# Calendar No. 453

110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



[Report No. 110-209]

To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 26, 2007

Mr. ROCKEFELLER, from the Select Committee on Intelligence, reported the following original bill; which was read twice and placed on the calendar

# A BILL

To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 Amend6 ments Act of 2007" or the "FISA Amendments Act of
7 2007".

# 1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

# 2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

### TITLE I—FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE

- Sec. 101. Targeting the communications of certain persons outside the United States.
- Sec. 102. Statement of exclusive means by which electronic surveillance and interception of domestic communications may be conducted.
- Sec. 103. Submittal to Congress of certain court orders under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 104. Applications for court orders.
- Sec. 105. Issuance of an order.
- Sec. 106. Use of information.
- Sec. 107. Amendments for physical searches.
- Sec. 108. Amendments for emergency pen registers and trap and trace devices.
- Sec. 109. Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.
- Sec. 110. Technical and conforming amendments.

### TITLE II—PROTECTIONS FOR ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PROVIDERS

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Limitations on civil actions for electronic communication service providers.
- Sec. 203. Procedures for implementing statutory defenses under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 204. Preemption of State investigations.
- Sec. 205. Technical amendments.

### TITLE III—OTHER PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Severability.

Sec. 302. Effective date; repeal; transition procedures.

# 3 4

# INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE

TITLE I—FOREIGN

## 5 SEC. 101. TARGETING THE COMMUNICATIONS OF CERTAIN

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### PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-

8 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended—

9 (1) by striking title VII; and

- 10 (2) by adding after title VI the following new
- 11 title:

# TITLE VII—ADDITIONAL PROCE DURES FOR TARGETING COM MUNICATIONS OF CERTAIN PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

# 6 "SEC. 701. LIMITATION ON DEFINITION OF ELECTRONIC 7 SURVEILLANCE.

8 "Nothing in the definition of electronic surveillance 9 under section 101(f) shall be construed to encompass sur-10 veillance that is targeted in accordance with this title at 11 a person reasonably believed to be located outside the 12 United States.

# 13 "SEC. 702. DEFINITIONS.

''(a) IN GENERAL.—The terms 'agent of a foreign
power', 'Attorney General', 'contents', 'electronic surveillance', 'foreign intelligence information', 'foreign power',
'minimization procedures', 'person', 'United States', and
'United States person' shall have the meanings given such
terms in section 101, except as specifically provided in this
title.

21 "(b) Additional Definitions.—

22 "(1) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMIT23 TEES.—The term 'congressional intelligence commit24 tees' means—

	1
1	"(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence
2	of the Senate; and
3	"(B) the Permanent Select Committee on
4	Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
5	"(2) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
6	COURT; COURT.—The terms 'Foreign Intelligence
7	Surveillance Court' and 'Court' mean the court es-
8	tablished by section 103(a).
9	"(3) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
10	COURT OF REVIEW; COURT OF REVIEW.—The terms
11	'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review'
12	and 'Court of Review' mean the court established by
13	section 103(b).
14	"(4) Electronic communication service
15	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication
16	service provider' means—
17	"(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
18	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
19	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);
20	"(B) a provider of electronic communica-
21	tions service, as that term is defined in section
22	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
23	"(C) a provider of a remote computing
24	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
25	of title 18, United States Code;

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1	"(D) any other communication service pro-
2	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-
3	munications either as such communications are
4	transmitted or as such communications are
5	stored; or
6	"(E) an officer, employee, or agent of an
7	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
8	or (D).
9	"(5) Element of the intelligence commu-
10	NITY.—The term 'element of the intelligence com-
11	munity' means an element of the intelligence com-
12	munity specified in or designated under section $3(4)$
13	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
14	401a(4)).
15	"SEC. 703. PROCEDURES FOR ACQUIRING THE COMMU-
16	NICATIONS OF CERTAIN PERSONS OUTSIDE
16 17	NICATIONS OF CERTAIN PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
17	THE UNITED STATES.
17 18	<b>THE UNITED STATES.</b> "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other
17 18 19	THE UNITED STATES. "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Attorney General and the Director of National
17 18 19 20	THE UNITED STATES. "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Attorney General and the Director of National Intelligence may authorize jointly, for periods of up to 1
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	THE UNITED STATES. "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Attorney General and the Director of National Intelligence may authorize jointly, for periods of up to 1 year, the targeting of persons reasonably believed to be
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	THE UNITED STATES. "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Attorney General and the Director of National Intelligence may authorize jointly, for periods of up to 1 year, the targeting of persons reasonably believed to be located outside the United States to acquire foreign intel-
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	THE UNITED STATES. "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Attorney General and the Director of National Intelligence may authorize jointly, for periods of up to 1 year, the targeting of persons reasonably believed to be located outside the United States to acquire foreign intel- ligence information.

1	"(1) may not intentionally target any person
2	known at the time of acquisition to be located in the
3	United States;
4	"(2) may not intentionally target a person rea-
5	sonably believed to be outside the United States if
6	the purpose of such acquisition is to target for sur-
7	veillance a particular, known person reasonably be-
8	lieved to be in the United States, except in accord-
9	ance with title I; and
10	"(3) shall be conducted in a manner consistent
11	with the fourth amendment to the Constitution of
12	the United States.
13	"(c) United States Persons Located Outside
14	THE UNITED STATES.—
15	"(1) Acquisition inside the united states
16	OF UNITED STATES PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED
17	STATES.—An acquisition authorized by subsection
18	(a) that occurs inside the United States may not
19	target a United States person except in accordance
20	with the provisions of title I.
21	"(2) Acquisition outside the united
22	STATES OF UNITED STATES PERSONS OUTSIDE THE
23	UNITED STATES.—An acquisition by an electronic,
24	mechanical, or other surveillance device outside the
25	United States may not intentionally target a United

1	States person reasonably believed to be outside the
2	United States to acquire the contents of a wire or
3	radio communication sent by or intended to be re-
4	ceived by that United States person under cir-
5	cumstances in which a person has a reasonable ex-
6	pectation of privacy and a warrant would be re-
7	quired for law enforcement purposes if the technique
8	were used inside the United States unless—
9	"(A) the Attorney General or the Attorney
10	General's designee submits an application to
11	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court that
12	includes a statement of the facts and cir-
13	cumstances relied upon by the applicant to jus-
14	tify the Attorney General's belief that the tar-
15	get of the acquisition is a foreign power or an
16	agent of a foreign power; and
17	"(B) the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
18	Court—
19	"(i) finds on the basis of the facts
20	submitted by the applicant there is prob-
21	able cause to believe that the target of the
22	electronic surveillance is a foreign power or
23	an agent of a foreign power; and

- "(ii) issues an ex parte order as re quested or as modified approving the tar geting of that United States person.
  - "(3) Procedures.—

5 "(A) SUBMITTAL TO FOREIGN INTEL-6 SURVEILLANCE COURT.—Not later LIGENCE 7 than 30 days after the date of the enactment of 8 this title, the Attorney General shall submit to 9 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court the 10 procedures to be utilized in determining wheth-11 er a target reasonably believed to be outside the 12 United States is a United States person.

"(B) APPROVAL BY FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.—The procedures submitted under subparagraph (A) shall
be utilized as described in that subparagraph
only upon the approval of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.

19 "(C) UTILIZATION IN TARGETING.—Any
20 targeting of persons authorized by subsection
21 (a) shall utilize the procedures submitted under
22 subparagraph (A) as approved by the Foreign
23 Intelligence Surveillance Court under subpara24 graph (B).

1 "(d) CONDUCT OF ACQUISITION.—An acquisition au-2 thorized under subsection (a) may be conducted only in 3 accordance with-"(1) a certification made by the Attorney Gen-4 5 eral and the Director of National Intelligence pursu-6 ant to subsection (g); and "(2) the targeting and minimization procedures 7 8 required pursuant to subsections (e) and (f). 9 "(e) TARGETING PROCEDURES.— "(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney 10 11 General, in consultation with the Director of Na-12 tional Intelligence, shall adopt targeting procedures 13 that are reasonably designed to ensure that any ac-14 quisition authorized under subsection (a) is limited 15 to targeting persons reasonably believed to be lo-16 cated outside the United States. 17 "(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The procedures re-18 ferred to in paragraph (1) shall be subject to judicial 19 review pursuant to subsection (i). 20 "(f) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.— "(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney 21 22 General, in consultation with the Director of Na-23 tional Intelligence, shall adopt, consistent with the 24 requirements of section 101(h), minimization proce-

dures for acquisitions authorized under subsection

2	(a).
3	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The minimization
4	procedures required by this subsection shall be sub-
5	ject to judicial review pursuant to subsection (i).
6	"(g) CERTIFICATION.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
8	"(A) REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subpara-
9	graph (B), prior to the initiation of an acquisi-
10	tion authorized under subsection (a), the Attor-
11	ney General and the Director of National Intel-
12	ligence shall provide, under oath, a written cer-
13	tification, as described in this subsection.
14	"(B) EXCEPTION.—If the Attorney Gen-
15	eral and the Director of National Intelligence
16	determine that immediate action by the Govern-
17	ment is required and time does not permit the
18	preparation of a certification under this sub-
19	section prior to the initiation of an acquisition,
20	the Attorney General and the Director of Na-
21	tional Intelligence shall prepare such certifi-
22	cation, including such determination, as soon as
23	possible but in no event more than 168 hours
24	after such determination is made.

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1	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A certification made
2	under this subsection shall—
3	"(A) attest that—
4	"(i) there are reasonable procedures
5	in place for determining that the acquisi-
6	tion authorized under subsection (a) is tar-
7	geted at persons reasonably believed to be
8	located outside the United States and that
9	such procedures have been approved by, or
10	will promptly be submitted for approval by,
11	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court
12	pursuant to subsection (i);
13	"(ii) the procedures referred to in
14	clause (i) are consistent with the require-
15	ments of the fourth amendment to the
16	Constitution of the United States and do
17	not permit the intentional targeting of any
18	person who is known at the time of acqui-
19	sition to be located in the United States;
20	"(iii) a significant purpose of the ac-
21	quisition is to obtain foreign intelligence
22	information;
23	"(iv) the minimization procedures to
24	be used with respect to such acquisition—

1	"(I) meet the definition of mini-
2	mization procedures under section
3	101(h); and
4	"(II) have been approved by, or
5	will promptly be submitted for ap-
6	proval by, the Foreign Intelligence
7	Surveillance Court pursuant to sub-
8	section (i);
9	"(v) the acquisition involves obtaining
10	the foreign intelligence information from or
11	with the assistance of an electronic com-
12	munication service provider; and
13	"(vi) the acquisition does not con-
14	stitute electronic surveillance, as limited by
15	section 701; and
16	"(B) be supported, as appropriate, by the
17	affidavit of any appropriate official in the area
18	of national security who is—
19	"(i) appointed by the President, by
20	and with the consent of the Senate; or
21	"(ii) the head of any element of the
22	intelligence community.
23	"(3) LIMITATION.—A certification made under
24	this subsection is not required to identify the specific
25	facilities, places, premises, or property at which the

acquisition authorized under subsection (a) will be
 directed or conducted.

3 "(4) SUBMISSION TO THE COURT.—The Attor-4 ney General shall transmit a copy of a certification 5 made under this subsection, and any supporting affi-6 davit, under seal to the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-7 lance Court as soon as possible, but in no event 8 more than 5 days after such certification is made. 9 Such certification shall be maintained under security 10 measures adopted by the Chief Justice of the United 11 States and the Attorney General, in consultation 12 with the Director of National Intelligence.

13 "(5) REVIEW.—The certification required by
14 this subsection shall be subject to judicial review
15 pursuant to subsection (i).

16 "(h) DIRECTIVES.—

17 "(1) AUTHORITY.—With respect to an acquisi18 tion authorized under subsection (a), the Attorney
19 General and the Director of National Intelligence
20 may direct, in writing, an electronic communication
21 service provider to—

"(A) immediately provide the Government
with all information, facilities, or assistance
necessary to accomplish the acquisition in a
manner that will protect the secrecy of the ac-

1quisition and produce a minimum of inter-2ference with the services that such electronic3communication service provider is providing to4the target; and5"(B) maintain under security procedures6approved by the Attorney General and the Di-7rector of National Intelligence any records con-8cerning the acquisition or the aid furnished that

cerning the acquisition or the aid furnished that such electronic communication service provider wishes to maintain.

"(2) COMPENSATION.—The Government shall
compensate, at the prevailing rate, an electronic
communication service provider for providing information, facilities, or assistance pursuant to paragraph (1).

"(3) RELEASE FROM LIABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other law, no cause of action shall lie
in any court against any electronic communication
service provider for providing any information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with a directive
issued pursuant to paragraph (1).

"(4) CHALLENGING OF DIRECTIVES.—

23 "(A) AUTHORITY TO CHALLENGE.—An
24 electronic communication service provider re25 ceiving a directive issued pursuant to paragraph

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(1) may challenge the directive by filing a petition with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.

4 "(B) ASSIGNMENT.—The presiding judge
5 of the Court shall assign the petition filed
6 under subparagraph (A) to 1 of the judges serv7 ing in the pool established by section 103(e)(1)
8 not later than 24 hours after the filing of the
9 petition.

10 "(C) STANDARDS FOR REVIEW.—A judge 11 considering a petition to modify or set aside a 12 directive may grant such petition only if the 13 judge finds that the directive does not meet the 14 requirements of this section or is otherwise un-15 lawful. If the judge does not modify or set aside 16 the directive, the judge shall immediately affirm 17 such directive, and order the recipient to com-18 ply with the directive. The judge shall provide 19 a written statement for the record of the rea-20 sons for a determination under this paragraph.

21 "(D) CONTINUED EFFECT.—Any directive
22 not explicitly modified or set aside under this
23 paragraph shall remain in full effect.

24 "(5) Enforcement of directives.—

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"(A) ORDER TO COMPEL.—In the case of 1 2 a failure to comply with a directive issued pur-3 suant to paragraph (1), the Attorney General 4 may file a petition for an order to compel com-5 pliance with the directive with the Foreign In-6 telligence Surveillance Court. "(B) ASSIGNMENT.—The presiding judge 7 8 of the Court shall assign a petition filed under 9 subparagraph (A) to 1 of the judges serving in 10 the pool established by section 103(e)(1) not 11 later than 24 hours after the filing of the peti-12 tion. 13 "(C) STANDARDS FOR REVIEW.—A judge

14 considering a petition shall issue an order re-15 quiring the electronic communication service 16 provider to comply with the directive if the 17 judge finds that the directive was issued in ac-18 cordance with paragraph (1), meets the require-19 ments of this section, and is otherwise lawful. 20 The judge shall provide a written statement for 21 the record of the reasons for a determination 22 under this paragraph.

23 "(D) CONTEMPT OF COURT.—Failure to
24 obey an order of the Court issued under this

paragraph may be punished by the Court as

contempt of court.
"(E) PROCESS.—Any process under this
paragraph may be served in any judicial district
in which the electronic communication service
provider may be found.
"(6) Appeal.—
"(A) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF RE-
VIEW.—The Government or an electronic com-
munication service provider receiving a directive
issued pursuant to paragraph $(1)$ may file a pe-
tition with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
Court of Review for review of the decision
issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) not
later than 7 days after the issuance of such de-
cision. The Court of Review shall have jurisdic-
tion to consider such a petition and shall pro-
vide a written statement for the record of the
reasons for a decision under this paragraph.
"(B) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME
COURT.—The Government or an electronic com-
munication service provider receiving a directive

2 Đ 2 2 е 23 issued pursuant to paragraph (1) may file a petition for a writ of certiorari for review of the 24 25 decision of the Court of Review issued under

1 subparagraph (A). The record for such review 2 shall be transmitted under seal to the Supreme 3 Court of the United States, which shall have ju-4 risdiction to review such decision. 5 "(i) JUDICIAL REVIEW.— "(1) IN GENERAL.— 6 7 "(A) REVIEW BY THE FOREIGN INTEL-8 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.—The Foreign 9 Intelligence Surveillance Court shall have juris-10 diction to review any certification required by 11 subsection (d) or targeting and minimization 12 procedures adopted pursuant to subsections (e) 13 and (f). 14 "(B) SUBMISSION TO THE COURT.—The 15 Attorney General shall submit to the Court any 16 such certification or procedure, or amendment 17 thereto, not later than 5 days after making or 18 amending the certification or adopting or 19 amending the procedures. 20 "(2) CERTIFICATIONS.—The Court shall review 21 a certification provided under subsection (g) to de-22 termine whether the certification contains all the re-23 quired elements. 24 "(3) TARGETING PROCEDURES.—The Court

25 shall review the targeting procedures required by

1	subsection (e) to assess whether the procedures are
2	reasonably designed to ensure that the acquisition
3	authorized under subsection (a) is limited to the tar-
4	geting of persons reasonably believed to be located
5	outside the United States.
6	"(4) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—The Court
7	shall review the minimization procedures required by
8	subsection (f) to assess whether such procedures
9	meet the definition of minimization procedures
10	under section 101(h).
11	((5)  Orders.)
12	"(A) APPROVAL.—If the Court finds that
13	a certification required by subsection (g) con-
14	tains all of the required elements and that the
15	targeting and minimization procedures required
16	by subsections (e) and (f) are consistent with
17	the requirements of those subsections and with
18	the fourth amendment to the Constitution of
19	the United States, the Court shall enter an
20	order approving the continued use of the proce-
21	dures for the acquisition authorized under sub-
22	section (a).
23	"(B) Correction of deficiencies.—If
24	the Court finds that a certification required by
25	subsection (g) does not contain all of the re-

1	quired elements, or that the procedures re-
2	quired by subsections (e) and (f) are not con-
3	sistent with the requirements of those sub-
4	sections or the fourth amendment to the Con-
5	stitution of the United States, the Court shall
6	issue an order directing the Government to, at
7	the Government's election and to the extent re-
8	quired by the Court's order—
9	"(i) correct any deficiency identified
10	by the Court's order not later than 30 days
11	after the date the Court issues the order;
12	OF
13	"(ii) cease the acquisition authorized
14	under subsection (a).
15	"(C) REQUIREMENT FOR WRITTEN STATE-
16	MENT.—In support of its orders under this sub-
17	section, the Court shall provide, simultaneously
18	with the orders, for the record a written state-
19	ment of its reasons.
20	"(6) Appeal.—
21	"(A) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF RE-
22	VIEW.—The Government may appeal any order
23	under this section to the Foreign Intelligence
24	Surveillance Court of Review, which shall have

1	sion affirming, reversing, or modifying an order
2	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court,
3	the Court of Review shall provide for the record
4	a written statement of its reasons.
5	"(B) CONTINUATION OF ACQUISITION
6	PENDING REHEARING OR APPEAL.—Any acqui-
7	sitions affected by an order under paragraph
8	(5)(B) may continue—
9	"(i) during the pending of any rehear-
10	ing of the order by the Court en banc; and
11	"(ii) during the pendency of any ap-
12	peal of the order to the Foreign Intel-
13	ligence Surveillance Court of Review.
14	"(C) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME
15	COURT.—The Government may file a petition
16	for a writ of certiorari for review of a decision
17	of the Court of Review issued under subpara-
18	graph (A). The record for such review shall be
19	transmitted under seal to the Supreme Court of
20	the United States, which shall have jurisdiction
21	to review such decision.
22	"(j) Judicial Proceedings.—Judicial proceedings
23	under this section shall be conducted as expeditiously as
24	possible.
25	"(k) Maintenance of Records.—

"(1) STANDARDS.—A record of a proceeding
under this section, including petitions filed, orders
granted, and statements of reasons for decision,
shall be maintained under security measures adopted
by the Chief Justice of the United States, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Director
of National Intelligence.

8 "(2) FILING AND REVIEW.—All petitions under 9 this section shall be filed under seal. In any pro-10 ceedings under this section, the court shall, upon re-11 quest of the Government, review ex parte and in 12 camera any Government submission, or portions of 13 a submission, which may include classified informa-14 tion.

15 "(3) RETENTION OF RECORDS.—A directive
16 made or an order granted under this section shall be
17 retained for a period of not less than 10 years from
18 the date on which such directive or such order is
19 made.

20 "(1) Oversight.—

21 "(1) SEMIANNUAL ASSESSMENT.—Not less fre22 quently than once every 6 months, the Attorney
23 General and Director of National Intelligence shall
24 assess compliance with the targeting and minimiza-

1	tion procedures required by subsections (e) and (f)
2	and shall submit each such assessment to—
3	"(A) the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
4	Court; and
5	"(B) the congressional intelligence commit-
6	tees.
7	"(2) AGENCY ASSESSMENT.—The Inspectors
8	General of the Department of Justice and of any
9	element of the intelligence community authorized to
10	acquire foreign intelligence information under sub-
11	section (a)—
12	"(A) are authorized to review the compli-
13	ance of their agency or element with the tar-
14	geting and minimization procedures required by
15	subsections (e) and (f);
16	"(B) with respect to acquisitions author-
17	ized under subsection (a), shall review the num-
18	ber of disseminated intelligence reports con-
19	taining a reference to a United States person
20	identity and the number of United States per-
21	son identities subsequently disseminated by the
22	element concerned in response to requests for
23	identities that were not referred to by name or
24	title in the original reporting;

1	
1	"(C) with respect to acquisitions author-
2	ized under subsection (a), shall review the num-
3	ber of targets that were later determined to be
4	located in the United States and the number of
5	persons located in the United States whose
6	communications were reviewed; and
7	"(D) shall provide each such review to—
8	"(i) the Attorney General;
9	"(ii) the Director of National Intel-
10	ligence; and
11	"(iii) the congressional intelligence
12	committees.
13	"(3) ANNUAL REVIEW.—
14	"(A) REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT.—The
15	head of an element of the intelligence commu-
16	nity conducting an acquisition authorized under
17	subsection (a) shall direct the element to con-
18	duct an annual review to determine whether
19	there is reason to believe that foreign intel-
20	ligence information has been or will be obtained
21	from the acquisition. The annual review shall
22	provide, with respect to such acquisitions au-
23	thorized under subsection (a)—
24	"(i) an accounting of the number of
25	disseminated intelligence reports con-

1 taining a reference to a United States per-2 son identity; "(ii) an accounting of the number of 3 4 United States person identities subse-5 quently disseminated by that element in re-6 sponse to requests for identities that were 7 not referred to by name or title in the 8 original reporting; and 9 "(iii) the number of targets that were later determined to be located in the 10 11 United States and the number of persons 12 located in the United States whose commu-13 nications were reviewed. 14 "(B) USE OF REVIEW.—The head of each 15 element of the intelligence community that con-16 ducts an annual review under subparagraph (A) 17 shall use each such review to evaluate the ade-18 quacy of the minimization procedures utilized 19 by such element or the application of the mini-20 mization procedures to a particular acquisition 21 authorized under subsection (a). 22 "(C) PROVISION OF REVIEW TO FOREIGN 23 INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.—The

nity that conducts an annual review under sub-

head of each element of the intelligence commu-

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1	paragraph (A) shall provide such review to the
2	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.
3	"(4) Reports to congress.—
4	"(A) Semiannual Report.—Not less fre-
5	quently than once every 6 months, the Attorney
6	General shall fully inform, in a manner con-
7	sistent with national security, the congressional
8	intelligence committees, the Committee on the
9	Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on
10	the Judiciary of the House of Representatives,
11	concerning the implementation of this Act.
12	"(B) CONTENT.—Each report made under
13	subparagraph (A) shall include—
14	"(i) any certifications made under
15	subsection (g) during the reporting period;
16	"(ii) any directives issued under sub-
17	section (h) during the reporting period;
18	"(iii) the judicial review during the re-
19	porting period of any such certifications
20	and targeting and minimization procedures
21	utilized with respect to such acquisition,
22	including a copy of any order or pleading
23	in connection with such review that con-
24	tains a significant legal interpretation of
25	the provisions of this Act;

"(iv) any actions taken to challenge or
enforce a directive under paragraphs (4) or
(5) of subsections (h);
"(v) any compliance reviews con-
ducted by the Department of Justice or
the Office of the Director of National In-
telligence of acquisitions authorized under
subsection (a);
"(vi) a description of any incidents of
noncompliance with a directive issued by
the Attorney General and the Director of
National Intelligence under subsection (h),
including-
"(I) incidents of noncompliance
by an element of the intelligence com-
munity with procedures adopted pur-
suant to subsections (e) and (f); and
"(II) incidents of noncompliance
by a specified person to whom the At-
torney General and Director of Na-
tional Intelligence issued a directive
under subsection (h);
"(vii) any procedures implementing
this section; and

	28
1	"(viii) any annual review conducted
2	pursuant to paragraph (3).
3	"SEC. 704. USE OF INFORMATION ACQUIRED UNDER SEC-
4	TION 703.
5	"Information acquired from an acquisition conducted
6	under section 703 shall be deemed to be information ac-
7	quired from an electronic surveillance pursuant to title I
8	for purposes of section 106, except for the purposes of
9	subsection (j) of such section.".
10	(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents in
11	the first section of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
12	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended—
13	(1) by striking the item relating to title VII;
14	(2) by striking the item relating to section 701;
15	and
16	(3) by adding at the end the following:
	"TITLE VII—ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES FOR TARGETING COMMU- NICATIONS OF CERTAIN PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES
	<ul><li>"Sec. 701. Limitation on definition of electronic surveillance.</li><li>"Sec. 702. Definitions.</li><li>"Sec. 703. Procedures for acquiring the communications of certain persons outside the United States.</li></ul>
	"Sec. 704. Use of information acquired under section 703.".
17	(c) SUNSET.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
19	graph (2), the amendments made by subsections
20	(a)(2) and $(b)$ shall cease to have effect on Decem-
21	ber 31, 2013.

1	(2) CONTINUING APPLICABILITY.—Section
2	703(h)(3) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
3	Act of 1978 (as amended by subsection (a)) shall re-
4	main in effect with respect to any directive issued
5	pursuant to section $703(h)$ of that Act (as so
6	amended) during the period such directive was in ef-
7	fect. The use of information acquired by an acquisi-
8	tion conducted under section 703 of that Act (as so
9	amended) shall continue to be governed by the provi-
10	sions of section 704 of that Act (as so amended).
11	SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH
12	ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEP-
13	TION OF DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAY
15	HOW OF DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAT
13	BE CONDUCTED.
14	BE CONDUCTED.
14 15 16	<b>BE CONDUCTED.</b> (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of
14 15 16	<b>BE CONDUCTED.</b> (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
14 15 16 17	BE CONDUCTED. (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
14 15 16 17 18	<b>BE CONDUCTED.</b> (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
14 15 16 17 18 19	BE CONDUCTED. (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section: "STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH ELEC-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	BE CONDUCTED. (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section: "STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH ELEC- TRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEPTION OF DO-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	BE CONDUCTED. (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section: "STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH ELEC- TRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEPTION OF DO- MESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	BE CONDUCTED. (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section: "STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH ELEC- TRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEPTION OF DO- MESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED "SEC. 112. Chapters 119 and 121 of title 18, United

ception of domestic wire, oral, or electronic communica tions may be conducted.".

3 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents in
4 the first section of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
5 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by add6 ing after the item relating to section 111, the following:
"Sec. 112. Statement of exclusive means by which electronic surveillance and interception of domestic communications may be conducted.".

# 7 SEC. 103. SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN COURT 8 ORDERS UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL9 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.

(a) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN ORDERS IN SEMI-AN11 NUAL REPORTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Subsection
12 (a)(5) of section 601 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil13 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871) is amended by strik14 ing "(not including orders)" and inserting ", orders,".

(b) REPORTS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL ON CERTAIN
OTHER ORDERS.—Such section 601 is further amended
by adding at the end the following new subsection:

18 "(c) The Attorney General shall submit to the com-19 mittees of Congress referred to in subsection (a) a copy 20 of any decision, order, or opinion issued by the court es-21 tablished under section 103(a) or the court of review es-22 tablished under section 103(b) that includes significant 23 construction or interpretation of any provision of this Act

not later than 45 days after such decision, order, or opin-1 2 ion is issued.". 3 SEC. 104. APPLICATIONS FOR COURT ORDERS. 4 Section 104 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance 5 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1804) is amended— 6 (1) in subsection (a)— 7 (A) by striking paragraphs (2) and (11); 8  $(\mathbf{B})$ by redesignating paragraphs (3)9 through (10) as paragraphs (2) through (9), re-10 spectively; 11 (C) in paragraph (5), as redesignated by 12 subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking "detailed": 13 14 (D) in paragraph (6), as redesignated by 15 subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, in the 16 matter preceding subparagraph (A)— 17 (i) by striking "Affairs or" and insert-18 ing "Affairs,"; and 19 (ii) by striking "Senate—" and inserting "Senate, or the Deputy Director of the 20 21 Federal Bureau of Investigation, if des-22 ignated by the President as a certifying of-23 ficial—"; 24 (E) in paragraph (7), as redesignated by 25 subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking

1	"statement of" and inserting "summary state-
2	ment of";
3	(F) in paragraph (8), as redesignated by
4	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by adding
5	"and" at the end; and
6	(G) in paragraph $(9)$ , as redesignated by
7	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
8	"; and" and inserting a period;
9	(2) by striking subsection (b);
10	(3) by redesignating subsections (c) through (e)
11	as subsections (b) through (d), respectively; and
12	(4) in paragraph $(1)(A)$ of subsection (d), as re-
13	designated by paragraph (3) of this subsection, by
14	striking "or the Director of National Intelligence"
15	and inserting "the Director of National Intelligence,
16	or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency".
17	SEC. 105. ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER.
18	Section 105 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
19	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
22	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
23	through $(5)$ as paragraphs $(1)$ through $(4)$ , re-
24	spectively;

1	(2) in subsection (b), by striking " $(a)(3)$ " and
2	inserting "(a)(2)";
3	(3) in subsection $(c)(1)$ —
4	(A) in subparagraph (D), by adding "and"
5	at the end;
6	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking ";
7	and" and inserting a period; and
8	(C) by striking subparagraph (F);
9	(4) by striking subsection (d);
10	(5) by redesignating subsections (e) through (i)
11	as subsections (d) through (h), respectively;
12	(6) by amending subsection (e), as redesignated
13	by paragraph (5) of this section, to read as follows:
14	((e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
15	title, the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
16	employment of electronic surveillance if the Attorney Gen-
17	eral—
18	"(A) determines that an emergency situation
19	exists with respect to the employment of electronic
20	surveillance to obtain foreign intelligence informa-
21	tion before an order authorizing such surveillance
22	can with due diligence be obtained;
23	"(B) determines that the factual basis for
24	issuance of an order under this title to approve such
25	electronic surveillance exists;

"(C) informs, either personally or through a
 designee, a judge having jurisdiction under section
 103 at the time of such authorization that the deci sion has been made to employ emergency electronic
 surveillance; and

6 "(D) makes an application in accordance with 7 this title to a judge having jurisdiction under section 8 103 as soon as practicable, but not later than 168 9 hours after the Attorney General authorizes such 10 surveillance.

11 "(2) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-12 gency employment of electronic surveillance under para-13 graph (1), the Attorney General shall require that the 14 minimization procedures required by this title for the 15 issuance of a judicial order be followed.

16 "(3) In the absence of a judicial order approving such 17 electronic surveillance, the surveillance shall terminate 18 when the information sought is obtained, when the appli-19 cation for the order is denied, or after the expiration of 20 168 hours from the time of authorization by the Attorney 21 General, whichever is earliest.

22 "(4) A denial of the application made under this sub-23 section may be reviewed as provided in section 103.

24 "(5) In the event that such application for approval25 is denied, or in any other case where the electronic surveil-

lance is terminated and no order is issued approving the 1 2 surveillance, no information obtained or evidence derived 3 from such surveillance shall be received in evidence or oth-4 erwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding 5 in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other 6 7 authority of the United States, a State, or political sub-8 division thereof, and no information concerning any 9 United States person acquired from such surveillance shall 10 subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner by Federal officers or employees without the consent of such 11 person, except with the approval of the Attorney General 12 13 if the information indicates a threat of death or serious 14 bodily harm to any person.

15 "(6) The Attorney General shall assess compliance16 with the requirements of paragraph (5)."; and

17 (7) by adding at the end the following:

18 "(i) In any case in which the Government makes an 19 application to a judge under this title to conduct electronic 20surveillance involving communications and the judge 21 grants such application, upon the request of the applicant, 22 the judge shall also authorize the installation and use of 23 pen registers and trap and trace devices, and direct the 24 disclosure of the information set forth in section 402(d)(2).". 25

# 1 SEC. 106. USE OF INFORMATION.

Subsection (i) of section 106 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (8 U.S.C. 1806) is
amended by striking "radio communication" and inserting
"communication".

# 6 SEC. 107. AMENDMENTS FOR PHYSICAL SEARCHES.

7 (a) APPLICATIONS.—Section 303 of the Foreign In8 telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1823) is
9 amended—

10 (1) in subsection (a)—

11 (A) by striking paragraph (2);

12 (B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
13 through (9) as paragraphs (2) through (8), re14 spectively;

15 (C) in paragraph (2), as redesignated by
16 subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
17 "detailed";

(D) in paragraph (3)(C), as redesignated
by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by inserting "or is about to be" before "owned"; and
(E) in paragraph (6), as redesignated by
subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, in the
matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
(i) by striking "Affairs or" and insert-

25 ing "Affairs,"; and

1	(ii) by striking "Senate—" and insert-
2	ing "Senate, or the Deputy Director of the
3	Federal Bureau of Investigation, if des-
4	ignated by the President as a certifying of-
5	ficial—"; and
6	(2) in subsection $(d)(1)(A)$ , by striking "or the
7	Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "the
8	Director of National Intelligence, or the Director of
9	the Central Intelligence Agency".
10	(b) Orders.—Section 304 of the Foreign Intel-
11	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1824) is
12	amended—
13	(1) in subsection (a)—
14	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
15	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
16	through $(5)$ as paragraphs $(1)$ through $(4)$ , re-
17	spectively; and
18	(2) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-
19	lows:
20	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
21	title, the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
22	employment of a physical search if the Attorney General—
23	"(A) determines that an emergency situation
24	exists with respect to the employment of a physical
25	search to obtain foreign intelligence information be-

1	fore an order authorizing such physical search can
2	with due diligence be obtained;
3	"(B) determines that the factual basis for
4	issuance of an order under this title to approve such
5	physical search exists;
6	"(C) informs, either personally or through a
7	designee, a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
8	lance Court at the time of such authorization that
9	the decision has been made to employ an emergency
10	physical search; and
11	"(D) makes an application in accordance with
12	this title to a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
13	veillance Court as soon as practicable, but not more
14	than 168 hours after the Attorney General author-
15	izes such physical search.
16	((2) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-
17	gency employment of a physical search under paragraph
18	(1), the Attorney General shall require that the minimiza-
19	tion procedures required by this title for the issuance of
20	a judicial order be followed.
21	"(3) In the absence of a judicial order approving such
22	physical search, the physical search shall terminate when
23	the information sought is obtained, when the application

 $24\,$  for the order is denied, or after the expiration of  $168\,$ 

hours from the time of authorization by the Attorney Gen eral, whichever is earliest.

3 "(4) A denial of the application made under this sub4 section may be reviewed as provided in section 103.

5 ((5)(A) In the event that such application for approval is denied, or in any other case where the physical 6 7 search is terminated and no order is issued approving the 8 physical search, no information obtained or evidence de-9 rived from such physical search shall be received in evi-10 dence or otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, 11 12 office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or 13 other authority of the United States, a State, or political 14 subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any 15 United States person acquired from such physical search shall subsequently be used or disclosed in any other man-16 17 ner by Federal officers or employees without the consent 18 of such person, except with the approval of the Attorney 19 General if the information indicates a threat of death or 20serious bodily harm to any person.

21 "(B) The Attorney General shall assess compliance22 with the requirements of subparagraph (A).".

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)
is amended—

1	(1) in section $304(a)(4)$ , as redesignated by
2	subsection (b) of this section, by striking
3	"303(a)(7)(E)" and inserting "303(a)(6)(E)"; and
4	(2) in section $305(k)(2)$ , by striking
5	"303(a)(7)" and inserting "303(a)(6)".
6	SEC. 108. AMENDMENTS FOR EMERGENCY PEN REGISTERS
7	AND TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES.
8	Section 403 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
9	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1843) is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "48 hours"
11	and inserting "168 hours"; and
12	(2) in subsection $(c)(1)(C)$ , by striking "48
13	hours" and inserting "168 hours".
14	SEC. 109. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.
15	(a) Designation of Judges.—Subsection (a) of
16	section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
17	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended by inserting "at
18	least" before "seven of the United States judicial cir-
19	cuits".
20	(b) EN BANC AUTHORITY.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section
22	103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
23	1978, as amended by subsection (a) of this section,
24	is further amended—
25	(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and

1	(B) by adding at the end the following new
2	paragraph:

3 "(2)(A) The court established under this subsection
4 may, on its own initiative, or upon the request of the Gov5 ernment in any proceeding or a party under section 501(f)
6 or paragraph (4) or (5) of section 703(h), hold a hearing
7 or rehearing, en banc, when ordered by a majority of the
8 judges that constitute such court upon a determination
9 that—

10 "(i) en banc consideration is necessary to se11 cure or maintain uniformity of the court's decisions;
12 or

13 "(ii) the proceeding involves a question of ex-14 ceptional importance.

15 "(B) Any authority granted by this Act to a judge 16 of the court established under this subsection may be exer-17 cised by the court en banc. When exercising such author-18 ity, the court en banc shall comply with any requirements 19 of this Act on the exercise of such authority.

20 "(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the court en
21 banc shall consist of all judges who constitute the court
22 established under this subsection.".

23 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Foreign
24 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 is further
25 amended—

1	(A) in subsection (a) of section 103, as
2	amended by this subsection, by inserting "(ex-
3	cept when sitting en banc under paragraph
4	(2))" after "no judge designated under this
5	subsection"; and
6	(B) in section 302(c) (50 U.S.C. 1822(c)),
7	by inserting "(except when sitting en banc)"
8	after "except that no judge".
9	(c) Stay or Modification During an Appeal.—
10	Section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
11	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended—
12	(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
13	section (g); and
14	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
15	lowing new subsection:
16	((f)(1) A judge of the court established under sub-
17	section (a), the court established under subsection (b) or
18	a judge of that court, or the Supreme Court of the United
19	States or a justice of that court, may, in accordance with
20	the rules of their respective courts, enter a stay of an order
21	or an order modifying an order of the court established
22	under subsection (a) or the court established under sub-
23	section (b) entered under any title of this Act, while the
24	court established under subsection (a) conducts a rehear-
25	ing, while an appeal is pending to the court established

under subsection (b), or while a petition of certiorari is
 pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, or
 during the pendency of any review by that court.

4 "(2) The authority described in paragraph (1) shall
5 apply to an order entered under any provision of this
6 Act.".

### 7 SEC. 110. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

8 Section 103(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil9 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "105B(h) or
501(f)(1)" and inserting "501(f)(1) or 703"; and
(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "105B(h) or
501(f)(1)" and inserting "501(f)(1) or 703".

## 14 TITLE II—PROTECTIONS FOR 15 ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA 16 TION SERVICE PROVIDERS

17 SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

18 In this title:

19 ASSISTANCE.—The term "assistance" (1)20 means the provision of, or the provision of access to, 21 information (including communication contents, 22 communications records, or other information relat-23 ing to a customer or communication), facilities, or another form of assistance. 24

1	(2) CONTENTS.—The term "contents" has the
2	meaning given that term in section 101(n) of the
3	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
4	U.S.C. 1801(n)).
5	(3) COVERED CIVIL ACTION.—The term "cov-
6	ered civil action" means a civil action filed in a Fed-
7	eral or State court that—
8	(A) alleges that an electronic communica-
9	tion service provider furnished assistance to an
10	element of the intelligence community; and
11	(B) seeks monetary or other relief from the
12	electronic communication service provider re-
13	lated to the provision of such assistance.
14	(4) Electronic communication service
15	PROVIDER.—The term "electronic communication
16	service provider" means—
17	(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
18	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
19	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);
20	(B) a provider of an electronic communica-
21	tion service, as that term is defined in section
22	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
23	(C) a provider of a remote computing serv-
24	ice, as that term is defined in section 2711 of
25	title 18, United States Code;

1	(D) any other communication service pro-
2	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-
3	munications either as such communications are
4	transmitted or as such communications are
5	stored;
6	(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
7	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in
8	subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
9	(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an en-
10	tity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
11	(D), or (E).
12	(5) ELEMENT OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMU-
13	NITY.—The term "element of the intelligence com-
14	munity" means an element of the intelligence com-
15	munity specified in or designated under section $3(4)$
16	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
17	401a(4)).
18	SEC. 202. LIMITATIONS ON CIVIL ACTIONS FOR ELEC-
19	TRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PRO-
20	VIDERS.
21	(a) LIMITATIONS.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
23	provision of law, a covered civil action shall not lie
24	or be maintained in a Federal or State court, and

1	shall be promptly dismissed, if the Attorney General
2	certifies to the court that—
3	(A) the assistance alleged to have been
4	provided by the electronic communication serv-
5	ice provider was—
6	(i) in connection with an intelligence
7	activity involving communications that
8	was—
9	(I) authorized by the President
10	during the period beginning on Sep-
11	tember 11, 2001, and ending on Jan-
12	uary 17, 2007; and
13	(II) designed to detect or prevent
14	a terrorist attack, or activities in
15	preparation for a terrorist attack,
16	against the United States; and
17	(ii) described in a written request or
18	directive from the Attorney General or the
19	head of an element of the intelligence com-
20	munity (or the deputy of such person) to
21	the electronic communication service pro-
22	vider indicating that the activity was—
23	(I) authorized by the President;
24	and
25	(II) determined to be lawful; or

(B) the electronic communication service
 provider did not provide the alleged assistance.
 (2) REVIEW.—A certification made pursuant to
 paragraph (1) shall be subject to review by a court
 for abuse of discretion.

6 (b) REVIEW OF CERTIFICATIONS.—If the Attorney
7 General files a declaration under section 1746 of title 28,
8 United States Code, that disclosure of a certification made
9 pursuant to subsection (a) would harm the national secu10 rity of the United States, the court shall—

(1) review such certification in camera and exparte; and

(2) limit any public disclosure concerning such
certification, including any public order following
such an ex parte review, to a statement that the conditions of subsection (a) have been met, without disclosing the subparagraph of subsection (a)(1) that is
the basis for the certification.

(c) NONDELEGATION.—The authority and duties of
the Attorney General under this section shall be performed
by the Attorney General (or Acting Attorney General) or
a designee in a position not lower than the Deputy Attorney General.

24 (d) CIVIL ACTIONS IN STATE COURT.—A covered 25 civil action that is brought in a State court shall be deemed to arise under the Constitution and laws of the
 United States and shall be removable under section 1441
 of title 28, United States Code.

4 (e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec5 tion may be construed to limit any otherwise available im6 munity, privilege, or defense under any other provision of
7 law.

8 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION.—This sec9 tion shall apply to any covered civil action that is pending
10 on or filed after the date of enactment of this Act.

11 SEC. 203. PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTING STATUTORY
12 DEFENSES UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL13 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.

14 The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 15 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as amended by section 101, is 16 further amended by adding after title VII the following 17 new title:

## 18 "TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF 19 PERSONS ASSISTING THE 20 GOVERNMENT

## 21 "SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.

22 "In this title:

23 "(1) ASSISTANCE.—The term 'assistance'
24 means the provision of, or the provision of access to,
25 information (including communication contents,

1	communications records, or other information relat-
2	ing to a customer or communication), facilities, or
3	another form of assistance.
4	"(2) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The term 'Attor-
5	ney General' has the meaning give that term in sec-
6	tion $101(g)$ .
7	"(3) CONTENTS.—The term 'contents' has the
8	meaning given that term in section 101(n).
9	"(4) Electronic communication service
10	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication
11	service provider' means—
12	"(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
13	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
14	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);
15	"(B) a provider of electronic communica-
16	tions service, as that term is defined in section
17	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
18	"(C) a provider of a remote computing
19	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
20	of title 18, United States Code;
21	"(D) any other communication service pro-
22	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-
23	munications either as such communications are
24	transmitted or as such communications are
25	stored;

1	"(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
2	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in
3	subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
4	"(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an
5	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
6	(D), or (E).
7	"(5) Element of the intelligence commu-
8	NITY.—The term 'element of the intelligence com-
9	munity' means an element of the intelligence com-
10	munity as specified or designated under section $3(4)$
11	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
12	401a(4)).
13	"(6) PERSON.—The term 'person' means—
14	"(A) an electronic communication service
15	provider; or
16	"(B) a landlord, custodian, or other person
17	who may be authorized or required to furnish
18	assistance pursuant to—
19	"(i) an order of the court established
20	under section 103(a) directing such assist-
21	ance;
22	"(ii) a certification in writing under
23	section $2511(2)(a)(ii)(B)$ or $2709(b)$ of
24	title 18, United States Code; or

"(iii) 1 a directive under section 2 102(a)(4), 105B(e), as in effect on the day 3 before the date of the enactment of the FISA Amendments Act of 2007 or 703(h). 4 "(7) STATE.—The term 'State' means any 5 6 State, political subdivision of a State, the Common-7 wealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and 8 any territory or possession of the United States, and 9 includes any officer, public utility commission, or 10 other body authorized to regulate an electronic com-11 munication service provider. 12 **"SEC. 802. PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTING STATUTORY** 13 DEFENSES. 14 "(a) REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATION.—

15 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 16 provision of law, no civil action may lie or be main-17 tained in a Federal or State court against any per-18 son for providing assistance to an element of the in-19 telligence community, and shall be promptly dis-20 missed, if the Attorney General certifies to the court 21 that—

"(A) any assistance by that person was
provided pursuant to an order of the court established under section 103(a) directing such
assistance;

1	"(B) any assistance by that person was
2	provided pursuant to a certification in writing
3	under section $2511(2)(a)(ii)(B)$ or $2709(b)$ of
4	title 18, United States Code;
5	"(C) any assistance by that person was
6	provided pursuant to a directive under sections
7	102(a)(4), $105B(e)$ , as in effect on the day be-
8	fore the date of the enactment of the FISA
9	Amendments Act of 2007, or 703(h) directing
10	such assistance; or
11	"(D) the person did not provide the alleged
12	assistance.
13	"(2) REVIEW.—A certification made pursuant
14	to paragraph (1) shall be subject to review by a
15	court for abuse of discretion.
16	"(b) LIMITATIONS ON DISCLOSURE.—If the Attorney
17	General files a declaration under section 1746 of title 28,
18	United States Code, that disclosure of a certification made
19	pursuant to subsection (a) would harm the national secu-
20	rity of the United States, the court shall—
21	((1) review such certification in camera and ex
22	parte; and
23	((2) limit any public disclosure concerning such
24	certification, including any public order following
25	such an ex parte review, to a statement that the con-

ditions of subsection (a) have been met, without dis closing the subparagraph of subsection (a)(1) that is
 the basis for the certification.

4 "(c) REMOVAL.—A civil action against a person for
5 providing assistance to an element of the intelligence com6 munity that is brought in a State court shall be deemed
7 to arise under the Constitution and laws of the United
8 States and shall be removable under section 1441 of title
9 28, United States Code.

"(d) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in
this section may be construed to limit any otherwise available immunity, privilege, or defense under any other provision of law.

14 "(e) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply to a
15 civil action pending on or filed after the date of enactment
16 of the FISA Amendments Act of 2007.".

### 17 SEC. 204. PREEMPTION OF STATE INVESTIGATIONS.

18 Title VIII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
19 Act (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as added by section 203
20 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following
21 new section:

## 22 **"SEC. 803. PREEMPTION.**

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—No State shall have authority
24 to—

1 "(1) conduct an investigation into an electronic 2 communication service provider's alleged assistance to an element of the intelligence community; 3 "(2) require through regulation or any other 4 5 means the disclosure of information about an elec-6 tronic communication service provider's alleged as-7 sistance to an element of the intelligence community; "(3) impose any administrative sanction on an 8 9 electronic communication service provider for assist-10 ance to an element of the intelligence community; or "(4) commence or maintain a civil action or 11 12 other proceeding to enforce a requirement that an 13 electronic communication service provider disclose 14 information concerning alleged assistance to an ele-15 ment of the intelligence community.

16 "(b) SUITS BY THE UNITED STATES.—The United
17 States may bring suit to enforce the provisions of this sec18 tion.

19 "(c) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the
20 United States shall have jurisdiction over any civil action
21 brought by the United States to enforce the provisions of
22 this section.

23 "(d) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to any24 investigation, action, or proceeding that is pending on or

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1 filed after the date of enactment of the FISA Amendments

2 Act of 2007.".

- 3 SEC. 205. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.
- 4 The table of contents in the first section of the For-
- 5 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 6 1801 et seq.), as amended by section 101(b), is further

7 amended by adding at the end the following:

## "TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF PERSONS ASSISTING THE GOVERNMENT

"Sec. 801. Definitions."Sec. 802. Procedures for implementing statutory defenses."Sec. 803. Preemption.".

## 8 TITLE III—OTHER PROVISIONS

### 9 SEC. 301. SEVERABILITY.

10 If any provision of this Act, any amendment made 11 by this Act, or the application thereof to any person or 12 circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder 13 of the Act, any such amendments, and of the application 14 of such provisions to other persons and circumstances 15 shall not be affected thereby.

### 16 SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEAL; TRANSITION PROCE-

- 17 DURES.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
  (c), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect
  on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 21 (b) REPEAL.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-
2	section (c), sections 105A, 105B, and 105C of the
3	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
4	U.S.C. 1805a, 1805b, and 1805c) are repealed.
5	(2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of con-
6	tents in the first section of the Foreign Intelligence
7	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)
8	is amended by striking the items relating to sections
9	105A, 105B, and 105C.
10	(c) Transitions Procedures.—
11	(1) PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY.—Notwith-
12	standing subsection $(b)(1)$ , subsection $(l)$ of section
13	105B of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
14	1978 shall remain in effect with respect to any di-
15	rectives issued pursuant to such section 105B for in-
16	formation, facilities, or assistance provided during
17	the period such directive was or is in effect.
18	(2) Orders in effect.—
19	(A) Orders in effect on date of en-
20	ACTMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
21	sion of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
22	Surveillance Act of 1978—
23	(i) any order in effect on the date of
24	enactment of this Act issued pursuant to
25	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of

1978 or section 6(b) of the Protect America Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–55; 121 Stat. 556) shall remain in effect until the date of expiration of such order; and

5 (ii) at the request of the applicant, 6 the court established under section 103(a)7 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act 8 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(a)) shall reau-9 thorize such order if the facts and cir-10 cumstances continue to justify issuance of 11 such order under the provisions of such 12 Act, as in effect on the day before the date 13 of the enactment of the Protect America 14 Act of 2007, except as amended by sec-15 tions 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 16 and 109 of this Act.

17 (B) ORDERS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER 31, 18 2013.—Any order issued under title VII of the 19 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, 20 as amended by section 101 of this Act, in effect 21 on December 31, 2013, shall continue in effect 22 until the date of the expiration of such order. 23 Any such order shall be governed by the appli-24 cable provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-25 veillance Act of 1978, as so amended.

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3 (A) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN 4 EFFECT ON DATE OF ENACTMENT.-Notwith-5 standing any other provision of this Act or of 6 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 7 1978, any authorization or directive in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act issued 8 9 pursuant to the Protect America Act of 2007, 10 or any amendment made by that Act, shall re-11 main in effect until the date of expiration of 12 such authorization or directive. Any such au-13 thorization or directive shall be governed by the 14 applicable provisions of the Protect America Act 15 of 2007 (121 Stat. 552), and the amendment 16 made by that Act, and, except as provided in 17 paragraph (4) of this subsection, any acquisi-18 tion pursuant to such authorization or directive 19 shall be deemed not to constitute electronic sur-20 veillance (as that term is defined in section 21 101(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance 22 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(f)), as construed 23 in accordance with section 105A of the Foreign 24 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50)25 U.S.C. 1805a)).

1	(B) Authorizations and directives in
2	EFFECT ON DECEMBER 31, 2013.—Any author-
3	ization or directive issued under title VII of the
4	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978,
5	as amended by section 101 of this Act, in effect
6	on December 31, 2013, shall continue in effect
7	until the date of the expiration of such author-
8	ization or directive. Any such authorization or
9	directive shall be governed by the applicable
10	provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
11	lance Act of 1978, as so amended, and, except
12	as provided in section 704 of the Foreign Intel-
13	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as so amend-
14	ed, any acquisition pursuant to such authoriza-
15	tion or directive shall be deemed not to con-
16	stitute electronic surveillance (as that term is
17	defined in section 101(f) of the Foreign Intel-
18	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to the extent
19	that such section $101(f)$ is limited by section
20	701 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
21	of 1978, as so amended).
22	(4) Use of information acquired under

(4) USE OF INFORMATION ACQUIRED UNDER
PROTECT AMERICA ACT.—Information acquired from
an acquisition conducted under the Protect America
Act of 2007, and the amendments made by that Act,

1	shall be deemed to be information acquired from an
2	electronic surveillance pursuant to title I of the For-
3	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
4	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) for purposes of section 106 of
5	that Act (50 U.S.C. 1806), except for purposes of
6	subsection (j) of such section.
7	(5) New orders.—Notwithstanding any other
8	provision of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
9	Surveillance Act of 1978—
10	(A) the government may file an application
11	for an order under the Foreign Intelligence
12	Surveillance Act of 1978, as in effect on the
13	day before the date of the enactment of the
14	Protect America Act of 2007, except as amend-
15	ed by sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107,
16	108, and 109 of this Act; and
17	(B) the court established under section
18	103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
19	Act of 1978 shall enter an order granting such
20	an application if the application meets the re-
21	quirements of such Act, as in effect on the day
22	before the date of the enactment of the Protect
23	America Act of 2007, except as amended by
24	sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108,
25	and 109 of this Act.

(6) EXTANT AUTHORIZATIONS.—At the request
 of the applicant, the court established under section
 103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
 of 1978 shall extinguish any extant authorization to
 conduct electronic surveillance or physical search en tered pursuant to such Act.

7 (7) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—Any surveillance 8 conducted pursuant to an order entered pursuant to 9 this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as 10 11 in effect on the day before the date of the enactment 12 of the Protect America Act of 2007, except as 13 amended by sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 14 108, and 109 of this Act.

Calendar No. 453

110TH CONGRESS S. 2248 IST SESSION [Report No. 110-209]

# A BILL

To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.

OCTOBER 26, 2007 Read twice and placed on the calendar