

111TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 2296

To reform the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives, modernize firearms laws and regulations, protect the community from criminals, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 7, 2009

Mr. KING of Iowa (for himself and Mr. SPACE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To reform the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives, modernize firearms laws and regulations, protect the community from criminals, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Bureau of Alcohol,
5 Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives Reform and Firearms
6 Modernization Act of 2009”.

1 **SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

2 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
 Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS, AND
 EXPLOSIVES MODERNIZATION AND REFORM

- Sec. 101. Graduated penalties for civil violations by Federal firearms licensees.
 Sec. 102. Consideration of Federal firearms license applications.
 Sec. 103. Definition of willfully.
 Sec. 104. Establishment of formal inspection, examination, and investigative
 guidelines.
 Sec. 105. Liquidation of inventory in Federal firearms license expiration, sur-
 render, or revocation cases.
 Sec. 106. Opportunity to cure violations after acquisition of firearms business.
 Sec. 107. Standards for criminal violations of recordkeeping requirements.
 Sec. 108. Effective date.

TITLE II—FIREARMS CORRECTIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 201. Correction of nonsubstantive error in age limit provision.
 Sec. 202. Possession and transfer of machineguns for industry testing and se-
 curity contracting.
 Sec. 203. Elimination of obsolete language added by the Brady Handgun Vi-
 olence Prevention Act.
 Sec. 204. Elimination of written permission requirement for supervised hand-
 gun use.
 Sec. 205. Modification of procedures for sharing of multiple handgun sales re-
 ports.
 Sec. 206. Ban on electronic retrieval of inactive licensee information.
 Sec. 207. Barrel and receiver importation.
 Sec. 208. Clarifications relating to manufacturing of firearms.

3 **TITLE I—BUREAU OF ALCOHOL,**
 4 **TOBACCO, FIREARMS, AND**
 5 **EXPLOSIVES MODERNIZA-**
 6 **TION AND REFORM**

7 **SEC. 101. GRADUATED PENALTIES FOR CIVIL VIOLATIONS**
 8 **BY FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSEES.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 923 of title 18, United
 10 States Code, is amended by striking subsections (e) and
 11 (f) and inserting the following:

1 “(e)(1)(A) If the Attorney General determines that
2 a licensee under this section has willfully violated any pro-
3 vision of this chapter or any regulation prescribed under
4 this chapter, the Attorney General may—

5 “(i) if the violation is of a minor nature—

6 “(I) for a first such violation, issue a writ-
7 ten warning to the licensee; and

8 “(II) for a second or subsequent such vio-
9 lation—

10 “(aa) impose on the licensee a civil
11 money penalty of not more than \$500 for
12 each such violation, with no interest to ac-
13 crue on the amount of such a penalty, ex-
14 cept that the total amount of penalties im-
15 posed on a licensee under this subclause—

16 “(AA) for violations arising from
17 a single inspection or examination
18 shall not exceed \$2,500; and

19 “(BB) for a single calendar year
20 shall not exceed \$5,000; or

21 “(bb) suspend the license for not more
22 than 30 days, and specify the cir-
23 cumstances under which the suspension is
24 to be terminated, if, in the period for
25 which the license is in effect, there have

1 been at least 2 prior occasions on which
2 the licensee has been determined to have
3 violated this chapter; or

4 “(ii) if the violation is of a serious nature—

5 “(I) impose on the licensee a civil money
6 penalty of not more than \$1,500 for each such
7 violation, with no interest to accrue on the
8 amount of such a penalty, except that the total
9 amount of penalties imposed on a licensee
10 under this subclause—

11 “(aa) for a violation arising from a
12 single inspection or examination shall not
13 exceed \$7,500; and

14 “(bb) for a single calendar year shall
15 not to exceed \$15,000;

16 “(II) suspend the license for not more than
17 90 days, and specify the circumstances under
18 which the suspension is to be terminated;

19 “(III) revoke the license; or

20 “(IV) take the actions described in sub-
21 clauses (I) and (II), or subclauses (I) and (III).

22 “(B)(i)(I) In determining the amount of a civil money
23 penalty to impose under subparagraph (A) on a licensee,
24 the nature and severity of the violation involved, the size

1 of the firearms business operated by the licensee, and the
2 prior record of the licensee shall be considered.

3 “(II) On request of the licensee, the Attorney General
4 may consider the ability of the licensee to pay a civil
5 money penalty, and may allow the licensee to submit docu-
6 ments and information to establish the ability of the li-
7 censee to pay. The Attorney General shall not make part
8 of any public record any document or information so sub-
9 mitted, and shall return to the licensee any such document
10 or information.

11 “(III) The total amount of penalties imposed on a
12 licensee under subparagraph (A) with respect to violations
13 of a minor nature and of a serious nature arising from
14 a single inspection or examination shall not exceed \$7,500,
15 and the total of all such penalties for a single calendar
16 year shall not exceed \$15,000.

17 “(ii) For purposes of subparagraph (A), violation of
18 a provision of this chapter with respect to 2 or more fire-
19 arms during a single transaction shall be considered a sin-
20 gle violation of the provision.

21 “(iii) The Attorney General may defer, or suspend,
22 in whole or in part, the imposition of a civil money penalty
23 on a licensee whose license is suspended under this para-
24 graph.

25 “(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A):

1 “(i) A violation of this chapter shall be consid-
2 ered to be of a serious nature if the violation—

3 “(I) results in or could have resulted in the
4 transfer of a firearm or ammunition to a person
5 prohibited from possessing or receiving the fire-
6 arm or ammunition under this chapter or under
7 State or local law;

8 “(II) obstructs or could have obstructed
9 a bona fide criminal investigation or prosecu-
10 tion, or an inspection or examination under this
11 chapter; or

12 “(III) prevents or could have prevented a
13 licensee from complying with subsection (a)(7),
14 (a)(8), (b)(1), (b)(3), (b)(4), (j), (k), (o), or (p)
15 of section 922, subsection (g)(7) of this section,
16 or subsection (b) or (h) of section 924.

17 “(ii) A violation of this chapter shall be consid-
18 ered to be of a minor nature if the violation is not
19 of a serious nature.

20 “(D) The Attorney General may not commence an
21 enforcement action under subparagraph (A) with respect
22 to a violation, after the 5-year period that begins with—

23 “(i) the date the violation occurred; or

1 “(ii) if the licensee intentionally obstructed dis-
2 covery of the violation, the date the violation is dis-
3 covered.

4 “(2)(A) Not less than 30 days before the effective
5 date of any penalty imposed on a licensee by reason of
6 a determination made under paragraph (1), the Attorney
7 General shall send the licensee a written notice—

8 “(i) of the determination, and the grounds on
9 which the determination was made;

10 “(ii) of the nature of the penalty; and

11 “(iii) that the licensee may, within 30 days
12 after receipt of the notice, request a hearing to re-
13 view the determination.

14 “(B) A hearing to review a determination made under
15 paragraph (1) with respect to a licensee shall not be held
16 unless the licensee requests such a hearing within 30 days
17 after receiving the notice of the determination sent pursu-
18 ant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

19 “(C) On timely receipt from the licensee of a request
20 for a review described in subparagraph (B), the Attorney
21 General shall stay the imposition under paragraph (1) of
22 any penalty involved, pending resolution of the review, un-
23 less, in the case of a suspension or revocation of a licensee,
24 the Attorney General establishes, at a hearing before an
25 administrative law judge, by clear and convincing evi-

1 dence, that the continued operation by the licensee of the
2 business poses an immediate and grave threat to public
3 safety.

4 “(3)(A) Within 90 days after timely receipt from a
5 licensee of a request to review a determination made under
6 paragraph (1) (or at such later time as is agreed to by
7 the Attorney General and the licensee), an administrative
8 law judge shall hold a hearing, at a location convenient
9 to the licensee, to review the determination.

10 “(B) Not less than 30 days before a hearing de-
11 scribed in subparagraph (A), the Attorney General shall
12 deliver to the licensee—

13 “(i) a document identifying each person whom
14 the Attorney General intends to call as a witness
15 during the hearing;

16 “(ii) a copy of each document which will be in-
17 troduced as evidence at the hearing; and

18 “(iii) copies of all documents on which the de-
19 termination is based.

20 “(C) Within 90 days after a hearing described in sub-
21 paragraph (A), the administrative law judge shall issue a
22 written decision setting forth findings of fact and conclu-
23 sions of law, and a decision as to whether to affirm, mod-
24 ify, or reverse the determination.

1 “(D) On request of the licensee, the Attorney General
2 shall stay the effective date of any penalty, suspension,
3 or revocation until there has been a final, nonreviewable
4 judgment with respect to the determination involved, un-
5 less, in the case of a suspension or revocation of a licensee,
6 the Attorney General establishes, at a hearing before an
7 administrative law judge, by clear and convincing evi-
8 dence, that the continued operation by the licensee of the
9 business poses an immediate and grave threat to public
10 safety.

11 “(E) The action of an administrative law judge under
12 this subsection shall be considered final agency action for
13 all purposes, and may be reviewed only as provided in sub-
14 section (f).

15 “(4) This subsection shall not be interpreted to affect
16 the authority of the Attorney General under section
17 922(t)(5).

18 “(f)(1) Within 60 days after a party receives a notice
19 issued under subsection (d)(3) of a decision to deny a li-
20 cense, or a notice issued under subsection (e)(3)(C) of a
21 determination to impose a civil money penalty or to sus-
22 pend or revoke a license, the party may file a petition with
23 the United States district court for the district in which
24 the party resides or has a principal place of business for
25 a de novo review of the decision or determination.

1 “(2) In a proceeding conducted under this subsection,
2 the court shall, on application of a party, consider any evi-
3 dence submitted by the parties to the proceeding whether
4 or not the evidence was considered at the hearing held
5 under subsection (d)(3) or (e)(3).

6 “(3) If the court determines that the licensee did not
7 willfully violate 1 or more provisions of this chapter or
8 1 or more regulations prescribed under this chapter, the
9 court shall—

10 “(A) vacate the revocation, suspension, or fine,
11 and remand the matter to the Attorney General for
12 further consideration; and

13 “(B) award to the licensee a reasonable attor-
14 ney’s fee with respect to any part of the decision or
15 determination on which the licensee prevails.

16 “(4) If criminal proceedings are instituted against a
17 licensee alleging any violation of this chapter or of a regu-
18 lation prescribed under this chapter, and the licensee is
19 acquitted of the charges, or the proceedings are termi-
20 nated, other than upon motion of the Government before
21 trial on the charges, the Attorney General shall be abso-
22 lutely barred from denying a license under this chapter,
23 suspending or revoking a license granted under this chap-
24 ter, or imposing a civil money penalty under subsection
25 (e), if the action would be based in whole or in part on

1 the facts which form the basis of the criminal charges.
2 The Attorney General may not institute a proceeding to
3 suspend or revoke a license granted under this chapter,
4 or to impose a civil money penalty under subsection (e),
5 more than 1 year after the filing of the indictment or in-
6 formation.”.

7 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO PROCEDURE AP-
8 PPLICABLE TO DENIAL OF APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—
9 Section 923(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
10 by adding at the end the following:

11 “(3) If the Attorney General denies an application
12 for a license, an administrative law judge of the Depart-
13 ment of Justice shall, on request by the aggrieved party,
14 promptly hold a hearing to review the denial, at a location
15 convenient to the aggrieved party. If, after the hearing,
16 the administrative law judge decides not to reverse the de-
17 nial, the administrative law judge shall give notice of the
18 final denial decision to the aggrieved party.”.

19 **SEC. 102. CONSIDERATION OF FEDERAL FIREARMS LI-**
20 **CENSE APPLICATIONS.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 923(d) of title 18, United
22 States Code, as amended by section 101(b) of this Act,
23 is amended—

24 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as
25 paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and

1 (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
2 lowing:

3 “(2) The Attorney General shall make a preliminary
4 determination as to whether to approve or deny an appli-
5 cation submitted under subsection (a) or (b). If the pre-
6 liminary determination is to deny the application, the At-
7 torney General shall notify the applicant in writing of the
8 preliminary determination and the reasons for the prelimi-
9 nary determination, and shall afford the applicant an op-
10 portunity to supplement the application with additional in-
11 formation and to request a hearing on the application. If
12 the applicant, in a timely manner, requests such a hearing,
13 the Attorney General shall hold the hearing at a location
14 convenient to the applicant, and shall notify the applicant
15 in writing of the time and place of the hearing.”.

16 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 923(f) of
17 title 18, United States Code, as amended by section
18 101(a) of this Act, is amended by striking “(d)(3)” each
19 place it appears and inserting “(d)(4)”.

20 **SEC. 103. DEFINITION OF WILLFULLY.**

21 Section 923(e) of title 18, United States Code, as
22 amended by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by add-
23 ing at the end the following:

24 “(5) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘will-
25 fully’ means, with respect to conduct of a person, that the

1 person knew of a legal duty, and engaged in the conduct
 2 knowingly and in intentional disregard of the duty.”.

3 **SEC. 104. ESTABLISHMENT OF FORMAL INSPECTION, EXAM-**
 4 **INATION, AND INVESTIGATIVE GUIDELINES.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall estab-
 6 lish guidelines for how the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
 7 Firearms, and Explosives is to conduct inspections, exami-
 8 nations, or investigations of possible violations of chapters
 9 40 and 44 of title 18, United States Code.

10 (b) PERSONNEL MATTERS.—In no case shall the
 11 amount of fines imposed on licensees under chapter 40
 12 or 44 of title 18, United States Code, or the number of
 13 warnings issued, or suspensions or revocations of licenses
 14 under such chapters, be considered in the retention, pro-
 15 motion, or transfer of any officer, agent, or employee of
 16 the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives.

17 **SEC. 105. LIQUIDATION OF INVENTORY IN FEDERAL FIRE-**
 18 **ARMS LICENSE EXPIRATION, SURRENDER, OR**
 19 **REVOCAION CASES.**

20 Section 923 of title 18, United States Code, is
 21 amended by adding at the end the following:

22 “(m)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a per-
 23 son whose license issued under this chapter is expired, sur-
 24 rendered, or revoked shall be afforded 60 days from the
 25 effective date of the expiration, surrender, or revocation

1 to liquidate the firearms inventory of the person, which
2 time may be extended upon a showing of reasonable cause.
3 During such 60-day period (including any extension of the
4 period), the license involved shall continue to be considered
5 valid.

6 “(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to
7 a person if a United States district court for the judicial
8 district in which the person resides or in which the prin-
9 cipal place of business of the person subject to the license
10 is located finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the
11 continued operation by the person of the business poses
12 an immediate and grave threat to public safety.”.

13 **SEC. 106. OPPORTUNITY TO CURE VIOLATIONS AFTER AC-**
14 **QUISITION OF FIREARMS BUSINESS.**

15 Section 923 of title 18, United States Code, as
16 amended by section 105 of this Act, is amended by adding
17 at the end the following:

18 “(n) If the Attorney General is made aware that a
19 business licensed under this chapter has transferred to a
20 surviving spouse or child of the licensee, to an executor,
21 administrator, or other legal representative of a deceased
22 licensee, or to a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, or an
23 assignee for benefit of creditors, and, before the transfer,
24 or on the first inspection or examination by the Attorney
25 General of the records of the licensee after the transfer,

1 the licensee is found to be operating the business in viola-
2 tion of this chapter, the Attorney General—

3 “(1) shall notify the transferee of the violation
4 by the transferor; and

5 “(2) shall not presume that the transferee is
6 committing the violation.”.

7 **SEC. 107. STANDARDS FOR CRIMINAL VIOLATIONS OF REC-**
8 **ORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.**

9 Section 922(m) of title 18, United States Code, is
10 amended—

11 (1) by striking “any false entry” and inserting
12 “a materially false entry”;

13 (2) by striking “appropriate entry” and insert-
14 ing “a materially significant entry”; and

15 (3) by striking “properly maintain” and insert-
16 ing “retain custody of”.

17 **SEC. 108. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

18 This title and the amendments made by this title
19 shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of
20 this Act.

1 **TITLE II—FIREARMS CORREC-**
2 **TIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS**

3 **SEC. 201. CORRECTION OF NONSUBSTANTIVE ERROR IN**
4 **AGE LIMIT PROVISION.**

5 Section 922(b)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
6 amended to read as follows:

7 “(1) any firearm or ammunition to any indi-
8 vidual who the licensee knows or has reasonable
9 cause to believe has not attained 18 years of age,
10 and, if the firearm is other than a shotgun or rifle,
11 or the ammunition is for a firearm other than a
12 shotgun or rifle, to any individual who the licensee
13 knows or has reasonable cause to believe has not at-
14 tained 21 years of age;”.

15 **SEC. 202. POSSESSION AND TRANSFER OF MACHINEGUNS**
16 **FOR INDUSTRY TESTING AND SECURITY CON-**
17 **TRACTING.**

18 (a) MACHINEGUNS FOR FEDERAL CONTRACTORS.—
19 Section 922(a)(4) of title 18, United States Code, is
20 amended by striking “except” and all that follows and in-
21 serting “except—

22 “(A) as specifically authorized by the At-
23 torney General consistent with public safety and
24 necessity; or

1 “(B) to comply with a contract between
2 any person and the United States which re-
3 quires that person to provide national security
4 services for the United States or any training
5 related to such services;”.

6 (b) SALE OR DELIVERY OF MACHINEGUNS TO FED-
7 ERAL CONTRACTORS.—Section 922(b) of title 18, United
8 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
9 lowing: “Paragraphs (2) and (4) of this subsection shall
10 not apply to a sale or delivery to comply with a contract
11 between any person and the United States which requires
12 that person to provide national security services for the
13 United States or any training related to the services.”.

14 (c) POST-86 MACHINEGUNS FOR TESTING, RE-
15 SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, TRAINING, AND SECU-
16 RITY.—Section 922(o) of title 18, United States Code, is
17 amended—

18 (1) in paragraph (2)—

19 (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “or”
20 at the end;

21 (B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
22 subparagraph (F); and

23 (C) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
24 the following:

1 “(B) a transfer to, or possession by, a person
2 to comply with a contract between that person and
3 the United States which requires the person to pro-
4 vide national security services for the United States
5 or any training related to the services;

6 “(C) a transfer to, or possession by, a licensed
7 manufacturer or licensed importer solely for testing,
8 research, design, or development of ammunition or a
9 firearm;

10 “(D) a possession by a licensed manufacturer
11 or licensed importer for the purposes of training per-
12 sons to whom a machinegun, manufactured or im-
13 ported by the licensee, may be transferred as de-
14 scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B);

15 “(E) a transfer to or possession by a licensed
16 manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer
17 for a professional theatrical purpose if the licensee—

18 “(i) is registered under section 5802 of the
19 National Firearms Act;

20 “(ii) holds a valid permit or license under
21 State law to engage in business as a theatrical
22 firearms dealer or equivalent statutory designa-
23 tion;

24 “(iii) derives not less than 80 percent of
25 income from the firearms business from the use

1 of firearms by professional motion picture or
2 television productions that are distributed to or
3 produced for a national or international audi-
4 ence;

5 “(iv) before possessing a machinegun
6 under this subparagraph, provides the Attorney
7 General with documentation that—

8 “(I) the licensee meets the require-
9 ments of clauses (i) through (iii); and

10 “(II) the transfer or possession, as
11 the case may be, is for such purpose; and

12 “(v) establishes that the number of ma-
13 chineguns sought by the licensee is reasonable
14 for the film, production, or performance for
15 which the machineguns are requested; or”]; and
16 (2) by adding at the end the following:

17 “(3) A person who receives, possesses, transports, im-
18 ports, or uses a weapon, ammunition, or a device under
19 subsection (b) of this section, shall be subject to a back-
20 ground check every 3 years by the Attorney General, based
21 on fingerprints and including a background check under
22 section 103(b) of the Brady Handgun Violence Protection
23 Act (Public Law 103–159; 18 U.S.C. 922 note) to deter-
24 mine whether the person is prohibited from possessing or
25 receiving a firearm under Federal or State law. Any per-

1 son who receives, possesses, transports, imports, or uses
2 a weapon, ammunition or a device under subsection (b)
3 of this section shall be subject to subsections (g) and (n)
4 of this section.”.

5 (d) IMPORTATION OF MACHINEGUNS.—Section
6 925(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

7 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking “or” at the
8 end;

9 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and
10 inserting a semicolon; and

11 (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
12 lowing:

13 “(5) is imported or brought in for a purpose de-
14 scribed in section 922(o)(2); or

15 “(6) is a machinegun being imported or
16 brought in for a purpose described in section
17 922(o)(2)(E).”.

18 (e) IMPORTATION UNDER THE NATIONAL FIREARMS
19 ACT.—Section 5844 of the National Firearms Act (26
20 U.S.C. 5844) is amended—

21 (1) in paragraph (2), by striking “or” at the
22 end; and

23 (2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
24 lowing:

1 “(4) a machinegun being imported or brought
2 in to comply with a contract between any person and
3 the United States which requires the person to pro-
4 vide national security services for the United States
5 or any training related to the services;

6 “(5) a machinegun being imported or brought
7 in by a registered importer or registered manufac-
8 turer for the purpose of training persons who ac-
9 quire machineguns pursuant to paragraph (1) that
10 were manufactured or imported by the registrant; or

11 “(6) a machinegun being imported or brought
12 in for a purpose described in section 922(o)(2)(E) of
13 title 18, United States Code;”.

14 (f) NATIONAL SECURITY SERVICES DEFINED.—Sec-
15 tion 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
16 by adding at the end the following:

17 “(36) The term ‘national security services’ means any
18 protective, defensive, or security services provided pursu-
19 ant to a contract with a department or agency of the
20 United States.

21 “(37) The term ‘professional theatrical purpose’
22 means the use of firearms in a motion picture or television
23 production which is expected to be produced, distributed,
24 marketed, or shown by a member of a nationally recog-
25 nized professional trade association related primarily to

1 motion picture and television production, as determined
2 by the Attorney General.”.

3 (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
4 this section shall take effect 180 days after the date of
5 enactment of this Act.

6 **SEC. 203. ELIMINATION OF OBSOLETE LANGUAGE ADDED**
7 **BY THE BRADY HANDGUN VIOLENCE PRE-**
8 **VENTION ACT.**

9 Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is
10 amended—

11 (1) by striking subsection (s); and

12 (2) in subsection (t)(1), by striking “Begin-
13 ning” and all that follows through “a licensed” and
14 inserting “A licensed”.

15 **SEC. 204. ELIMINATION OF WRITTEN PERMISSION RE-**
16 **QUIREMENT FOR SUPERVISED HANDGUN**
17 **USE.**

18 Section 922(x)(3)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
19 is amended—

20 (1) in clause (ii), by striking subclause (II) and
21 inserting the following:

22 “(II) with respect to ranching or
23 farming activities, target practice, hunting,
24 or a course of instruction in the safe and
25 lawful use of a handgun, as described in

1 clause (i), a juvenile may possess and use
2 a handgun or ammunition without the
3 prior written consent, if the parent or legal
4 guardian is present at all times and the ju-
5 venile acts at the direction of a parent,
6 legal guardian, or other adult who is not
7 prohibited by Federal, State, or local law
8 from possessing a firearm;” and

9 (2) in clause (iii), by inserting “except as pro-
10 vided in clause (ii)(II),” after “(iii)”.

11 **SEC. 205. MODIFICATION OF PROCEDURES FOR SHARING**
12 **OF MULTIPLE HANDGUN SALES REPORTS.**

13 Section 923(g)(3)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
14 is amended—

15 (1) by striking “and to the department of State
16 police” and all that follows through “took place”;
17 and

18 (2) by adding at the end the following: “On re-
19 quest by a State or local law enforcement agency of
20 the jurisdiction in which the sale or other disposition
21 took place, the Attorney General may provide the re-
22 port to the agency, unless the agency failed to make
23 the certification required by subparagraph (B) for
24 the most recent 6-month period for which the certifi-
25 cation is so required.”.

1 **SEC. 206. BAN ON ELECTRONIC RETRIEVAL OF INACTIVE**
2 **LICENSEE INFORMATION.**

3 Subsection 923(g)(4) of title 18, United States Code,
4 is amended by adding at the end the following: “The At-
5 torney General shall not electronically retrieve information
6 gathered pursuant to this paragraph by name or by any
7 personal identification code.”.

8 **SEC. 207. BARREL AND RECEIVER IMPORTATION.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 925(e) of title 18, United
10 States Code, is amended—

11 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “, and” and
12 inserting a period;

13 (2) by adding at the end the following:

14 “(3) All frames or receivers of rifles, or barrels
15 for firearms other than handguns, if the importation
16 is for repair or replacement purposes.”.

17 (b) GOVERNMENTAL IMPORTS.—Section 925(a)(1) of
18 title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting “,
19 barrel,” after “or importation of any firearm”.

20 **SEC. 208. CLARIFICATIONS RELATING TO MANUFACTURING**
21 **OF FIREARMS.**

22 (a) CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF MANUFAC-
23 TURING.—Section 921(a)(10) of title 18, United States
24 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: “The
25 term ‘manufacturing’ shall not include repairing firearms,
26 making or fitting special barrels, stocks, trigger mecha-

1 nisms, or other parts to firearms, or engraving or other-
2 wise altering the appearance of firearms.”.

3 (b) CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF DEALER.—

4 Section 921(a)(11)(B) of title 18, United States Code, is

5 amended by striking “or trigger mechanisms to firearms”

6 and inserting “trigger mechanisms, or other parts to fire-

7 arms, or engraving or otherwise altering the appearance

8 of firearms”.

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