109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 5253

AN ACT

To prohibit price gouging in the sale of gasoline, diesel fuel, crude oil, and home heating oil, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Energy Price
- 3 Protection Act of 2006".

4 SEC. 2. GASOLINE PRICE GOUGING PROHIBITED.

- 5 (a) Unlawful Conduct.—
- (1) Unfair and deceptive act or practice.—It shall be an unfair or deceptive act or practice in violation of section 5 of the Federal Trade
 Commission Act for any person to sell crude oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, home heating oil, or any biofuel at
 a price that constitutes price gouging as defined by
 rule pursuant to subsection (b).
 - (2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "biofuel" means any fuel containing any organic matter that is available on a renewable or recurring basis, including agricultural crops and trees, wood and wood wastes and residues, plants (including aquatic plants), grasses, residues, fibers, and animal wastes, municipal wastes, and other waste materials.

21 (b) Price Gouging.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade Commission shall promulgate, in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code,

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any rules necessary for the enforcement of this section.

(2) CONTENTS.—Such rules—

- (A) shall define "price gouging", "retail sale", and "wholesale sale" for purposes of this Act; and
- (B) shall be consistent with the requirements for declaring unfair acts or practices in section 5(n) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45(n)).

(c) Enforcement.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (d), a violation of subsection (a) shall be treated as a violation of a rule defining an unfair or deceptive act or practice prescribed under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)). The Federal Trade Commission shall enforce this Act in the same manner, by the same means, and with the same jurisdiction as though all applicable terms and provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act were incorporated into and made a part of this Act.
- (2) EXCLUSIVE ENFORCEMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person, State, or political subdivision of a State, other than

1	the Federal Trade Commission or the Attorney Gen-
2	eral of the United States to the extent provided for
3	in section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act
4	or the attorney general of a State as provided by
5	subsection (d), shall have any authority to enforce
6	this Act or any rule prescribed pursuant to this Act
7	(d) Enforcement by State Attorneys Gen-
8	ERAL.—
9	(1) CIVIL ACTION.—In any case in which the
10	attorney general of a State has reason to believe
11	that an interest of the residents of that State has
12	been or is threatened or adversely affected by any
13	person who violates subsection (a), the attorney gen-
14	eral, as parens patriae, may bring a civil action or
15	behalf of the residents of the State in a district
16	court of the United States of appropriate jurisdic-
17	tion—
18	(A) to enjoin further violation of such sec-
19	tion by the defendant;
20	(B) to compel compliance with such sec-
21	tion; or
22	(C) to impose a civil penalty under sub-
23	section (e).
24	(2) Intervention by the ftc.—

1	(A) NOTICE AND INTERVENTION.—The					
2	State shall provide prior written notice of any					
3	action under paragraph (1) to the Federal					
4	Trade Commission and provide the Commission					
5	with a copy of its complaint, except in any case					
6	in which such prior notice is not feasible, in					
7	which case the State shall serve such notice im-					
8	mediately upon instituting such action. The					
9	Commission shall have the right—					
10	(i) to intervene in the action;					
11	(ii) upon so intervening, to be heard					
12	on all matters arising therein; and					
13	(iii) to file petitions for appeal.					
14	(B) Limitation on state action while					
15	FEDERAL ACTION IS PENDING.—If the Commis-					
16	sion has instituted a civil action for violation of					
17	this Act, no attorney general of a State may					
18	bring an action under this subsection during					
19	the pendency of that action against any defend-					
20	ant named in the complaint of the Commission					
21	for any violation of this Act alleged in the com-					
22	plaint.					
23	(3) Construction with respect to powers					
24	CONFERRED BY STATE LAW.—For purposes of					
25	bringing any civil action under paragraph (1), noth-					

1	ing in this Act shall be construed to prevent an at-					
2	torney general of a State from exercising the powers					
3	conferred on the attorney general by the laws of that					
4	State.					
5	(e) CIVIL PENALTY.—					
6	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any civil					
7	penalty that otherwise applies to a violation of a rule					
8	referred to in subsection (c)(1), any person who vio-					
9	lates subsection (a) shall be liable for a civil penalty					
10	under this subsection.					
11	(2) Amount.—The amount of a civil penalty					
12	under this subsection shall be an amount equal to—					
13	(A) in the case of a wholesale sale in viola-					
14	tion of subsection (a), the sum of—					
15	(i) 3 times the difference between—					
16	(I) the total amount charged in					
17	the wholesale sale; and					
18	(II) the total amount that would					
19	be charged in such a wholesale sale					
20	made at the wholesale fair market					
21	price; plus					
22	(ii) an amount not to exceed					
23	\$3,000,000 per day of a continuing viola-					
24	tion; or					

1	(B) in the case of a retail sale in violation					
2	of subsection (a), 3 times the difference be-					
3	tween—					
4	(i) the total amount charged in the					
5	sale; and					
6	(ii) the total amount that would be					
7	charged in such a sale at the fair market					
8	price for such a sale.					
9	(3) Deposit.—Of the amount of any civil pen-					
10	alty imposed under this section with respect to any					
11	sale in violation of subsection (a) to a person that					
12	resides in a State, the portion of such amount that					
13	is determined under subparagraph (A)(i) or (B) (or					
14	both) of paragraph (2) shall be deposited into—					
15	(A) any account or fund established under					
16	the laws of the State and used for paying com-					
17	pensation to consumers for violations of State					
18	consumer protection laws; or					
19	(B) in the case of a State for which no					
20	such account or fund is establish by State law,					
21	into the general fund of the State treasury.					
22	(f) Criminal Penalty.—					
23	(1) In general.—In addition to any other					
24	penalty that applies, a violation of subsection (a) is					
25	punishable—					

1	(A) in the case of a wholesale sale in viola-					
2	tion of subsection (a), by a fine of not more					
3	than \$150,000,000, imprisonment for not mor					
4	than 2 years, or both; or					
5	(B) in the case of a retail sale in violation					
6	of subsection (a), by a fine of not more than					
7	\$2,000,000, imprisonment for not more than 2					
8	years, or both.					
9	(2) Enforcement.—The criminal penalty pro					
10	vided by paragraph (1) may be imposed only pursu-					
11	ant to a criminal action brought by the Attorney					
12	General or other officer of the Department of Jus-					
13	tice, or any attorney specially appointed by the At					
14	torney General, in accordance with section 515 o					
15	title 28, United States Code.					
	Passed the House of Representatives May 3, 2006.					
	Attest:					

Clerk.

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