ of the Immigration and Nation-
8	ality Act (8 U.S.C. $1227(a)(4)(B)$ ), as amended by
9	such paragraph, shall apply to—
10	(A) removal proceedings instituted before,
11	on, or after the date of the enactment of this
12	Act; and
13	(B) acts and conditions constituting a
14	ground for inadmissibility, excludability, depor-
15	tation, or removal occurring or existing before,
16	on, or after such date.
17	(b) REPEAL.—Effective as of the date of the enact-
18	ment of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention
19	Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–458), section 5402 of such
20	Act is repealed, and the Immigration and Nationality Act
21	shall be applied as if such section had not been enacted.
22	SEC. 105. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ORDERS OF REMOVAL.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 242 of the Immigration
24	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252) is amended—
25	(1) in subsection (a)—

$(\mathbf{A})$	in	paragraph	(2)—
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2	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
3	"(statutory or nonstatutory), including sec-
4	tion 2241 of title 28, United States Code,
5	or any other habeas corpus provision, and
6	sections 1361 and 1651 of such title" after
7	"Notwithstanding any other provision of
8	law'';

9 (ii) in each of subparagraphs (B) and (C), by inserting "(statutory or nonstatu-10 tory), including section 2241 of title 28, 11 United States Code, or any other habeas 12 13 corpus provision, and sections 1361 and 14 1651 of such title, and except as provided in subparagraph (D)" after "Notwith-15 standing any other provision of law"; and 16 17 (iii) by adding at the end the fol-18 lowing:

19 "(D) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF CERTAIN 20 LEGAL CLAIMS.—Nothing in subparagraph (B) 21 or (C), or in any other provision of this Act 22 which limits or eliminates judicial review, shall 23 be construed as precluding review of constitutional claims or pure questions of law raised 24 25 upon a petition for review filed with an appropriate court of appeals in accordance with this section."; and

3 (B) by adding at the end the following: "(4) CLAIMS UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS 4 5 CONVENTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision 6 of law (statutory or nonstatutory), including section 7 2241 of title 28, United States Code, or any other 8 habeas corpus provision, and sections 1361 and 9 1651 of such title, a petition for review filed with an 10 appropriate court of appeals in accordance with this 11 section shall be the sole and exclusive means for ju-12 dicial review of any cause or claim under the United 13 Nations Convention Against Torture and Other 14 Forms of Cruel, Inhuman, or Degrading Treatment 15 or Punishment, except as provided in subsection (e).

"(5) EXCLUSIVE MEANS OF REVIEW.—Notwith-16 17 standing any other provision of law (statutory or 18 nonstatutory), including section 2241 of title 28, 19 United States Code, or any other habeas corpus pro-20 vision, and sections 1361 and 1651 of such title, a 21 petition for review filed with an appropriate court of 22 appeals in accordance with this section shall be the 23 sole and exclusive means for judicial review of an 24 order of removal entered or issued under any provi-25 sion of this Act, except as provided in subsection (e).

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1	For purposes of this Act, in every provision that lim-
2	its or eliminates judicial review or jurisdiction to re-
3	view, the terms 'judicial review' and 'jurisdiction to
4	review' include habeas corpus review pursuant to
5	section 2241 of title 28, United States Code, or any
6	other habeas corpus provision, sections 1361 and
7	1651 of such title, and review pursuant to any other
8	provision of law (statutory or nonstatutory).";
9	(2) in subsection (b)—
10	(A) in paragraph $(3)(B)$ , by inserting
11	"pursuant to subsection (f)" after "unless";
12	and
13	(B) in paragraph (9), by adding at the end
14	the following: "Except as otherwise provided in
15	this section, no court shall have jurisdiction, by
16	habeas corpus under section 2241 of title 28,
17	United States Code, or any other habeas corpus
18	provision, by section 1361 or 1651 of such title,
19	or by any other provision of law (statutory or
20	nonstatutory), to review such an order or such
21	questions of law or fact."; and
22	(3) in subsection (g), by inserting "(statutory
23	or nonstatutory), including section 2241 of title 28,
24	United States Code, or any other habeas corpus pro-

1 vision, and sections 1361 and 1651 of such title" 2 after "notwithstanding any other provision of law". 3 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 4 subsection (a) shall take effect upon the date of the enact-5 ment of this Act and shall apply to cases in which the final administrative order of removal, deportation, or ex-6 7 clusion was issued before, on, or after the date of the en-8 actment of this Act.

9 (c) TRANSFER OF CASES.—If an alien's case, brought 10 under section 2241 of title 28, United States Code, and challenging a final administrative order of removal, depor-11 12 tation, or exclusion, is pending in a district court on the 13 date of the enactment of this Act, then the district court shall transfer the case (or the part of the case that chal-14 15 lenges the order of removal, deportation, or exclusion) to the court of appeals for the circuit in which a petition for 16 review could have been properly filed under section 17 242(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8) 18 U.S.C. 1252), as amended by this section, or under section 19 20 309(c)(4)(D) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Im-21 migrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note). 22 The court of appeals shall treat the transferred case as 23 if it had been filed pursuant to a petition for review under 24 such section 242, except that subsection (b)(1) of such 25 section shall not apply.

1 (d) TRANSITIONAL RULE CASES.—A petition for re-2 view filed under former section 106(a) of the Immigration 3 and Nationality Act (as in effect before its repeal by sec-4 tion 306(b) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immi-5 grant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1252 note)) 6 shall be treated as if it had been filed as a petition for review under section 242 of the Immigration and Nation-7 8 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252), as amended by this section. 9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law (statutory or 10 nonstatutory), including section 2241 of title 28, United States Code, or any other habeas corpus provision, and 11 12 sections 1361 and 1651 of such title, such petition for re-13 view shall be the sole and exclusive means for judicial review of an order of deportation or exclusion. 14

## 15 SEC. 106. DELIVERY BONDS.

16 (a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

(1) DELIVERY BOND.—The term "delivery
bond" means a written suretyship undertaking for
the surrender of an individual against whom the Department of Homeland Security has issued an order
to show cause or a notice to appear, the performance
of which is guaranteed by an acceptable surety on
Federal bonds.

24 (2) PRINCIPAL.—The term "principal" means
25 an individual who is the subject of a bond.

1 (3)SURETYSHIP UNDERTAKING.—The term "suretyship undertaking" means a written agree-2 3 ment, executed by a bonding agent on behalf of a 4 surety, which binds all parties to its certain terms 5 and conditions and which provides obligations for 6 the principal and the surety while under the bond 7 and penalties for forfeiture to ensure the obligations 8 of the principal and the surety under the agreement. 9 (4) BONDING AGENT.—The term "bonding 10 agent" means any individual properly licensed, ap-11 proved, and appointed by power of attorney to exe-12 cute or countersign surety bonds in connection with 13 any matter governed by the Immigration and Na-14 tionality Act as amended (8 U.S.C. 1101, et seq.), 15 and who receives a premium for executing or 16 countersigning such surety bonds. 17 (5) SURETY.—The term "surety" means an en-

17 (5) SURETY.—The term "surety" means an en18 tity, as defined by, and that is in compliance with,
19 sections 9304 through 9308 of title 31, United
20 States Code, that agrees—

21 (A) to guarantee the performance, where22 appropriate, of the principal under a bond;

23 (B) to perform the bond as required; and
24 (C) to pay the face amount of the bond as
25 a penalty for failure to perform.

1	(b) VALIDITY, AGENT NOT CO-OBLIGOR, EXPIRA-
2	TION, RENEWAL, AND CANCELLATION OF BONDS.—
3	(1) VALIDITY.—Delivery bond undertakings are
4	valid if such bonds—
5	(A) state the full, correct, and proper
6	name of the alien principal;
7	(B) state the amount of the bond;
8	(C) are guaranteed by a surety and
9	countersigned by an agent who is properly ap-
10	pointed;
11	(D) bond documents are properly executed;
12	and
13	(E) relevant bond documents are properly
14	filed with the Secretary of Homeland Security.
15	(2) BONDING AGENT NOT CO-OBLIGOR, PARTY,
16	OR GUARANTOR IN INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY, AND NO
17	REFUSAL IF ACCEPTABLE SURETY.—Section
18	9304(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
19	by adding at the end the following: "Notwith-
20	standing any other provision of law, no bonding
21	agent of a corporate surety shall be required to exe-
22	cute bonds as a co-obligor, party, or guarantor in an
23	individual capacity on bonds provided by the cor-
24	porate surety, nor shall a corporate surety bond be
25	refused if the corporate surety appears on the cur-

1	rent Treasury Department Circular 570 as a com-
2	pany holding a certificate of authority as an accept-
3	able surety on Federal bonds and attached to the
4	bond is a currently valid instrument showing the au-
5	thority of the bonding agent of the surety company
6	to execute the bond.".
7	(3) EXPIRATION.—A delivery bond undertaking
8	shall expire at the earliest of—
9	(A) 1 year from the date of issue;
10	(B) at the cancellation of the bond or sur-
11	render of the principal; or
12	(C) immediately upon nonpayment of the
13	renewal premium.
14	(4) RENEWAL.—Delivery bonds may be re-
15	newed annually, with payment of proper premium to
16	the surety, if there has been no breach of conditions,
17	default, claim, or forfeiture of the bond. Notwith-
18	standing any renewal, when the alien is surrendered
19	to the Secretary of Homeland Security for removal,
20	the Secretary shall cause the bond to be canceled.
21	(5) CANCELLATION.—Delivery bonds shall be
22	canceled and the surety exonerated—
23	(A) for nonrenewal after the alien has been
24	surrendered to the Department of Homeland
25	Security for removal;

1	(B) if the surety or bonding agent provides
2	reasonable evidence that there was misrepresen-
3	tation or fraud in the application for the bond;
4	(C) upon the death or incarceration of the
5	principal, or the inability of the surety to
6	produce the principal for medical reasons;
7	(D) if the principal is detained by any law
8	enforcement agency of any State, county, city,
9	or any politial subdivision thereof;
10	(E) if it can be established that the alien
11	departed the United States of America for any
12	reason without permission of the Secretary of
13	Homeland Security, the surety, or the bonding
14	agent;
15	(F) if the foreign state of which the prin-
16	cipal is a national is designated pursuant to
17	section 244 of the Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a) after
18	the bond is posted; or
19	(G) if the principal is surrendered to the
20	Department of Homeland Security, removal by
21	the surety or the bonding agent.
22	(6) SURRENDER OF PRINCIPAL; FORFEITURE
23	OF BOND PREMIUM.—
24	(A) SURRENDER.—At any time, before a
25	breach of any of the bond conditions, if in the

1	opinion of the surety or bonding agent, the
2	principal becomes a flight risk, the principal
3	may be surrendered to the Department of
4	Homeland Security for removal.
5	(B) Forfeiture of bond premium.—A
6	principal may be surrendered without the re-
7	turn of any bond premium if the principal—
8	(i) changes address without notifying
9	the surety, the bonding agent, and the Sec-
10	retary of Homeland Security in writing
11	prior to such change;
12	(ii) hides or is concealed from a sur-
13	ety, a bonding agent, or the Secretary;
14	(iii) fails to report to the Secretary as
15	required at least annually; or
16	(iv) violates the contract with the
17	bonding agent or surety, commits any act
18	that may lead to a breach of the bond, or
19	otherwise violates any other obligation or
20	condition of the bond established by the
21	Secretary.
22	(7) Certified Copy of Bond and Arrest
23	WARRANT TO ACCOMPANY SURRENDER.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—A bonding agent or
25	surety desiring to surrender the principal—

1	(i) shall have the right to petition the
2	Secretary of Homeland Security or any
3	Federal court, without having to pay any
4	fees or court costs, for an arrest warrant
5	for the arrest of the principal;
6	(ii) shall forthwith be provided 2 cer-
7	tified copies each of the arrest warrant and
8	the bond undertaking, without having to
9	pay any fees or courts costs; and
10	(iii) shall have the right to pursue, ap-
11	prehend, detain, and surrender the prin-
12	cipal, together with certified copies of the
13	arrest warrant and the bond undertaking,
14	to any Department of Homeland Security
15	detention official or Department detention
16	facility or any detention facility authorized
17	to hold Federal detainees.
18	(B) EFFECTS OF DELIVERY.—Upon sur-
19	render of a principal under subparagraph
20	(A)(iii)—
21	(i) the official to whom the principal
22	is surrendered shall detain the principal in
23	custody and issue a written certificate of
24	surrender; and

1	(ii) the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
2	rity shall immediately exonerate the surety
3	from any further liability on the bond.
4	(8) FORM OF BOND.—Delivery bonds shall in
5	all cases state the following and be secured by a cor-
6	porate surety that is certified as an acceptable sur-
7	ety on Federal bonds and whose name appears on
8	the current Treasury Department Circular 570:
9	"(A) BREACH OF BOND; PROCEDURE, FOR-
10	FEITURE, NOTICE.—
11	"(i) If a principal violates any condi-
12	tions of the delivery bond, or the principal
13	is or becomes subject to a final administra-
14	tive order of deportation or removal, the
15	Secretary of Homeland Security shall—
16	"(I) immediately issue a warrant
17	for the principal's arrest and enter
18	that arrest warrant into the National
19	Crime Information Center (NCIC)
20	computerized information database;
21	"(II) order the bonding agent
22	and surety to take the principal into
23	custody and surrender the principal to
24	any one of 10 designated Department
25	of Homeland Security 'turn-in' cen-

1	ters located nationwide in the areas of
2	greatest need, at any time of day dur-
3	ing 15 months after mailing the ar-
4	rest warrant and the order to the
5	bonding agent and the surety as re-
6	quired by subclause (III), and imme-
7	diately enter that order into the Na-
8	tional Crime Information Center
9	(NCIC) computerized information
10	database; and
11	"(III) mail 2 certified copies each
12	of the arrest warrant issued pursuant
13	to subclause (I) and 2 certified copies
14	each of the order issued pursuant to
15	subclause (II) to only the bonding
16	agent and surety via certified mail re-
17	turn receipt to their last known ad-
18	dresses.
19	"(ii) Bonding agents and sureties
20	shall immediately notify the Secretary of
21	Homeland Security of their changes of ad-
22	dress and/or telephone numbers.
23	"(iii) The Secretary of Homeland Se-
24	curity shall establish, disseminate to bond-
25	ing agents and sureties, and maintain on a

1	current basis a secure nationwide toll-free
2	list of telephone numbers of Department of
3	Homeland Security officials, including the
4	names of such officials, that bonding
5	agents, sureties, and their employees may
6	immediately contact at any time to discuss
7	and resolve any issue regarding any prin-
8	cipal or bond, to be known as 'Points of
9	Contact'.
10	"(iv) A bonding agent or surety shall
11	have full and complete access, free of
12	charge, to any and all information, elec-
13	tronic or otherwise, in the care, custody,
14	and control of the United States Govern-
15	ment or any State or local government or
16	any subsidiary or police agency thereof re-
17	garding the principal that may be helpful
18	in complying with section 105 of the
19	REAL ID Act of 2005 that the Secretary
20	of Homeland Security, by regulations sub-
21	ject to approval by Congress, determines
22	may be helpful in locating or surrendering
23	the principal. Beyond the principal, a
24	bonding agent or surety shall not be re-
25	quired to disclose any information, includ-

- 1 ing but not limited to the arrest warrant 2 and order, received from any governmental 3 source, any person, firm, corporation, or 4 other entity. "(v) If the principal is later arrested, 5 6 detained, or otherwise located outside the 7 United States and the outlying possessions 8 of the United States (as defined in section 9 101(a) of the Immigration and Nationality 10 Act), the Secretary of Homeland Security 11 shall-12 "(I) immediately order that the 13 surety is completely exonerated, and 14 the bond canceled; and 15 "(II) if the Secretary of Home-16 land Security has issued an order 17 under clause (i), the surety may re-18 quest, by written, properly filed mo-19 tion, reinstatement of the bond. This 20 subclause may not be construed to 21 prevent the Secretary of Homeland 22 Security from revoking or resetting a 23 bond at a higher amount. 24 "(vi) The bonding agent or surety
- 25 must—

<ul> <li>"(I) during the 15 months after the date the arrest warrant and order were mailed pursuant to clause (i)(III) surrender the principal one time; or</li> <li>"(II)(aa) provide reasonable evi- dence that producing the principal was prevented—</li> </ul>
were mailed pursuant to clause (i)(III) surrender the principal one time; or "(II)(aa) provide reasonable evi- dence that producing the principal
<ul> <li>(i)(III) surrender the principal one time; or</li> <li>"(II)(aa) provide reasonable evi- dence that producing the principal</li> </ul>
time; or "(II)(aa) provide reasonable evi- dence that producing the principal
"(II)(aa) provide reasonable evi- dence that producing the principal
dence that producing the principal
was provented
was prevented—
"(aaa) by the principal's ill-
ness or death;
"(bbb) because the principal
is detained in custody in any city,
State, country, or any political
subdivision thereof;
"(ccc) because the principal
has left the United States or its
outlying possessions (as defined
in section 101(a) of the Immigra-
tion and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1101(a)); or
"(ddd) because required no-
tice was not given to the bonding
agent or surety; and
"(bb) establish by affidavit that
the inability to produce the principal

1	was not with the consent or conniv-
2	ance of the bonding agent or surety.
3	"(vii) If compliance occurs more than
4	15 months but no more than 18 months
5	after the mailing of the arrest warrant and
6	order to the bonding agent and the surety
7	required under clause (i)(III), an amount
8	equal to 25 percent of the face amount of
9	the bond shall be assessed as a penalty
10	against the surety.
11	"(viii) If compliance occurs more than
12	18 months but no more than 21 months
13	after the mailing of the arrest warrant and
14	order to the bonding agent and the surety
15	required under clause (i)(III), an amount
16	equal to 50 percent of the face amount of
17	the bond shall be assessed as a penalty
18	against the surety.
19	"(ix) If compliance occurs more than
20	21 months but no more than 24 months
21	after the mailing of the arrest warrant and
22	order to the bonding agent and the surety
23	required under clause (i)(III), an amount
24	equal to 75 percent of the face amount of

the bond shall be assessed as a penalty against the surety.

"(x) If compliance occurs 24 months or more after the mailing of the arrest warrant and order to the bonding agent and the surety required under clause (i)(III), an amount equal to 100 percent of the face amount of the bond shall be assessed as a penalty against the surety.

"(xi) If any surety surrenders any 10 11 principal to the Secretary of Homeland Se-12 curity at any time and place after the pe-13 riod for compliance has passed, the Sec-14 retary of Homeland Security shall cause to 15 be issued to that surety an amount equal 16 to 50 percent of the face amount of the 17 bond: Provided, however, That if that sur-18 ety owes any penalties on bonds to the 19 United States, the amount that surety 20 would otherwise receive shall be offset by 21 and applied as a credit against the amount 22 of penalties on bonds it owes the United 23 States, and then that surety shall receive 24 the remainder of the amount to which it is 25 entitled under this subparagraph, if any.

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1	"(xii) All penalties assessed against a
2	surety on a bond, if any, shall be paid by
3	the surety no more than 27 months after
4	the mailing of the arrest warrant and
5	order to the bonding agent and the surety
6	required under clause (i)(III).
7	"(B) The Secretary of Homeland Security
8	may waive penalties or extend the period for
9	payment or both, if—
10	"(i) a written request is filed with the
11	Secretary of Homeland Security; and
12	"(ii) the bonding agent or surety pro-
13	vides an affidavit that diligent efforts were
14	made to effect compliance of the principal.
15	"(C) Compliance; exoneration; limita-
16	TION OF LIABILITY.—
17	"(i) COMPLIANCE.—A bonding agent
18	or surety shall have the absolute right to
19	locate, apprehend, arrest, detain, and sur-
20	render any principal, wherever he or she
21	may be found, who violates any of the
22	terms and conditions of his or her bond.
23	"(ii) EXONERATION.—Upon satisfying
24	any of the requirements of the bond, the
25	surety shall be completely exonerated.

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1	"(iii) LIMITATION OF LIABILITY
2	Notwithstanding any other provision of
3	law, the total liability on any surety under-
4	taking shall not exceed the face amount of
5	the bond.".

6 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of this section 7 shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act 8 and shall apply to bonds and surety undertakings executed 9 before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act. 10 SEC. 107. RELEASE OF ALIENS IN REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS. 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 236(a)(2) of the Immi-12 gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1226(a)(2)) is 13 amended to read as follows:

"(2) subject to such reasonable regulations as 14 15 the Secretary of Homeland Security may prescribe, 16 shall permit agents, servants, and employees of cor-17 porate sureties to visit in person with individuals de-18 tained by the Secretary of and, subject to section 19 241(a)(8), may release the alien on a delivery bond 20 of at least \$10,000, with security approved by the 21 Secretary, and containing conditions and procedures 22 prescribed by section 105 of the REAL ID Act of 23 2005 and by the Secretary, but the Secretary shall 24 not release the alien on or to his own recognizance 25 unless an order of an immigration judge expressly finds and states in a signed order to release the
 alien to his own recognizance that the alien is not
 a flight risk and is not a threat to the United
 States".

5 (b) REPEAL.—Section 286(r) of the Immigration and
6 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(r)) is repealed.

7 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
8 subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enact9 ment of this Act.

### 10 SEC. 108. DETENTION OF ALIENS DELIVERED BY BONDS 11 MEN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 241(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(a)) is amended
by adding at the end the following:

"(8) EFFECT OF PRODUCTION OF ALIEN BY 15 16 BONDSMAN.—Notwithstanding any other provision 17 of law, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall 18 take into custody any alien subject to a final order 19 of removal, and cancel any bond previously posted 20 for the alien, if the alien is produced within the pre-21 scribed time limit by the obligor on the bond wheth-22 er or not the Department of Homeland Security ac-23 cepts custody of the alien. The obligor on the bond 24 shall be deemed to have substantially performed all 25 conditions imposed by the terms of the bond, and shall be released from liability on the bond, if the
 alien is produced within such time limit.".
 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
 subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enact ment of this Act and shall apply to all immigration bonds
 posted before, on, or after such date.
 **TITLE II—IMPROVED SECURITY**

### 8 FOR DRIVERS' LICENSES AND

### 9 PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION

#### 10 **CARDS**

#### 11 SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

12 In this title, the following definitions apply:

(1) DRIVER'S LICENSE.—The term "driver's license" means a motor vehicle operator's license, as
defined in section 30301 of title 49, United States
Code.

17 (2) IDENTIFICATION CARD.—The term "identi18 fication card" means a personal identification card,
19 as defined in section 1028(d) of title 18, United
20 States Code, issued by a State.

21 (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
22 the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(4) STATE.—The term "State" means a State
of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa,

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1	the Northern Mariana Islands, the Trust Territory
2	of the Pacific Islands, and any other territory or
3	possession of the United States.
4	SEC. 202. MINIMUM DOCUMENT REQUIREMENTS AND
5	ISSUANCE STANDARDS FOR FEDERAL REC-
6	OGNITION.
7	(a) Minimum Standards for Federal Use.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning 3 years after the
9	date of the enactment of this Act, a Federal agency
10	may not accept, for any official purpose, a driver's
11	license or identification card issued by a State to
12	any person unless the State is meeting the require-
13	ments of this section.
14	(2) STATE CERTIFICATIONS.—The Secretary
15	shall determine whether a State is meeting the re-
16	quirements of this section based on certifications
17	made by the State to the Secretary of Transpor-
18	tation. Such certifications shall be made at such
19	times and in such manner as the Secretary of
20	Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of
21	Homeland Security, may prescribe by regulation.
22	(b) MINIMUM DOCUMENT REQUIREMENTS.—To meet
23	the requirements of this section, a State shall include, at
24	a minimum, the following information and features on

each driver's license and identification card issued to a 1 2 person by the State: 3 (1) The person's full legal name. 4 (2) The person's date of birth. 5 (3) The person's gender. 6 (4) The person's driver's license or identifica-7 tion card number. 8 (5) A digital photograph of the person. 9 (6) The person's address of principle residence. 10 (7) The person's signature. 11 (8) Physical security features designed to pre-12 vent tampering, counterfeiting, or duplication of the 13 document for fraudulent purposes. 14 (9) A common machine-readable technology, 15 with defined minimum data elements. 16 (c) MINIMUM ISSUANCE STANDARDS.— 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—To meet the requirements of 18 this section, a State shall require, at a minimum, 19 presentation and verification of the following infor-20 mation before issuing a driver's license or identifica-21 tion card to a person: 22 (A) A photo identity document, except that 23 a non-photo identity document is acceptable if 24 it includes both the person's full legal name and 25 date of birth.

1	(B) Documentation showing the person's
2	date of birth.
3	(C) Proof of the person's social security
4	account number or verification that the person
5	is not eligible for a social security account num-
6	ber.
7	(D) Documentation showing the person's
8	name and address of principal residence.
9	(2) Special requirements.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—To meet the require-
11	ments of this section, a State shall comply with
12	the minimum standards of this paragraph.
13	(B) EVIDENCE OF LAWFUL STATUS.—A
14	State shall require, before issuing a driver's li-
15	cense or identification card to a person, valid
16	documentary evidence that the person—
17	(i) is a citizen of the United States;
18	(ii) is an alien lawfully admitted for
19	permanent or temporary residence in the
20	United States;
21	(iii) has conditional permanent resi-
22	dent status in the United States;
23	(iv) has an approved application for
24	asylum in the United States or has entered
25	into the United States in refugee status;

a valid, unexpired 1 has  $(\mathbf{v})$ non-2 immigrant visa or nonimmigrant visa status for entry into the United States; 3 4 (vi) has a pending application for asylum in the United States; 5 6 (vii) has a pending or approved appli-7 cation for temporary protected status in 8 the United States; 9 (viii) has approved deferred action 10 status; or 11 (ix) has a pending application for ad-12 justment of status to that of an alien law-13 fully admitted for permanent residence in 14 the United States or conditional perma-15 nent resident status in the United States. (C) TEMPORARY DRIVERS' LICENSES AND 16 17 IDENTIFICATION CARDS.— 18 (i) IN GENERAL.—If a person pre-19 sents evidence under any of clauses (v) 20 through (ix) of subparagraph (B), the 21 State may only issue a temporary driver's 22 license or temporary identification card to 23 the person.

24 (ii) EXPIRATION DATE.—A temporary
25 driver's license or temporary identification

1	card issued pursuant to this subparagraph
2	shall be valid only during the period of
3	time of the applicant's authorized stay in
4	the United States or, if there is no definite
5	end to the period of authorized stay, a pe-
6	riod of one year.
7	(iii) DISPLAY OF EXPIRATION
8	DATE.—A temporary driver's license or
9	temporary identification card issued pursu-
10	ant to this subparagraph shall clearly indi-
11	cate that it is temporary and shall state
12	the date on which it expires.
13	(iv) RENEWAL.—A temporary driver's
14	license or temporary identification card
15	issued pursuant to this subparagraph may
16	be renewed only upon presentation of valid
17	documentary evidence that the status by
18	which the applicant qualified for the tem-
19	porary driver's license or temporary identi-
20	fication card has been extended by the Sec-
21	retary of Homeland Security.
22	(3) VERIFICATION OF DOCUMENTS.—To meet
23	the requirements of this section, a State shall imple-
24	ment the following procedures:

1	(A) Before issuing a driver's license or
2	identification card to a person, the State shall
3	verify, with the issuing agency, the issuance, va-
4	lidity, and completeness of each document re-
5	quired to be presented by the person under
6	paragraph $(1)$ or $(2)$ .
7	(B) The State shall not accept any foreign
8	document, other than an official passport, to
9	satisfy a requirement of paragraph $(1)$ or $(2)$ .
10	(C) Not later than September 11, 2005,
11	the State shall enter into a memorandum of un-
12	derstanding with the Secretary of Homeland
13	Security to routinely utilize the automated sys-
14	tem known as Systematic Alien Verification for
15	Entitlements, as provided for by section 404 of
16	the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant
17	Responsibility Act of 1996 (110 Stat. 3009–
18	664), to verify the legal presence status of a
19	person, other than a United States citizen, ap-
20	plying for a driver's license or identification
21	card.
22	(d) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—To meet the require-
23	ments of this section, a State shall adopt the following
24	practices in the issuance of drivers' licenses and identifica-

25 tion cards:

(1) Employ technology to capture digital images
 of identity source documents so that the images can
 be retained in electronic storage in a transferable
 format.

5 (2) Retain paper copies of source documents for
6 a minimum of 7 years or images of source docu7 ments presented for a minimum of 10 years.

8 (3) Subject each person applying for a driver's
9 license or identification card to mandatory facial
10 image capture.

(4) Establish an effective procedure to confirmor verify a renewing applicant's information.

13 (5) Confirm with the Social Security Adminis-14 tration a social security account number presented 15 by a person using the full social security account 16 number. In the event that a social security account 17 number is already registered to or associated with 18 another person to which any State has issued a driv-19 er's license or identification card, the State shall re-20 solve the discrepancy and take appropriate action.

(6) Refuse to issue a driver's license or identification card to a person holding a driver's license
issued by another State without confirmation that
the person is terminating or has terminated the driver's license.

1	(7) Ensure the physical security of locations
2	where drivers' licenses and identification cards are
3	produced and the security of document materials
4	and papers from which drivers' licenses and identi-
5	fication cards are produced.
6	(8) Subject all persons authorized to manufac-
7	ture or produce drivers' licenses and identification
8	cards to appropriate security clearance requirements.
9	(9) Establish fraudulent document recognition
10	training programs for appropriate employees en-
11	gaged in the issuance of drivers' licenses and identi-
12	fication cards.
13	(10) Limit the period of validity of all driver's
14	licenses and identification cards that are not tem-
15	porary to a period that does not exceed 8 years.
16	SEC. 203. LINKING OF DATABASES.
17	(a) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive any grant
18	or other type of financial assistance made available under
19	this title, a State shall participate in the interstate com-
20	pact regarding sharing of driver license data, known as
21	the "Driver License Agreement", in order to provide elec-
22	tronic access by a State to information contained in the
23	motor vehicle databases of all other States.

(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR INFORMATION.—A State 1 2 motor vehicle database shall contain, at a minimum, the 3 following information: 4 (1) All data fields printed on drivers' licenses 5 and identification cards issued by the State. 6 (2) Motor vehicle drivers' histories, including 7 motor vehicle violations, suspensions, and points on 8 licenses. 9 SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN AUTHENTICATION FEATURES 10 FOR USE IN FALSE IDENTIFICATION DOCU-11 MENTS. 12 (a) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Section 1028(a)(8) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "false au-13 thentication features" and inserting "false or actual au-14 15 thentication features". (b) USE OF FALSE DRIVER'S LICENSE AT AIR-16 17 PORTS. 18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter, 19 into the appropriate aviation security screening 20 database, appropriate information regarding any 21 person convicted of using a false driver's license at 22 an airport (as such term is defined in section 40102 23 of title 49, United States Code). 24 (2) FALSE DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "false" has the same meaning such term has 25

under section 1028(d) of title 18, United States
 Code.

#### 3 SEC. 205. GRANTS TO STATES.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants
5 to a State to assist the State in conforming to the min6 imum standards set forth in this title.

7 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
8 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for
9 each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2009 such sums as
10 may be necessary to carry out this title.

#### 11 SEC. 206. AUTHORITY.

(a) PARTICIPATION OF SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION AND STATES.—All authority to issue regulations,
set standards, and issue grants under this title shall be
carried out by the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation and the States.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS.—All authority
to certify compliance with standards under this title shall
be carried out by the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the
States.

(c) EXTENSIONS OF DEADLINES.—The Secretary
may grant to a State an extension of time to meet the
requirements of section 202(a)(1) if the State provides
adequate justification for noncompliance.

#### 1 SEC. 207. REPEAL.

2 Section 7212 of the Intelligence Reform and Ter3 rorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–458) is
4 repealed.

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#### 5 SEC. 208. LIMITATION ON STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title shall be construed to affect the
authorities or responsibilities of the Secretary of Transportation or the States under chapter 303 of title 49,
United States Code.

# 10**TITLEIII—BORDERINFRA**-11**STRUCTUREANDTECH**-12**NOLOGY INTEGRATION**

#### 13 SEC. 301. VULNERABILITY AND THREAT ASSESSMENT.

14 (a) STUDY.—The Under Secretary of Homeland Se-15 curity for Border and Transportation Security, in con-16 sultation with the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Science and Technology and the Under Secretary of 17 Homeland Security for Information Analysis and Infra-18 19 structure Protection, shall study the technology, equippersonnel address 20 ment, and needed to security 21 vulnerabilities within the United States for each field of-22 fice of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection that 23 has responsibility for any portion of the United States bor-24 ders with Canada and Mexico. The Under Secretary shall 25 conduct follow-up studies at least once every 5 years.

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(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Under Secretary
 shall submit a report to Congress on the Under Sec retary's findings and conclusions from each study con ducted under subsection (a) together with legislative rec ommendations, as appropriate, for addressing any security
 vulnerabilities found by the study.

7 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 8 are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of 9 Homeland Security Directorate of Border and Transpor-10 tation Security such sums as may be necessary for fiscal 11 years 2006 through 2011 to carry out any such rec-12 ommendations from the first study conducted under sub-13 section (a).

### 14 SEC. 302. USE OF GROUND SURVEILLANCE TECHNOLOGIES 15 FOR BORDER SECURITY.

16 (a) PILOT PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days after 17 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Science and Technology, in con-18 19 sultation with the Under Secretary of Homeland Security 20 for Border and Transportation Security, the Under Sec-21 retary of Homeland Security for Information Analysis and 22 Infrastructure Protection, and the Secretary of Defense, 23 shall develop a pilot program to utilize, or increase the 24 utilization of, ground surveillance technologies to enhance

the border security of the United States. In developing the
 program, the Under Secretary shall—

3 (1) consider various current and proposed
4 ground surveillance technologies that could be uti5 lized to enhance the border security of the United
6 States;

7 (2) assess the threats to the border security of
8 the United States that could be addressed by the
9 utilization of such technologies; and

(3) assess the feasibility and advisability of utilizing such technologies to address such threats, including an assessment of the technologies considered
best suited to address such threats.

14 (b) Additional Requirements.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The pilot program shall include the utilization of a variety of ground surveillance technologies in a variety of topographies and
areas (including both populated and unpopulated
areas) on both the northern and southern borders of
the United States in order to evaluate, for a range
of circumstances—

(A) the significance of previous experiences
with such technologies in homeland security or
critical infrastructure protection for the utilization of such technologies for border security;

1	(B) the cost, utility, and effectiveness of
2	such technologies for border security; and
3	(C) liability, safety, and privacy concerns
4	relating to the utilization of such technologies
5	for border security.
6	(2) TECHNOLOGIES.—The ground surveillance
7	technologies utilized in the pilot program shall in-
8	clude the following:
9	(A) Video camera technology.
10	(B) Sensor technology.
11	(C) Motion detection technology.
12	(c) Implementation.—The Under Secretary of
13	Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Secu-
14	rity shall implement the pilot program developed under
15	this section.
16	(d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after imple-
17	menting the pilot program under subsection (a), the
18	Under Secretary shall submit a report on the program to
19	the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
20	portation, the House of Representatives Committee on
21	Science, the House of Representatives Committee on
22	Homeland Security, and the House of Representatives
23	Committee on the Judiciary. The Under Secretary shall
24	include in the report a description of the program together
25	with such recommendations as the Under Secretary finds

appropriate, including recommendations for terminating
 the program, making the program permanent, or enhanc ing the program.

## 4 SEC. 303. ENHANCEMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS INTEGRA5 TION AND INFORMATION SHARING ON BOR6 DER SECURITY.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 8 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Home-9 land Security, acting through the Under Secretary of 10 Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Home-11 land Security for Science and Technology, the Under Sec-12 13 retary of Homeland Security for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, the Assistant Secretary of Com-14 15 merce for Communications and Information, and other appropriate Federal, State, local, and tribal agencies, shall 16 develop and implement a plan— 17

(1) to improve the communications systems of
the departments and agencies of the Federal Government in order to facilitate the integration of communications among the departments and agencies of
the Federal Government and State, local government
agencies, and Indian tribal agencies on matters relating to border security; and

(2) to enhance information sharing among the
 departments and agencies of the Federal Govern ment, State and local government agencies, and In dian tribal agencies on such matters.

5 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after implementing the plan under subsection (a), the Secretary shall 6 7 submit a copy of the plan and a report on the plan, including any recommendations the Secretary finds appropriate, 8 9 to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the House of Representatives Committee 10 11 on Science, the House of Representatives Committee on 12 Homeland Security, and the House of Representatives Committee on the Judiciary. 13

Passed the House of Representatives February 10, 2005.

Attest:

JEFF TRANDAHL, *Clerk.*