Calendar No. 927

110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3406

To restore the intent and protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 31, 2008

Mr. Harkin (for himself, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Specter, Mr. Obama, Mr. McCain, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Gregg, Mrs. Clinton, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Coleman, Mr. Feingold, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Burr, Mr. Brown, Mr. Smith, Mr. Durbin, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Warner, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Reed, Mr. Martinez, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Casey, Mr. Craig, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Bennett, Ms. Landrieu, Ms. Collins, Mr. Biden, Mr. Allard, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. Sununu, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Thune, Mr. Levin, Mr. Barrasso, Mrs. McCaskill, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Salazar, Mr. Voinovich, Mr. Tester, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Reid, Mr. Lugar, Mr. Chambliss, Mrs. Dole, Mrs. Boxer, Mrs. Feinstein, Ms. Klobuchar, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Kohl, Mrs. Lincoln, Mr. Menendez, and Mr. Wyden) introduced the following bill; which was read the first time

August 1, 2008

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

A BILL

To restore the intent and protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the "ADA Amendments Act 4 of 2008". SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— 8 (1) in enacting the Americans with Disabilities 9 Act of 1990 (ADA), Congress intended that the Act "provide a clear and comprehensive national man-10 11 date for the elimination of discrimination against in-12 dividuals with disabilities" and provide broad cov-13 erage; 14 (2) in enacting the ADA, Congress recognized 15 that physical and mental disabilities in no way di-16 minish a person's right to fully participate in all as-17 pects of society, but that people with physical or 18 mental disabilities are frequently precluded from 19 doing so because of prejudice, antiquated attitudes, 20 or the failure to remove societal and institutional 21 barriers: 22 (3) while Congress expected that the definition 23 of disability under the ADA would be interpreted 24 consistently with how courts had applied the defini-

tion of a handicapped individual under the Rehabili-

- tation Act of 1973, that expectation has not been fulfilled;
- 4 (4) the holdings of the Supreme Court in Sutton v. United Air Lines, Inc., 527 U.S. 471 (1999) and its companion cases have narrowed the broad scope of protection intended to be afforded by the ADA, thus eliminating protection for many individuals whom Congress intended to protect;
 - (5) the holding of the Supreme Court in Toyota Motor Manufacturing, Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams, 534 U.S. 184 (2002) further narrowed the broad scope of protection intended to be afforded by the ADA;
 - (6) as a result of these Supreme Court cases, lower courts have incorrectly found in individual cases that people with a range of substantially limiting impairments are not people with disabilities;
 - (7) in particular, the Supreme Court, in the case of Toyota Motor Manufacturing, Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams, 534 U.S. 184 (2002), interpreted the term "substantially limits" to require a greater degree of limitation than was intended by Congress; and
 - (8) Congress finds that the current Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ADA regulations

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- defining the term "substantially limits" as "significantly restricted" are inconsistent with congressional intent, by expressing too high a standard.
 - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
 - (1) to carry out the ADA's objectives of providing "a clear and comprehensive national mandate for the elimination of discrimination" and "clear, strong, consistent, enforceable standards addressing discrimination" by reinstating a broad scope of protection to be available under the ADA;
 - (2) to reject the requirement enunciated by the Supreme Court in Sutton v. United Air Lines, Inc., 527 U.S. 471 (1999) and its companion cases that whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity is to be determined with reference to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures;
 - (3) to reject the Supreme Court's reasoning in Sutton v. United Air Lines, Inc., 527 U.S. 471 (1999) with regard to coverage under the third prong of the definition of disability and to reinstate the reasoning of the Supreme Court in School Board of Nassau County v. Arline, 480 U.S. 273 (1987) which set forth a broad view of the third prong of the definition of handicap under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973;

(4) to reject the standards enunciated by the 1 2 Supreme Court in Toyota Motor Manufacturing, 3 Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams, 534 U.S. 184 (2002), that the terms "substantially" and "major" in the 4 5 definition of disability under the ADA "need to be 6 interpreted strictly to create a demanding standard for qualifying as disabled," and that to be substan-7 8 tially limited in performing a major life activity 9 under the ADA "an individual must have an impair-10 ment that prevents or severely restricts the individual from doing activities that are of central im-12 portance to most people's daily lives";

> (5) to convey congressional intent that the standard created by the Supreme Court in the case of Toyota Motor Manufacturing, Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams, 534 U.S. 184 (2002) for "substantially limits", and applied by lower courts in numerous decisions, has created an inappropriately high level of limitation necessary to obtain coverage under the ADA, to convey that it is the intent of Congress that the primary object of attention in cases brought under the ADA should be whether entities covered under the ADA have complied with their obligations, and to convey that the question of whether an indi-

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1 vidual's impairment is a disability under the ADA 2 should not demand extensive analysis; and 3 (6) to express Congress' expectation that the 4 Equal Employment Opportunity Commission will re-5 vise that portion of its current regulations that de-6 fines the term "substantially limits" as "signifi-7 cantly restricted" to be consistent with this Act, in-8 cluding the amendments made by this Act. SEC. 3. CODIFIED FINDINGS. 10 Section 2(a) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101) is amended— 12 (1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-13 lows: 14 "(1) physical or mental disabilities in no way 15 diminish a person's right to fully participate in all 16 aspects of society, yet many people with physical or 17 mental disabilities have been precluded from doing 18 so because of discrimination; others who have a 19 record of a disability or are regarded as having a 20 disability also have been subjected to discrimina-21 tion;"; 22 (2) by striking paragraph (7); and 23 (3) by redesignating paragraphs (8) and (9) as 24 paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively.

1	SEC. 4. DISABILITY DEFINED AND RULES OF CONSTRUC-
2	TION.
3	(a) Definition of Disability.—Section 3 of the
4	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
5	12102) is amended to read as follows:
6	"SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF DISABILITY.
7	"As used in this Act:
8	"(1) DISABILITY.—The term 'disability' means,
9	with respect to an individual—
10	"(A) a physical or mental impairment that
11	substantially limits one or more major life ac-
12	tivities of such individual;
13	"(B) a record of such an impairment; or
14	"(C) being regarded as having such an im-
15	pairment (as described in paragraph (3)).
16	"(2) Major life activities.—
17	"(A) In general.—For purposes of para-
18	graph (1), major life activities include, but are
19	not limited to, caring for oneself, performing
20	manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping,
21	walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking,
22	breathing, learning, reading, concentrating,
23	thinking, communicating, and working.
24	"(B) Major bodily functions.—For
25	purposes of paragraph (1), a major life activity
26	also includes the operation of a major bodily

1	function, including but not limited to, functions
2	of the immune system, normal cell growth, di-
3	gestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, res-
4	piratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproduc-
5	tive functions.
6	"(3) Regarded as having such an impair-
7	MENT.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(C):
8	"(A) An individual meets the requirement
9	of 'being regarded as having such an impair-
10	ment' if the individual establishes that he or
11	she has been subjected to an action prohibited
12	under this Act because of an actual or perceived
13	physical or mental impairment whether or not
14	the impairment limits or is perceived to limit a
15	major life activity.
16	"(B) Paragraph (1)(C) shall not apply to
17	impairments that are transitory and minor. A
18	transitory impairment is an impairment with an
19	actual or expected duration of 6 months or less.
20	"(4) Rules of construction regarding
21	THE DEFINITION OF DISABILITY.—The definition of
22	'disability' in paragraph (1) shall be construed in ac-
23	cordance with the following:
24	"(A) The definition of disability in this Act
25	shall be construed in favor of broad coverage of

1	individuals under this Act, to the maximum ex-
2	tent permitted by the terms of this Act.
3	"(B) The term 'substantially limits' shall
4	be interpreted consistently with the findings
5	and purposes of the ADA Amendments Act of
6	2008.
7	"(C) An impairment that substantially lim-
8	its one major life activity need not limit other
9	major life activities in order to be considered a
10	disability.
11	"(D) An impairment that is episodic or in
12	remission is a disability if it would substantially
13	limit a major life activity when active.
14	"(E)(i) The determination of whether an
15	impairment substantially limits a major life ac-
16	tivity shall be made without regard to the ame-
17	liorative effects of mitigating measures such
18	as—
19	"(I) medication, medical supplies,
20	equipment, or appliances, low-vision de-
21	vices (which do not include ordinary eye-
22	glasses or contact lenses), prosthetics in-
23	cluding limbs and devices, hearing aids and
24	cochlear implants or other implantable

1	hearing devices, mobility devices, or oxygen
2	therapy equipment and supplies;
3	"(II) use of assistive technology;
4	"(III) reasonable accommodations or
5	auxiliary aids or services; or
6	"(IV) learned behavioral or adaptive
7	neurological modifications.
8	"(ii) The ameliorative effects of the miti-
9	gating measures of ordinary eyeglasses or con-
10	tact lenses shall be considered in determining
11	whether an impairment substantially limits a
12	major life activity.
13	"(iii) As used in this subparagraph—
14	"(I) the term 'ordinary eyeglasses or
15	contact lenses' means lenses that are in-
16	tended to fully correct visual acuity or
17	eliminate refractive error; and
18	"(II) the term 'low-vision devices'
19	means devices that magnify, enhance, or
20	otherwise augment a visual image.".
21	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The Americans
22	with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.)
23	is further amended by adding after section 3 the following:
24	"SEC. 4. ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.
25	"As used in this Act:

1	"(1) AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—The
2	term 'auxiliary aids and services' includes—
3	"(A) qualified interpreters or other effec-
4	tive methods of making aurally delivered mate-
5	rials available to individuals with hearing im-
6	pairments;
7	"(B) qualified readers, taped texts, or
8	other effective methods of making visually deliv-
9	ered materials available to individuals with vis-
10	ual impairments;
11	"(C) acquisition or modification of equip-
12	ment or devices; and
13	"(D) other similar services and actions.
14	"(2) State.—The term 'State' means each of
15	the several States, the District of Columbia, the
16	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American
17	Samoa, the Virgin Islands of the United States, the
18	Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Com-
19	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.".
20	(c) Amendment to the Table of Contents.—
21	The table of contents contained in section 1(b) of the
22	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 is amended by
23	striking the item relating to section 3 and inserting the
24	following items:

[&]quot;Sec. 3. Definition of disability. "Sec. 4. Additional definitions.".

1 SEC. 5. DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY.

- 2 (a) On the Basis of Disability.—Section 102 of
- 3 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 12112) is amended—
- 5 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "with a dis-
- 6 ability because of the disability of such individual"
- 7 and inserting "on the basis of disability"; and
- 8 (2) in subsection (b) in the matter preceding
- 9 paragraph (1), by striking "discriminate" and in-
- serting "discriminate against a qualified individual
- on the basis of disability".
- 12 (b) QUALIFICATION STANDARDS AND TESTS RE-
- 13 LATED TO UNCORRECTED VISION.—Section 103 of the
- 14 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
- 15 12113) is amended by redesignating subsections (c) and
- 16 (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively, and inserting
- 17 after subsection (b) the following new subsection:
- 18 "(c) QUALIFICATION STANDARDS AND TESTS RE-
- 19 LATED TO UNCORRECTED VISION.—Notwithstanding sec-
- 20 tion 3(4)(E)(ii), a covered entity shall not use qualification
- 21 standards, employment tests, or other selection criteria
- 22 based on an individual's uncorrected vision unless the
- 23 standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the
- 24 covered entity, is shown to be job-related for the position
- 25 in question and consistent with business necessity.".
- 26 (c) Conforming Amendments.—

1 (1) Section 101(8) of the Americans with Dis-2 abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111(8)) is 3 amended— 4 (A) in the paragraph heading, by striking 5 "WITH A DISABILITY"; and (B) by striking "with a disability" after 6 7 "individual" both places it appears. 8 (2) Section 104(a) of the Americans with Dis-9 abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12114(a)) is 10 amended by striking "the term 'qualified individual 11 with a disability' shall" and inserting "a qualified 12 individual with a disability shall". 13 SEC. 6. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION. 14 (a) Title V of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 15 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12201 et seg.) is amended— 16 (1) by adding at the end of section 501 the fol-17 lowing: 18 "(e) Benefits Under State Worker's Com-PENSATION LAWS.—Nothing in this Act alters the stand-19 20 ards for determining eligibility for benefits under State 21 worker's compensation laws or under State and Federal 22 disability benefit programs. "(f) FUNDAMENTAL ALTERATION.—Nothing in this 23 Act alters the provision of section 302(b)(2)(A)(ii), specifying that reasonable modifications in policies, practices,

- 1 or procedures shall be required, unless an entity can dem-
- 2 onstrate that making such modifications in policies, prac-
- 3 tices, or procedures, including academic requirements in
- 4 postsecondary education, would fundamentally alter the
- 5 nature of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advan-
- 6 tages, or accommodations involved.
- 7 "(g) Claims of No Disability.—Nothing in this
- 8 Act shall provide the basis for a claim by an individual
- 9 without a disability that the individual was subject to dis-
- 10 crimination because of the individual's lack of disability.
- 11 "(h) Reasonable Accommodations and Modi-
- 12 FICATIONS.—A covered entity under title I, a public entity
- 13 under title II, and any person who owns, leases (or leases
- 14 to), or operates a place of public accommodation under
- 15 title III, need not provide a reasonable accommodation or
- 16 a reasonable modification to policies, practices, or proce-
- 17 dures to an individual who meets the definition of dis-
- 18 ability in section 3(1) solely under subparagraph (C) of
- 19 such section.";
- 20 (2) by redesignating section 506 through 514
- as sections 507 through 515, respectively, and add-
- ing after section 505 the following:

1	"SEC. 506. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING REGU-					
2	LATORY AUTHORITY.					
3	"The authority to issue regulations granted to the					
4	Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the Attor-					
5	ney General, and the Secretary of Transportation under					
6	this Act includes the authority to issue regulations imple-					
7	menting the definitions of disability in section 3 (including					
8	rules of construction) and the definitions in section 4, con-					
9	sistent with the ADA Amendments Act of 2008."; and					
10	(3) in section 511 (as redesignated by para-					
11	graph (2)) (42 U.S.C. 12211), in subsection (e), by					
12	striking " $511(b)(3)$ " and inserting " $512(b)(3)$ ".					
13	(b) The table of contents contained in section 1(b)					
14	of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 is amended					
15	by redesignating the items relating to sections 506					
16	through 514 as the items relating to sections 507 through					
17	515, respectively, and by inserting after the item relating					
18	to section 505 the following new item:					
	"Sec. 506. Rule of construction regarding regulatory authority.".					
19	SEC. 7. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.					
20	Section 7 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29					
21	U.S.C. 705) is amended—					
22	(1) in paragraph (9)(B), by striking "a phys-					
23	ical" and all that follows through "major life activi-					
24	ties", and inserting "the meaning given it in section					

- 1 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42
- 2 U.S.C. 12102)"; and
- 3 (2) in paragraph (20)(B), by striking "any per-
- 4 son who" and all that follows through the period at
- 5 the end, and inserting "any person who has a dis-
- 6 ability as defined in section 3 of the Americans with
- 7 Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102).".
- 8 SEC. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 9 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
- 10 become effective on January 1, 2009.

Calendar No. 927

110TH CONGRESS S. 3406

A BILL

To restore the intent and protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

August 1, 2008

Read the second time and placed on the calendar