^{109TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 5295

AN ACT

To protect students and teachers.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Student and Teacher3 Safety Act of 2006".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) The United States Department of Edu-7 cation's National Center for Education Statistics re-8 ported in the 2005 Indicators of School Crime and 9 Safety that in 2003 seventeen percent of students in 10 grades 9-12 reported they carried a weapon. Six per-11 cent reported having carried a weapon on school 12 grounds.

(2) The same survey reported that 29 percent
of all students in grades 9-12 reported that someone
offered, sold, or gave them an illegal drug on school
property within the last 12 months.

17 (3) The United States Constitution's Fourth
18 Amendment guarantees "the right of the people to
19 be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and ef20 fects, against unreasonable searches and seizures".

(4) That while the Supreme Court affirmed the
Fourth Amendment's application to students in public schools in New Jersey vs. TLO (1985), the Court
held that searches of students by school officials do
not require warrants issued by judges showing prob-

1	able cause. The Court will ordinarily hold that such
2	a search is permissible if—
3	(A) there are reasonable grounds for sus-
4	pecting the search will reveal evidence that the
5	student violated the law or school rules; and
6	(B) the measures used to conduct the
7	search are reasonably related to the search's ob-
8	jectives, without being excessively intrusive in
9	light of the student's age, sex, and nature of
10	the offense.
11	(5) The Supreme Court held in Board of Edu-
12	cation of Independent Sch. Dist. 92 of Pottawatomie
13	County vs. Earls (2002) that random drug testing
14	of students who were participating in extracurricular
15	activities was reasonable and did not violate the
16	Fourth Amendment. The Court stated that such
17	search policies effectively serve the School Districts
18	interest in protecting its students' health and safety.
19	SEC. 3. SEARCHES BASED ON REASONABLE SUSPICION.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—Each local educational agency
21	shall have in effect throughout the jurisdiction of the
22	agency policies that ensure that a search described in sub-
23	section (b) is deemed reasonable and permissible.
24	(b) SEARCHES COVERED.—A search referred to in
25	subsection (a) is a search by a full-time teacher or school

official, acting on any reasonable suspicion based on pro-1 fessional experience and judgment, of any minor student 2 3 on the grounds of any public school, if the search is con-4 ducted to ensure that classrooms, school buildings, school 5 property and students remain free from the threat of all weapons, dangerous materials, or illegal narcotics. The 6 7 measures used to conduct any search must be reasonably 8 related to the search's objectives, without being excessively 9 intrusive in light of the student's age, sex, and the nature 10 of the offense.

11SEC. 4. ENCOURAGEMENT TO PROTECT STUDENTS AND12TEACHERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—A local educational agency that
fails to comply with section 3 shall not, during the period
of noncompliance, receive any Safe and Drug Free School
funds after fiscal year 2008.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "Safe and
Drug Free School funds" includes any funds under Part
A of Title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education
Act of 1965.

Passed the House of Representatives September 19, 2006.

Attest:

109TH CONGRESS H. R. 5295

AN ACT

To protect students and teachers.