111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1355

To amend the National Labor Relations Act to require employers to provide labor organizations with equal access to employees prior to an election regarding representation, to prevent delays in initial collective bargaining, and to strengthen enforcement against intimidation of employees by employers.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 5, 2009

Mr. SESTAK introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

- To amend the National Labor Relations Act to require employers to provide labor organizations with equal access to employees prior to an election regarding representation, to prevent delays in initial collective bargaining, and to strengthen enforcement against intimidation of employees by employers.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Labor Rela-
- 5 tions Modernization Act".

1SEC. 2. PREVENTING EXCESSIVE DELAYS IN INITIAL COL-2LECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.

3 Section 8 of the National Labor Relations Act (29
4 U.S.C. 158) is amended by adding at the end the fol5 lowing:

6 "(h) Whenever collective bargaining is for the pur7 pose of establishing an initial agreement following certifi8 cation or recognition, the provisions of subsection (d) shall
9 be modified as follows with respect to any employer having
10 20 or more employees:

11 "(1) Not later than 10 days after receiving a written request for collective bargaining from an in-12 13 dividual or labor organization that has been newly 14 organized or certified as a representative as defined 15 in section 9(a), or within such further period as the 16 parties agree upon, the parties shall meet and com-17 mence to bargain collectively and shall make every 18 reasonable effort to conclude and sign a collective 19 bargaining agreement.

"(2) If after the expiration of the 120-day period beginning on the date on which bargaining is
commenced, or such other period as the parties may
agree upon, the parties have failed to reach an
agreement, either party may notify the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service of the existence of
a dispute and request the appointment of an arbitra-

tion panel. Whenever such a request is received, the
 Service shall promptly appoint an arbitration panel
 which will use its best efforts, by mediation and con ciliation, to bring the parties to agreement.

"(3) If after the expiration of the 120-day pe-5 6 riod beginning on the date on which the request for 7 mediation is made under paragraph (2), or such 8 other period as the parties may agree upon, the arbi-9 tration panel appointed under paragraph (2) is not 10 able to bring the parties to agreement by mediation 11 and conciliation, the such panel shall then begin to 12 arbitrate the dispute in accordance with such regula-13 tions as may be prescribed by the Service. Such 14 panel shall render a decision settling the dispute not 15 later than 30 days after commencing arbitration and 16 such decision shall be binding upon the parties for 17 a period of 18 months, unless amended during such 18 period by written consent of the parties.".

19 SEC. 3. STRENGTHENING ENFORCEMENT AGAINST INTIMI-

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DATION OF WORKERS.

21 (a) INJUNCTIONS AGAINST UNFAIR LABOR PRAC22 TICES DURING ORGANIZING DRIVES.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 10(l) of the National
24 Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 160(l)) is amend25 ed—

1	(A) in the second sentence, by striking "If,
2	after such" and inserting the following:
3	"(2) If, after such"; and
4	(B) by striking the first sentence and in-
5	serting the following:
6	"(1) Whenever it is charged—
7	"(A) that any employer—
8	"(i) discharged or otherwise discriminated
9	against an employee in violation of subsection
10	(a)(3) of section 8;
11	"(ii) threatened to discharge or to other-
12	wise discriminate against an employee in viola-
13	tion of subsection $(a)(1)$ of section 8; or
14	"(iii) engaged in any other unfair labor
15	practice within the meaning of subsection $(a)(1)$
16	that significantly interferes with, restrains, or
17	coerces employees in the exercise of the rights
18	guaranteed in section 7;
19	while employees of that employer were seeking rep-
20	resentation by a labor organization or during the pe-
21	riod after a labor organization was recognized as a
22	representative defined in section $9(a)$ until the first
23	collective bargaining contract is entered into between
24	the employer and the representative; or

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3 (A), (B) or (C) of section 8(b)(4), section 8(e), or
4 section 8(b)(7);

5 the preliminary investigation of such charge shall be made6 forthwith and given priority over all other cases except7 cases of like character in the office where it is filed or8 to which it is referred.".

9 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 10(m)
10 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C.
11 160(m)) is amended by inserting "under cir12 cumstances not subject to section 10(l)" after "sec13 tion 8".

14 (b) Remedies for Violations.—

15 (1) BACKPAY.—Section 10(c) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 160(c)) is amended 16 by striking "And provided further," and inserting 17 18 "Provided further, That if the Board finds that an 19 employer has discriminated against an employee in 20 violation of subsection (a)(3) of section 8 while em-21 ployees of the employer were seeking representation 22 by a labor organization, or during the period after 23 a labor organization was recognized as a representa-24 tive defined in subsection (a) of section 9 until the 25 first collective bargaining contract was entered into

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1	between the employer and the representative, the
2	Board in such order shall award the employee back
3	pay and, in addition, 2 times that amount as liq-
4	uidated damages: Provided further,".
5	(2) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 12 of the Na-
6	tional Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 162) is
7	amended—
8	(A) by striking "Any" and inserting "(a)
9	Any"; and
10	(B) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(b) Any employer who willfully or repeatedly com-
12	mits any unfair labor practice within the meaning of sub-
13	sections $(a)(1)$ or $(a)(3)$ of section 8 while employees of
14	the employer are seeking representation by a labor organi-
15	zation or during the period after a labor organization has
16	been recognized as a representative defined in subsection
17	(a) of section 9 until the first collective bargaining con-
18	tract is entered into between the employer and the rep-
19	resentative shall, in addition to any make-whole remedy
20	ordered, be subject to a civil penalty of not to exceed
21	20,000 for each violation. In determining the amount of
22	any penalty under this section, the Board shall consider
23	the gravity of the unfair labor practice and the impact
24	of the unfair labor practice on the charging party, on other

persons seeking to exercise rights guaranteed by this Act,
 or on the public interest.".

3 SEC. 4. EQUAL ACCESS TO LABOR ORGANIZATIONS PRIOR 4 TO ELECTIONS.

5 (a) EQUAL ACCESS.—Section 9 of the National
6 Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 159) is amended by add7 ing at the end the following new subsection:

8 "(f)(1) Not later than 30 days after the Board shall 9 have directed an election, the employer shall notify the 10 representative designated by the employees under subsection (a) of any activities the employer intends to engage 11 in to campaign in opposition to recognition of the rep-12 13 resentative, including any meetings with individual employees or groups of employees, any announcements to em-14 15 ployees, any signs to be displayed at the place of employment, and any literature to be distributed to employees, 16 17 and shall provide the representative with equal access to the place of employment to campaign in favor of recogni-18 tion of the representative, including the opportunity to 19 20 hold an equal number of meetings with individual employ-21 ees or groups of employees, and an opportunity to make 22 announcements, display signs, and distribute literature, 23 under the same terms and conditions that the employer 24 engages in such activities.

"(2) As used in this subsection, the term 'campaign'
 means any activity undertaken to persuade employees to
 vote for or against representation in an election directed
 by the Board, but shall not include any interference with,
 restraint or coercion of, or discrimination against employ ees in violation of paragraphs (1) through (3) of section
 8(a).".

8 (b) UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE.—Section 8(a) of the
9 National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is
10 amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking the period and
inserting "; or"; and

13 (2) by adding at the end the following:

14 "(6) to fail to provide the notification and equal
15 access to a representative as required by section
16 9(f).".

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