109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5602

To authorize the extension of nondiscriminatory treatment (normal trade relations treatment) to the products of Vietnam.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 13, 2006

Mr. Ramstad (for himself, Mr. Thompson of California, Mr. Ryan of Wisconsin, Mr. Kline, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Weller, Mr. Herger, Mr. Jefferson, Mr. Evans, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Meeks of New York, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Cardoza, Mr. Case, Mr. Cuellar, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Emanuel, Ms. Eshoo, Mr. Hinojosa, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Mr. Smith of Washington, Mr. Leach, Mrs. Biggert, Mrs. Johnson of Connecticut, Mr. McCrery, Mrs. Tauscher, Mr. Lewis of Kentucky, Mr. Kolbe, Mr. Matheson, Mr. Boswell, Mr. Cramer, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mrs. Maloney, Mr. Serrano, Mr. Skelton, Mr. Brady of Texas, Mr. Dreier, Mr. Davis of Alabama, Mr. Kind, Ms. Hooley, and Mr. Gilchrest) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To authorize the extension of nondiscriminatory treatment (normal trade relations treatment) to the products of Vietnam.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
- 4 Congress finds the following:

- (1) In July 1995, President Bill Clinton announced the formal normalization of diplomatic relations between the United States and Vietnam.
 - (2) Vietnam has taken cooperative steps with the United States under the United States Joint POW/MIA Accounting Command (formerly the Joint Task Force-Full Accounting) established in 1992 by President George H.W. Bush to provide the fullest possible accounting of MIA and POW cases.
 - (3) In 2000, the United States and Vietnam concluded a bilateral trade agreement that included commitments on goods, services, intellectual property rights, and investment. The agreement was approved by joint resolution enacted pursuant to section 405(c) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2435(c)), and entered into force in December 2001.
 - (4) Since 2001, normal trade relations treatment has consistently been extended to Vietnam pursuant to title IV of the Trade Act of 1974.
 - (5) Vietnam has undertaken significant marketbased economic reforms, including the reduction of government subsidies, tariffs and nontariff barriers, and extensive legal reform. These measures have dramatically improved Vietnam's business and investment climate.

- 1 dramatically improved Vietnam's business and in-2 vestment climate.
- 3 (6) Vietnam is in the process of acceding to the 4 World Trade Organization. On May 31, 2006, the
- 5 United States and Vietnam signed a comprehensive
- 6 bilateral agreement providing greater market access
- 7 for goods and services and other trade liberalizing
- 8 commitments as part of the World Trade Organiza-
- 9 tion accession process.
- 10 SEC. 2. TERMINATION OF APPLICATION OF TITLE IV OF
- 11 THE TRADE ACT OF 1974 TO VIETNAM.
- 12 (a) Presidential Determinations and Exten-
- 13 SION OF NON-DISCRIMINATORY TREATMENT.—Notwith-
- 14 standing any provision of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974
- 15 (19 U.S.C. 2431 et seq.), the President may—
- 16 (1) determine that such title should no longer
- apply to Vietnam; and
- 18 (2) after making a determination under para-
- graph (1) with respect to Vietnam, proclaim the ex-
- 20 tension of nondiscriminatory treatment (normal
- trade relations treatment) to the products of that
- country.
- (b) Termination of the Applicability of Title
- 24 IV.—On and after the effective date of the extension of
- 25 nondiscriminatory treatment to the products of Vietnam

- 1 under subsection (a), title IV of the Trade Act of 1974
- 2 shall cease to apply to that country.

 \bigcirc