

111TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. 34

Recognizing Israel's right to defend itself against attacks from Gaza, reaffirming the United States strong support for Israel, and supporting the Israeli-Palestinian peace process.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 8, 2009

Ms. PELOSI (for herself, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. HOYER, Mr. CANTOR, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. PENCE, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. MCCARTHY of California, Mr. BERMAN, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. ACKERMAN, and Mr. BURTON of Indiana) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

RESOLUTION

Recognizing Israel's right to defend itself against attacks from Gaza, reaffirming the United States strong support for Israel, and supporting the Israeli-Palestinian peace process.

Whereas Hamas was founded with the stated goal of destroying the State of Israel;

Whereas Hamas has been designated by the United States as a Foreign Terrorist Organization;

Whereas Hamas has refused to comply with the Quartet's (the United States, the European Union, Russia, and the United Nations) requirements that Hamas recognize Israel's right to exist, renounce violence, and agree to ac-

cept previous agreements between Israel and the Palestinians;

Whereas in June 2006, Hamas illegally crossed into Israel, attacked Israeli forces, and kidnaped Corporal Gilad Shalit, whom they continue to hold today;

Whereas Hamas has launched thousands of rockets and mortars against Israeli population centers since 2001, and has launched more than 6,000 such rockets and mortars since Israel withdrew its civilian population and its military from Gaza in 2005;

Whereas Hamas has increased the range and payload of its rockets, reportedly with support from Iran and others, putting hundreds of thousands of Israelis in danger of rocket attacks from Gaza;

Whereas Hamas locates elements of its terrorist infrastructure in civilian population centers, thus using innocent civilians as human shields;

Whereas Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice said in a statement on December 27, 2008, that “We strongly condemn the repeated rocket and mortar attacks against Israel and hold Hamas responsible for breaking the cease-fire and for the renewal of violence there”;

Whereas on December 27, 2008, Israeli Prime Minister Ehud Olmert said, “For approximately seven years, hundreds of thousands of Israeli citizens in the south have been suffering from missiles being fired at them. . . . In such a situation we had no alternative but to respond. We do not rejoice in battle but neither will we be deterred from it. . . . The operation in the Gaza Strip is designed, first and foremost, to bring about an improvement in the security reality for the residents of the south of the country”;

Whereas the humanitarian situation in Gaza, including shortages of food, water, electricity, and adequate medical care, is becoming more acute;

Whereas Israel has facilitated humanitarian aid to Gaza with hundreds of trucks carrying humanitarian assistance and numerous ambulances entering the Gaza Strip since the current round of fighting began on December 27, 2008;

Whereas on January 6, 2009, before the United Nations Security Council, Secretary Rice stated that: “The situation before the current events in Gaza was clearly not sustainable. Hundreds of thousands of Israelis lived under the daily threat of rocket attack, and frankly, no country, none of our countries, would have been willing to tolerate such a circumstance. Moreover, the people of Gaza watched as insecurity and lawlessness increased and as their living conditions grew more dire because of Hamas’s actions which began with the illegal coup against the Palestinian Authority in Gaza. . . . A ceasefire that returns to those circumstances is unacceptable and it will not last”; and

Whereas the ultimate goal of the United States is a sustainable resolution of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict that will ensure the welfare, security, and survival of the State of Israel as a Jewish and democratic state with secure borders, and a viable, independent, and democratic Palestinian state living side by side in peace and security with the State of Israel: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—
- 2 (1) expresses vigorous support and unwavering
- 3 commitment to the welfare, security, and survival of
- 4 the State of Israel as a Jewish and democratic state

1 with secure borders, and recognizes its right to act
2 in self-defense to protect its citizens against
3 Hamas’s unceasing aggression, as enshrined in the
4 United Nations Charter;

5 (2) reiterates that Hamas must end the rocket
6 and mortar attacks against Israel, recognize Israel’s
7 right to exist, renounce violence, agree to accept pre-
8 vious agreements between Israel and the Palestin-
9 ians, and verifiably dismantle its terrorist infrastruc-
10 ture;

11 (3) encourages the Administration to work ac-
12 tively to support a durable and sustainable cease-fire
13 in Gaza , as soon as possible, that prevents Hamas
14 from retaining or rebuilding its terrorist infrastruc-
15 ture, including the capability to launch rockets and
16 mortars against Israel, and thereby allowing for the
17 long-term improvement of daily living conditions for
18 the people of Gaza;

19 (4) believes strongly that the lives of innocent
20 civilians must be protected to the maximum extent
21 possible, expresses condolences to innocent Pales-
22 tinian and Israeli victims and their families, and re-
23 iterates that humanitarian needs in Gaza should be
24 addressed promptly and responsibly;

25 (5) calls on all nations—

1 (A) to condemn Hamas for deliberately
2 embedding its fighters, leaders, and weapons in
3 private homes, schools, mosques, hospitals, and
4 otherwise using Palestinian civilians as human
5 shields, while simultaneously targeting Israeli
6 civilians; and

7 (B) to lay blame both for the breaking of
8 the “calm” and for subsequent civilian casual-
9 ties in Gaza precisely where blame belongs, that
10 is, on Hamas;

11 (6) supports and encourages efforts to diminish
12 the appeal and influence of extremists in the Pales-
13 tinian territories, and strengthen moderate Palestin-
14 ians who are committed to a secure and lasting
15 peace with Israel;

16 (7) calls on Egypt to intensify its efforts to halt
17 smuggling between Gaza and Egypt and affirms the
18 willingness of the United States to continue to assist
19 Egypt in these efforts;

20 (8) calls for the immediate release of the kid-
21 naped Israeli soldier Gilad Shalit, who has been ille-
22 gally held in Gaza since June 2006; and

23 (9) reiterates its strong support for a just and
24 sustainable resolution of the Israeli-Palestinian con-
25 flict achieved through negotiations between Israel

1 and the Palestinian Authority in order to ensure the
2 welfare, security, and survival of the State of Israel
3 as a Jewish and democratic state with secure bor-
4 ders, and a viable, independent, and democratic Pal-
5 estinian state living side by side in peace and secu-
6 rity with the State of Israel.

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