110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

S. 456

SEPTEMBER 24, 2007

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

AN ACT

To increase and enhance law enforcement resources committed to investigation and prosecution of violent gangs, to deter and punish violent gang crime, to protect lawabiding citizens and communities from violent criminals, to revise and enhance criminal penalties for violent crimes, to expand and improve gang prevention programs, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Gang Abatement and
- 5 Prevention Act of 2007".

6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 7 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Table of contents.
 - Sec. 3. Findings.

TITLE I—NEW FEDERAL CRIMINAL LAWS NEEDED TO FIGHT VIOLENT NATIONAL, INTERNATIONAL, REGIONAL, AND LOCAL GANGS THAT AFFECT INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE

Sec. 101. Revision and extension of penalties related to criminal street gang activity.

TITLE II—VIOLENT CRIME REFORMS TO REDUCE GANG VIOLENCE

- Sec. 201. Violent crimes in aid of racketeering activity.
- Sec. 202. Murder and other violent crimes committed during and in relation to a drug trafficking crime.
- Sec. 203. Expansion of rebuttable presumption against release of persons charged with firearms offenses.
- Sec. 204. Statute of limitations for violent crime.
- Sec. 205. Study of hearsay exception for forfeiture by wrongdoing.
- Sec. 206. Possession of firearms by dangerous felons.
- Sec. 207. Conforming amendment.
- Sec. 208. Amendments relating to violent crime.
- Sec. 209. Publicity campaign about new criminal penalties.
- Sec. 210. Statute of limitations for terrorism offenses.
- Sec. 211. Crimes committed in Indian country or exclusive Federal jurisdiction as racketeering predicates.
- Sec. 212. Predicate crimes for authorization of interception of wire, oral, and electronic communications.
- Sec. 213. Clarification of Hobbs Act.
- Sec. 214. Interstate tampering with or retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant in a State criminal proceeding.
- Sec. 215. Amendment of sentencing guidelines.

TITLE III—INCREASED FEDERAL RESOURCES TO DETER AND PREVENT SERIOUSLY AT-RISK YOUTH FROM JOINING ILLEGAL STREET GANGS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

- Sec. 301. Designation of and assistance for high intensity gang activity areas.
- Sec. 302. Gang prevention grants.
- Sec. 303. Enhancement of Project Safe Neighborhoods initiative to improve enforcement of criminal laws against violent gangs.
- Sec. 304. Additional resources needed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to investigate and prosecute violent criminal street gangs.
- Sec. 305. Grants to prosecutors and law enforcement to combat violent crime.
- Sec. 306. Expansion and reauthorization of the mentoring initiative for system involved youth.
- Sec. 307. Demonstration grants to encourage creative approaches to gang activity and after-school programs.
- Sec. 308. Short-Term State Witness Protection Section.
- Sec. 309. Witness protection services.
- Sec. 310. Expansion of Federal witness relocation and protection program.
- Sec. 311. Family abduction prevention grant program.
- Sec. 312. Study on adolescent development and sentences in the Federal system.
- Sec. 313. National youth anti-heroin media campaign.
- Sec. 314. Training at the national advocacy center.

TITLE IV—CRIME PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION STRATEGIES

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Purposes.
- Sec. 403. Definitions.
- Sec. 404. National Commission on Public Safety Through Crime Prevention.
- Sec. 405. Innovative crime prevention and intervention strategy grants.

1 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) violent crime and drug trafficking are per4 vasive problems at the national, State, and local
 5 level:

6 (2) according to recent Federal Bureau of In-7 vestigation, Uniform Crime Reports, violent crime in 8 the United States is on the rise, with a 2.3 percent 9 increase in violent crime in 2005 (the largest in-10 crease in the United States in 15 years) and an even 11 larger 3.7 percent jump during the first 6 months

1 of 2006, and the Police Executive Research Forum 2 reports that, among jurisdictions providing informa-3 tion, homicides are up 10.21 percent, robberies are 4 up 12.27 percent, and aggravated assaults with fire-5 arms are up 9.98 percent since 2004; 6 (3) these disturbing rises in violent crime are 7 attributable in part to the spread of criminal street 8 gangs and the willingness of gang members to com-9 mit acts of violence and drug trafficking offenses; 10 (4) according to a recent National Drug Threat 11 Assessment, criminal street gangs are responsible for 12 much of the retail distribution of the cocaine, meth-13 amphetamine, heroin, and other illegal drugs being 14 distributed in rural and urban communities through-15 out the United States; 16 (5) gangs commit acts of violence or drug of-17 fenses for numerous motives, such as membership in 18 or loyalty to the gang, for protecting gang territory, 19 and for profit; 20 (6) gang presence and intimidation, and the or-21 ganized and repetitive nature of the crimes that 22 gangs and gang members commit, has a pernicious 23 effect on the free flow of interstate commercial ac-24 tivities and directly affects the freedom and security 25 of communities plagued by gang activity, dimin-

1	ishing the value of property, inhibiting the desire of
2	national and multinational corporations to transact
3	business in those communities, and in a variety of
4	ways directly and substantially affecting interstate
5	and foreign commerce;
6	(7) gangs often recruit and utilize minors to en-
7	gage in acts of violence and other serious offenses
8	out of a belief that the criminal justice systems are
9	more lenient on juvenile offenders;
10	(8) gangs often intimidate and threaten wit-
11	nesses to prevent successful prosecutions;
12	(9) gangs prey upon and incorporate minors
13	into their ranks, exploiting the fact that adolescents
14	have immature decision-making capacity, therefore,
15	gang activity and recruitment can be reduced and
16	deterred through increased vigilance, appropriate
17	criminal penalties, partnerships between Federal and
18	State and local law enforcement, and proactive pre-
19	vention and intervention efforts, particularly tar-
20	geted at juveniles and young adults, prior to and
21	even during gang involvement;
22	(10) State and local prosecutors and law en-

(10) State and local prosecutors and law enforcement officers, in hearings before the Committee
on the Judiciary of the Senate and elsewhere, have
enlisted the help of Congress in the prevention, in-

vestigation, and prosecution of gang crimes and in
 the protection of witnesses and victims of gang
 crimes; and

4 (11) because State and local prosecutors and 5 law enforcement have the expertise, experience, and 6 connection to the community that is needed to assist in combating gang violence, consultation and coordi-7 8 nation between Federal, State, and local law enforce-9 ment and collaboration with other community agen-10 cies is critical to the successful prosecutions of 11 criminal street gangs and reduction of gang prob-12 lems.

TITLE I—NEW FEDERAL CRIMI-13 NAL LAWS NEEDED TO FIGHT 14 VIOLENT NATIONAL, INTER-15 NATIONAL. **REGIONAL**, AND 16 LOCAL GANGS THAT AFFECT 17 **INTERSTATE** AND FOREIGN 18 **COMMERCE** 19

20SEC. 101. REVISION AND EXTENSION OF PENALTIES RE-21LATED TO CRIMINAL STREET GANG ACTIV-22ITY.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 26 of title 18, United24 States Code, is amended to read as follows:

6

1 "CHAPTER 26—CRIMINAL STREET GANGS

"Sec.

"521. Definitions.

"522. Criminal street gang prosecutions.

"523. Recruitment of persons to participate in a criminal street gang.

"524. Violent crimes in furtherance of criminal street gangs.

"525. Forfeiture.

2 **"§ 521. Definitions**

3 "In this chapter:

4 "(1) CRIMINAL STREET GANG.—The term
5 'criminal street gang' means a formal or informal
6 group, organization, or association of 5 or more indi7 viduals—

8 "(A) each of whom has committed at least
9 1 gang crime; and

10 "(B) who collectively commit 3 or more 11 gang crimes (not less than 1 of which is a seri-12 ous violent felony), in separate criminal epi-13 sodes (not less than 1 of which occurs after the 14 date of enactment of the Gang Abatement and 15 Prevention Act of 2007, and the last of which 16 occurs not later than 5 years after the commis-17 sion of a prior gang crime (excluding any time 18 of imprisonment for that individual)).

19 "(2) GANG CRIME.—The term 'gang crime'
20 means an offense under Federal law punishable by
21 imprisonment for more than 1 year, or a felony of22 fense under State law that is punishable by a term

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1	of imprisonment of 5 years or more in any of the
2	following categories:
3	"(A) A crime that has as an element the
4	use, attempted use, or threatened use of phys-
5	ical force against the person of another, or is
6	burglary, arson, kidnapping, or extortion.
7	"(B) A crime involving obstruction of jus-
8	tice, or tampering with or retaliating against a
9	witness, victim, or informant.
10	"(C) A crime involving the manufacturing,
11	importing, distributing, possessing with intent
12	to distribute, or otherwise trafficking in a con-
13	trolled substance or listed chemical (as those
14	terms are defined in section 102 of the Con-
15	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)).
16	"(D) Any conduct punishable under—
17	"(i) section 844 (relating to explosive
18	materials);
19	"(ii) subsection $(a)(1)$, (d) , $(g)(1)$
20	(where the underlying conviction is a vio-
21	lent felony or a serious drug offense (as
22	those terms are defined in section 924(e)),
23	(g)(2), (g)(3), (g)(4), (g)(5), (g)(8), (g)(9),
24	(g)(10), (g)(11), (i), (j), (k), (n), (o), (p),

(q), (u), or (x) of section 922 (relating to 1 2 unlawful acts); 3 "(iii) subsection (b), (c), (g), (h), (k), 4 (l), (m), or (n) of section 924 (relating to 5 penalties); "(iv) section 930 (relating to posses-6 sion of firearms and dangerous weapons in 7 8 Federal facilities); 9 "(v) section 931 (relating to purchase, 10 ownership, or possession of body armor by 11 violent felons); "(vi) sections 1028 and 1029 (relating 12 13 to fraud, identity theft, and related activity 14 in connection with identification documents 15 or access devices); "(vii) section 1084 (relating to trans-16 17 mission of wagering information); 18 "(viii) section 1952 (relating to inter-19 state and foreign travel or transportation 20 in aid of racketeering enterprises); "(ix) section 1956 (relating to the 21 22 laundering of monetary instruments); 23 "(x) section 1957 (relating to engaging in monetary transactions in property 24

1	derived from specified unlawful activity);
2	OF
3	"(xi) sections 2312 through 2315 (re-
4	lating to interstate transportation of stolen
5	motor vehicles or stolen property).
6	"(E) Any conduct punishable under section
7	274 (relating to bringing in and harboring cer-
8	tain aliens), section 277 (relating to aiding or
9	assisting certain aliens to enter the United
10	States), or section 278 (relating to importation
11	of aliens for immoral purposes) of the Immigra-
12	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324, 1327,
13	and 1328).
14	"(F) Any crime involving aggravated sex-
15	ual abuse, sexual assault, pimping or pandering
16	involving prostitution, sexual exploitation of
17	children (including sections 2251, 2251A, 2252
18	and 2260), peonage, slavery, or trafficking in
19	persons (including sections 1581 through 1592)
20	and sections 2421 through 2427 (relating to
21	transport for illegal sexual activity).
22	"(3) MINOR.—The term 'minor' means an indi-
23	vidual who is less than 18 years of age.

"(4) SERIOUS VIOLENT FELONY.—The term
 'serious violent felony' has the meaning given that
 term in section 3559.

4 "(5) STATE.—The term 'State' means each of
5 the several States of the United States, the District
6 of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or
7 possession of the United States.

8 "§ 522. Criminal street gang prosecutions

9 "(a) STREET GANG CRIME.—It shall be unlawful for 10 any person to knowingly commit, or conspire, threaten, or 11 attempt to commit, a gang crime for the purpose of fur-12 thering the activities of a criminal street gang, or gaining entrance to or maintaining or increasing position in a 13 14 criminal street gang, if the activities of that criminal street 15 gang occur in or affect interstate or foreign commerce. 16 "(b) PENALTY.—Any person who violates subsection 17 (a) shall be fined under this title and—

18 "(1) for murder, kidnapping, conduct that
19 would violate section 2241 if the conduct occurred in
20 the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of
21 the United States, or maiming, imprisonment for
22 any term of years or for life;

23 "(2) for any other serious violent felony, by im24 prisonment for not more than 30 years;

"(3) for any crime of violence that is not a seri ous violent felony, by imprisonment for not more
 than 20 years; and

4 "(4) for any other offense, by imprisonment for5 not more than 10 years.

6 "§ 523. Recruitment of persons to participate in a 7 criminal street gang

"(a) PROHIBITED ACTS.—It shall be unlawful to 8 9 knowingly recruit, employ, solicit, induce, command, co-10 erce, or cause another person to be or remain as a member 11 of a criminal street gang, or attempt or conspire to do 12 so, with the intent to cause that person to participate in 13 a gang crime, if the defendant travels in interstate or foreign commerce in the course of the offense, or if the activi-14 15 ties of that criminal street gang are in or affect interstate or foreign commerce. 16

17 "(b) PENALTIES.—Whoever violates subsection (a)18 shall—

"(1) if the person recruited, employed, solicited,
induced, commanded, coerced, or caused to participate or remain in a criminal street gang is a
minor—

23 "(A) be fined under this title, imprisoned
24 not more than 10 years, or both; and

"(B) at the discretion of the sentencing judge, be liable for any costs incurred by the Federal Government, or by any State or local government, for housing, maintaining, treating the minor until the person attains the age of 18 years; "(2) if the person who recruits, employs, solicits, induces, commands, coerces, or causes the participation or remaining in a criminal street gang is incarcerated at the time the offense takes place, be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both; and

and

13 "(3) in any other case, be fined under this title, 14 imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.

15 "(c) Consecutive Nature of Penalties.—Any term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (b)(2)16 17 shall be consecutive to any term imposed for any other offense. 18

"§ 524. Violent crimes in furtherance of criminal 19 20 street gangs

"(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any per-21 22 son, for the purpose of gaining entrance to or maintaining 23 or increasing position in, or in furtherance of, or in asso-24 ciation with, a criminal street gang, or as consideration for anything of pecuniary value to or from a criminal 25

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street gang, to knowingly commit or threaten to commit 1 2 against any individual a crime of violence that is an of-3 fense under Federal law punishable by imprisonment for 4 more than 1 year or a felony offense under State law that 5 is punishable by a term of imprisonment of 5 years or more, or attempt or conspire to do so, if the activities of 6 7 the criminal street gang occur in or affect interstate or 8 foreign commerce.

9 "(b) PENALTY.—Any person who violates subsection
10 (a) shall be punished by a fine under this title and—

"(1) for murder, kidnapping, conduct that
would violate section 2241 if the conduct occurred in
the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of
the United States, or maining, by imprisonment for
any term of years or for life;

16 "(2) for a serious violent felony other than one
17 described in paragraph (1), by imprisonment for not
18 more than 30 years; and

19 "(3) in any other case, by imprisonment for not20 more than 20 years.

21 **"§ 525. Forfeiture**

"(a) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE.—A person who is convicted of a violation of this chapter shall forfeit to the
United States—

"(1) any property used, or intended to be used,
 in any manner or part, to commit, or to facilitate
 the commission of, the violation; and

4 "(2) any property constituting, or derived from,
5 any proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, as a re6 sult of the violation.

7 "(b) PROCEDURES APPLICABLE.—Pursuant to sec8 tion 2461(c) of title 28, the provisions of section 413 of
9 the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853), except
10 subsections (a) and (d) of that section, shall apply to the
11 criminal forfeiture of property under this section.".

(b) AMENDMENT RELATING TO PRIORITY OF FOR13 FEITURE OVER ORDERS FOR RESTITUTION.—Section
14 3663(c)(4) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
15 by striking "chapter 46 or" and inserting "chapter 26,
16 chapter 46, or".

(c) MONEY LAUNDERING.—Section 1956(c)(7)(D) of
title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting ",
section 522 (relating to criminal street gang prosecutions),
523 (relating to recruitment of persons to participate in
a criminal street gang), and 524 (relating to violent crimes
in furtherance of criminal street gangs)" before ", section
541".

(d) AMENDMENT OF SPECIAL SENTENCING PROVI-1 SION PROHIBITING PRISONER COMMUNICATIONS.-Sec-2 3 tion 3582(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 4 (1) by inserting "chapter 26 (criminal street 5 gangs)," before "chapter 95"; and (2) by inserting "a criminal street gang or" be-6 7 fore "an illegal enterprise". TITLE **II—VIOLENT CRIME** RE-8 FORMS TO REDUCE GANG VI-9 **OLENCE** 10 11 SEC. 201. VIOLENT CRIMES IN AID OF RACKETEERING AC-12 TIVITY. 13 Section 1959(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-14 15 (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)— (A) by inserting "or in furtherance or in 16 17 aid of an enterprise engaged in racketeering ac-18 tivity," before "murders,"; and 19 (B) by inserting "engages in conduct that 20 would violate section 2241 if the conduct oc-21 curred in the special maritime and territorial 22 jurisdiction of the United States," before 23 "maims,"; 24 (2) in paragraph (1), by inserting "conduct that would violate section 2241 if the conduct oc-25

1	curred in the special maritime and territorial juris-
2	diction of the United States, or maining," after
3	"kidnapping,";
4	(3) in paragraph (2), by striking "maining"
5	and inserting "assault resulting in serious bodily in-
6	jury'';
7	(4) in paragraph (3), by striking "or assault re-
8	sulting in serious bodily injury";
9	(5) in paragraph (4)—
10	(A) by striking "five years" and inserting
11	"10 years"; and
12	(B) by adding "and" at the end; and
13	(6) by striking paragraphs (5) and (6) and in-
14	serting the following:
15	"(5) for attempting or conspiring to commit
16	any offense under this section, by the same penalties
17	(other than the death penalty) as those prescribed
18	for the offense, the commission of which was the ob-
19	ject of the attempt or conspiracy.".
20	SEC. 202. MURDER AND OTHER VIOLENT CRIMES COM-
21	MITTED DURING AND IN RELATION TO A
22	DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Part D of the Controlled Sub-
24	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841 et seq.) is amended by adding
25	at the end the following:
21	MITTED DURING AND IN RELATION

1 "SEC. 424. MURDER AND OTHER VIOLENT CRIMES COM-2MITTED DURING AND IN RELATION TO A3DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Whoever, during and in relation 5 to any drug trafficking crime, knowingly commits any crime of violence against any individual that is an offense 6 7 under Federal law punishable by imprisonment for more 8 than 1 year or a felony offense under State law that is 9 punishable by a term of imprisonment of 5 years or more, 10 or threatens, attempts or conspires to do so, shall be punished by a fine under title 18, United States Code, and— 11

"(1) for murder, kidnapping, conduct that
would violate section 2241 if the conduct occurred in
the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of
the United States, or maiming, by imprisonment for
any term of years or for life;

"(2) for a serious violent felony (as defined in
section 3559 of title 18, United States Code) other
than one described in paragraph (1) by imprisonment for not more than 30 years;

21 "(3) for a crime of violence that is not a serious
22 violent felony, by imprisonment for not more than
23 20 years; and

24 "(4) in any other case by imprisonment for not25 more than 10 years.

1	"(b) VENUE.—A prosecution for a violation of this
2	section may be brought in—
3	((1) the judicial district in which the murder or
4	other crime of violence occurred; or
5	((2) any judicial district in which the drug traf-
6	ficking crime may be prosecuted.
7	"(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
8	((1) the term 'crime of violence' has the mean-
9	ing given that term in section 16 of title 18, United
10	States Code; and
11	"(2) the term 'drug trafficking crime' has the
12	meaning given that term in section $924(c)(2)$ of title
13	18, United States Code.".
14	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
15	for the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Con-
16	trol Act of 1970 (Public Law 91–513; 84 Stat. 1236) is
17	amended by inserting after the item relating to section
18	423, the following:
	"Sec. 424. Murder and other violent crimes committed during and in relation to a drug trafficking crime.".
19	-
19 20	to a drug trafficking crime.".
	to a drug trafficking crime.". SEC. 203. EXPANSION OF REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION
20	to a drug trafficking crime.". SEC. 203. EXPANSION OF REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION AGAINST RELEASE OF PERSONS CHARGED
20 21	to a drug trafficking crime.". SEC. 203. EXPANSION OF REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION AGAINST RELEASE OF PERSONS CHARGED WITH FIREARMS OFFENSES.

offense under subsection (g)(1) (where the underlying con viction is a drug trafficking crime or crime of violence (as
 those terms are defined in section 924(c))), (g)(2), (g)(3),
 (g)(4), (g)(5), (g)(8), (g)(9), (g)(10), or (g)(11) of section
 922,".

6 SEC. 204. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR VIOLENT CRIME.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 213 of title 18, United
8 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol9 lowing:

10 "§ 3299A. Violent crime offenses

11 "No person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished 12 for any noncapital felony crime of violence, including any 13 racketeering activity or gang crime which involves any 14 crime of violence, unless the indictment is found or the 15 information is instituted not later than 10 years after the 16 date on which the alleged violation occurred or the con-17 tinuing offense was completed.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
at the beginning of chapter 213 of title 18, United States
Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"3299A. Violent crime offenses.".

21 SEC. 205. STUDY OF HEARSAY EXCEPTION FOR FOR-22 FEITURE BY WRONGDOING.

23 The Judicial Conference of the United States shall
24 study the necessity and desirability of amending section
25 804(b) of the Federal Rules of Evidence to permit the ins 456 RFH

troduction of statements against a party by a witness who
 has been made unavailable where it is reasonably foresee able by that party that wrongdoing would make the declar ant unavailable.

5 SEC. 206. POSSESSION OF FIREARMS BY DANGEROUS FEL6 ONS.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 924(e) of title 18, United
8 States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (1) and
9 inserting the following:

"(1) In the case of a person who violates section
922(g) of this title and has previously been convicted by
any court referred to in section 922(g)(1) of a violent felony or a serious drug offense shall—

"(A) in the case of 1 such prior conviction,
where a period of not more than 10 years has
elapsed since the later of the date of conviction and
the date of release of the person from imprisonment
for that conviction, be imprisoned for not more than
15 years, fined under this title, or both;

"(B) in the case of 2 such prior convictions,
committed on occasions different from one another,
and where a period of not more than 10 years has
elapsed since the later of the date of conviction and
the date of release of the person from imprisonment
for the most recent such conviction, be imprisoned

for not more than 20 years, fined under this title,
 or both; and

3 "(C) in the case of 3 such prior convictions, committed on occasions different from one another, 4 5 and where a period of not more than 10 years has 6 elapsed since the later of date of conviction and the 7 date of release of the person from imprisonment for 8 the most recent such conviction, be imprisoned for 9 any term of years not less than 15 years or for life 10 and fined under this title, and notwithstanding any 11 other provision of law, the court shall not suspend 12 the sentence of, or grant a probationary sentence to, 13 such person with respect to the conviction under sec-14 tion 922(g).".

15 (b) Amendment to Sentencing Guidelines.— Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28, 16 17 United States Code, the United States Sentencing Com-18 mission shall amend the Federal Sentencing Guidelines to provide for an appropriate increase in the offense level for 19 violations of section 922(g) of title 18, United States 20 21 Code, in accordance with section 924(e) of that title 18, 22 as amended by subsection (a).

23

1 SEC. 207. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.

2 The matter preceding paragraph (1) in section
3 922(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in4 serting ", transfer," after "sell".

5 SEC. 208. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO VIOLENT CRIME.

6 (a) CARJACKING.—Section 2119 of title 18, United
7 States Code, is amended—

8 (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ", with the intent" and all that follows 9 through "to do so, shall" and inserting "knowingly 10 11 takes a motor vehicle that has been transported, 12 shipped, or received in interstate or foreign com-13 merce from the person of another by force and vio-14 lence or by intimidation, causing a reasonable appre-15 hension of fear of death or serious bodily injury in 16 an individual, or attempts or conspires to do so, 17 shall";

18 (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "15 years"19 and inserting "20 years";

20 (3) in paragraph (2), by striking "or impris21 oned not more than 25 years, or both" and inserting
22 "and imprisoned for any term of years or for life";
23 and

24 (4) in paragraph (3), by inserting "the person
25 takes or attempts to take the motor vehicle in viola26 tion of this section with intent to cause death or
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cause serious bodily injury, and" before "death re sults".

3 (b) CLARIFICATION AND STRENGTHENING OF PROHI4 BITION ON ILLEGAL GUN TRANSFERS TO COMMIT DRUG
5 TRAFFICKING CRIME OR CRIME OF VIOLENCE.—Section
6 924(h) of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read
7 as follows:

8 "(h) Whoever knowingly transfers a firearm that has 9 moved in or that otherwise affects interstate or foreign 10 commerce, knowing that the firearm will be used to com-11 mit, or possessed in furtherance of, a crime of violence 12 (as defined in subsection (c)(3)) or drug trafficking crime 13 (as defined in subsection (c)(2)) shall be fined under this 14 title and imprisoned not more than 20 years.".

(c) AMENDMENT OF SPECIAL SENTENCING PROVI16 SION RELATING TO LIMITATIONS ON CRIMINAL ASSOCIA17 TION.—Section 3582(d) of title 18, United States Code,
18 is amended—

19 (1) by inserting "chapter 26 of this title (crimi20 nal street gang prosecutions) or in" after "felony set
21 forth in"; and

(2) by inserting "a criminal street gang or" be-fore "an illegal enterprise".

24 (d) CONSPIRACY PENALTY.—Section 371 of title 18,
25 United States Code, is amended by striking "five years,

or both." and inserting "10 years (unless the maximum
 penalty for the crime that served as the object of the con spiracy has a maximum penalty of imprisonment of less
 than 10 years, in which case the maximum penalty under
 this section shall be the penalty for such crime), or both.
 This paragraph does not supersede any other penalty spe cifically set forth for a conspiracy offense.".

8 SEC. 209. PUBLICITY CAMPAIGN ABOUT NEW CRIMINAL 9 PENALTIES.

10 The Attorney General is authorized to conduct media campaigns in any area designated as a high intensity gang 11 12 activity area under section 301 and any area with existing 13 and emerging problems with gangs, as needed, to educate individuals in that area about the changes in criminal pen-14 15 alties made by this Act, and shall report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the 16 17 Judiciary of the House of Representatives the amount of 18 expenditures and all other aspects of the media campaign. 19 SEC. 210. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR TERRORISM OF-

20

FENSES.

21 Section 3286(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
22 amended—

(1) in the subsection heading, by striking
"EIGHT-YEAR" and inserting "TEN-YEAR"; and

	-
1	(2) in the first sentence, by striking "8 years"
2	and inserting "10 years".
3	SEC. 211. CRIMES COMMITTED IN INDIAN COUNTRY OR EX-
4	CLUSIVE FEDERAL JURISDICTION AS RACK-
5	ETEERING PREDICATES.
6	Section 1961(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
7	is amended by inserting ", or would have been so charge-
8	able if the act or threat (other than gambling) had not
9	been committed in Indian country (as defined in section
10	1151) or in any other area of exclusive Federal jurisdic-
11	tion," after "chargeable under State law".
12	SEC. 212. PREDICATE CRIMES FOR AUTHORIZATION OF
13	INTERCEPTION OF WIRE, ORAL, AND ELEC-
13 14	INTERCEPTION OF WIRE, ORAL, AND ELEC- TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.
14	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.
14 15	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
14 15 16	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16 17	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph
14 15 16 17 18	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph (r);
14 15 16 17 18 19	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph (r); (2) by redesignating paragraph (s) as para-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph (r); (2) by redesignating paragraph (s) as para- graph (u); and
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph (r); (2) by redesignating paragraph (s) as para- graph (u); and (3) by inserting after paragraph (r) the fol-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph (r); (2) by redesignating paragraph (s) as para- graph (u); and (3) by inserting after paragraph (r) the fol- lowing:

violent crimes in furtherance of a drug trafficking
 crime);

3 "(t) any violation of section 522, 523, or 524
4 (relating to criminal street gangs); or".

5 SEC. 213. CLARIFICATION OF HOBBS ACT.

6 Section 1951(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
7 amended—

8 (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "including 9 the unlawful impersonation of a law enforcement of-10 ficer (as that term is defined in section 245(c) of 11 this title)," after "by means of actual or threatened 12 force,"; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "including
the unlawful impersonation of a law enforcement officer (as that term is defined in section 245(c) of
this title)," after "by wrongful use of actual or
threatened force,".

18 SEC. 214. INTERSTATE TAMPERING WITH OR RETALIATION

19	AGAINST A WITNESS, VICTIM, OR INFORMANT
20	IN A STATE CRIMINAL PROCEEDING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 73 of title 18, United
States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1513
the following:

1	"§1513A. Interstate tampering with or retaliation
2	against a witness, victim, or informant in
3	a State criminal proceeding
4	"(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any per-
5	son—
6	"(1) to travel in interstate or foreign commerce,
7	or to use the mail or any facility in interstate or for-
8	eign commerce, or to employ, use, command, coun-
9	sel, persuade, induce, entice, or coerce any individual
10	to do the same, with the intent to—
11	"(A) use or threaten to use any physical
12	force against any witness, informant, victim, or
13	other participant in a State criminal proceeding
14	in an effort to influence or prevent participation
15	in such proceeding, or to retaliate against such
16	individual for participating in such proceeding;
17	or
18	"(B) threaten, influence, or prevent from
19	testifying any actual or prospective witness in a
20	State criminal proceeding; or
21	((2) to attempt or conspire to commit an of-
22	fense under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph
23	(1).
24	"(b) Penalties.—
25	"(1) Use of force.—Any person who violates
26	subsection (a)(1)(A) by use of force—

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1	"(A) shall be fined under this title, impris-
2	oned not more than 20 years, or both; and
3	"(B) if death, kidnapping, or serious bodily
4	injury results, shall be fined under this title,
5	imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or
6	both.
7	"(2) OTHER VIOLATIONS.—Any person who vio-
8	lates subsection $(a)(1)(A)$ by threatened use of force
9	or violates paragraph $(1)(B)$ or (2) of subsection (a)
10	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
11	than 10 years, or both.
12	"(c) VENUE.—A prosecution under this section may
13	be brought in the district in which the official proceeding
14	(whether or not pending, about to be instituted or was
15	completed) was intended to be affected or was completed,
16	or in which the conduct constituting the alleged offense
17	occurred.".
18	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1512 is
19	amended, in the section heading, by adding at the end the
20	following: "in a Federal proceeding".
21	(c) CHAPTER ANALYSIS.—The table of sections for
22	chapter 73 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
23	(1) by striking the item relating to section 1512
24	and inserting the following:
	"1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant in a Federal proceeding.";

1 and

2 (2) by inserting after the item relating to sec-3 tion 1513 the following:

"1513A. Interstate tampering with or retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant in a State criminal proceeding.".

4 SEC. 215. AMENDMENT OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to its authority under 6 section 994 of title 28, United States Code, and in accord-7 ance with this section, the United States Sentencing Com-8 mission shall review and, if appropriate, amend its guide-9 lines and policy statements to conform with this title and 10 the amendments made by this title.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out this section,the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) establish new guidelines and policy statements, as warranted, in order to implement new or
revised criminal offenses under this title and the
amendments made by this title;

17 (2) consider the extent to which the guidelines18 and policy statements adequately address—

- 19 (A) whether the guidelines offense levels20 and enhancements—
- 21 (i) are sufficient to deter and punish22 such offenses; and

23 (ii) are adequate in view of the statu24 tory increases in penalties contained in this

1	title and the amendments made by this
2	title; and
3	(B) whether any existing or new specific
4	offense characteristics should be added to re-
5	flect congressional intent to increase penalties
6	for the offenses set forth in this title and the
7	amendments made by this title;
8	(3) ensure that specific offense characteristics
9	are added to increase the guideline range—
10	(A) by at least 2 offense levels, if a crimi-
11	nal defendant committing a gang crime or gang
12	recruiting offense was an alien who was present
13	in the United States in violation of section 275
14	or 276 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
15	(8 U.S.C. 1325 and 1326) at the time the of-
16	fense was committed; and
17	(B) by at least 4 offense levels, if such de-
18	fendant had also previously been ordered re-
19	moved or deported under the Immigration and
20	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) on the
21	grounds of having committed a crime;
22	(4) determine under what circumstances a sen-
23	tence of imprisonment imposed under this title or
24	the amendments made by this title shall run con-
25	secutively to any other sentence of imprisonment im-

1	posed for any other crime, except that the Commis-
2	sion shall ensure that a sentence of imprisonment
3	imposed under section 424 of the Controlled Sub-
4	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841 et seq.), as added by
5	this Act, shall run consecutively, to an extent that
6	the Sentencing Commission determines appropriate,
7	to the sentence imposed for the underlying drug
8	trafficking offense;
9	(5) account for any aggravating or mitigating
10	circumstances that might justify exceptions to the
11	generally applicable sentencing ranges;
12	$(\mathbf{C}) (\mathbf{C}) ($
	(6) ensure reasonable consistency with other
13	(6) ensure reasonable consistency with other relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and
13 14	
	relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and
14	relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and statutes;
14 15	relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and statutes; (7) make any necessary and conforming
14 15 16	relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and statutes; (7) make any necessary and conforming changes to the sentencing guidelines and policy
14 15 16 17	relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and statutes; (7) make any necessary and conforming changes to the sentencing guidelines and policy statements; and

TITLE III—INCREASED FEDERAL RESOURCES TO DETER AND PREVENT SERIOUSLY AT-RISK YOUTH FROM JOINING ILLE GAL STREET GANGS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

7 SEC. 301. DESIGNATION OF AND ASSISTANCE FOR HIGH IN-

TENSITY GANG ACTIVITY AREAS.

9 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

8

10 (1) GOVERNOR.—The term "Governor" means
a Governor of a State, the Mayor of the District of
Columbia, the tribal leader of an Indian tribe, or the
chief executive of a Commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

(2) HIGH INTENSITY GANG ACTIVITY AREA.—
The term "high intensity gang activity area" or
"HIGAA" means an area within 1 or more States
or Indian country that is designated as a high intensity gang activity area under subsection (b)(1).

20 (3) INDIAN COUNTRY.—The term "Indian coun21 try" has the meaning given the term in section 1151
22 of title 18, United States Code.

23 (4) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe"24 has the meaning given the term in section 4(e) of

1	the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assist-
2	ance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(e)).
3	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means a State
4	of the United States, the District of Columbia, and
5	any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the
6	United States.
7	(6) TRIBAL LEADER.—The term "tribal leader"
8	means the chief executive officer representing the
9	governing body of an Indian tribe.
10	(b) High Intensity Gang Activity Areas.—
11	(1) DESIGNATION.—The Attorney General,
12	after consultation with the Governors of appropriate
13	States, may designate as high intensity gang activity
14	areas, specific areas that are located within 1 or
15	more States, which may consist of 1 or more munici-
16	palities, counties, or other jurisdictions as appro-
17	priate.
18	(2) Assistance.—In order to provide Federal
19	assistance to high intensity gang activity areas, the
20	Attorney General shall—
21	(A) establish local collaborative working
22	groups, which shall include—
23	(i) criminal street gang enforcement
24	teams, consisting of Federal, State, tribal,
25	and local law enforcement authorities, for

1 the coordinated investigation, disruption, 2 apprehension, and prosecution of criminal 3 street gangs and offenders in each high in-4 tensity gang activity area; (ii) educational, community, and faith 5 6 leaders in the area; 7 (iii) service providers in the commu-8 nity, including those experienced at reach-9 ing youth and adults who have been involved in violence and violent gangs or 10 11 groups, to provide gang-involved or seri-12 ously at-risk youth with positive alter-13 natives to gangs and other violent groups 14 and to address the needs of those who 15 leave gangs and other violent groups, and 16 those reentering society from prison; and 17 (iv) evaluation teams to research and 18 collect information, assess data, rec-19 ommend adjustments, and generally assure 20 the accountability and effectiveness of pro-21 gram implementation; 22 (B) direct the reassignment or detailing 23 from any Federal department or agency (sub-24 ject to the approval of the head of that depart-25 ment or agency, in the case of a department or

1	agency other than the Department of Justice)
2	of personnel to each criminal street gang en-
3	forcement team;
4	(C) direct the reassignment or detailing of
5	representatives from—
6	(i) the Department of Justice;
7	(ii) the Department of Education;
8	(iii) the Department of Labor;
9	(iv) the Department of Health and
10	Human Services;
11	(v) the Department of Housing and
12	Urban Development; and
13	(vi) any other Federal department or
14	agency (subject to the approval of the head
15	of that department or agency, in the case
16	of a department or agency other than the
17	Department of Justice) to each high inten-
18	sity gang activity area to identify and co-
19	ordinate efforts to access Federal pro-
20	grams and resources available to provide
21	gang prevention, intervention, and reentry
22	assistance;
23	(D) prioritize and administer the Federal
24	program and resource requests made by the
25	local collaborative working group established

	<u>.</u>
1	under subparagraph (A) for each high intensity
2	gang activity area;
3	(E) provide all necessary funding for the
4	operation of each local collaborative working
5	group in each high intensity gang activity area;
6	and
7	(F) provide all necessary funding for na-
8	tional and regional meetings of local collabo-
9	rative working groups, criminal street gang en-
10	forcement teams, and educational, community,
11	social service, faith-based, and all other related
12	organizations, as needed, to ensure effective op-
13	eration of such teams through the sharing of
14	intelligence and best practices and for any other
15	related purpose.
16	(3) Composition of criminal street gang
17	ENFORCEMENT TEAM.—Each team established
18	under paragraph $(2)(A)(i)$ shall consist of agents
19	and officers, where feasible, from—
20	(A) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
21	(B) the Drug Enforcement Administration;
22	(C) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Fire-
23	arms, and Explosives;
24	(D) the United States Marshals Service;

25 (E) the Department of Homeland Security;

1	(F) the Department of Housing and Urban
2	Development;
3	(G) State, local, and, where appropriate,
4	tribal law enforcement;
5	(H) Federal, State, and local prosecutors;
6	and
7	(I) the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of
8	Law Enforcement Services, where appropriate.
9	(4) CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATION.—In consid-
10	ering an area for designation as a high intensity
11	gang activity area under this section, the Attorney
12	General shall consider—
13	(A) the current and predicted levels of
14	gang crime activity in the area;
15	(B) the extent to which qualitative and
16	quantitative data indicate that violent crime in
17	the area is related to criminal street gang activ-
18	ity, such as murder, robbery, assaults,
19	carjacking, arson, kidnapping, extortion, drug
20	trafficking, and other criminal activity;
21	(C) the extent to which State, local, and,
22	where appropriate, tribal law enforcement agen-
23	cies, schools, community groups, social service
24	agencies, job agencies, faith-based organiza-

1	tions, and other organizations have committed
2	resources to—
3	(i) respond to the gang crime prob-
4	lem; and
5	(ii) participate in a gang enforcement
6	team;
7	(D) the extent to which a significant in-
8	crease in the allocation of Federal resources
9	would enhance local response to the gang crime
10	activities in the area; and
11	(E) any other criteria that the Attorney
12	General considers to be appropriate.
13	(5) Relation to hidtas.—If the Attorney
14	General establishes a high intensity gang activity
15	area that substantially overlaps geographically with
16	any existing high intensity drug trafficking area (in
17	this section referred to as a "HIDTA"), the Attor-
18	ney General shall direct the local collaborative work-
19	ing group for that high intensity gang activity area
20	to enter into an agreement with the Executive Board
21	for that HIDTA, providing that—
22	(A) the Executive Board of that HIDTA
23	shall establish a separate high intensity gang
24	activity area law enforcement steering com-
25	mittee, and select (with a preference for Fed-

1	eral, State, and local law enforcement agencies
2	that are within the geographic area of that high
3	intensity gang activity area) the members of
4	that committee, subject to the concurrence of
5	the Attorney General;
6	(B) the high intensity gang activity area
7	law enforcement steering committee established
8	under subparagraph (A) shall administer the
9	funds provided under subsection $(g)(1)$ for the
10	criminal street gang enforcement team, after
11	consulting with, and consistent with the goals
12	and strategies established by, that local collabo-
13	rative working group;
14	(C) the high intensity gang activity area
15	law enforcement steering committee established
16	under subparagraph (A) shall select, from Fed-
17	eral, State, and local law enforcement agencies
18	within the geographic area of that high inten-
19	sity gang activity area, the members of the
20	Criminal Street Gang Enforcement Team, in
21	accordance with paragraph (3); and
22	(D) the Criminal Street Gang Enforcement
23	Team of that high intensity gang activity area,
24	and its law enforcement steering committee,
25	may, with approval of the Executive Board of

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1	the HIDTA with which it substantially over-
2	laps, utilize the intelligence-sharing, administra-
3	tive, and other resources of that HIDTA.
4	(c) Reporting Requirements.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 1
6	of each year, the Attorney General shall submit a re-
7	port to the appropriate committees of Congress and
8	the Director of the Office of Management and Budg-
9	et and the Domestic Policy Council that describes,
10	for each designated high intensity gang activity
11	area—
12	(A) the specific long-term and short-term
13	goals and objectives;
14	(B) the measurements used to evaluate the
15	performance of the high intensity gang activity
16	area in achieving the long-term and short-term
17	goals;
18	(C) the age, composition, and membership
19	of gangs;
20	(D) the number and nature of crimes com-
21	mitted by gangs and gang members;
22	(E) the definition of the term "gang" used
23	to compile that report; and

1	(F) the programmatic outcomes and fund-
2	ing need of the high intensity gang area, includ-
3	ing—
4	(i) an evidence-based analysis of the
5	best practices and outcomes from the work
6	of the relevant local collaborative working
7	group; and
8	(ii) an analysis of whether Federal re-
9	sources distributed meet the needs of the
10	high intensity gang activity area and, if
11	any programmatic funding shortfalls exist,
12	recommendations for programs or funding
13	to meet such shortfalls.
14	(2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES.—In this sub-
15	section, the term "appropriate committees of Con-
16	gress" means—
17	(A) the Committee on the Judiciary, the
18	Committee on Appropriations, and the Com-
19	mittee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-
20	sions of the Senate; and
21	(B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the
22	Committee on Appropriations, the Committee
23	on Education and Labor, and the Committee on
24	Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-
25	resentatives.

(d) ADDITIONAL ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTOR NEYS.—The Attorney General is authorized to hire 94 ad ditional Assistant United States attorneys, and non attorney coordinators and paralegals as necessary, to
 carry out the provisions of this section.

6 (e) Additional Defense Counsel.—In each of 7 the fiscal years 2008 through 2012, the Director of the 8 Administrative Office of the United States Courts is au-9 thorized to hire 71 additional attorneys, nonattorney coor-10 dinators, and investigators, as necessary, in Federal Defender Programs and Federal Community Defender Orga-11 12 nizations, and to make additional payments as necessary to retain appointed counsel under section 3006A of title 13 18, United States Code, to adequately respond to any in-14 15 creased or expanded caseloads that may occur as a result of this Act or the amendments made by this Act. Funding 16 under this subsection shall not exceed the funding levels 17 under subsection (d). 18

(f) NATIONAL GANG RESEARCH, EVALUATION, AND20 POLICY INSTITUTE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Office of Justice Programs of the Department of Justice, after consulting
with relevant law enforcement officials, practitioners
and researchers, shall establish a National Gang Re-

1	search, Evaluation, and Policy Institute (in this sub-
2	section referred to as the "Institute").
3	(2) ACTIVITIES.—The Institute shall—
4	(A) promote and facilitate the implementa-
5	tion of data-driven, effective gang violence sup-
6	pression, prevention, intervention, and reentry
7	models, such as the Operation Ceasefire model,
8	the Strategic Public Health Approach, the
9	Gang Reduction Program, or any other prom-
10	ising municipally driven, comprehensive commu-
11	nity-wide strategy that is demonstrated to be
12	effective in reducing gang violence;
13	(B) assist jurisdictions by conducting time-
14	ly research on effective models and designing
15	and promoting implementation of effective local
16	strategies, including programs that have objec-
17	tives and data on how they reduce gang violence
18	(including shootings and killings), using preven-
19	tion, outreach, and community approaches, and
20	that demonstrate the efficacy of these ap-
21	proaches; and
22	(C) provide and contract for technical as-
23	sistance as needed in support of its mission.
24	(3) NATIONAL CONFERENCE.—Not later than
25	90 days after the date of its formation, the Institute

1 shall design and conduct a national conference to re-2 duce and prevent gang violence, and to teach and promote gang violence prevention, intervention, and 3 4 reentry strategies. The conference shall be attended 5 by appropriate representatives from criminal street 6 gang enforcement teams, and local collaborative 7 working groups, including representatives of edu-8 cational, community, religious, and social service or-9 ganizations, and gang program and policy research 10 evaluators.

11 (4) NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION SITES.—Not 12 later than 120 days after the date of its formation, 13 the Institute shall select appropriate HIGAA areas 14 to serve as primary national demonstration sites, 15 based on the nature, concentration, and distribution of various gang types, the jurisdiction's established 16 17 capacity to integrate prevention, intervention, re-18 entry and enforcement efforts, and the range of par-19 ticular gang-related issues. After establishing pri-20 mary national demonstration sites, the Institute shall establish such other secondary sites, to be 21 linked to and receive evaluation, research, and tech-22 23 nical assistance through the primary sites, as it may 24 determine appropriate.

1 DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—Not (5)2 later than 180 days after the date of its formation, 3 the Institute shall develop and begin dissemination 4 of information about methods to effectively reduce 5 and prevent gang violence, including guides, research 6 and assessment models, case studies, evaluations, 7 and best practices. The Institute shall also create a 8 website, designed to support the implementation of 9 successful gang violence prevention models, and dis-10 seminate appropriate information to assist jurisdic-11 tions in reducing gang violence.

12 GANG INTERVENTION ACADEMIES.—Not (6)13 later than 6 months after the date of its formation. 14 the Institute shall, either directly or through con-15 tracts with qualified nonprofit organizations, estab-16 lish not less than 1 training academy, located in a 17 high intensity gang activity area, to promote effec-18 tive gang intervention and community policing. The 19 purposes of an academy established under this para-20 graph shall be to increase professionalism of gang 21 intervention workers, improve officer training for 22 working with gang intervention workers, create best 23 practices for independent cooperation between offi-24 cers and intervention workers, and develop training 25 for community policing.

1	(7) SUPPORT.—The Institute shall obtain initial
2	and continuing support from experienced researchers
3	and practitioners, as it determines necessary, to test
4	and assist in implementing its strategies nationally,
5	regionally, and locally.
6	(8) RESEARCH AGENDA.—The Institute shall
7	establish and implement a core research agenda de-
8	signed to address areas of particular challenge, in-
9	cluding—
10	(A) how best to apply and continue to test
11	the models described in paragraph (2) in par-
12	ticularly large jurisdictions;
13	(B) how to foster and maximize the con-
14	tinuing impact of community moral voices in
15	this context;
16	(C) how to ensure the long-term sustain-
17	ability of reduced violent crime levels once ini-
18	tial levels of enthusiasm may subside; and
19	(D) how to apply existing intervention
20	frameworks to emerging local, regional, na-
21	tional, or international gang problems, such as
22	the emergence of the gang known as MS–13.
23	(9) EVALUATION.—The National Institute of
24	Justice shall evaluate, on a continuing basis, com-
25	prehensive gang violence prevention, intervention,

suppression, and reentry strategies supported by the
 Institute, and shall report the results of these eval uations by no later than October 1 each year to the
 Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
 Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep resentatives.

7 (10) FUNDS.—The Attorney General shall use
8 not less than 3 percent, and not more than 5 per9 cent, of the amounts made available under this sec10 tion to establish and operate the Institute.

(g) USE OF FUNDS.—Of amounts made available to
a local collaborative working group under this section for
each fiscal year that are remaining after the costs of hiring a full time coordinator for the local collaborative effort—

16 (1) 50 percent shall be used for the operation17 of criminal street gang enforcement teams; and

18 (2) 50 percent shall be used—

19 (A) to provide at-risk youth with positive
20 alternatives to gangs and other violent groups
21 and to address the needs of those who leave
22 gangs and other violent groups through—

23 (i) service providers in the community,
24 including schools and school districts; and

1	(ii) faith leaders and other individuals
2	experienced at reaching youth who have
3	been involved in violence and violent gangs
4	or groups;
5	(B) for the establishment and operation of
6	the National Gang Research, Evaluation, and
7	Policy Institute; and
8	(C) to support and provide technical assist-
9	ance to research in criminal justice, social serv-
10	ices, and community gang violence prevention
11	collaborations.
12	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
14	75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
15	Any funds made available under this subsection shall re-

16 main available until expended.

17 SEC. 302. GANG PREVENTION GRANTS.

18 (a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Office of 19 Justice Programs of the Department of Justice may make grants, in accordance with such regulations as the Attor-20 ney General may prescribe, to States, units of local gov-21 22 ernment, tribal governments, and qualified private entities, to develop community-based programs that provide 23 crime prevention, research, and intervention services that 24 are designed for gang members and at-risk youth. 25

2 section may be used (including through subgrants) for— 3 (1) preventing initial gang recruitment and in-4 volvement among younger teenagers; 5 (2) reducing gang involvement through non-6 violent and constructive activities, such as commu-7 nity service programs, development of nonviolent 8 conflict resolution skills, employment and legal as-9 sistance, family counseling, and other safe, commu-10 nity-based alternatives for high-risk youth; 11 (3) developing in-school and after-school gang 12 safety, control, education, and resistance procedures 13 and programs;

14 (4) identifying and addressing early childhood
15 risk factors for gang involvement, including parent
16 training and childhood skills development;

17 (5) identifying and fostering protective factors
18 that buffer children and adolescents from gang in19 volvement;

20 (6) developing and identifying investigative pro21 grams designed to deter gang recruitment, involve22 ment, and activities through effective intelligence
23 gathering;

24 (7) developing programs and youth centers for25 first-time nonviolent offenders facing alternative

(b) USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS.—A grant under this

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penalties, such as mandated participation in commu nity service, restitution, counseling, and education
 and prevention programs;

4 (8) implementing regional, multidisciplinary ap-5 proaches to combat gang violence though coordi-6 nated programs for prevention and intervention (in-7 cluding street outreach programs and other peace-8 making activities) or coordinated law enforcement 9 activities (including regional gang task forces and 10 regional crime mapping strategies that enhance fo-11 cused prosecutions and reintegration strategies for 12 offender reentry); or

(9) identifying at-risk and high-risk students
through home visits organized through joint collaborations between law enforcement, faith-based organizations, schools, and social workers.

17 (c) Grant Requirements.—

18 (1) MAXIMUM.—The amount of a grant under
19 this section may not exceed \$1,000,000.

20 (2) CONSULTATION AND COOPERATION.—Each
21 recipient of a grant under this section shall have in
22 effect on the date of the application by that entity
23 agreements to consult and cooperate with local,
24 State, or Federal law enforcement and participate,

	<u> </u>
1	as appropriate, in coordinated efforts to reduce gang
2	activity and violence.
3	(d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each recipient of a grant
4	under this section shall submit to the Attorney General,
5	for each year in which funds from a grant received under
6	this section are expended, a report containing—
7	(1) a summary of the activities carried out with
8	grant funds during that year;
9	(2) an assessment of the effectiveness of the
10	crime prevention, research, and intervention activi-
11	ties of the recipient, based on data collected by the
12	grant recipient;
13	(3) a strategic plan for the year following the
14	year described in paragraph (1);
15	(4) evidence of consultation and cooperation
16	with local, State, or Federal law enforcement or, if
17	the grant recipient is a government entity, evidence
18	of consultation with an organization engaged in any
19	activity described in subsection (b); and
20	(5) such other information as the Attorney
21	General may require.
22	(e) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "units of
23	local government" includes sheriffs departments, police
24	departments, and local prosecutor offices.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
 are authorized to be appropriated for grants under this
 section \$35,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008
 through 2012.

5 SEC. 303. ENHANCEMENT OF PROJECT SAFE NEIGHBOR6 HOODS INITIATIVE TO IMPROVE ENFORCE7 MENT OF CRIMINAL LAWS AGAINST VIOLENT
8 GANGS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—While maintaining the focus of 10 Project Safe Neighborhoods as a comprehensive, strategic 11 approach to reducing gun violence in America, the Attor-12 ney General is authorized to expand the Project Safe 13 Neighborhoods program to require each United States at-14 torney to—

(1) identify, investigate, and prosecute significant criminal street gangs operating within their district; and

18 (2) coordinate the identification, investigation,
19 and prosecution of criminal street gangs among Fed20 eral, State, and local law enforcement agencies.

21 (b) ADDITIONAL STAFF FOR PROJECT SAFE NEIGH22 BORHOODS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
24 hire Assistant United States attorneys, non-attorney

coordinators, or paralegals to carry out the provi sions of this section.

3 (2) ENFORCEMENT.—The Attorney General
4 may hire Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
5 Explosives agents for, and otherwise expend addi6 tional resources in support of, the Project Safe
7 Neighborhoods/Firearms Violence Reduction pro8 gram.

9 (3)AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 10 There are authorized to be appropriated 11 \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 12 2012 to carry out this section. Any funds made 13 available under this paragraph shall remain available 14 until expended.

15 SEC. 304. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES NEEDED BY THE FED16 ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION TO INVES17 TIGATE AND PROSECUTE VIOLENT CRIMINAL
18 STREET GANGS.

(a) EXPANSION OF SAFE STREETS PROGRAM.—The
Attorney General is authorized to expand the Safe Streets
Program of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the
purpose of supporting criminal street gang enforcement
teams.

24 (b) NATIONAL GANG ACTIVITY DATABASE.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
2	establish a National Gang Activity Database to be
3	housed at and administered by the Department of
4	Justice.
5	(2) DESCRIPTION.—The database required by
6	paragraph (1) shall—
7	(A) be designed to disseminate gang infor-
8	mation to law enforcement agencies throughout
9	the country and, subject to appropriate con-
10	trols, to disseminate aggregate statistical infor-
11	mation to other members of the criminal justice
12	system, community leaders, academics, and the
13	public;
14	(B) contain critical information on gangs,
15	gang members, firearms, criminal activities, ve-
16	hicles, and other information useful for inves-
17	tigators in solving and reducing gang-related
18	crimes;
19	(C) operate in a manner that enables law
20	enforcement agencies to—
21	(i) identify gang members involved in
22	crimes;
23	(ii) track the movement of gangs and
24	members throughout the region;

1	(iii) coordinate law enforcement re-
2	sponse to gang violence;
3	(iv) enhance officer safety;
4	(v) provide realistic, up-to-date figures
5	and statistical data on gang crime and vio-
6	lence;
7	(vi) forecast trends and respond ac-
8	cordingly; and
9	(vii) more easily solve crimes and pre-
10	vent violence; and
11	(D) be subject to guidelines, issued by the
12	Attorney General, specifying the criteria for
13	adding information to the database, the appro-
14	priate period for retention of such information,
15	and a process for removing individuals from the
16	database, and prohibiting disseminating gang
17	information to any entity that is not a law en-
18	forcement agency, except aggregate statistical
19	information where appropriate.
20	(3) USE OF RISS SECURE INTRANET.—From
21	amounts made available to carry out this section, the
22	Attorney General shall provide the Regional Infor-
23	mation Sharing Systems such sums as are necessary
24	to use the secure intranet known as RISSNET to

25 electronically connect existing gang information sys-

1	tems (including the RISSGang National Gang Data-
2	base) with the National Gang Activity Database,
3	thereby facilitating the automated information ex-
4	change of existing gang data by all connected sys-
5	tems without the need for additional databases or
6	data replication.
7	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts oth-
9	erwise authorized, there are authorized to be appro-
10	priated to the Attorney General \$10,000,000 for
11	each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012 to carry out
12	this section.
13	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any amounts appropriated
14	under paragraph (1) shall remain available until ex-
15	pended.
10	pended.
16	SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE-
	*
16	SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE-
16 17	SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME.
16 17 18	SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 31702 of the Violent
16 17 18 19	 SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 31702 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42)
16 17 18 19 20	 SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 31702 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13862) is amended—
16 17 18 19 20 21	 SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 31702 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13862) is amended— (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 31702 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13862) is amended— (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the end;

1	"(5) to hire additional prosecutors to—
2	"(A) allow more cases to be prosecuted;
3	and
4	"(B) reduce backlogs; and
5	"(6) to fund technology, equipment, and train-
6	ing for prosecutors and law enforcement in order to
7	increase accurate identification of gang members
8	and violent offenders, and to maintain databases
9	with such information to facilitate coordination
10	among law enforcement and prosecutors.".
11	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
12	31707 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement
13	Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13867) is amended to read as
14	follows:
15	"SEC. 31707. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
16	"There are authorized to be appropriated
17	20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008 through
18	2012 to carry out this subtitle.".
19	SEC. 306. EXPANSION AND REAUTHORIZATION OF THE
20	MENTORING INITIATIVE FOR SYSTEM IN-
21	VOLVED YOUTH.
22	(a) EXPANSION.—Section 261(a) of the Juvenile Jus-
23	tice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
24	5665(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"The Administrator shall expand the number of sites re-
2	ceiving such grants from 4 to 12.".
3	(b) Authorization of Program.—Section 299(c)
4	of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act
5	of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671(c)) is amended—
6	(1) by striking "There are authorized" and in-
7	serting the following:
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized"; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(2) Authorization of appropriations for
11	MENTORING INITIATIVE.—There are authorized to
12	be appropriated to carry out the Mentoring Initiative
13	for System Involved Youth Program under part E
14	\$4,800,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through
15	2012.".
16	SEC. 307. DEMONSTRATION GRANTS TO ENCOURAGE CRE-
17	ATIVE APPROACHES TO GANG ACTIVITY AND
18	AFTER-SCHOOL PROGRAMS.
19	
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may make
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may make grants to public or nonprofit private entities (including
20 21	
	grants to public or nonprofit private entities (including
21	grants to public or nonprofit private entities (including faith-based organizations) for the purpose of assisting the
21 22	grants to public or nonprofit private entities (including faith-based organizations) for the purpose of assisting the entities in carrying out projects involving innovative ap-
21 22 23	grants to public or nonprofit private entities (including faith-based organizations) for the purpose of assisting the entities in carrying out projects involving innovative ap- proaches to combat gang activity.

1 Encouraging teen-driven approaches to (1)2 gang activity prevention. 3 (2) Educating parents to recognize signs of 4 problems and potential gang involvement in their 5 children. 6 (3) Teaching parents the importance of a nur-7 turing family and home environment to keep chil-8 dren out of gangs. 9 (4) Facilitating communication between parents 10 and children, especially programs that have been 11 evaluated and proven effective. 12 (c) MATCHING FUNDS.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may 14 make a grant under this section only if the entity re-15 ceiving the grant agrees to make available (directly 16 or through donations from public or private entities) 17 non-Federal contributions toward the cost of activi-18 ties to be performed with that grant in an amount 19 that is not less than 25 percent of such costs. 20 (2) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT CONTRIB-21 UTED.—Non-Federal contributions required under 22 paragraph (1) may be in cash or in kind, fairly eval-23 uated, including facilities, equipment, or services. 24 Amounts provided by the Federal Government, or 25 services assisted or subsidized to any significant ex-

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1	tent by the Federal Government, may not be in-
2	cluded in determining the amount of such non-Fed-
3	eral contributions.
4	(d) EVALUATION OF PROJECTS.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
6	establish criteria for the evaluation of projects in-
7	volving innovative approaches under subsection (a).
8	(2) GRANTEES.—A grant may be made under
9	subsection (a) only if the entity involved—
10	(A) agrees to conduct evaluations of the
11	approach in accordance with the criteria estab-
12	lished under paragraph (1);
13	(B) agrees to submit to the Attorney Gen-
14	eral reports describing the results of the evalua-
15	tions, as the Attorney General determines to be
16	appropriate; and
17	(C) submits to the Attorney General, in
18	the application under subsection (e), a plan for
19	conducting the evaluations.
20	(e) APPLICATION FOR GRANT.—A public or nonprofit
21	private entity desiring a grant under this section shall sub-
22	mit an application in such form, in such manner, and con-
23	taining such agreements, assurances, and information (in-
	tanning sach agreententes, assarances, and internation (in

the plan under subsection (d)(2)(C)) as the Attorney Gen eral determines appropriate.

3 (f) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than February 4 1 of each year, the Attorney General shall submit to Con-5 gress a report describing the extent to which the approaches under subsection (a) have been successful in re-6 7 ducing the rate of gang activity in the communities in 8 which the approaches have been carried out. Each report 9 under this subsection shall describe the various ap-10 proaches used under subsection (a) and the effectiveness of each of the approaches. 11

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 to carry out
this section for each of the fiscal years 2008 through
2012.

16 SEC. 308. SHORT-TERM STATE WITNESS PROTECTION SEC-

- 17 **TION.**
- 18 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 37 of title 28,
20 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
21 end the following:

22 "§ 570. Short-Term State Witness Protection Section

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the
24 United States Marshals Service a Short-Term State Wit25 ness Protection Section which shall provide protection for

witnesses in State and local trials involving homicide or
 other major violent crimes pursuant to cooperative agree ments with State and local criminal prosecutor's offices
 and the United States attorney for the District of Colum bia.

6 "(b) ELIGIBILITY.—

7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Short-Term State Wit8 ness Protection Section shall give priority in award9 ing grants and providing services to—

10 "(A) criminal prosecutor's offices for
11 States with an average of not less than 100
12 murders per year; and

13 "(B) criminal prosecutor's offices for juris-14 dictions that include a city, town, or township 15 with an average violent crime rate per 100,000 16 inhabitants that is above the national average. 17 "(2) CALCULATION.—The rate of murders and 18 violent crime under paragraph (1) shall be calculated 19 using the latest available crime statistics from the 20 Federal Bureau of Investigation during 5-year pe-21 riod immediately preceding an application for protec-22 tion.".

(2) CHAPTER ANALYSIS.—The chapter analysis
for chapter 37 of title 28, United States Code, is

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1	amended by striking the items relating to sections
2	570 through 576 and inserting the following:
	"570. Short-Term State Witness Protection Section.".
3	(b) Grant Program.—
4	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—
5	(A) the term "eligible prosecutor's office"
6	means a State or local criminal prosecutor's of-
7	fice or the United States attorney for the Dis-
8	trict of Columbia; and
9	(B) the term "serious violent felony" has
10	the same meaning as in section $3559(c)(2)$ of
11	title 18, United States Code.
12	(2) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
14	is authorized to make grants to eligible prosecu-
15	tor's offices for purposes of identifying wit-
16	nesses in need of protection or providing short
17	term protection to witnesses in trials involving
18	homicide or serious violent felony.
19	(B) Allocation.—Each eligible prosecu-
20	tor's office receiving a grant under this sub-
21	section may—
22	(i) use the grant to identify witnesses
23	in need of protection or provide witness
24	protection (including tattoo removal serv-
25	ices); or

65

1	(ii) pursuant to a cooperative agree-
2	ment with the Short-Term State Witness
3	Protection Section of the United States
4	Marshals Service, credit the grant to the
5	Short-Term State Witness Protection Sec-
6	tion to cover the costs to the section of
7	providing witness protection on behalf of
8	the eligible prosecutor's office.
9	(3) Application.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible prosecu-
11	tor's office desiring a grant under this sub-
12	section shall submit an application to the Attor-
13	ney General at such time, in such manner, and
14	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
15	ney General may reasonably require.
16	(B) CONTENTS.—Each application sub-
17	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall—
18	(i) describe the activities for which as-
19	sistance under this subsection is sought;
20	and
21	(ii) provide such additional assurances
22	as the Attorney General determines to be
23	essential to ensure compliance with the re-
24	quirements of this subsection.

(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
 this subsection \$90,000,000 for each of fiscal years
 2008 through 2010.

5 SEC. 309. WITNESS PROTECTION SERVICES.

6 Section 3526 of title 18, United States Code (Co7 operation of other Federal agencies and State govern8 ments; reimbursement of expenses) is amended by adding
9 at the end the following:

10 "(c) In any case in which a State government requests the Attorney General to provide temporary protec-11 12 tion under section 3521(e) of this title, the costs of pro-13 viding temporary protection are not reimbursable if the investigation or prosecution in any way relates to crimes 14 15 of violence committed by a criminal street gang, as defined under the laws of the relevant State seeking assistance 16 under this title.". 17

18 SEC. 310. EXPANSION OF FEDERAL WITNESS RELOCATION

19

AND PROTECTION PROGRAM.

Section 3521(a)(1) of title 18 is amended by inserting
", criminal street gang, serious drug offense, homicide,"
after "organized criminal activity".

5 (1) the extradition of individuals suspected of6 committing a family abduction;

thorized to make grants to States for projects involving—

7 (2) the investigation by State and local law en8 forcement agencies of family abduction cases;

9 (3) the training of State and local law enforce-10 ment agencies in responding to family abductions 11 and recovering abducted children, including the de-12 velopment of written guidelines and technical assist-13 ance;

14 (4) outreach and media campaigns to educate15 parents on the dangers of family abductions; and

16 (5) the flagging of school records.

17 (b) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—Not less than 50
18 percent of the cost of a project for which a grant is made
19 under this section shall be provided by non-Federal
20 sources.

21 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) FAMILY ABDUCTION.—-The term "family
abduction" means the taking, keeping, or concealing
of a child or children by a parent, other family member, or person acting on behalf of the parent or fam-

4

ily member, that prevents another individual from
exercising lawful custody or visitation rights.
(2) FLAGGING.—The term "flagging" means
the process of notifying law enforcement authorities
of the name and address of any person requesting
the school records of an abducted child.
(3) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
the several States, the District of Columbia, the
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth
of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa,
Guam, the Virgin Islands, any territory or posses-
sion of the United States, and any Indian tribe.
(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
\$500,000 for fiscal year 2008 and such sums as may be
necessary for each of fiscal years 2009 and 2010.
SEC. 312. STUDY ON ADOLESCENT DEVELOPMENT AND
SENTENCES IN THE FEDERAL SYSTEM.
(a) IN GENERAL.—The United States Sentencing
Commission shall conduct a study to examine the appro-
priateness of sentences for minors in the Federal system.
(b) CONTENTS.—The study conducted under sub-

1	(1) incorporate the most recent research and
2	expertise in the field of adolescent brain development
3	and culpability;
4	(2) evaluate the toll of juvenile crime, particu-
5	larly violent juvenile crime, on communities;
6	(3) consider the appropriateness of life sen-
7	tences without possibility for parole for minor of-
8	fenders in the Federal system; and
9	(4) evaluate issues of recidivism by juveniles
10	who are released from prison or detention after serv-
11	ing determinate sentences.
12	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
13	of enactment of this Act, the United States Sentencing
14	Commission shall submit to Congress a report regarding
15	the study conducted under subsection (a), which shall—
16	(1) include the findings of the Commission;
17	(2) describe significant cases reviewed as part
18	of the study; and
19	(3) make recommendations, if any.
20	(d) REVISION OF GUIDELINES.—If determined ap-
21	propriate by the United States Sentencing Commission,
22	after completing the study under subsection (a) the Com-
23	mission may, pursuant to its authority under section 994
24	of title 28, United States Code, establish or revise guide-
25	lines and policy statements, as warranted, relating to the

3 SEC. 313. NATIONAL YOUTH ANTI-HEROIN MEDIA CAM-4 PAIGN.

5 Section 709 of the Office of National Drug Control
6 Policy Reauthorization Act of 1998 (21 U.S.C. 1708) is
7 amended—

8 (1) by redesignating subsections (k) and (l) as
9 subsections (l) and (m), respectively; and

10 (2) by inserting after subsection (j) the fol-11 lowing:

12 "(k) Prevention of Heroin Abuse.—

13 "(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
14 "(A) Heroin, and particularly the form
15 known as 'cheese heroin' (a drug made by mix16 ing black tar heroin with diphenhydramine),
17 poses a significant and increasing threat to
18 youth in the United States.

19 "(B) Drug organizations import heroin
20 from outside of the United States, mix the
21 highly addictive drug with diphenhydramine,
22 and distribute it mostly to youth.

23 "(C) Since the initial discovery of cheese
24 heroin on Dallas school campuses in 2005, at

1	least 21 minors have died after overdosing on
2	cheese heroin in Dallas County.
3	"(D) The number of arrests involving pos-
4	session of cheese heroin in the Dallas area dur-
5	ing the 2006–2007 school year increased over
6	60 percent from the previous school year.
7	"(E) The ease of communication via the
8	Internet and cell phones allows a drug trend to
9	spread rapidly across the country, creating a
10	national threat.
11	"(F) Gangs recruit youth as new members
12	by providing them with this inexpensive drug.
13	"(G) Reports show that there is rampant
14	ignorance among youth about the dangerous
15	and potentially fatal effects of cheese heroin.
16	"(2) Prevention of heroin abuse.—In con-
17	ducting advertising and activities otherwise author-
18	ized under this section, the Director shall promote
19	prevention of youth heroin use, including cheese her-
20	oin.".
21	SEC. 314. TRAINING AT THE NATIONAL ADVOCACY CENTER.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—The National District Attorneys
23	Association may use the services of the National Advocacy
24	Center in Columbia, South Carolina to conduct a national
25	training program for State and local prosecutors for the

purpose of improving the professional skills of State and
 local prosecutors and enhancing the ability of Federal,
 State, and local prosecutors to work together.

4 (b) TRAINING.—The National Advocacy Center in
5 Columbia, South Carolina may provide comprehensive con6 tinuing legal education in the areas of trial practice, sub7 stantive legal updates, and support staff training.

8 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 9 are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General 10 to carry out this section \$6,500,000, to remain available 11 until expended, for fiscal years 2008 through 2011.

12 TITLE IV—CRIME PREVENTION 13 AND INTERVENTION STRATE14 GIES

15 SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.

16 This title may be cited as the "Prevention Resources 17 for Eliminating Criminal Activity Using Tailored Inter-18 ventions in Our Neighborhoods Act of 2007" or the 19 "PRECAUTION Act".

20 SEC. 402. PURPOSES.

21 The purposes of this title are to—

(1) establish a commitment on the part of the
Federal Government to provide leadership on successful crime prevention and intervention strategies;

(2) further the integration of crime prevention
 and intervention strategies into traditional law en forcement practices of State and local law enforce ment offices around the country;

5 (3) develop a plain-language, implementation-6 focused assessment of those current crime and delin-7 quency prevention and intervention strategies that 8 are supported by rigorous evidence;

9 (4) provide additional resources to the National 10 Institute of Justice to administer research and devel-11 opment grants for promising crime prevention and 12 intervention strategies;

13 (5) develop recommendations for Federal prior-14 ities for crime and delinquency prevention and inter-15 vention research, development, and funding that 16 may augment important Federal grant programs, in-17 cluding the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assist-18 ance Grant Program under subpart 1 of part E of 19 title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe 20 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.), grant 21 programs administered by the Office of Community 22 Oriented Policing Services of the Department of 23 Justice, grant programs administered by the Office 24 of Safe and Drug-Free Schools of the Department 25 of Education, and other similar programs; and

(6) reduce the costs that rising violent crime
imposes on interstate commerce.
SEC. 403. DEFINITIONS.
In this title, the following definitions shall apply:
(1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission"
means the National Commission on Public Safety
Through Crime Prevention established under section
404(a).
(2) RIGOROUS EVIDENCE.—The term "rigorous
evidence" means evidence generated by scientifically
valid forms of outcome evaluation, particularly ran-
domized trials (where practicable).
(3) SUBCATEGORY.—The term "subcategory"
means 1 of the following categories:
(A) Family and community settings (in-
cluding public health-based strategies).
(B) Law enforcement settings (including
probation-based strategies).
(C) School settings (including antigang
and general antiviolence strategies).
(4) TOP-TIER.—The term "top-tier" means any
strategy supported by rigorous evidence of the siz-
able, sustained benefits to participants in the strat-
egy or to society.

1 SEC. 404. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON PUBLIC SAFETY

2	THROUGH CRIME PREVENTION.
3	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a com-
4	mission to be known as the National Commission on Pub-
5	lic Safety Through Crime Prevention.
6	(b) Members.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall be
8	composed of 9 members, of whom—
9	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President,
10	1 of whom shall be the Assistant Attorney Gen-
11	eral for the Office of Justice Programs or a
12	representative of such Assistant Attorney Gen-
13	eral;
14	(B) 2 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
15	the House of Representatives, unless the Speak-
16	er is of the same party as the President, in
17	which case 1 shall be appointed by the Speaker
18	of the House of Representatives and 1 shall be
19	appointed by the minority leader of the House
20	of Representatives;
21	(C) 1 shall be appointed by the minority
22	leader of the House of Representatives (in addi-
23	tion to any appointment made under subpara-
24	graph (B));
25	(D) 2 shall be appointed by the majority
26	leader of the Senate, unless the majority leader

1	is of the same party as the President, in which
2	case 1 shall be appointed by the majority leader
3	of the Senate and 1 shall be appointed by the
4	minority leader of the Senate; and
5	(E) 1 member appointed by the minority
6	leader of the Senate (in addition to any ap-
7	pointment made under subparagraph (D)).
8	(2) Persons eligible.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the
10	Commission shall be an individual who has
11	knowledge or expertise in matters to be studied
12	by the Commission.
13	(B) Required representatives.—At
14	least—
15	(i) 2 members of the Commission
16	shall be respected social scientists with ex-
17	perience implementing or interpreting rig-
18	orous, outcome-based trials; and
19	(ii) 2 members of the Commission
20	shall be law enforcement practitioners.
21	(3) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—The President,
22	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the mi-
23	nority leader of the House of Representatives, and
24	the majority leader and minority leader of the Sen-
25	ate shall consult prior to the appointment of the

members of the Commission to achieve, to the max imum extent possible, fair and equitable representa tion of various points of view with respect to the
 matters to be studied by the Commission.

5 (4) TERM.—Each member shall be appointed
6 for the life of the Commission.

7 (5) TIME FOR INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.—The
8 appointment of the members shall be made not later
9 than 60 days after the date of enactment of this
10 Act.

11 (6) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission
12 shall be filled in the manner in which the original
13 appointment was made, and shall be made not later
14 than 60 days after the date on which the vacancy
15 occurred.

16 (7) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—The Director of 17 the National Institute of Justice, the Director of the 18 Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven-19 tion, the Director of the Community Capacity Devel-20 opment Office, the Director of the Bureau of Justice 21 Statistics, the Director of the Bureau of Justice As-22 sistance, and the Director of Community Oriented 23 Policing Services (or a representative of each such 24 director) shall each serve in an ex officio capacity on

the Commission to provide advice and information to
 the Commission.

3 (c) Operation.—

4 (1) CHAIRPERSON.—At the initial meeting of 5 the Commission, the members of the Commission 6 shall elect a chairperson from among its voting 7 members, by a vote of 2/3 of the members of the 8 Commission. The chairperson shall retain this posi-9 tion for the life of the Commission. If the chair-10 person leaves the Commission, a new chairperson 11 shall be selected, by a vote of $\frac{2}{3}$ of the members of 12 the Commission.

(2) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at
the call of the chairperson. The initial meeting of the
Commission shall take place not later than 30 days
after the date on which all the members of the Commission have been appointed.

18 (3) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of
19 the Commission shall constitute a quorum to con20 duct business, and the Commission may establish a
21 lesser quorum for conducting hearings scheduled by
22 the Commission.

23 (4) RULES.—The Commission may establish by
24 majority vote any other rules for the conduct of

1	Commission business, if such rules are not incon-
2	sistent with this title or other applicable law.
3	(d) Public Hearings.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall hold
5	public hearings. The Commission may hold such
6	hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take
7	such testimony, and receive such evidence as the
8	Commission considers advisable to carry out its du-
9	ties under this section.
10	(2) Focus of hearings.—The Commission
11	shall hold at least 3 separate public hearings, each
12	of which shall focus on 1 of the subcategories.
13	(3) WITNESS EXPENSES.—Witnesses requested
14	to appear before the Commission shall be paid the
15	same fees as are paid to witnesses under section
16	1821 of title 28, United States Code. The per diem
17	and mileage allowances for witnesses shall be paid
18	from funds appropriated to the Commission.
19	(e) Comprehensive Study of Evidence-Based
20	CRIME PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION STRATEGIES.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall carry
22	out a comprehensive study of the effectiveness of
23	crime and delinquency prevention and intervention
24	strategies, organized around the 3 subcategories.

1	(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The study under
2	paragraph (1) shall include—
3	(A) a review of research on the general ef-
4	fectiveness of incorporating crime prevention
5	and intervention strategies into an overall law
6	enforcement plan;
7	(B) an evaluation of how to more effec-
8	tively communicate the wealth of social science
9	research to practitioners;
10	(C) a review of evidence regarding the ef-
11	fectiveness of specific crime prevention and
12	intervention strategies, focusing on those strate-
13	gies supported by rigorous evidence;
14	(D) an identification of—
15	(i) promising areas for further re-
16	search and development; and
17	(ii) other areas representing gaps in
18	the body of knowledge that would benefit
19	from additional research and development;
20	(E) an assessment of the best practices for
21	implementing prevention and intervention strat-
22	egies;
23	(F) an assessment of the best practices for
24	gathering rigorous evidence regarding the im-

1	plementation of intervention and prevention
2	strategies; and
3	(G) an assessment of those top-tier strate-
4	gies best suited for duplication efforts in a
5	range of settings across the country.
6	(3) INITIAL REPORT ON TOP-TIER CRIME PRE-
7	VENTION AND INTERVENTION STRATEGIES.—
8	(A) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 18
9	months after the date on which all members of
10	the Commission have been appointed, the Com-
11	mission shall submit a public report on the
12	study carried out under this subsection to—
13	(i) the President;
14	(ii) Congress;
15	(iii) the Attorney General;
16	(iv) the Chief Federal Public Defender
17	of each district;
18	(v) the chief executive of each State;
19	(vi) the Director of the Administrative
20	Office of the Courts of each State;
21	(vii) the Director of the Administra-
22	tive Office of the United States Courts;
23	and
24	(viii) the attorney general of each
25	State.

1	(B) CONTENTS.—The report under sub-
2	paragraph (A) shall include—
3	(i) the findings and conclusions of the
4	Commission;
5	(ii) a summary of the top-tier strate-
6	gies, including—
7	(I) a review of the rigorous evi-
8	dence supporting the designation of
9	each strategy as top-tier;
10	(II) a brief outline of the keys to
11	successful implementation for each
12	strategy; and
13	(III) a list of references and
14	other information on where further in-
15	formation on each strategy can be
16	found;
17	(iii) recommended protocols for imple-
18	menting crime and delinquency prevention
19	and intervention strategies generally;
20	(iv) recommended protocols for evalu-
21	ating the effectiveness of crime and delin-
22	quency prevention and intervention strate-
23	gies; and

(v) a summary of the materials relied
 upon by the Commission in preparation of
 the report.

4 (C) CONSULTATION WITH OUTSIDE AU-THORITIES.—In developing the recommended 5 6 protocols for implementation and rigorous eval-7 uation of top-tier crime and delinquency preven-8 tion and intervention strategies under this para-9 graph, the Commission shall consult with the 10 Committee on Law and Justice at the National 11 Academy of Science and with national associa-12 tions representing the law enforcement and so-13 cial science professions, including the National 14 Sheriffs' Association, the Police Executive Re-15 search Forum, the International Association of 16 Chiefs of Police, the Consortium of Social 17 Science Associations, and the American Society 18 of Criminology.

(f) RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING DISSEMINATION
OF THE INNOVATIVE CRIME PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION STRATEGY GRANTS.—

22 (1) SUBMISSION.—

23 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days
24 after the date of the final hearing under sub25 section (d) relating to a subcategory, the Com-

1	mission shall provide the Director of the Na-
2	tional Institute of Justice with recommenda-
3	tions on qualifying considerations relating to
4	that subcategory for selecting grant recipients
5	under section 405.
6	(B) DEADLINE.—Not later than 13
7	months after the date on which all members of
8	the Commission have been appointed, the Com-
9	mission shall provide all recommendations re-
10	quired under this subsection.
11	(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The recommenda-
12	tions provided under paragraph (1) shall include rec-
13	ommendations relating to—
14	(A) the types of strategies for the applica-
15	ble subcategory that would best benefit from
16	additional research and development;
17	(B) any geographic or demographic tar-
18	gets;
19	(C) the types of partnerships with other
20	public or private entities that might be perti-
21	nent and prioritized; and
22	(D) any classes of crime and delinquency
23	prevention and intervention strategies that
24	should not be given priority because of a pre-

existing base of knowledge that would benefit
 less from additional research and development.
 (g) FINAL REPORT ON THE RESULTS OF THE INNO VATIVE CRIME PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION STRAT EGY GRANTS.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Following the close of the 3-7 year implementation period for each grant recipient 8 under section 405, the Commission shall collect the 9 results of the study of the effectiveness of that grant 10 under section 405(b)(3) and shall submit a public 11 report to the President, the Attorney General, Con-12 gress, the chief executive of each State, and the at-13 torney general of each State describing each strategy 14 funded under section 405 and its results. This re-15 port shall be submitted not later than 5 years after 16 the date of the selection of the chairperson of the 17 Commission.

(2) COLLECTION OF INFORMATION AND EVIDENCE REGARDING GRANT RECIPIENTS.—The Commission's collection of information and evidence regarding each grant recipient under section 405 shall
be carried out by—

23 (A) ongoing communications with the
24 grant administrator at the National Institute of
25 Justice;

1	(B) visits by representatives of the Com-
2	mission (including at least 1 member of the
3	Commission) to the site where the grant recipi-
4	ent is carrying out the strategy with a grant
5	under section 405, at least once in the second
6	and once in the third year of that grant;
7	(C) a review of the data generated by the
8	study monitoring the effectiveness of the strat-
9	egy; and
10	(D) other means as necessary.
11	(3) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report sub-
12	mitted under paragraph (1) shall include a review of
13	each strategy carried out with a grant under section
14	405, detailing—
15	(A) the type of crime or delinquency pre-
16	vention or intervention strategy;
17	(B) where the activities under the strategy
18	were carried out, including geographic and de-
19	mographic targets;
20	(C) any partnerships with public or private
21	entities through the course of the grant period;
22	(D) the type and design of the effective-
23	ness study conducted under section $405(b)(3)$
24	for that strategy;

1	(E) the results of the effectiveness study
2	conducted under section $405(b)(3)$ for that
3	strategy;
4	(F) lessons learned regarding implementa-
5	tion of that strategy or of the effectiveness
6	study conducted under section $405(b)(3)$, in-
7	cluding recommendations regarding which types
8	of environments might best be suited for suc-
9	cessful replication; and
10	(G) recommendations regarding the need
11	for further research and development of the
12	strategy.
13	(h) Personnel Matters.—
14	(1) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the
15	Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, includ-
16	ing per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates author-
17	ized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of
18	chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while
19	away from their homes or regular places of business
20	in the performance of service for the Commission.
21	(2) Compensation of members.—Members of
22	the Commission shall serve without compensation.
23	(3) STAFF.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The chairperson of the
25	Commission may, without regard to the civil

service laws and regulations, appoint and terminate an executive director and such other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Commission.

7 (B) COMPENSATION.—The chairperson of 8 the Commission may fix the compensation of 9 the executive director and other personnel with-10 out regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and 11 subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United 12 States Code, relating to classification of posi-13 tions and General Schedule pay rates, except 14 that the rate of pay for the executive director 15 and other personnel may not exceed the rate 16 payable for level V of the Executive Schedule 17 under section 5316 of such title.

18 (4) DETAIL OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—With 19 the affirmative vote of $\frac{2}{3}$ of the members of the 20 Commission, any Federal Government employee, 21 with the approval of the head of the appropriate 22 Federal agency, may be detailed to the Commission 23 without reimbursement, and such detail shall be 24 without interruption or loss of civil service status, 25 benefits, or privileges.

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1 (i) CONTRACTS FOR RESEARCH.—

2 (1) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE.—With a ²/₃ affirmative vote of the members of the Commis-3 4 sion, the Commission may select nongovernmental 5 researchers and experts to assist the Commission in 6 carrying out its duties under this title. The National 7 Institute of Justice shall contract with the research-8 ers and experts selected by the Commission to pro-9 vide funding in exchange for their services.

10 (2) OTHER ORGANIZATIONS.—Nothing in this 11 subsection shall be construed to limit the ability of 12 the Commission to enter into contracts with other 13 entities or organizations for research necessary to 14 carry out the duties of the Commission under this 15 section.

(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 to carry out
this section.

(k) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate
on the date that is 30 days after the date on which the
Commission submits the last report required by this section.

23 (1) EXEMPTION.—The Commission shall be exempt24 from the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

TION STRATEGY GRANTS.

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3 (a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The Director of the National Institute of Justice may make grants to public and 4 5 private entities to fund the implementation and evaluation of innovative crime or delinquency prevention or interven-6 7 tion strategies. The purpose of grants under this section 8 shall be to provide funds for all expenses related to the 9 implementation of such a strategy and to conduct a rigorous study on the effectiveness of that strategy. 10

11 (b) GRANT DISTRIBUTION.—

12 (1) PERIOD.—A grant under this section shall
13 be made for a period of not more than 3 years.

14 (2) AMOUNT.—The amount of each grant under15 this section—

16 (A) shall be sufficient to ensure that rig-17 orous evaluations may be performed; and

18 (B) shall not exceed \$2,000,000.

19 (3) EVALUATION SET-ASIDE.—

20 (A) IN GENERAL.—A grantee shall use not 21 than \$300,000 less and not more than 22 \$700,000 of the funds from a grant under this 23 section for a rigorous study of the effectiveness 24 of the strategy during the 3-year period of the 25 grant for that strategy.

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(B) Methodology of study.—

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—Each study con-
2	ducted under subparagraph (A) shall use
3	an evaluator and a study design approved
4	by the employee of the National Institute
5	of Justice hired or assigned under sub-
6	section (c).
7	(ii) CRITERIA.—The employee of the
8	National Institute of Justice hired or as-
9	signed under subsection (c) shall ap-
10	prove—
11	(I) an evaluator that has success-
12	fully carried out multiple studies pro-
13	ducing rigorous evidence of effective-
14	ness; and
15	(II) a proposed study design that
16	is likely to produce rigorous evidence
17	of the effectiveness of the strategy.
18	(iii) Approval.—Before a grant is
19	awarded under this section, the evaluator
20	and study design of a grantee shall be ap-
21	proved by the employee of the National In-
22	stitute of Justice hired or assigned under
23	subsection (c).
24	(4) DATE OF AWARD.—Not later than 6 months
25	after the date of receiving recommendations relating

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1	to a subcategory from the Commission under section
2	404(f), the Director of the National Institute of Jus-
3	tice shall award all grants under this section relating
4	to that subcategory.
5	(5) Type of grants.—One-third of the grants
6	made under this section shall be made in each sub-
7	category. In distributing grants, the recommenda-
8	tions of the Commission under section 404(f) shall
9	be considered.
10	(6) Authorization of appropriations.—
11	There are authorized to be appropriated
12	\$18,000,000 to carry out this subsection.
13	(c) Dedicated Staff.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
15	Institute of Justice shall hire or assign a full-time
16	employee to oversee the grants under this section.
17	(2) Study oversight.—The employee of the
18	National Institute of Justice hired or assigned under
19	paragraph (1) shall be responsible for ensuring that
20	grantees adhere to the study design approved before
21	the applicable grant was awarded.
22	(3) LIAISON.—The employee of the National
23	Institute of Justice hired or assigned under para-
24	graph (1) may be used as a liaison between the
25	Commission and the recipients of a grant under this

section. That employee shall be responsible for en suring timely cooperation with Commission requests.
 (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 There are authorized to be appropriated \$150,000
 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012 to carry
 out this subsection.

7 (d) APPLICATIONS.—A public or private entity desir8 ing a grant under this section shall submit an application
9 at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such
10 information as the Director of the National Institute of
11 Justice may reasonably require.

12 (e) COOPERATION WITH THE COMMISSION.—Grant 13 recipients shall cooperate with the Commission in pro-14 viding them with full information on the progress of the 15 strategy being carried out with a grant under this section, 16 including—

17 (1) hosting visits by the members of the Com18 mission to the site where the activities under the
19 strategy are being carried out;

20 (2) providing pertinent information on the lo21 gistics of establishing the strategy for which the
22 grant under this section was received, including de23 tails on partnerships, selection of participants, and
24 any efforts to publicize the strategy; and

(3) responding to any specific inquiries that
 may be made by the Commission.

Passed the Senate September 21, 2007.

Attest: NANCY ERICKSON,

Secretary.