## S. 73

To establish a systematic mortgage modification program at the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 6, 2009

Mrs. Feinstein introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

## A BILL

To establish a systematic mortgage modification program at the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Systematic Foreclosure
- 5 Prevention and Mortgage Modification Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. SYSTEMATIC FORECLOSURE PREVENTION AND
- 7 MORTGAGE MODIFICATION PLAN ESTAB-
- 8 LISHED.
- 9 (a) In General.—The Chairperson of the Federal
- 10 Deposit Insurance Corporation shall establish a systematic

1	foreclosure prevention and mortgage modification program
2	by—
3	(1) paying servicers \$1,000 to cover expenses
4	for each loan modified according to the required
5	standards; and
6	(2) sharing up to 50 percent of any losses in-
7	curred if a modified loan should subsequently re-de-
8	fault.
9	(b) Program Components.—The program estab-
10	lished under subsection (a) shall include the following
11	components:
12	(1) Eligible Borrowers.—The program shall
13	be limited to loans secured by owner-occupied prop-
14	erties.
15	(2) Exclusion for early payment de-
16	FAULT.—To promote sustainable mortgages, govern-
17	ment loss sharing shall be available only after the
18	borrower has made a minimum of 6 payments on the
19	modified mortgage.
20	(3) Standard net present value test.—In
21	order to promote consistency and simplicity in imple-
22	mentation and audit, a standard test comparing the
23	expected net present value of modifying past due
24	loans compared to the net present value of fore-

closing on them will be applied. Under this test,

25

- standard assumptions shall be used to ensure that a consistent standard for affordability is provided based on a 31 percent borrower mortgage debt-to-income ratio.
- (4) Systematic loan review by partici-6 PATING SERVICERS.—Participating servicers shall be 7 required to undertake a systematic review of all of 8 the loans under their management, to subject each 9 loan to a standard net present value test to deter-10 mine whether it is a suitable candidate for modifica-11 tion, and to modify all loans that pass this test. The 12 penalty for failing to undertake such a systematic 13 review and to carry out modifications where they are 14 justified would be disqualification from further par-15 ticipation in the program until such a systematic 16 program was introduced.
  - (5) Modifications.—Modifications may include any of the following:
    - (A) Reduction in interest rates and fees.
- (B) Forbearance of principal.
- 21 (C) Extension of the term to maturity.
- (D) Other similar modifications.
- 23 (6) REDUCED LOSS SHARE PERCENTAGE FOR
  24 "UNDERWATER LOANS".—For loan-to-value ratios
  25 above 100 percent, the government loss share shall

17

18

19

- be progressively reduced from 50 percent to 20 percent as the current loan-to-value ratio rises, except that loss sharing shall not be available if the loan-to-value ratio of the first lien exceeds 150 percent.
  - In order to ensure the administrative efficiency of this program, the calculation of loss share basis would be as simple as possible. In general terms, the calculation shall be based on the difference between the net present value, as defined by the Chairperson of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, of the modified loan and the amount of recoveries obtained in a disposition by refinancing, short sale, or real estate owned sale, net of disposal costs as estimated according to industry standards. Interim modifications shall be allowed.
    - (8) DE MINIMIS TEST.—To lower administrative costs, a de minimis test shall be used to exclude from loss sharing any modification that does not lower the monthly payment at least 10 percent.
    - (9) 8-YEAR LIMIT ON LOSS SHARING PAY-MENT.—The loss sharing guarantee shall terminate at the end of the 8-year period beginning on the date the modification was consummated.

- 1 (c) Regulations.—The Corporation shall prescribe
- 2 such regulations as may be necessary to implement this
- 3 Act and prevent evasions thereof.
- 4 (d) Troubled Assets.—The costs incurred by the
- 5 Federal Government in carrying out the loan modification
- 6 program established under this section shall be covered
- 7 out of the funds made available to the Secretary of the
- 8 Treasury under section 118 of the Emergency Economic
- 9 Stabilization Act of 2008.
- 10 (e) Modifications to Program.—The Chairperson
- 11 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation may make
- 12 any modification to the program established under sub-
- 13 section (a) that the Chairperson determines are appro-
- 14 priate for the purpose of maximizing the number of fore-
- 15 closures prevented.
- 16 (f) Report.—Before the end of the 6-month period
- 17 beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 18 Chairperson of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
- 19 shall submit a progress report to the Congress containing
- 20 such findings and such recommendations for legislative or
- 21 administrative action as the Chairperson may determine
- 22 to be appropriate.

 $\bigcirc$